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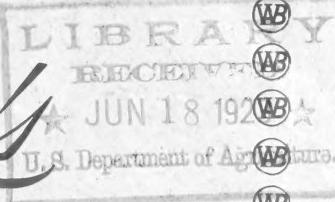
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62.73



Burpee's



SEEDS THAT GROW



FOR 1902



BURPEE'S

Seeds are Sold

in any quantity,

but only under seal

(See page 5)

"Genuine"

IF

Seal is Unbroken

Packages of one
ounce or more
are DATED 1902



Wholesale
Catalogue for
Market
Gardeners
Florists and
Farmers'
Clubs



W. ATLEE BURPEE & Co.

Offices and { Nos. 475 and 477 N. Fifth Street
City Warehouse { Nos. 476 and 478 York Avenue

PHILADELPHIA

Seed Gardens at FORDHOOK FARMS, Doylestown, Pa.



BURPEE'S SEEDS GROW AND ARE WARRANTED FIRSTCLASS IN EVERY RESPECT FEW EQUAL AND NONE BETTER

WE GUARANTEE that all Seeds sold by us are FIRST-CLASS, true and pure, and of strong germinating power, in so far that should any prove otherwise, we will refill the order free or refund the price paid. Further than this we cannot warrant, but this is a satisfaction given by but few seedsmen, and should convince even those who have never dealt with us of the extreme care we exercise in growing and sending out our seeds. Each year we thoroughly test every lot of seeds, both as to vitality and purity. Thus we know positively that BURPEE'S SEEDS are surpassed by none and seldom equaled in high quality. From good seeds only can good crops be grown; let nothing induce you to risk planting any others. So-called "Cheap Seeds" are dear at any price.

"The Value of a Guarantee is not in what is said, but in who says it."

33 $\frac{1}{3}$ PER CENT. DISCOUNT on Seeds in Retail Packets.

After making out your order you will please figure up the total value of Seeds in Retail Packets, at the prices quoted "per packet," and then deduct one-third.

Prices by weight or measure, by the trade packet and ounce are net.

HOW TO ORDER.

Please be careful to sign your name, post office, county, and State on each and every letter sent us.

Cash should accompany the order. Money can be sent safely either by post-office order, bank draft, express order, or by registered letter. We accept postage stamps the same as cash.

Every postmaster is obliged by law to register a letter on payment of eight cents, in addition to postage, and then you will receive our receipt for the letter by return mail. We are responsible for the safe receipt of remittance by any of the above methods. The efficiency of the Post-Office Department is such, however, that a letter is seldom lost.

OUR TERMS are Cash with the Order, unless you are personally known to us, or in a business where we can learn your financial standing from the ratings in the commercial agencies. Our prices are fixed too close to cost to allow for losses from bad debts, and hence we must maintain our rule of "cash with the order" or C. O. D. by express, as explained below, excepting only in the cases named, when we shall expect remittance to be made within thirty days from date of invoice.

C. O. D. Shipments can be made only by express (not by freight) when \$2.00 is remitted with the order as an evidence of good faith, and to cover express charges in case the shipment should not be paid for upon arrival. For quantities of more than one hundred pounds the charges by freight are much less than by express, and therefore it is better on large orders to have shipments made by freight,—remitting the full amount with the order.

There is no reason why you should not remit with the order, as you can easily figure the exact cost,—the prices being given plainly in this catalogue, and there are no extra charges except for postage, when seeds are ordered at these prices to be sent by mail.

We do not charge for bags or boxes.

You run no risk in sending cash with the order. Our reputation as trustworthy and experienced Seedsmen is well known, while our financial responsibility can be ascertained by making inquiry of any Bank, Trust Company, or Wholesale Merchant who subscribes to either of the Commercial Agency Reports.

Correspondenzen und Bestellungen in deutscher Sprache erhalten dieselbe pünktliche und sorgfältige Aufmerksamkeit wie diejenigen in englischer Sprache.

W. ATLEE BURPEE & CO., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Early Orders Earnestly Solicited

at a Discount of Five Per Cent.!

In order to induce more of our customers to order early, before the rush of our busy spring trade when nightwork is often necessary, we have decided to allow **a special discount of five per cent.** on all assorted orders, made out at these wholesale "BLUE LIST" prices, that are accompanied by the cash and mailed during **January** and **February**,—or not later than Monday, **March 10, 1902.**

On general orders that are mailed after that date we can allow this discount only if the total in one order amounts to twenty dollars or more. Even in the height of our busy season it is easier to fill one order for twenty dollars than four orders for five dollars each,—therefore we shall *continue this discount throughout the season* on general assorted orders reaching that amount. This liberal cash discount, however, does not apply to special quotations that may be made by letter or telegram.

W. ATLEE BURPEE & CO.

We are Always Prompt!

Please remember that you can rely upon the immediate—prompt and accurate—filling of your order even should you delay until the seeds are actually needed ;—**but** we cannot allow this **cash discount of five per cent.** from the prices herein quoted on any general order for less than twenty dollars unless it is mailed **on or before March 10, 1902.**

After that date the discount of five per cent. will be allowed only on assorted cash orders amounting to twenty dollars or more.

We should suggest that you **order early,**—have the seeds on hand when needed for planting or sale,—and thus secure this extra saving of five per cent.

Will You accommodate us by ordering early?

BURPEE'S BLUE LIST FOR 1902

A Trustworthy Catalogue for Market Gardeners and Florists

"Proved by Test." Unless you should order some variety that we do not catalogue and instruct that we get it for you (when we shall send it at your risk,—in its original package), you may be absolutely sure that you will receive from us only such stocks of seeds as have been proved to be absolutely the "**Best by Test.**"

Many seedsmen have much to say about tested seeds, but unfortunately with most dealers this applies only to blotter tests for vitality. Our tests for vitality are *soil* tests. While necessary that *seeds grow*, it is of prime importance that they shall be of the choice selected strains, such as can be relied upon to produce products "**true to type.**" This can be learned only by thorough field trials. No other seedsmen in America make such complete field trials as are conducted every season at our famous FORDHOOK FARMS.

Our Prices are Right—Not too high nor too low. Although some varieties have advanced, owing to unusually short crops, our prices are no higher than you must pay anywhere to obtain high-grade seeds of equally good quality.

On the other hand, our prices are not placed so low as would be necessary to compete with so-called "cheap seeds" which are freely offered at figures way below the first cost of **The Best that can be grown**,—which is the only grade we will sell. Our prices are fixed to allow us but a fair moderate profit. **The actual cost of production** is so much greater than with common stocks, however, that we can seek the trade only of planters who appreciate—

Quality in Seeds. The steady growth of our business (even in years of depression) with market gardeners and commercial florists,—who make their living from products of the soil,—is the best evidence possible that our "constant efforts to excel" are appreciated.

About "Agents." We employ no traveling salesmen to solicit orders. If any one represents that he comes from our office seeking your order, you can put him down as a fraud. But we shall be pleased to have You get up a club among your neighbors. Many market gardeners and florists find it profitable to take orders at our retail prices and have them filled with their own orders at these lower BLUE LIST prices. The difference gives a fair margin of profit and adds but little trouble, for, whenever instructed to do so, we put each order up in a separate package with either the individual name or a number (as you may direct), so that upon receipt of the goods you have only to hand out the different lots as ordered.

Florists particularly will find ready sale for our unequalled ten new special 25-cent collections, on which there is a clear profit of 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ to 40 per cent.

This Catalogue is for large buyers—men who plant for profit—and for those who get up clubs. Naturally orders from private planters can be filled only at prices quoted in our retail catalogue,—BURPEE'S FARM ANNUAL FOR 1902. Should any private planter see this wholesale catalogue at the home of a friend he will please take note of this fact.

While we believe thoroughly in “one price to all,” yet in common fairness we must classify our customers. We could not afford to fill regular retail orders at these figures, although market gardeners and florists can send, at any time, as small an additional order as may be needed, at the rates herein quoted.

Protection Assured. While we are willing and eager at all times to give any advice within our power,—and no firm attends more carefully to correspondence,—we will not betray the confidence of our customers. When any trucker has the trade of his neighborhood, as often happens, upon a given variety of vegetable, we will not tell the name of that variety to a competing grower for the same market.

Lower Prices could easily be quoted were we not practical growers and testers of seeds ourselves. Were we willing to take simply the “say so” of other growers in America and Europe without proving the stocks in greenhouses, frames, and open field trials, we should save thousands of dollars annually. In that case, however, we would never have built up and maintained,—in spite of all competition,—a business that is known to be **the largest direct mail-order seed trade in the world.**

At FORDHOOK FARMS we have not only the most extensive trial grounds in America, but also grow selected stocks of many of the choicest vegetables and flowers that can hardly be had of equal quality elsewhere.

The cost even of the best seeds is so small, compared with value of the resulting crops, that sensible planters know they cannot afford to risk seeds of doubtful pedigree,—and we know just as well that we cannot afford to risk our hard-earned reputation by selling stock of uncertain character.

“Live and Let Live.” This is a good working motto. You cannot live (at least you cannot live as well as you ought to live) unless you have good seeds to plant. We cannot live unless we have a fair profit on the seeds we sell. In the close competition of modern business the margin of profit is small, and yet we are not willing to reduce prices to a point where we could no longer continue to exercise **every possible care to supply only the very Best Seeds that can be grown.**

When you see prices (as you will) 10 to 20 per cent. lower than quoted in this catalogue, you can rest assured that either the seeds are inferior or else the business is not conducted with the proper system to insure accuracy and promptness in the execution of orders. Frequently seeds are advertised direct to planters at prices that we should gladly pay (probably for much larger lots than the entire stock the dealer has on hand) were they really first-class.



BURPEE'S SEEDS are sold in any quantity, but only under seal. They are always GENUINE as dated,—if seal is unbroken.



"Come and See."

FORDHOOK FARMS are famous as the largest trial grounds in America, and yet there are comparatively few planters who have an adequate idea of the work done here in order to "**prove all things and hold fast to that which is good.**"

We wish more planters could visit us in the summer season. Wednesday is Visitors' Day, but any market gardener who happens to be in Philadelphia can get a permit at our city warehouse for any other day, except Sunday. On the back of this PERMIT CARD will be found time-table of trains and also particulars of the trolleys. It is a distance of twenty-four miles by the old York Road, and is considered the most beautiful trolley ride in Eastern Pennsylvania. Busses meet every railway train on arrival at Doylestown station, or a 'bus can be had at the Fountain House, the Doylestown terminus of the trolley, while it is a walk of less than a mile to the nearest entrance to Fordhook.

Expert Testimony.

Did space permit, we could quote from leading horticultural journals and from numerous letters of recognized experts, but as there is one man in America who is acknowledged to be the greatest living horticulturist, we shall be satisfied with a single quotation from this source. We allude, of course, to LUTHER BURBANK, so widely known as the "wizard of horticulture." A year ago we had the pleasure of a visit from Mr. Burbank at Fordhook. He is a man of few words, and consequently we were both surprised and pleased to note the following remarks in an entirely unsolicited letter, which he kindly wrote after returning from an extended Eastern trip to his California home :

"Your Fordhook Trial Grounds were the best of all my Eastern object-lessons, and I had many of them. I had no idea of their extent and value, not only to yourself, but to every one of your customers, and eventually to every one who cultivates the soil. A careful seedsmen's experiment grounds, like yours, it seems to me, are far more useful than any of the colleges or public experiment stations, as it is all practical work, which gives immediate as well as later permanent results."

In Conclusion.

we would call your attention to our guarantee as given on second page cover. While limited to the amount you actually pay for the seeds, this guarantee should convince even those who have never dealt with us of the extreme care constantly exercised in growing and handling BURPEE'S SEEDS.

With sincere thanks for your courtesies during past years, and trusting that the same friendly spirit may continue, we remain,

Sincerely and gratefully yours,

FORDHOOK FARMS,
Doylestown,
Bucks Co., Pa.



THE NEW BURPEE BUILDING,

Nos. 475 and 477 North Fifth Street,
and Nos. 476 and 478 York Avenue,

January, 1902.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.



New Leaflets (Original and Copyrighted)

Given Free to Planters of Burpee's Seeds.

Our Aim is that, in every neighborhood, the finest gardens shall be those planted **with BURPEE'S SEEDS.** To secure this result, many planters are in need of special information, such as has been gained by long years of experience at our FORDHOOK FARMS.

Therefore, in addition to **Two "Vest-Pocket" Guides** on Vegetables and Flowers and horticultural books, we have published, carefully prepared, **Special New Leaflets**, as described briefly below, any of which will be **mailed FREE, if requested**, with an order for the seed.

AN ASPARAGUS BED—“How to Make.” Full directions for preparing the soil, planting the roots, cultivation and manuring the beds,—being a complete treatise on the cultivation of this popular esculent.

HOW TO GROW CABBAGE AND CAULIFLOWER. *Just published for 1902.* Gives practical information for culture from seed-bed to mature heads.

HOW TO GROW CELERY. Complete instructions for raising the young plants from seed, transplanting, cultivating, and storing for winter use.

INSECT PESTS IN THE GARDEN. This instructive leaflet is clear and concise, but describes fully the various insects detrimental to the growth of many varieties of plants and how they may be held in check or prevented from attacking the plants, together with the most approved formulas for making *Kerosene Emulsion, Bordeaux Mixture*, and other approved insecticides and their application. Undoubtedly it will be of great service even to experienced gardeners.

MELONS FOR ALL. Tells plainly how to succeed in growing the sweetest Musk Melons and largest Watermelons in different soils and locations.

MUSHROOM CULTURE. Full directions for preparing the beds, planting the spawn, and proper care of the beds, with suggestions as to suitable places.

ONIONS FROM SEED. In this leaflet we give brief but clear directions for preparing the soil, sowing the seed, cultivating and harvesting the crop, together with a description of the new method of starting seedlings in the hot-bed to be transplanted.

ROOTS FOR STOCK AND WINTER MARKET. How to prepare the soil, sow the seed and cultivate during growth, with directions for harvesting and storing for winter. It gives useful suggestions as to the most suitable varieties both for stock feeding and the table, with notes also on preparing them for market.

SALADS AND GARNISHES. The use of many of the finest salading plants and their wholesome properties, as well as the appetizing and refreshing crispness when served, is but too little known. Especially is this the case in the country home, where it is possible at all times to have a constant and varied supply with but slight expense and labor. Wishing to promote the use of these desirable plants, we have printed this new leaflet, which gives complete but concise directions for their cultivation, and the best way to prepare and serve them on the table.

TOMATO CULTURE, by Three Experts. Separate essays by Messrs. Darlington, Van Fleet, and Green are published in this new leaflet, which, consequently, gives complete information by America's "three leading experts."

WHY WE DO NOT SELL VEGETABLE PLANTS such as Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery, Egg Plants, Peppers, and Tomatoes, and how they may be grown most profitably at home. Better results can be obtained by growing young plants at home, where advantage may be taken of the most favorable conditions for transplanting, and at much less cost. To assist gardeners who are not familiar with the methods of starting these young plants we have written this leaflet, giving full directions for preparing the seed-bed, sowing the seeds, and proper management of young plants until set in the field.

HOW TO GROW ASTERS. The Aster is one of the finest flowers for bedding as well as for pot culture and for cut-flowers. This leaflet gives full directions for growing in different locations and seasons.

HOW TO GROW BEGONIAS FROM SEED. This leaflet gives full directions for the proper soil and methods of sowing seed and handling the young plants to grow them rapidly to blooming size, as practised at FORDHOOK FARMS, where we grow seed of all varieties.

HOW TO GROW NASTURTIUMS. These brilliant-hued free-flowering annuals are popular favorites for bedding and decorative effects in the garden or on the lawn. This leaflet gives suggestions as to soil and best methods of planting the seed, together with instructions for cultivating the plants until they come into full bloom.

HOW TO GROW THE LARGEST PANSIES. Concise directions for growing Pansies in cold-frames during the winter, as well as raising bedding plants from spring-sown seed. Customers purchasing seed of our superb large-flowering strains of Pansies will find this information of great assistance.

HOW TO GROW THE FINEST SWEET PEAS. Written from the experience gained in the cultivation of the many hundred trials of Sweet Peas each season at FORDHOOK FARMS. Full instructions as to soil and cultivation from both spring- and fall-planted seeds, and how to secure the largest flowers as well as the longest period of bloom, together with special cultural directions for the new types, *Burpee's Cupid* and *Burpee's Bush Sweet Peas*. It tells also how to make the delicate white-seeded Sweet Peas germinate well.

SUMMER-FLOWERING BULBS. Full directions for the proper planting of these brilliant summer bloomers, their cultivation during growth, and how to keep them through the winter.

SPECIAL CULTURE OF DAHLIAS. This leaflet gives instructions for the most successful culture of this "*Queen of Autumn*." It has been written for us by the largest grower of dahlias in the world.

RARE FLOWERS FROM SEED. We grow the majority of these seeds at FORDHOOK FARMS, and from our own experience give directions for preparing the soil; when, how, and where to sow seed; potting young plants; growing them on until in full bloom in pots in the house or planting outdoors for summer flowering. By aid of this booklet even the novice can raise such fine flowers as *Chinese Primrose*, *Gloxinia*, *Cineraria*, *Fuchsia*, *Begonias*, *Heliotrope*, *Water Lilies*, our gorgeous large-leaved *Coleus*, etc.

THE MAN WITHOUT THE HOE. These bright new \$700.00 prize poems, written in answer to Edwin Markham's "*The Man With the Hoe*," are published by permission of PAUL DANA, Esq., of New York, in whose paper, *THE SUN*, they first appeared. In addition to these four poems, this leaflet contains also the bright verses, read in Congress by the HON. WILLIAM B. SHATTUC, of Ohio, entitled: "*THE SEEDS THAT NEVER GROW!*"

PRIZE SUPPLEMENT FOR 1902. This special leaflet gives the results in many different States of the unequalled results from prize-winning products of BURPEE'S SEEDS,—in competition for the BURPEE PREMIUM, now offered at every State and County Fair, as announced on last page of this catalogue.

Please Note { These leaflets are NOT for sale, but are FREE }
with an order for seed of which the leaflets treat.

Best Seeds that Grow for 1902

Tested and Proved at our Fordhook Farms

Seeds Under Seal. Every ounce-package is **dated** as above. Packets, although not dated (because the electrotypes generally require the entire front of the bag), are filled with seeds of the same choice quality. Packets and ounces, in best quality *Water-tight Paper Bags*, are sealed as heretofore, and bear, plainly printed, either **our Name or Registered TRADE-MARK**, protected by United States Letters Patent. Quarter-pounds, half-pounds, pounds, pints, quarts, and two quarts, neatly done up in strong manilla paper bags, have securely pasted across the top **a green label**, worded as follows:

BURPEE'S SEEDS THAT GROW For 1902

Genuine Only if this Seal is Unbroken



SEEDS IN BULK,—that is, Peas, Beans, etc., by the peck or bushel, and quantities of small seeds in bags, have each sack sealed with our **Trade-Mark** on a leaden seal.

We are Prompt Always to Attend to Correspondence as well as Orders.

We make it a rule to **answer promptly** every letter requiring an answer, but in the spring, when we receive from **three thousand to six thousand letters a day**, it is a physical impossibility to dictate long replies.

We have tried to **anticipate all questions on culture** in our books and leaflets, and during the spring months the most we can do is to refer inquirers to the books giving the desired information, *provided* the subject has been treated in one of our publications.

When questions are asked that are not discussed in any of these publications, we shall answer as fully as time permits, but our friends must not expect such "long letters" in February, March, or April, as they would receive if the same questions were asked in the fall or early winter, before the "rush" of the busy season begins.

Questions requiring answers should be written on a separate sheet from the order for seeds, and this sheet should bear also **your full name** and address in every case. This will help us greatly, as your order can be passed out for booking and filling immediately, without being delayed for a few hours, until the answer to your inquiry has been dictated. Please sign your full **address to every letter**. We may be perfectly familiar with your name, but not willing to trust our memory for your correct address, and to hunt this up in our registers makes an unnecessary waste of valuable time.

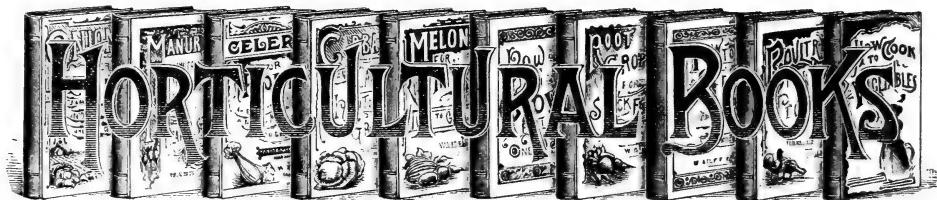
Useful Books on Gardening Topics.

We aim to furnish planters not only with **THE BEST SEEDS THAT GROW**, but also, so far as possible, to assist gardeners to secure the best results from these seeds. Planters who want more detailed information than is given in our "**Free Leaflets**" are recommended to consult the books advertised on the next two pages.

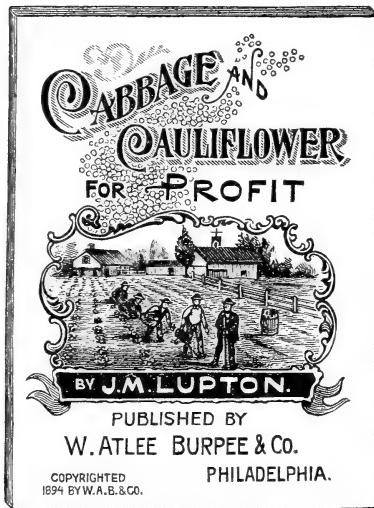
PLEASE NOTE, that not only do we offer these books at very low prices, but we allow also the same discount on Books as on **SEEDS IN PACKETS**,

33 $\frac{1}{3}$ PER CENT. DISCOUNT.

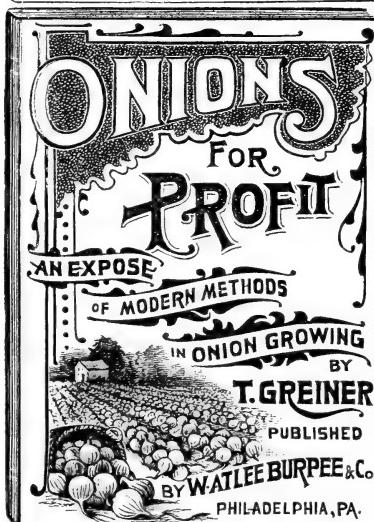
After making out your order please figure the total amount of **Seeds in Packets** and **Books**, at retail prices, and deduct **one-third** on these items. Please remember, however, that prices of **seeds by weight or measure are net** and do not include postage. If seeds at these **BLUE LIST** prices are ordered to be sent by mail, the cost of postage (8 cents per pound, 10 cents per quart on Sweet Corn, or 15 cents per quart on Beans and Peas) must be added to the remittance.



We take pleasure in answering the inquiries of our customers, and giving advice as to selection of varieties, time to plant, preparation of soil, and proper cultivation, as well as methods of combating insect pests, fungous diseases or blights, etc. It frequently occurs, however, especially during the rush of the busy season, that we cannot answer all these inquiries in sufficient detail to be of as much service to our customers as we could desire. Therefore we have published books and leaflets on gardening topics which treat on the different subjects in fullest detail. These books give directions for properly preparing the soil, planting the seed, cultivating during the growing season, harvesting and storing the crop, together with suggestions for marketing.



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VEGETABLES FOR THE HOME GARDEN.

A book of 125 pages, giving full directions for the proper management of a complete Family Garden, including perennials, such as Rhubarb, Asparagus, Herbs, etc. Also gives tables of quantity of seed required for certain areas, and much information regarding origin of different vegetables; illustrated directions for making hot-beds, etc. Price 10 cts., postpaid.

CABBAGE AND CAULIFLOWER FOR PROFIT.

Our latest and most complete work on growing these standard market-garden crops. Full instruction for raising the young plants, preparing the soil, transplanting and proper cultivation, with complete notes on the best varieties. Illustrated suggestions for preparing for market, and full directions for guarding the crops from insects and diseases. Price 30 cents, by mail.

CELERY FOR PROFIT.

A complete book on modern Celery culture on a large scale for market, containing instructions both for the ordinary field culture and the new intensive method for raising finely blanched Celery without banking. With illustrations of pits and cheap greenhouses. Price 20 cents, postpaid.

MANURES: HOW TO MAKE AND HOW TO USE THEM.

This standard book has been carefully compiled, and gives the fullest information regarding the best methods of enriching soils of varying characters, and how it may be accomplished profitably, at the least expense. It contains full directions for composting and using to the best advantage the waste products of the farm, muck, or pond, mud and marl; how to cure and sweeten them before applying to the fields. Also detailed information regarding the various chemicals used in the manufacturing of commercial fertilizers, with directions for mixing at home, and formulas for giving the best results for special crops. This book has been highly commended by the horticultural press. 218 pages. Price 40 cents, postpaid.

ONIONS FOR PROFIT.

The most complete and thoroughly up-to-date book on the subject, giving full directions for the new method of raising the plants in frames or cheap greenhouses and transplanting the young plants so as to produce an early crop of fine bulbs. Also gives full directions for the usual method of sowing the seed directly in the field. Fully illustrated, and contains complete instructions for cultivating, gathering, storing, and marketing the crop. It tells also about the proper kinds and quantities of fertilizers to be used. Contains 104 pages, and is profusely illustrated. Price 30 cents, by mail, postpaid.

POTATOES FOR PROFIT.

A complete book on Potato culture, written by a leading specialist,—originator of *Burpee's Great Divide*. It gives full information about raising this crop on a large scale for market, and the most profitable methods of handling the crop, from planting to marketing the tubers, with best methods of cultivation, proper fertilizing, and directions for storing through the winter. 82 pages. Price 20 cents.

ROOT CROPS FOR STOCK FEEDING AND HOW TO GROW THEM.

This branch of farming is now receiving increased attention from dairymen and stock raisers, but not nearly so much as it deserves. This treatise gives full information regarding the various root crops planted for stock feeding,—how to prepare the ground, sowing the seed, methods of cultivation, harvesting, and storing for winter use, as well as analysis of the feeding value of the different roots, and the proper feeding rations. 72 pages. Price 20 cents, by mail, postpaid.

FLOWERS FOR EVERY HOME.

Contains full directions for raising all kinds of flowering plants in the outdoor garden or in the house during the winter; suggestions for laying out flower-beds, and different styles of planting to produce the finest effects. Directions for exterminating insects, making compost for pot-plants, starting the young plants in the house or open-air seed-bed, etc. Price, 10 cts., postpaid.

A YEAR'S WORK AT FORDHOOK.

A beautiful book, profusely illustrated with photogravures, which we publish for the benefit of customers who are not able to visit FORDHOOK FARMS in person. It tells, in a graphic and interesting manner, how we grow and test seeds. It is full of interest to all engaged in gardening either for pleasure or profit. Price 10 cents, by mail, postpaid.

SELECTION IN SEED GROWING.

A book containing the papers contributed to the Horticultural Congress at the World's Fair, Chicago, 1893, by leading seedsmen of Europe and America, setting forth the advantages of high breeding in seeds intelligently conducted, with a résumé of leading features in present methods of culture. Price 10 cents, by mail, postpaid.

HOW AND WHAT TO GROW IN A KITCHEN GARDEN OF ONE ACRE.

This is a complete book on the proper management of the Family Garden. It gives full directions for laying out the garden, planting, cultivation, and management the whole year round. It contains illustrated directions for making hot-beds for early plants and proper methods for storing roots for winter use, with special chapters on the care of small fruits, Asparagus, Rhubarb, and Herbs. While written especially for a garden of the proper size to fully supply an ordinary family on the farm with vegetables and small fruits throughout the year, the directions are equally applicable to smaller gardens or to truck growing on a larger scale for market. It contains 198 pages. Reduced price 30 cents.

HOW TO GROW MELONS FOR MARKET.

Full directions for growing Watermelons and Musk Melons (or Cantaloupes) on an extended scale for market, compiled from the prize essays. Treats on the best soils, preparing the land, planting, cultivation, and marketing, with illustrated descriptions of leading varieties, and the best methods of preventing losses from insects. 81 pages. Price 20 cents, postpaid.

THE BEAUTIFUL FLOWER GARDEN.

A beautifully illustrated book by the artist and flower lover, F. SCHUYLER MATHEWS, who has combined with his instructions numerous drawings of flowers and plants and their artistic arrangement in the flower garden and lawn. It is of the greatest interest and full of helpful suggestions to all flower lovers, bringing out the intrinsic beauty of many so-called summer flowers when artistically grouped, together with illustrated directions for making artistic accessories and backgrounds, quaint ideas for tubs, vases, baskets, etc., to be filled with growing plants. The book is rendered still more complete by the cultural directions written by MR. ARTHUR FEWKES, the noted cut-flower grower of Boston, Mass. 191 pages. Price 40 cents, by mail.

SWEET PEAS UP-TO-DATE.

Published in January, 1897,—giving full directions for culture as practised by the most successful growers, with history and description of all varieties up to date of publication. Specially written for us by the REV. W. T. HUTCHINS. Price, by mail, postpaid, 10 cents.

INJURIOUS INSECTS AND THE USE OF INSECTICIDES.

A complete treatise on the various insect pests which prey upon the garden, orchard, and field crops, as well as of those which are troublesome in the flower garden, with fullest directions for the proper remedies to be used, and how to prepare and use them. This book is beautifully illustrated, and gives the complete history of all the various insects with which the gardener has to contend. It should be on the desk of every gardener as a standard book for reference. A very valuable book of 216 pages. Our reduced price is 40 cents per copy.

HOW TO COOK VEGETABLES.

This book was written especially for the benefit of our customers by the well-known authority, MRS. S. T. RORER, Principal of the Philadelphia Cooking School. It is a most complete collection of recipes for cooking and serving all products of the garden, and is the only publication devoted solely to the proper preparation of Vegetables and Fruits for the table. The book contains also complete directions for pickling, canning, and preserving the different vegetables for winter use. Our agreement with the authoress does not permit us to offer this valuable book for sale, but we shall send it free as a premium with all orders for seeds amounting to \$1.00, if ten cents additional be remitted. So closely are our interests identified with those of our customers that we not only supply THE BEST SEEDS, but also tell how to cook the products!



Reduced Fac-simile Front Cover of our great "Quarter-Century" Farm Annual.

NOTE. Many who did not receive our "Quarter-Century" Catalogue last year will doubtless desire to secure a copy for reference and filing,—hence it is again offered below.

The "Quarter-Century"

Burpee's Farm Annual, A Book of 220 Pages.

Every description was rewritten from our latest notes. This insures a fair presentation of the exact truth, in due proportion. The new directions for culture also will be found very useful.

The "RECORD OF PROGRESS" during the last twenty-five years of the nineteenth century is matter of historical interest. These pages are enlivened by photogravure views of FORDHOOK FARMS,—the largest Trial Grounds in America,—and departments of the new BURPEE BUILDING.

Several interesting pages are those devoted to the results of contests in different States for the "BURPEE PREMIUM," which is offered annually at every State and County Fair,—see last page.

FOUR BEAUTIFUL COLORED PLATES, painted from nature, show BURPEE'S MATCHLESS MELON, first introduced in 1901,—BURPEE'S QUARTER-CENTURY TOMATO, the best of all dwarf varieties,—BURPEE'S CAPRICE NASTURTIUM, in different colors, and three distinct NEW DAHLIAS.

THE COVER is a work of art,—lithographed in ten colors and gold. The front is purely ornamental, but the back shows the little building in which we started business twenty-six years ago, in contrast with our present city warehouse; also bird's-eye views of our famous FORDHOOK FARMS.

These, with other original features, make it

The Most Complete "Mirror" Of Horticultural Progress To the Dawn of the New Century.

While too costly a book to mail free (except to customers last year) it will be sent, postpaid, to any address for **only ten cents** (a silver dime or five stamps), which is less than cost per copy.

Do you want it?

It is pronounced by thousands the

Best Catalogue Ever Published!

Table Showing Number of Plants or Hills in One Acre of Land.

	12 INCHES.	18 INCHES.	2 FEET.	3 FEET.	4 FEET.	5 FEET.	6 FEET.
12 inches,	43560						
15 inches,	34848						
18 inches,	29040	19360					
2 feet,	21780	14520	10890				
2½ feet,	17424	11616	8712				
3 feet,	14520	9680	7260	4840			
3½ feet,	12446	8297	6223	4148			
4 feet,	10890	7260	5445	3630	2722		
4½ feet,	9680	6453	4840	3226	2420		
5 feet,	8712	5808	4356	2904	2178	1742	
5½ feet,	7920	5280	3960	2640	1980	1584	
6 feet,	7260	4840	3630	2420	1815	1452	1210

EXPLANATION.—Find the distance between your plants or hills in the left-hand column, and the distance between the rows at the top of the column of numbers, which will give you the number of plants or hills in one acre of land.

Table Showing Quantity of Seed Required to Plant One Acre.

ARTICHOKE.	1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 6 ounces will furnish plants to set one acre of land.	LEEKES.	1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 4 pounds per acre.
ASPARAGUS.	2 ounces to 100 feet of drill; 8 pounds per acre. 8000 roots are required to set one acre in rows 4 feet apart.	LETTUCE.	1 ounce to 300 feet of drill; 3 pounds per acre in drills 18 inches apart.
BUSH BEANS.	1 pint to 100 feet of row; 1½ bushels per acre.	MARTYNIAS.	½ ounce to 100 hills 3 feet apart.
BUSH LIMAS.	1 pint to 100 feet; 3 pecks per acre.	MUSK MELONS.	2 ounces to 100 hills, or 2 pounds per acre in hills 4 x 4 feet apart.
POLE BEANS.	10 quarts per acre in hills 4 x 4 feet.	WATERMELONS.	1 ounce to 25 hills, or 2 pounds to one acre in hills 8 x 8 feet apart.
POLE LIMAS.	20 quarts per acre in hills 4 x 4 feet.	MUSHROOMS.	1 pound to 9 square feet of bed.
BEETS.	1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 5 pounds per acre in rows 3 feet apart.	MUSTARD.	1 ounce to 100 feet of drill, or 3 pounds per acre in drills 3 feet apart.
CABBAGE.	Use 1 ounce in seed-bed to 300 feet of drill to make sure of 2000 plants. 14,000 plants early varieties, 8000 plants late varieties, required per acre.	NASTURTIUM.	2 ounces to 100 feet of drill.
CARROTS.	1 ounce of seed to 200 feet of drill; 2½ pounds per acre in rows 3 feet apart.	ONION.	For bulbs, 1 ounce to 200 feet of drill; 4 to 6 pounds per acre in drills 12 inches to 2 feet apart. For sets, 60 pounds of seed per acre. For pickling, 40 pounds of seed per acre. Of sets, 8 bushels are required to plant one acre.
CAULIFLOWER.	1 ounce in 300 feet seed drill to make sure of producing 2000 plants; 3000 plants per acre planted 4 x 4 feet.	OKRA.	2 ounces to 100 feet of drill, or 10 pounds per acre in drills 4 feet apart.
CELERY.	1 ounce to 300 feet of drill in seed-bed to produce 5000 plants; 10,000 to 15,000 plants per acre.	PARSLEY.	1 ounce to 200 feet of drill.
CHICORY.	1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 4 pounds per acre in rows 3 feet apart.	PARSNIP.	1 ounce to 200 feet of drill; 3 pounds per acre in drills 3 feet apart.
COLLARDS.	2 to 3 pounds, in rows 3 feet apart.	PEAS.	1 quart to 100 feet of row; 2 bushels per acre in rows 4 feet apart.
CORN SALAD.	3 ounces to 100 feet of drill.	PEPPER.	1 ounce for 2000 to 3000 plants. Set 8000 to 14,000 plants (according to size of growth) per acre.
CORN, SWEET.	1 pint to 100 hills, 12 quarts per acre in hills 4 x 4 feet apart.	POTATOES.	10 bushels of whole tubers per acre.
CRESS, WATER.	1 ounce to 16 square feet.	PUMPKINS.	1 pound to 200 or 300 hills: 3 to 4 pounds per acre in hills 10 x 10 feet or 12 x 12 feet apart.
CRESS, or PEPPER GRASS.	1 ounce to 200 feet.	RADISH.	1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 8 to 10 pounds per acre.
CUCUMBERS.	2 ounces of seed to 100 hills, 2 pounds per acre in hills 5 x 5 feet apart.	RHUBARB.	1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 3000 plants per acre planted 3 x 5 feet apart.
DANDELION.	1 ounce to 100 feet of drill.	SALSIFY.	1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 8 pounds per acre in rows 3 feet apart.
EGG PLANT.	1 ounce sown thinly will produce 1000 plants. Set 3600 plants per acre planted 3 x 4 feet.	SPINACH.	1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 8 pounds per acre in drills, or 30 pounds broadcast.
ENDIVE.	¾ ounce to 100 feet of drill; 4½ pounds per acre in rows 18 inches apart.	SQUASH.	<i>Summer varieties</i> , 4 ounces to 100 hills; 5 pounds per acre in hills 4 x 4 feet apart. <i>Winter varieties</i> , 8 ounces to 100 hills; 3 to 4 pounds per acre in hills 8 to 12 feet apart each way.
GOURD.	2 ounces to 100 hills.	Tomatoes.	Sown thinly 1 ounce should produce 3500 plants, sufficient for one acre. If planted in hills and afterward thinned out, 1 pound per acre.
HORSE-RADISH.	15,000 sets, planted 1 x 3 feet apart.	TURNIPS AND RUTA BAGAS.	1 ounce to 200 feet of drill; 2 pounds per acre in drills, or 1 lb broadcast.
KALE, or BORECOLE.	Of tall varieties 1 ounce to 300 feet of drill for transplanting; of small, dwarf varieties 3 pounds per acre in rows 3 feet apart.		
KOHL-RABI.	For transplanting, 1 ounce in seed-bed will produce 2000 plants sown in rows 3 feet apart; 2 to 3 pounds per acre.		

BURPEE'S STANDARD VEGETABLE SEEDS.

We are careful to recommend only such varieties as, from an extended experience, have proved to be the most valuable. In no case have we recommended a variety unless possessing *real merit*; and some sorts catalogued by other seedsmen we have omitted, because our experience has proved them unworthy of cultivation.

Our large trade with the most critical market gardeners, together with our extensive mail-order seed business (the largest in the world), is the best possible evidence that our Garden Seeds are **unrivaled in quality**. We know that the seeds grown and supplied by us are the **very best that can be grown**.



The Prices of Seeds by WEIGHT or MEASURE are NET.

½ lb. or ½ bushel supplied at pound and bushel rates. The seeds are shipped as directed, either by express or freight, at expense of the purchaser, unless an extra remittance (at the rate of 8 cts. per lb., 10 cts. per quart on sweet corn, or 15 cts. per quart on beans and peas) has been sent to cover cost of postage.

Prices of Seeds in PACKETS are subject to a DISCOUNT of 33⅓ PER CENT. This liberal discount applies only to seeds in retail packets.

ARTICHOKE.

The Globe Artichoke is cultivated for its flower-heads, which are cooked like asparagus. Plants set in any good soil, with slight covering in winter, will remain in bearing several years.

LARGE GREEN GLOBE. The standard variety.
Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; per ¼ lb. 75 cts.



ASPARAGUS.

The Asparagus bed furnishes the first green delicacy for our table in the spring, is universally popular, and requires but little care for its successful cultivation. We send, free with either seed or roots, our new Leaflet, giving full directions. *if requested on the order.*

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL. The standard variety. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ¼ lb. 12 cts.; per lb. 35 cts. Good, strong one-year-old roots, to be shipped by express at expense of purchaser: 40 cts. per 100; \$3.50 per 1000; two-year-old roots, 45 cts. per 100; \$4.00 per 1000.

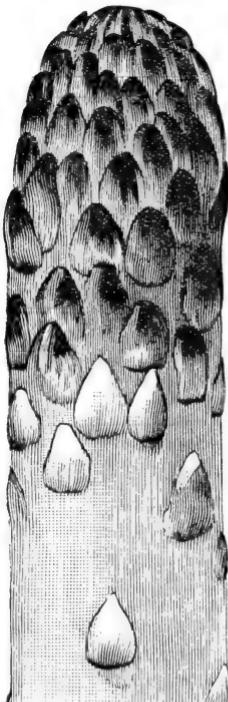
BARR'S MAMMOTH. This fine variety has brought in market thirty-five cents a bunch when other asparagus was selling for ten and fifteen cents. The stalks are very large, frequently an inch in diameter, with few scales: the stalks retain their thickness completely up to the top of the shoots, and have close round heads. They are extra quick growing, very tender and succulent, entirely free from woody fiber, and make shoots fit for market in a single day.

Price of seed: Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.
Good, strong roots, to be sent by express or freight, at expense of purchaser: One-year-old, 50 cts. per 100; 500 for \$2.10; \$4.00 per 1000. Two-year-old roots, by express or freight, 60 cts. per 100; \$5.25 per 1000.

DONALD'S ELMIRA. A choice new variety, which commands the highest prices in the markets where it is sold. It produces large green stalks of the finest quality. *Seed and roots at same prices as quoted for Barr's Mammoth.*

PALMETTO. The plants are strong and vigorous in growth, producing large, thick, dark-green shoots, with a distinctly pointed head or tip, as contrasted with the rounded head of the other large-stalked varieties. *Prices of both seed and roots, same as quoted for Barr's Mammoth.*

COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH WHITE. Planters whose taste is for a white asparagus, will like this, because "it furnishes white shoots which stay white as long as fit for use, without earthing up or any other artificial blanching, and because it can be absolutely depended upon to give eighty to ninety per cent. of white plants from seed." Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 45 cts. Roots at the same prices as quoted for Barr's Mammoth.



BARR'S MAMMOTH.

• A bull's-eye, according to Webster, signifies that you have "hit the mark." Even the inexperienced, to whom our complete list might be confusing, can make no mistake in varieties marked with a **bull's-eye.** •



BURPEE'S NEW STRINGLESS GREEN POD

COPYRIGHTED 1893
BY W. M. BURPEE & CO.

BURPEE'S NEW STRINGLESS

GREEN POD

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN-POD, O named and introduced by us, is **absolutely unrivaled**. It combines in itself the chief merits of all the other varieties—viz., unusual hardiness, extreme earliness, and wonderful productiveness, with pods of handsome appearance and finest quality. Letters from planters in every section state that this distinct variety successfully withstood frosts which destroyed the *Early Six Weeks*. By reason of this hardiness early plantings may be made to produce the earliest crop, and even with later plantings at the same date as other varieties under the most favorable conditions still finds BURPEE'S "STRINGLESS" always **the first to produce pods.**

For either the market or home garden, no other green-podded bean is so satisfactory, while by frequent plantings fine pods may be had in constant succession from spring until cut off by heavy frosts in the fall. Combined with the extra hardiness and early maturity we have **unequaled quality and handsome appearance** of pods. The pods are a rich green, very round and straight, five inches long, solidly meaty and broad,—deeply saddle-backed or creased along the back, caused by the rounded swell of the fleshy sides. The pods are tender, brittle, and of finest flavor, always **entirely stringless** even when fully matured. In a word, all seedsmen and planters now agree that **Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod is absolutely unrivaled.**

We could fill many pages with testimonials and enthusiastic reports of experimental stations, had we space to spare. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 15 cts.; quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 35 cts.; 4 quarts 60 cts.; per peck \$1.00; per bushel \$3.75; by the sack of two bushels and in larger quantities at **\$3.60 per bushel.**



Two Experts on Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod.

N. B. KEENEY & SON, of Genesee County, N. Y., the most extensive growers of beans in the world, January 22, 1900, write:—"In point of earliness BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN-POD is ahead of any other known variety except *Emperor William*. That is unquestionably the quickest bean in sight, but the young pods of the *Emperor William* are very thin, lacking the thick meat of the BURPEE STRINGLESS GREEN-POD."

ALFRED J. BROWN, President Alfred J. Brown Seed Co. of Michigan, January 30, 1900, states:—"BURPEE'S STRINGLESS has been found to be by all odds the **best green-podded bean in cultivation.**"

BUSH BEAN.—IMPROVED EXTRA ROUND-POD RED VALENTINE. O The standard green-pod snap bean, surpassed in quality and earliness only by *Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod*. In this improved strain the pods are very fleshy, round, and saddle-backed with only slight strings. Bushes grow uniformly about fifteen inches in height and produce a large crop of pods of the finest flavor when gathered young. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 12 cts.; quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 30 cts.; 4 quarts 55 cts.; per peck \$1.00; per bushel \$3.50; sack of 2 bushels at \$3.40 per bushel; 10 bushels or more at \$3.25 per bushel.

For all other green-podded Bush Beans,—see next page.

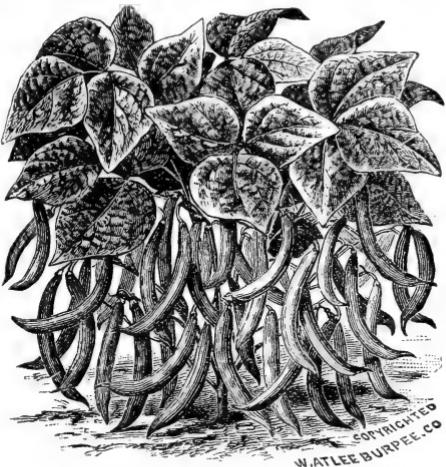
DWARF or BUSH BEANS,—Green-Podded Varieties.

These are planted largely during the early spring to furnish a supply of fresh green pods for snapshots. **EARLY MOHAWK**, *Early Yellow Six Weeks*, and *China Red-Eye* are quite hardy and early in cool locations, but of rather inferior quality. **ROUND YELLOW SIX WEEKS** is an improved type of the *Early Yellow Six Weeks*, having rounder and more meaty pods of improved quality.

The IMPROVED ROUND-POD RED VALENTINE has long been regarded as the finest of the early dwarf string beans, and quite justly so, having a tender, fleshy, round pod of fine flavor. This is, however, now being superseded by BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN-POD, which not only produces equally fine-flavored pods two weeks earlier than the *Valentine*, but the pods are absolutely without strings, even when of full size. **BEST OF ALL** and *Refugee* are later varieties; the latter a rather small, round, fleshy pod of mild flavor, while *Best of All* has quite large, round, straight pods of extra fine quality. The new **EXTRA EARLY REFUGEE** has lately become most popular on Long Island. The *Blue-Podded Butter* is a second-early, and is esteemed for its exceptionally rich flavor and fine quality. New "**Giant Stringless Green-Pod Valentine**" produces fine, long, stringless "pencil-pods," but is not so early as *Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod*.

NEW EVERBEARING, or French "*Inexhaustible*," is a very distinct and ornamental as well as useful sort; quite hardy and bears practically two crops of dark-green pods, the first in the center of the plant and later in sprays on the branches above the foliage.

One quart to 100 feet of drill; one and a half bushels per acre, in drills three feet apart.



IMPROVED ROUND-POD RED VALENTINE BEAN.

	Not including postage.—				
	Quart.	2 Quarts	4 Quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
Early Mohawk ,	\$0 20	\$0 30	\$0 55	\$1 00	\$3 50
Improved Early Round-Pod Red Valentine , ◎ . . .	20	30	55	1 00	3 50
Burpee's New STRINGLESS GREEN-POD , ◎ . . .	20	35	60	1 00	3 75
Early China Red-Eye ,	20	30	55	1 00	3 50
Early Long Yellow Six Weeks ,	20	35	55	1 00	3 50
Early Round Yellow Six Weeks ,	20	35	55	1 00	3 50
Refugee , or <i>Thousand to One</i> ,	20	35	55	1 00	3 50
Extra Early Refugee , ◎ (See description below), . . .	20	35	55	1 00	3 50
New Everbearing , or " <i>Inexhaustible</i> ," ◎	20	35	60	1 00	3 75
Giant Stringless Green-Pod "Valentine," ◎ . . .	20	35	60	1 00	3 50
Blue-Podded Butter , ◎ Of rich flavor,	20	40	75	1 40	5 50
Best of All , ◎ Prolific; choice quality,	20	38	70	1 25	4 60

VARIETIES FOR SHELLED BEANS.

Goddard , or Boston Favorite ◎ (<i>Horticultural</i>), . . .	20	38	70	1 10	4 25
Red Kidney . Standard commercial bean,	15	30	50	90	3 25
White Marrowfat . The standard market bean, . . .	15	30	50	90	3 25

Each of the above, 10 cents per packet of two ounces.

By Mail. Please note that prices in this "BLUE LIST" do not include postage. If Peas or Beans are ordered to be sent by mail, the cost of postage, 15 cts. per quart, must be remitted in addition to the price of the seed. On **Sweet Corn** the cost of postage is 10 cts. per quart.

EXTRA EARLY REFUGEE, ◎ The pods of this new strain are equally as tender and fine in flavor and the plants equally as productive as the popular and well-known *Refugee*, or *1000 to 1*. They have the additional merit of producing fine pods ten days to two weeks earlier. The plants are of quick growth, branch freely, and are loaded with an immense crop. Pods are smooth and of light-green color, three and a half to four inches long, round and slightly pointed at the ends; solidly fleshy and of mild flavor. Of handsome appearance; it makes an excellent sort to come in after *Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod* and before the old type of *Refugee*. Prices as quoted in price list above. Per bushel \$3.50.

GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN-POD VALENTINE, ◎ This new variety should not be confused with *Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod*, from which it is entirely distinct, resembling more closely the *Valentine*, the pods averaging one-third larger than those of the latter variety. The claim that it is ready for market a week earlier than the *Extra Early Valentine* is not sustained in our trials, it being nearly a week later and making an excellent succession to *Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod* when planted at the same time. The plants are of strong growth; pods slightly curved, very meaty, being broadly rounded and saddle-backed; brittle and stringless at all stages. Prices as quoted in price list above. Bushel \$3.50.

◎ A **bull's-eye**, according to the "Century Dictionary," means a shot that hits the bull's-eye—the best shot that can be made. In this catalogue we have marked with a **bull's-eye** [◎] those varieties of seeds which we consider the very best of their class for general cultivation. Even inexperienced planters, who might be confused by our complete list, can make no mistake by selecting the varieties marked with a **bull's-eye**. ◎

Burpee's Bush Lima,—

Plant
our New
Improved
Quarter-
Century
Strain,—
for 1902.



BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA. Showing habit of growth of a single plant.

BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA.

BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA comes absolutely true from seed. The bushes grow eighteen to twenty inches high, of stout growth and always erect, yet branching so vigorously that each plant develops into a magnificent circular bush from two to three feet in diameter. It is an immense yielder, the handsome large pods being well filled with very large beans, identical in size and luscious flavor with the well-known large Pole Limas. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 25 cts.; 2 quarts for 50 cts.; 4 quarts for 90 cts.; per peck \$1.75; $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel \$3.40; per bushel \$6.75.

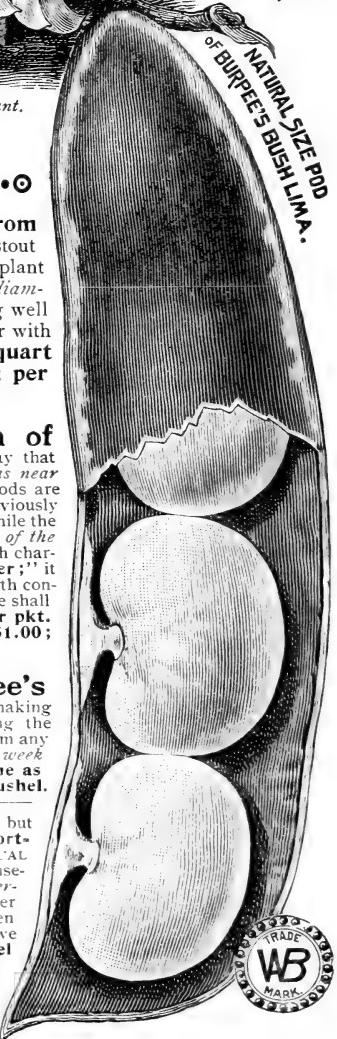
Burpee's "Quarter-Century" Strain of Burpee's Bush Lima.

We can unhesitatingly say that this improved strain is *as near perfection* as could be desired in large Lima Dwarf Beans. The pods are fully as large as the best selected stock of *Burpee's Bush Lima*, previously grown, and are produced ready for the table considerably earlier. While the bushes are fully as productive, the pods are borne *more at the center of the plant*,—making the whole field show more clearly the distinctive bush character. This new strain is considerably *earlier than Dreer's "Wonder"*; it is *more prolific* and the *beans are larger*. Although really worth considerably more (as explained below), yet so long as our stock lasts we shall supply this improved new strain at the following moderate prices: Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 30 cts.; 2 quarts for 55 cts.; 4 quarts for \$1.00; per peck \$1.85; $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel \$3.50; per bushel \$7.00.

Dreer's "Wonder" Strain of Burpee's Bush Lima.

This strain has been selected with a view of making the bush still more compact and producing the beans *earlier*. The result is a fine strain of neat dwarf growth, free from any tendency to make runners, and producing pods ready to gather a week earlier than the regular stock of BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA. Prices same as quoted for *Burpee's Bush Lima*, in any quantity, at \$6.75 per bushel.

Please Note. Our prices are too low on Bush Limas, but unfortunately we did not get word of the *shortage in crops* until the first week in December when THE FARM ANNUAL was printed and we were mailing to the Southern States. It was, consequently, too late then to advance retail prices, which on the *Quarter-Century Strain* of BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA should be at least \$8.50 per bushel. As news of the great shortage (which was only discovered when the beans were threshed) reached us too late to advance retail prices, we shall continue to sell at the extremely low price of \$7.00 per bushel for our *NEW "QUARTER-CENTURY" STRAIN*, but it will be safer to *order early*, as there are not likely to be enough of this special "QUARTER-CENTURY" STRAIN of BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA to supply the demand.





BURPEE'S

SADDLE BACK WAX BEAN.

BURPEE'S SADDLEBACK WAX. ⓠ The plants are of strong bush growth, fifteen inches in height, extra productive. The pods are long, nearly straight, well rounded, and so meaty as to be saddle-backed or creased in the center. The pods are so fleshy that the space between the beans is solid meat without any open spaces,—extremely brittle, always free from strings, of a rich golden yellow and finest flavor. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 15 cts.; quart 25 cts.; 2 quarts 45 cts.; 4 quarts 80 cts.; per peck \$1.50; one-half bushel \$2.90; per bushel \$5.75.

Other Dwarf WAX BEANS.

BURPEE'S PERFECTION WAX is an improved strain of scarlet Flageolet, producing an abundance of long, handsome, golden-yellow, stringless pods.

The Dwarf German Black Wax "Challenger" strain and NEW PROLIFIC GERMAN BLACK WAX are the earliest varieties; pods are rather short and generally curved, but of fine quality. The GOLDEN WAX and the RUST-PROOF are both fine market varieties, having large, handsome, golden pods. CRYSTAL WHITE WAX ("Ancient American") yields a plentiful supply of most delicious small white pods. "PENCIL-POD" BLACK WAX is a new variety, with long pencil-like straight pods, entirely stringless.

	Quart.	2 Quarts	4 Quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
Burpee's Perfection Wax. ⓠ Long, handsome pods,	\$0 20	\$0 38	\$0 70	\$1 35	\$5 00
"Challenger" Dwarf German Black Wax,	20	35	65	1 25	4 75
New Early Prolific Dwarf German Black Wax. ⓠ	20	35	65	1 25	4 75
Golden-Eyed Wax. Productive but of poor quality,	20	35	65	1 25	4 50
Golden Wax. The well-known standard,	20	35	65	1 25	4 25
Improved Rust-Proof Golden Wax. ⓠ A fine strain,	20	35	65	1 25	4 25
Keeney's Rustless Golden Wax,	20	35	65	1 25	4 50
Wardwell's Kidney Wax. Popular early variety,	20	35	65	1 25	4 75
Crystal White Wax. Tender pods; best quality, . . .	35	65	1 10		
New "Pencil-Pod" Black Wax. ⓠ	20	38	70	1 35	5 00
Currie's Rust-Proof Golden Wax. ⓠ	20	35	65	1 25	4 50
Refugee Wax. Early, prolific, and fine,	20	38	70	1 25	4 75
Davis White Wax. Productive but stringy,	20	35	65	1 25	4 50
Valentine Wax. Attractive pods,	20	38	70	1 35	4 75
Golden Crown Wax. ⓠ A fine new variety,	25	45	80	1 50	5 75
Yosemite Mammoth Wax. Extra large pods,	35	65	1 10	2 00	

Each of the above, 10 cents per packet of two ounces.

Early Bush Bean,—Burpee's "BRITTLE WAX."

"Very strong grower. Broad, thick leaves of a light-green color. It throws out long spikes that shoot above the foliage and which have clusters of pods the whole length, and there are very few dwarf beans that do. The stalk is quite heavy and holds its pods well up from the ground. Vine has a nice yellowish cast. Only two days later than Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod. The pods are long, round, and slightly curved, of a beautiful yellow color, thick and meaty. Entirely stringless until too old to use. Some pods measure, when fit for table, seven inches in length. It is the **finest wax bean ever introduced**, and for private gardens and truckers it is **unequaled**. It is a heavy bearer." Prize description, written August 6, 1901, by BURT GILBO, Cape Vincent, N. Y., who is Superintendent of one of the largest bean-growing establishments in the United States.

Sold only in our sealed packages. Per pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ pint 18 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 30 cts.; pint 55 cts.; per quart \$1.00.

Remarks of the Originator who is an Expert on Beans.

"This bean is a half-brother to Round-Pod Kidney Wax, also a half-brother to Pencil-Pod Black Wax. They both have Round-Pod Refugee blood in them, and from this parent they get the long, straight, handsome, round, pulpy pod, together with vigor and productiveness. These latter characteristics, although very important, are painfully lacking in some other wax sorts. This bean is entirely stringless, of a rich yellow color; quality is exceptionally fine; the plant is vigorous and productive, and we hardly know how this bean could be improved. We think the fact of this bean having quite a little Black-Eyed Wax blood in it ought to make it a little earlier than the Round-Pod Kidney Wax or the Pencil-Pod Black Wax.

"It is superior to Burpee's Saddleback Wax in this respect: it is a more certain cropper. Burpee's Saddleback Wax is a fine bean, and when the conditions are favorable it gives a very satisfactory crop, but is not so robust in habit. It would also be considered superior to Burpee's Saddleback Wax and to Round-Pod Kidney Wax by a person who wants a small, slender, long, straight, handsome pod; while, on the other hand, a person who wants a large pod would consider Burpee's Saddleback Wax preferable to this new Wax. We have not been able to think of a thoroughly satisfactory name for this new variety. By emphasizing the fact that this new Wax has Refugee blood in it, thereby acquiring the hardness and vigor which the original Black-Eyed Wax lacked, and giving it the long, straight, handsome pod of the Refugee parent, it will not be difficult to explain to most of your customers that *it is a great improvement.*"

Another "Expert." S. M. PEASE, General Manager of The

Cleveland Seed Company, of New York, who has devoted his life to growing beans and peas, had (unknown to us) bought a packet or two from our retail catalogue last year for trial, and on November 2, 1901, entirely unsolicited, wrote us as follows: "In connection with the good qualities of your NEW CENTURY DWARF WAX BEAN we would state that it is **exceedingly prolific**. From ninety-eight seeds planted we harvested ninety-six ounces. There being sixty-two beans to the ounce makes them average a little better than sixty fold. **You cannot talk this bean too highly**, as it has remarkably fine points as to *eating qualities, showiness, and productiveness.*"

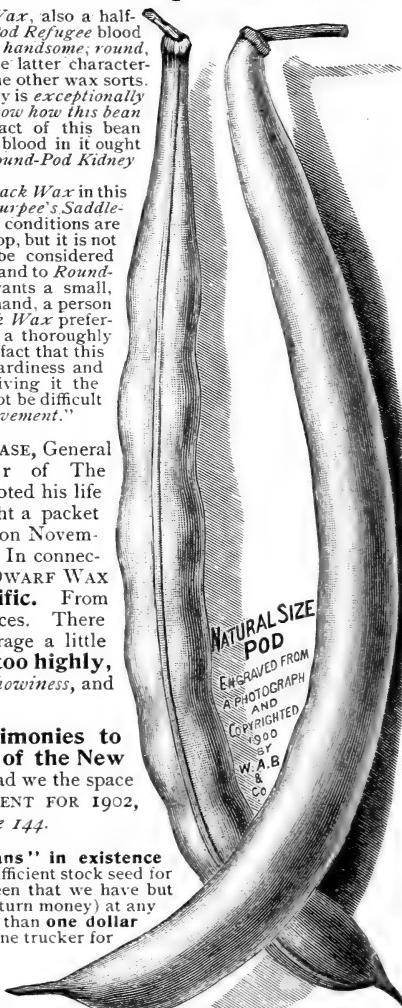
Many Other equally strong testimonies to the unequaled value of the New Burpee's "Brittle Wax" could be quoted,—had we the space to spare,—but we must refer to OUR PRIZE SUPPLEMENT FOR 1902, which is FREE with orders,—as advertised on page 144.

100 Bushels is all of these "Brittle Beans" in existence to-day, and as we shall save sufficient stock seed for our own planting to meet next year's demand it will be seen that we have but **few to sell**. We reserve the right to decline orders (and return money) at any time, without notice, while on no account will we sell at less than **one dollar per quart**, and positively not more than two quarts to any one trucker for his own planting.

It Will Pay and "pay big" for those truckers who are

fortunate enough to get a quart or two this year to work up a stock for future planting. It is most likely that the demand will be so great that it will be some years before we can obtain sufficient seed to offer at a moderate price.

We should not be surprised if, by April this year, we would have to decline all orders by the quart, and perhaps even by the pint. The beans can not be "manufactured to order" and we must reserve sufficient stock seed for our own planting. After about half are sold they are fully worth "**one dollar a quart**" to us to plant *by the bushel*, as they are to you to "work up" your own stock from one or two quarts. In other words, "**one dollar a quart**" is really a **moderate price for such a superlatively fine novelty as is the unique new Burpee's "Brittle Wax."**



New Early Bush Bean, Burpee's "Brittle Wax."

The large editions of our two catalogues for 1902, and the fact that the "forms" have to go to press very early in order to begin mailing by December first to the extreme Southern States, render it necessary for the descriptive pages to be prepared before the final results of the interesting contest for the prizes offered last year are definitely decided. Every competitor will receive, however, not later than January, our complete PRIZE SUPPLEMENT, giving in full the list of awards, with names and addresses of the successful winners of the Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars in Cash Prizes, offered last year when we sold this variety for advance trial at the extravagant price of twenty cents for fifty beans! And yet, so successful and so superior has this "New Twentieth Century Wax Bean" proved everywhere that we feel sure not a single planter, out of the thousands who took it exclusively upon our recommendation, regretted his purchase. It has "come to stay," and undoubtedly is the best and most productive extra wax bean yet developed.

Burpee's "Brittle Wax," like the famous Burpee's

Stringless Green-

Pod (described on page 10), originated with N. B. KEENEY & Son, of Genesee County, N. Y. It has proved worthy of the strong praise given by these careful growers, and has already "made a record,"—altogether unequalled,—by reason of its superb quality, extreme earliness, and great productiveness. It combines the most desirable features of both parents,—the Black Eye Wax and the Round-Pod Refugee. The plants are of vigorous growth, with large foliage, while its productiveness is shown by the **first prize**

bush grown in Ontario, upon which

we counted **one hundred and**

sixty-seven pods. The plants

appear completely loaded with handsome pods, which are nearly straight and measure 4½ to 6 inches long. They are very broad and solidly fleshy,—deeply saddle-backed,—tender, "brittle," and entirely stringless at all stages of growth. The pods are unexcelled as snapshots, while having white seeds, showing only a small black dot at the eye; any surplus allowed to ripen will be readily salable as winter shell beans. As genuine seed can be had only in limited quantities, under our registered trade-mark seal. Per

pkt. 15 cts.;

4 pint 18

cts.; ½ pint

30 cts.; per

pint 55

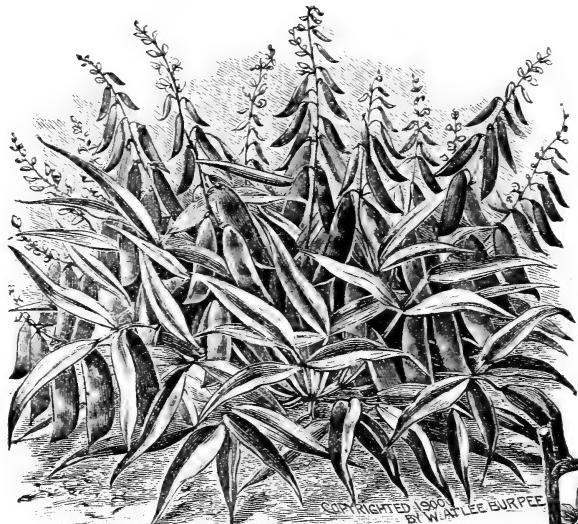
cts.; per

quart

\$1.00.



Burpee's New "Willow-Leaf" Bush Lima Bean.○



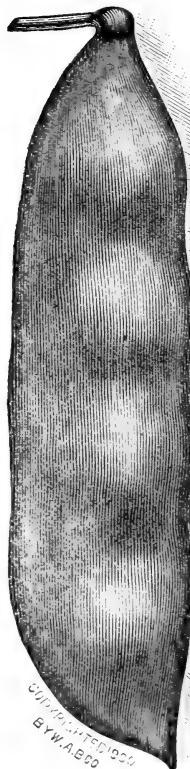
COPYRIGHTED 1900
BY W. ATLEE BURPEE

A Single Plant, from Photograph, of
THE NEW BURPEE'S "WILLOW-LEAF" BUSH LIMA.



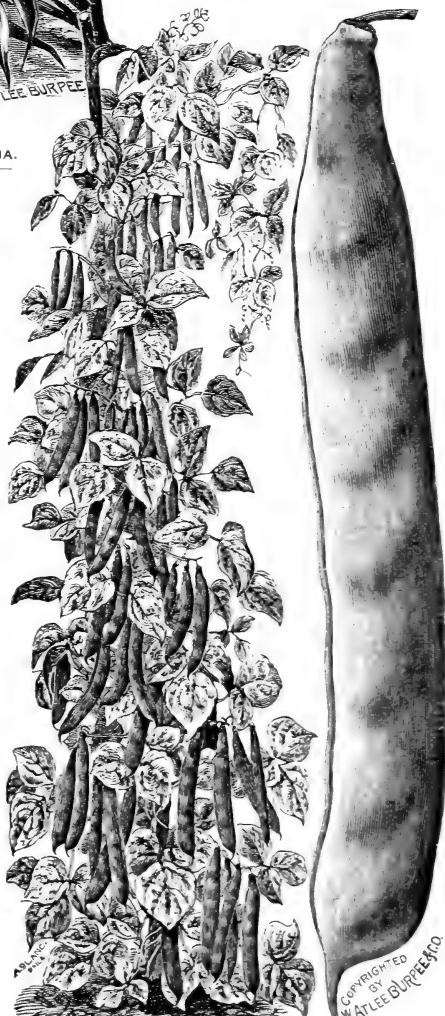
Each leaf consists of three narrow lance-shaped divisions identical in character with those of our tall *Willow-Leaf Lima*, the most prolific of the small *Sieva* or *Butter Beans*. The plants grow twelve to fifteen inches in height, of compact bush-like form, from which the long spikes of white blossoms stand out most attractively; these blossoms are succeeded by large clusters of bright-green pods.

Like all varieties of the Small Lima or *Sieva Bean*, this is especially adapted for growing in light sandy soils and in the warmer Southern States. The pods, while closely resembling those of the *Henderson Bush Lima*, are larger in size, well filled with white beans, very tender, and have the delicious buttery flavor so highly esteemed in the South. Per pkt. (of two ounces) 10 cts. at retail. Per quart 25 cts.; 2 quarts for 45 cts.; 4 quarts for 85 cts.; per peck \$1.60; per bushel \$6.00 sacks included.



COPYRIGHTED 1900
BY W. ATLEE BURPEE

Natural-size Pod of
WOOD'S PROLIFIC BUSH LIMA.



COPYRIGHTED 1900
BY W. ATLEE BURPEE

LAZY WIFE'S POLE BEAN.
See description on next page.

KUMERLE, or DREER'S BUSH LIMA. This is a dwarf or semi-running type of the Potato Pole Lima. The pods are short but thick, containing three to four fat short beans, which are slightly flattened from being so closely packed in the pods. While later in maturing than *Burpee's Bush Lima*, the plants are very productive, beans easily shelled and of excellent flavor if gathered before they become dry and mealy. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 30 cts.; 2 qts. 55 cts.; 4 qts. \$1.00; peck \$1.85; bushel \$7.00. These prices are same as retail—see remarks about prices on page 12. □

IMPROVED HENDERSON BUSH LIMA (Wood's New Prolific). ○ This is the small-podded very early *Sieva* or *Butter Bean* of the South, growing in compact bush form. It is especially suited for sandy soils and warm locations. The pods are ready for use a week or ten days earlier than those of *Burpee's Bush Lima* and the plants are immensely productive, but the pods and beans being so small involve more labor in preparing for use. When gathered young the beans are of excellent flavor. This new strain is a decided improvement, both in size of beans and prolific character. Per pkt. 10 cts.; quart 25 cts.; 2 quarts 45 cts.; 4 quarts 85 cts.; peck \$1.60; bushel \$6.00.

POLE LIMA BEANS.

The *Small Carolina* and *Willow-Leaf Lima* are the small Sieva, or "Butter Beans," of the South. These are very early and immensely prolific; though small in size, they are highly esteemed for their fine flavor.

The *Early Jersey* and the new *SIEBERT'S LARGE EARLY* are early maturing strains of the Large White Lima. *KING OF THE GARDEN* is decidedly the finest strain of the large type, carefully selected to yield the largest beans as well as the most prolific pods. *Challenger*, or *Dreer's Improved*, is the Potato Lima, rather late, but very prolific, in which the thick beans are crowded so closely in the pods as to be slightly flattened against each other; these beans are easily shelled, and from their thickness make "quarts" quickly, but are dry and mealy when cooked. Of Pole Limas, twenty quarts are required per acre in hills four by four feet.

	At buyer's cost for transportation				
	Quart.	2 Quarts	4 Quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
Willow-Leaf Lima. (○) Most beautiful cut foliage,	\$0 25	\$0 50	\$0 90	\$1 75	\$6 75
Small Lima, Carolina, Sieva, or Sewee,	25	45	85	1 65	6 25
Early Jersey Lima. An early large Lima,	25	45	85	1 65	6 50
Siebert's Large Early Lima. (○) (<i>See below</i>),	25	45	85	1 65	6 50
Large White. The well-known standard,	25	45	85	1 65	6 25
King of the Garden. (○) Best strain of large Lima,	25	45	85	1 65	6 50
Challenger, Dreer's, or Potato Lima,	25	50	90	1 75	6 75

Each of the above, 10 cents per packet of two ounces.

Other POLE BEANS.

These are strong-growing climbers, and need poles or other supports on which to run. The **WHITE CREASEBACK**, *Southern Prolific*, and **OLD HOMESTEAD** are green-podded sorts, generally used as snapshots, and mature one after the other in the order named, the pods also increasing in size in the same order; all are round, fleshy, brittle, and free from strings. *Case Knife* is early and has large flat pods. *LAZY WIFE'S* and *Cranberry* have shorter pods, and are used both as snaps and as dry shelled beans during the winter.

The best green-podded varieties for "snapshots" are the **WHITE CREASEBACK** for early, the improved **OLD HOMESTEAD** for main crop, and the **LAZY WIFE'S** for late. These three produce tender stringless green pods, of finest flavor, and are so prolific that a few poles will furnish ample supply for a small family. **BURPEE'S SUNSHINE WAX** and the *Golden Cluster Wax* are both prolific, of large, handsome, waxen-yellow pods; both of fine quality and stringless. **BURPEE'S WHITE ZULU** produces fleshy white pods of immense size and fine quality, with large black seed. The *Dutch Runner* and *Scarlet Runner* are used as shell-beans in the green state; they are highly esteemed where the season is too cool and short for the finer Limas to succeed. Of Pole Beans, ten quarts are required per acre in hills four by four feet.

	Prices not including postage.				
	Quart.	2 Quarts	4 Quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
White Creaseback, or Best of All, (○)	\$0 25	\$0 45	\$0 85	\$1 65	\$6 50
Lazy Wife's. (○) (<i>See description below</i>),	25	45	85	1 65	6 50
Southern Prolific. Long, green pods,	20	38	70	1 35	5 00
Old Homestead, or Kentucky Wonder, (○)	25	45	85	1 65	6 50
Early Golden Cluster Wax. Large yellow pods,	30	55	1 00	1 85	7 00
Burpee's Sunshine Wax. (○) Very fine,	35	65	1 10		
Horticultural, or Cranberry. For shell beans,	20	38	70	1 35	5 25
Burpee's White Zulu. (○) Immense white pods,	35	65	1 10		
Horticultural Pole Lima. Not really a Lima,	25	40	75	1 40	5 50
White Dutch Case Knife. For winter shell beans,	25	40	75	1 40	5 25
Improved White Dutch Runner. For shell beans,	30	55	1 00	1 75	
Scarlet Runner. Clusters of showy bright flowers,	30	55	1 00	1 85	

Each of the above, 10 cents per packet of two ounces.

Yard Long (Cuban Asparagus Bean). Slender pods grow a yard long; *small packets only*. Per pkt. 10 cts.

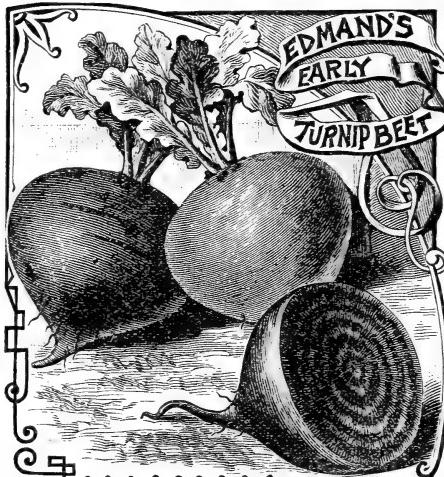
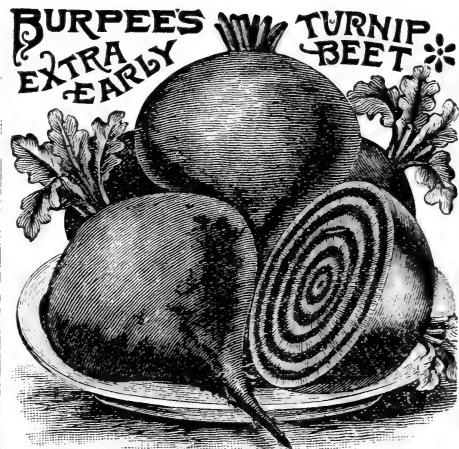
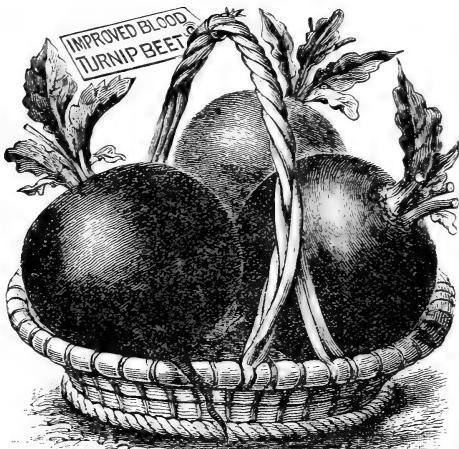
Please bear in mind (○) that a **bull's-eye** (○) means that we consider varieties so marked the **very best** of their respective types. (○)

LAZY WIFE'S POLE BEAN. (○) The pods are produced in large clusters in great abundance and are from four to five inches in length. Dark green, rather flat but broad, quite thick, fleshy, and entirely stringless, retaining their brittleness until fully developed; of unusually rich flavor. The dry beans are pure white in color, excellent for winter use. *Prices are quoted above in list of Pole Beans.* **Per bush.** \$6.50.

SIEBERT'S LARGE EARLY LIMA. (○) A very early and wonderfully prolific strain of the *Large Lima*, which has been developed for the early market garden trade, and is equally as desirable for the family garden. The vines are of quick strong growth, and begin bearing pods considerably earlier than the regular strains of Large Limas. The pods are unusually well filled, containing three and four large fleshy beans which are extremely tender and fine in flavor. The pods being so well filled are easily shelled, and growing in clusters are also most readily gathered. See prices quoted above, list of Pole Lima Beans.

WHITE CREASEBACK POLE BEAN. (○) This is the **earliest** and **best early** green-podded pole bean for snapshots. It is of rapid growth and very productive. Pods grow in clusters and are from five to six inches in length, perfectly round, being deeply creased or "saddle-backed." They are solidly fleshy, entirely stringless and of the finest quality. The dry seed is pure white and excellent for winter use. *Prices quoted above in list.* —per bushel \$6.50.

OLD HOMESTEAD, or "KENTUCKY WONDER." (○) This most popular variety is an improved large-podded strain of the *Southern Prolific*. The pods, usually seven inches or more in length, are so fleshy that they are **greater in width than breadth**, being deeply creased or "saddle-backed." They are solidly meaty, entirely stringless, and of finest quality. If kept gathered as they mature, the vines will continue to bear to the end of the season. *We have sufficient stock now to fill all retail orders for this popular bean.* See prices quoted above, —per bush. \$6.50.



EDMAND'S EARLY TURNIP BEET. ◉ This is one of the most uniformly "thoroughbred" of all Beets, with very small tops, of a rich bronzy red. The beets are of round form, very smooth, extra early, and of good marketable size. The skin is deep blood-red in color; the flesh also is dark red and very sweet. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 40 cts.; 5 lbs. at 35 cts. per lb.

GARDEN BEETS.

Our Beets are of the finest possible strains, great care being taken in growing the seed to have all the roots smooth and free from rootlets, uniform in size and form, with the flesh of deep rich coloring.

BURPEE'S EXTRA EARLY TURNIP BEET. ◉

Fully as early and of better quality than the Egyptian. It makes a fine market crop in seven or eight weeks from sowing. Of fine globular form; the roots are very smooth. In color the flesh is of alternate rings of light and dark pink; very tender and sweet. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 45 cts.

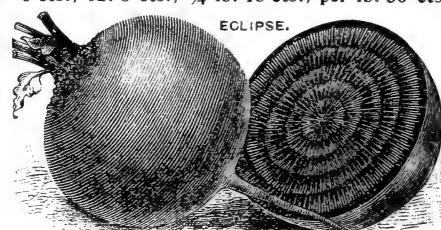


BURPEE'S IMPROVED BLOOD TURNIP BEET. ◉

The tops are neat and of uniform growth; leaf-stems and veins dark red. The roots are rich dark red in color. Flesh deep red, fine grain, very sweet and retaining its blood-red color when cooked. For a constant supply successive sowings of seed should be made throughout the spring and early summer. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.



ECLIPSE.



In lots of 5 pounds, each at 5 cents per pound less.

Extra Early Egyptian. Very quick-growing; flattened blood turnip,

Crosby's Egyptian. ◉ Beets round, as early and of better quality, .

Eclipse. ◉ Extremely early, round, blood-red; see illustration above, .

Early Blood-Red Turnip Beet. The popular old standby,

Early Bassano. Early, round turnip-rooted; light colored,

Detroit Dark Red. ◉ A fine strain of very dark Blood-Turnip Beet,

Dewing's Improved Blood Turnip. A popular strain,

Bastian's Extra Early Red Turnip. Fine and early,

Early Yellow Turnip. Sweet, bright-yellow roots of sweet flavor, .

Bastian's Half-Long Blood, or Philadelphia Perfection Beet, .

Long, Smooth Blood-Red. A large and excellent late variety, .

Large-Ribbed White Swiss Chard. ◉ Only the tops used for greens,

	Per oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.	Per lb.
\$0 05	\$0 15	\$0 40	
5	15	45	
6	15	50	
5	15	40	
5	12	35	
6	15	50	
5	12	38	
5	12	35	
6	20	60	
5	12	35	
5	12	35	
5	12	35	

All Garden Beets, in regular-size packets, 5 cents per packet.

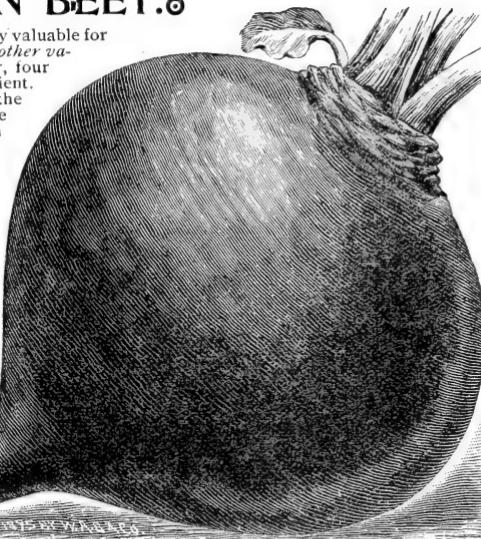
◉ A **bull's-eye**, according to the "Century Dictionary," means a shot that hits the bull's-eye—the best shot that can be made. In this catalogue we have marked with a **bull's-eye** [◉] those varieties of seeds which we consider the very best of their class for general cultivation. Even inexperienced planters, who might be confused by our complete list, can make no mistake by selecting the varieties marked with a **bull's-eye**. ◉

True Dark STINSON BEET.

Excellent for the open garden, this is particularly valuable for forcing, because it produces less foliage than any other variety. They can be grown close together, four inches apart in the row being quite sufficient. The roots are smooth and regular in form; the skin is dark blood-red. The flesh is fine grained and free from woodiness, even when fully matured. Of a rich color; the beets cook dark blood-red. See illustration, which was engraved from a photograph. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.; in lots of 5 lbs. or more at 50 cts. per lb.

Burpee's COLUMBIA.

The roots are of a neat turnip form, with smooth skin and deep blood-red flesh, of rich, tender quality. It is ready to use extra early, growing as quickly as does the Egyptian, while it does not become stringy when of large size. COLUMBIA has proved earlier even than Edmand's and Eclipse, and fully equal in quality. In growth it is most even; the foliage is small, neat, and of a rich bronze color. It is also good for winter, grown from seed sown during July. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 22 cts.; lb. 70 cts.; 5 lbs. or more, 65 cts. lb.



Stringless Green-Pods—Best in Flavor.

MRS. PHEBE CARTER, Xerxes, Tenn., July 26, 1901, writes:—THE STRINGLESS GREEN-PODS are the finest beans I ever saw. They have the best flavor of any bush beans. I have purchased seeds from other seed growers, but there is none so reliable as Burpee.

Stringless Green-Pods in Six Weeks.

O. L. BROWN, Hemp, N. C., March 26, 1901, writes:—I sent you last year a small order, and will say I never before had such beans. Your Stringless Green-Pod Beans beat anything I ever saw before. I picked a mess of beans off them six weeks after they were planted. I know from the first, I planted and picked over ten bushels of beans, besides saved over one hundred gallons of seed. I have sent you a larger order this year.

Stringless Green-Pod is the Best!

FLOYD BAUCUNN, Morgantown, Ky., June 16, 1900, writes:—Your STRINGLESS GREEN-POD BUSH BEANS are decidedly the best of the bush beans, both for earliness and quality; also very productive.

Beet.—“Crimson Globe.”

This is an extremely handsome second-early or main-crop beet, with richly colored flesh of superb quality. The beets are of medium size, slightly oblong form, and entirely free from fibrous rootlets, having only a slender tap-root, as shown in the illustration.

The roots average three inches in diameter; the skin is so smooth and the form so regular that when washed for market they have the appearance of highly polished dark-red balls. The flesh is a deep purplish crimson, slightly “zoned,” and is remarkably sweet and tender,—absolutely free from stringiness. The foliage is small, of a rich bronze-purple; the leaves all grow from a very small crown at the top of the bulb. From trials at FORDHOOK we are satisfied that it is one of the very finest and “most thoroughbred” beets. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 18 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. or more at 95 cts. per lb.

Best Cauliflower for Florida.

H. HAROLD HUME, Professor of the Florida Agricultural College and Experiment Station, Lake City, Fla., January 29, 1901, writes:—Of the vegetables grown from your seeds on our Station place last year, I wish to state a fact or two regarding your DRY-WEATHER CAULIFLOWER. It has far surpassed the other varieties grown, as it withstood drought well, matured earlier, and gave a good even crop, fully 95 per cent. forming heads. The largest heads produced were from nine to eleven inches in diameter. It is certainly well adapted to Florida soil and climate, and I am prepared to give it an unqualified recommendation as the best for our truck farmers in this State.

Cauliflower,—“White as Snow and Solid.”

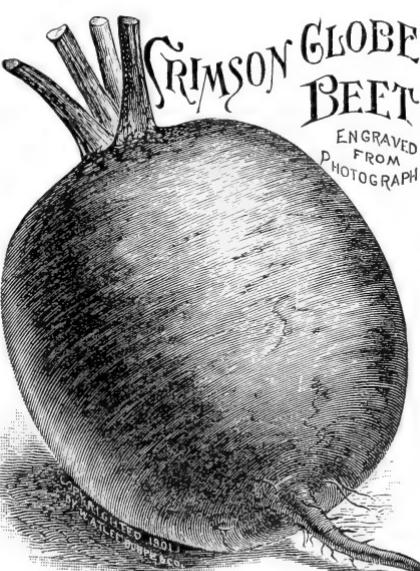
W. A. ANDERSON, International Bridge, Ontario, Canada, writes:—The cauliflower seed I got from you last year was grand. Out of two hundred plants I got one hundred and ninety (190) perfect heads, white as snow and solid.

“Best Early” Cauliflower in Utah.

FRANK CUTLER, Salt Lake City, Utah, writes:—Quote your best price on one-half pound of BURPEE'S “BEST EARLY CAULIFLOWER.” I had half a pound last year and was very well pleased with the result, practically every plant producing a head, notwithstanding the fact that we had the driest summer for many years.

“Dry-Weather” Only One that Heads!

A. C. VALENTINE, Wacousta, Mich., April 30, 1901, writes:—I wish to say a word for your DRY-WEATHER CAULIFLOWER, for it is the first variety that I have made head here. Last season I had 204 plants, and only two failed to head.





GOLDEN GIANT
OR
"YELLOW
LEVIATHAN"
MANGEL.

**GOLDEN GIANT
INTERMEDIATE,
or YELLOW LEVI-
ATHAN MANGEL.○**

Very fine, large roots, growing half above the surface, which renders the harvesting easy. Skin a rich golden yellow; flesh pure white, firm, and sweet in flavor. Altogether, it is a magnificent root, easily lifted, producing enormous crops, and is an excellent keeper. Our cash prizes for the largest roots of the **Golden Giant** Mangel were won by M. Steves, Lulu Island, British Columbia, with a mangel weighing 34½ lbs.; and by J. W. Robinson, Elsinore, Cal., weight of root, 32 lbs. **Per lb. 22 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 20 cts. per lb.**

**GOLDEN TANKARD YELLOW-FLESHED
MANGEL.○** A very distinct, smooth, and uniform variety, the roots being of large diameter tapering quickly at the bottom, which is quite broad, with only a small tap-root. It grows largely above the soil and owing to the breadth of the lower portion is easily harvested. The roots are very solid and the flesh a rich deep yellow. It yields an enormous bulk on good land, and can be grown closely in narrow rows. We consider this the most all-round satisfactory variety to plant for stock feeding, both by reason of its round blocky shape and the rich quality of the deeply colored flesh. **Per lb. 22 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 20 cts. per lb.**

**LANE'S IMPROVED IMPERIAL SUGAR
BEET.○** See illustration. This beet will yield as much as most mangels, and contains eight per cent. of sugar. Has yielded thirty to forty tons per acre, at a cost of five cents per bushel. The large quantity of healthy, nutritious food which is produced at so small a cost makes this root very profitable for stock farmers. **Per lb. 22 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 20 cts. per lb.**

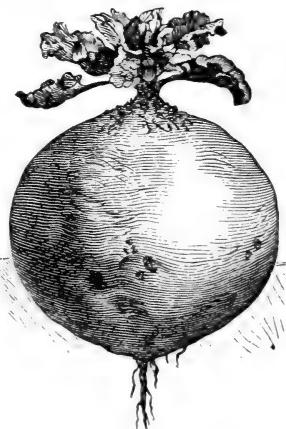
GIANT HALF-SUGAR MANGEL.○ (*Giant Feeding Sugar Beet*). A new variety from Europe. In an experimental test it outyielded Lane's Imperial two to one. Analysis shows it contains a large percentage of sugar; very nutritious as a cattle food. **Per lb. 30 cts.; 5 lbs. at 25 cts. lb.**

LANE'S IMPROVED
IMPERIAL SUGAR BEET.

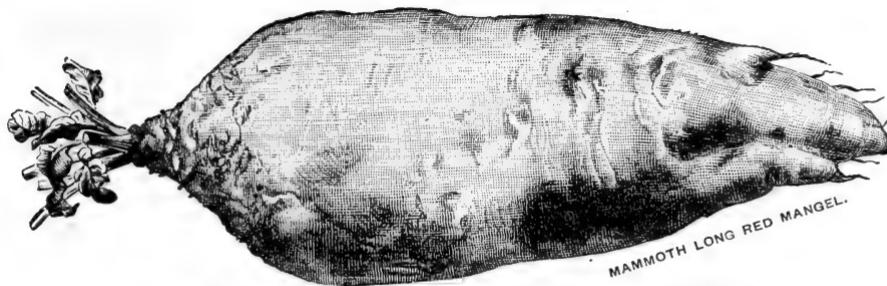
DANISH
IMPROVED
SUGAR
BEET.
© 1895
W.A.B. & CO.

Danish Improved Sugar Beet.○

A new and distinct strain introduced by us from Denmark. Roots grow to large size and are of heavy weight. Their thick, oval form makes almost as large a bulk of crop as the leading varieties of mangel. They are rich in sugar and among the most desirable for feeding to promote a liberal flow of rich milk. Bright green foliage with leaf-stalks and skin shaded or flushed with pink. The skin of the portion grown above the surface is of a dark reddish color; the lower portion and flesh, of pure white. **Per lb. 30 cts.; in lots of 5 lbs. or more at 28 cts. per lb.**



CHAMPION YELLOW GLOBE.



SUGAR BEETS AND MANGEL-WURZELS.

These are grown extensively for stock feeding, and afford large quantities of fresh, nutritious, and wholesome food for stock during the winter months, in connection with grain and dried forage. Full directions for cultivating, storing, and feeding are given in our new Leaflet, which will be sent free with orders, if requested. Sugar Beets are richer and sweeter than Mangels, but the latter will generally produce one-third to one-half heavier crops per acre, and hence are preferred by many farmers.

The SUGAR BEETS are all white fleshed. *Improved Wanzleben* is the richest in sugar and nearly as productive as the *Danish Sugar* and *Lane's Improved*, which are so popular for stock feeding. Some of the Mangels, however, notably the *Golden Tankard*, have bright-yellow flesh, imparting a richer coloring to the milk. The soil should be deep, rich, and fine, and should be frequently and deeply worked throughout the season. Sow seed in slight ridges three feet apart; using four pounds of seed per acre; when sown, pass over the rows with a light roller to thoroughly pack the soil about the seed and insure proper germination.

Of Mangels. The Globe varieties are the most easily harvested, as they grow largely above the surface, and the tap-root being quite blunt they are easily handled and stored. The *Golden Giant Intermediate* and *Golden Tankard* are larger in size, although less in diameter, and yield more heavily than the globe sorts. The improved *Mammoth Prize Long Red* grows to an immense size; in good soil, with thorough cultivation, single roots will measure two feet in length and six to eight inches in diameter.

Special prices quoted on 25 pounds or more.

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.	5 lbs. or more, per lb.
Improved Wanzleben. Contains the largest per cent. of sugar,	\$0 05	\$0 10	\$0 22	\$0 20
Lane's Improved Imperial. Favorite for cattle feeding, . . .	5	10	22	20
New Danish Sugar. Productive and nutritious for cattle, . . .	5	12	30	28
New Red Top. Clean, handsome roots, of symmetrical form,	5	10	22	20
Giant Half-Sugar. New and extra fine. (See page 19), . . .	5	12	30	25
Golden Giant Intermediate, or Leviathan. (See page 20),	5	10	22	20
Golden Tankard Yellow Fleshed. Most popular; clean,	5	10	22	20
Mammoth Prize Long Red. The standard; immense size,	5	10	22	20
Red Globe. Red skin; globe shaped; smaller than Yellow Globe,	5	10	22	20
Champion Yellow, or Orange Globe. Best of round Mangels,	5	10	22	20

BROCCOLI.

This plant is suited only for culture in cool, moist locations. It greatly resembles the cauliflower, and is grown in the same manner as the latter, but being more hardy can be grown in cooler locations and for late fall use. It is of no value in warm localities, and the heads are not so fine as the cauliflower, when the latter can be grown successfully.

	Per pkpt.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Purple Cape. Close heads of brownish-purple color,	\$0 10	\$0 25	\$0 75	\$2 75

BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

Plants should receive the same cultivation as cabbage. The numerous small heads are formed at each leaf-joint on the stalk. They are very hardy and are much improved in sweetness and quality by frost, making an excellent green when served boiled during the winter months. They are not desirable for summer use excepting in cool locations. A "packet" contains about 1700 and an ounce 12,000 seeds.

	Per pkpt.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Perfection. Grows about two feet high,	\$0 05	\$0 10	\$0 35	\$1 25
Paris Market. A half-dwarf strain,	5	10	35	1 25

BURPEE'S SEEDS are sold in
any quantity, but only under
seal. They are always Genuine
as dated,—if seal is unbroken.



BURPEE'S HIGH BREED TESTED SEED OF THE BEST AMERICAN GROWN CABBAGE



Cabbage is more extensively grown in large areas for market than any other vegetable excepting the potato. All growers recognize the importance of planting only the finest seed. We exercise the greatest care in growing and selecting our Cabbage seed. Not only are the plants grown from the best stock, but they are also inspected carefully before being put away for the winter. We can assure our customers that it is impossible to get better seed.

For the earliest supply, seed may be sown in September, and the plants wintered in cold-frames, or young plants started from seed in hot-beds or cold-frames early in the spring. These are set out in rich soil early in the spring. For the fall or main crop, the seed should be sown about the first of June thinly in drills in the seed-bed, and the young plants transplanted to the rows during the latter part of July, setting them eighteen to twenty-four inches apart in the row, in rows three to four feet apart. The Cabbage is a gross feeder, and to insure best results the soil should be rich and the plants cultivated during growth. Except of Novelties, a "packet" contains generally more than 800 seeds, and an ounce 6000. One ounce of seed will sow 300 feet of drill; two ounces sown thinly should provide plants enough for one acre.

BURPEE'S SUREHEAD, *from a Photograph.*

CABBAGE,—Earliest Oblong-Headed Varieties.

EXTRA EARLY EXPRESS is fully a week ahead of all other varieties in forming marketable heads; the heads are tall and slim, and of rather small size. This is closely followed by *Early Etampes* and *Early Dwarf York*, having heads of the same type, but slightly larger. The **EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD** is the most popular first early cabbage, and is most satisfactory both for home markets and shipping. **CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD** is ten days later, or rather it will grow to a much larger size and stand ten days to two weeks longer than the Early Wakefield without bursting. It is an excellent shipping variety, as is also the **WINNIGSTADT**, which makes an extremely hard, conical head, only ten days later than the Wakefield. Seed should be sown thinly in drills so that the young plants will grow strong,—as slender, long-stemmed plants are of little value. With your order, ask for our **New Leaflet** on "HOW TO GROW CABBAGE AND CAULIFLOWER."

☞ In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 10 cents per pound. ☞

		Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Early Etampes.	Extremely early and of good quality,	\$0 10	\$0 30	\$1 10
Extra Early Express ☞	The earliest of all; similar to Etampes,	10	35	1 25
Early Dwarf York.	Very early; small heart-shaped,	10	30	1 00
Large Early York.	About ten days later; larger in size,	10	30	1 00
Early JERSEY WAKEFIELD. ☞	The most popular. (<i>See next page</i>),	20	60	2 00
Large Wakefield, or Charleston.	Rather larger and ten days later,	20	65	2 25
Early WINNIGSTADT. ☞	Hard cone-shaped heads; superb quality,	10	35	1 25

☞ Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

Early Winnigstadt. ☞ Our strain of this popular Cabbage is superfine. See illustration and you will find that every head looks like this picture! As an early variety it is esteemed highly on account of the extreme solidity of the heads. The heads are of the same size as the Jersey Wakefield, but more sharply pointed in form. The leaves are rich dark green, slightly glossy, most tightly folded, the heads being the hardest of any early cabbage. Centers beautifully blanched and of fine, sweet flavor. By reason of its great solidity it is also a popular variety to plant in the summer for winter use, or cutting for Kraut. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 35 cts.; per lb. \$1.25. In lots of 5 lbs. or more at \$1.15 per lb.



taught us that we cannot get as good seed in America as in Europe. Nearly all growers for market know that this is true of the *Danish Ballhead Cabbage* and are quite willing in years of scarcity like this to pay double the price for the Choicest Imported Danish-grown Seed.

We have never yet found any American-grown seed of **EARLY WINNIGSTADT** that we should be willing to sell, while of both **EXPRESS** and **ETAMPES** none can equal that grown by the originator in France,—not even though given a fancy name such as "*Earliest*" or "*Lightning*," and sold at double the price!

There is, of course, lots of poor seed of these four varieties produced even in their native countries,—so that all imported seed is by no means first class! It is our business, however, to find out and contract only with the best growers in each country. We are determined to sell **only the best Seeds that can be grown.**

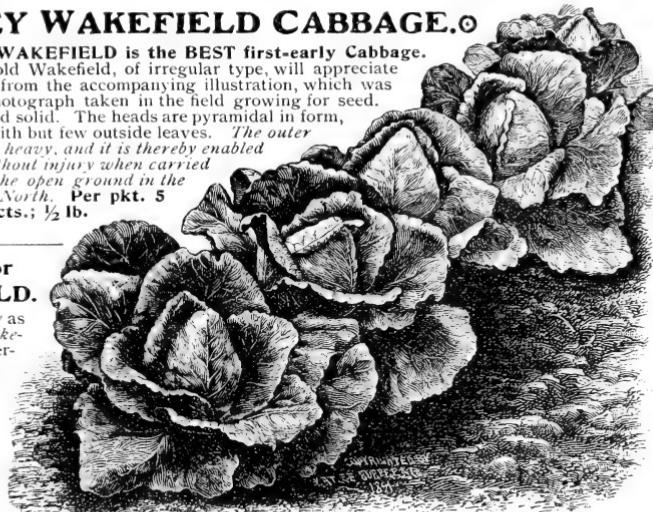
EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD CABBAGE.

The Improved JERSEY WAKEFIELD is the BEST first-early Cabbage. Those familiar only with the old Wakefield, of irregular type, will appreciate the "trueness" of our strain from the accompanying illustration, which was engraved accurately from a photograph taken in the field growing for seed. It heads up remarkably hard and solid. The heads are pyramidal in form, generally pointed at the end, with but few outside leaves. *The outer leaves are unusually thick and heavy, and it is thereby enabled to stand more cold weather without injury when carried through the winter either in the open ground in the South or in cold-frames in the North.* Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.00; per lb. \$2.00.

**CHARLESTON, or
LARGE WAKEFIELD.**

This is not so extra early as the Original Early Jersey Wakefield, but the heads are considerably larger in size; very solid and not so pointed. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65 cts.; per lb. \$2.25.

Some markets prefer a pointed-headed cabbage. For general use, however, we should recommend Burpee's **ALLHEAD** as fully as Early, and of larger size.

**Burpee's Allhead Early Cabbage.**

The BEST Early Summer Cabbage—the EARLIEST Large Flat-head.

BURPEE'S ALLHEAD is the **earliest** of all large Cabbage, and fully one-third larger than any other early summer Cabbage. The deep, flat heads are remarkably solid, and the most uniform in color, form, and size of any variety. As tenderness is the result of rapid growth, it surpasses all others in this respect. The heads grow so compactly and so free from spreading leaves, that fully one thousand more heads can be obtained to the acre. It is really an **all-the-year-round Cabbage**,—being equally good for winter,—see remarks below. It is *the most thoroughbred of all American Cabbages.*

This superb variety has been developed by long-continued careful selection. We paid a cash bonus of one thousand dollars for its control; therefore, to be sure to obtain the true seed of selected strain grown direct from the original stock, you should order either direct from us, or from those who procure their supplies from us. *The genuine seed is very scarce this year.*

Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 30 cts.; 2 ozs. for 50 cts.;
 $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.50; per lb. \$3.00.

The illustration below was accurately engraved from a few heads in the foreground of a photograph of one of our fields. It shows the uniformity of Burpee's **ALLHEAD**, just as it grows in the field.



BURPEE'S
"ALL HEAD EARLY"
CABBAGE

Burpee's "Allhead." Introduced by us in 1891, this is now recognized by all growers as absolutely the **best early flat-head cabbage**. While meant principally for summer and early fall crop, yet if the seed is sown about the 20th of July and put away when two-thirds grown (put head up,—not down), the heads will come out as "hard as bullets" in the spring; there is nothing better for a winter cabbage. Excepting only the Savoys, **Allhead is the finest flavored of all cabbages.**

CABBAGE.—Early and Second-Early Flat-Headed Varieties.



Ask for Our New Leaflet—“HOW TO GROW CABBAGE,”—Free with orders.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 10 cents per pound.

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Burpee's ALLHEAD EARLY.	\$0 30	\$0 85	\$3 00
Early Cannon Ball. Hard, round heads of small size,	12	35	1 25
Early Dwarf Flat Dutch. A first-class second-early; round, flat, . .	12	40	1 40
Henderson's Early Spring. Earliest flat-head, but of small size, . .	20	65	2 25
Henderson's Early Summer.	15	40	1 50
All Seasons.	15	40	1 50
Fottler's Drumhead, or Short-Stem Brunswick.	15	40	1 40
Henderson's Succession. Large flat-heads, similar to All Seasons, .	20	60	2 00

Each of the above, except Allhead, 5 cents per packet.

Burpee's New “Early Baseball” Cabbage.

This entirely distinct new extra early cabbage, for three consecutive years at FORDHOOKE, has proved fully as early as Jersey Wakefield, while producing heads so round in form and extremely

solid that we have given it the descriptive name of BURPEE'S “BASEBALL.” This name aptly describes the form and great solidity of the heads. The plants are extremely dwarf, and, while well furnished with leaves, are so compact that they can be grown at a distance of only twelve inches apart in the row, hence are especially desirable for the small home garden. The plants are only eight inches high when fully grown, and the outer leaves are folded closely about the heads. The round heads are “solid as a baseball,” and average four to five inches in diameter. The great hardiness and extreme earliness, together with the solidity of the ball-like heads, will make it most popular. After careful trials, in comparison with “Early Spring” and all other first-early cabbages, we regard this new “**BASEBALL**” as earliest and best of all extra early flat-head cabbages.



BURPEE'S “EARLY BASEBALL” CABBAGE,
From Photograph taken at Fordhook.

It has been thoroughly tested, prior to introduction, by some hundreds of our customers in all sections, and did space permit we could publish many testimonials,—but no one will make a mistake in giving it a thorough trial, relying exclusively upon our own recommendation. The seed is in such very limited supply that we cannot promise to furnish more than four ounces to any one planter.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 45 cts.; 2 ozs. for 80 cts.

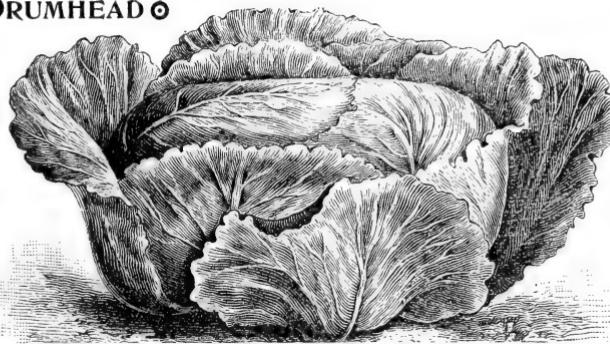
A Sample Letter. ISAAC PEARSON, Canton, Ohio, November 8, 1901, writes: “Two years ago last spring you sent me a trial package of cabbage seed,—a small head, round, short stem, and hard enough to play ball with. It was the best cabbage I ever saw. Now, can you not get more of it? Please try and oblige the American people by introducing the best cabbage the world ever saw or ate.”

FOTTLER'S EARLY DRUMHEAD O

OR SHORT-STEM

BRUNSWICK CABBAGE.

In its improved type, this is a very fine summer or early fall variety. The plants are of dwarf, compact growth, the solid, flat heads resting on the soil, while the few outer leaves grow closely about the heads. The foliage is a light bluish green in color. The heads are very flat, quite thick through, uniformly "hard and solid," and considerably earlier than the ordinary *Flat Dutch* strains. Good both for intermediate and winter use. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.40.



HENDERSON'S EARLY SUMMER CABBAGE.

EARLY SUMMER. O It makes large, solid, round, flattened, compact heads of excellent quality. It is particularly true in the color of the plant, which has a peculiar bluish tinge, with veins of the leaf very white and prominent. The greatest fault which can be found with it is the tendency to produce pointed heads; this has never been fully bred out of it, but is not now so bad as formerly. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50; 5 lbs. or more at \$1.40 per lb.

Our JERSEY WAKEFIELD is the best,—"Extra Selected."

The letter below is from the grower of a field shown in *photogravure* illustration on page 12 of BURPEE'S "QUARTER-CENTURY" FARM ANNUAL.

Every Head is True,—Sold for \$1400.00.

W.M. CURRIER, Elkhart, Ind., September 10, 1900, writes:—I have learned in my experience the earlier you have cabbages to sell the more there is to be made. I find that the earliest cabbage is the JERSEY WAKEFIELD. This photograph of my field of Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage was taken the 20th day of June, 1900. From the 15th of June to July 10th we sold over \$1400.00 worth of cabbage out of this field. To do this you must be sure to get *pure seed* or your patch will be uneven. I have bought seed elsewhere beside Burpee; it was all summer getting headed up. If your Wakefield is all the Wakefield *you can cut every head in thirty days after cutting the first*. You can see for yourself every head is most ready by looking at the picture. I have been buying cabbage seed for twelve years, and *I have been the most successful in buying of BURPEE*, for I get just what I buy and every seed grows!

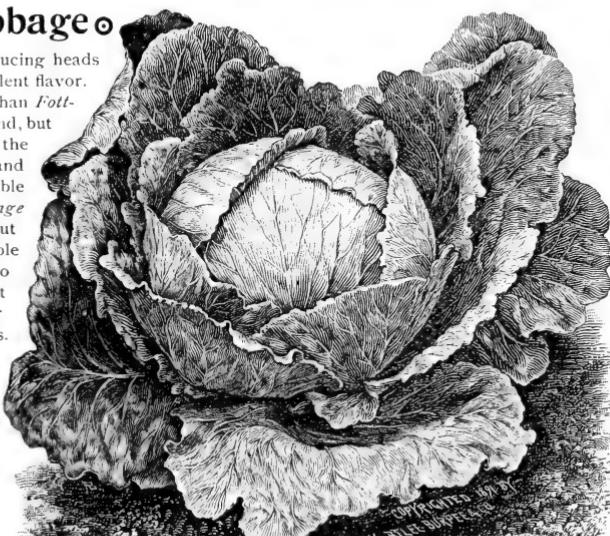
Our Jersey Wakefield is Uniform.

FLOYD BAUCUNN, Morgantown, Ky., June 16, 1900, writes:—Burpee's Early JERSEY WAKEFIELD Cabbage Seed is much more uniform in making pointed heads of fair size than seed from other sources.

A. S. ROUNDS, 30 Garfield Ave., Bristol, R. I., March 26, 1901, writes:—Please find enclosed 20 cents, for which please send me one ounce of EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD (your select strain) Cabbage Seed. . . . I know what your seeds have done for me, and hereafter Burpee's seeds will be all that I shall use.

All Seasons Cabbage.

A splendid summer variety, producing heads of large size, most solid and of excellent flavor. The heads are darker blue in color than *Fotller's* and the plant covers more ground, but the heads are larger. It is one of the most reliable in uniform heading and one of the best keepers. A valuable feature is that *All Seasons Cabbage does not burst open when mature*, but will stand in the field for a considerable length of time without injury. Also when buried in the fall for winter it retains its bright blue-green color better than most other large varieties. The heads are extremely hard and solid, round, flattened on the top, of very best quality, and ready to market *nearly as early as Early Summer*, while much larger in size. It is called "All Seasons" because it is as good for autumn or winter as it is for early summer. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.



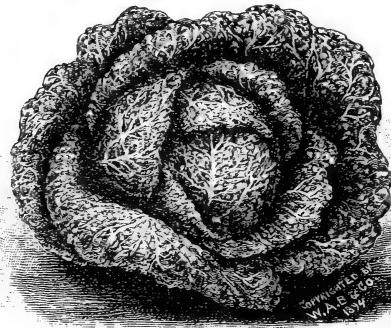
CABBAGE,—Varieties for Autumn and Winter.

The most popular are of the well-known hard-heading *Flat Dutch* and *Drumhead* types. These are best exemplified in BURPEE'S *SUREHEAD*, *SAFE CROP*, *SHORT-STEM DRUMHEAD*, and *LUPTON* strains. The latter is distinct in having large flat heads, with outer leaves of a rich dark green, instead of the light gray or bluish cast of most varieties. Our strains of these varieties are grown especially for critical trade, and the heads are inspected carefully by us as they develop in the field. Thus we know that they are **TRUE TO TYPE**, and of the **most solid-heading character**.

DANISH BALLHEAD, first introduced by us, is now grown extensively, as it is not only remarkably sure in heading, but also an excellent keeper,—the hard, round heads coming out in the spring in even finer condition than when stored away. The *Ballhead* is extremely hardy and gives excellent results in cool localities and unfavorable seasons,—*see page 27*.

BURPEE'S *SHORT-STEM DRUMHEAD* is one of the finest hard-heading strains; the heads are of good size and grow uniformly on very short stems, so that they appear to be resting on the soil, and the number of loose outer leaves is few in comparison with most other late kinds; for this reason they can be grown quite closely together. FOTTLER'S *BRUNSWICK*, offered on *page 24*, is also a very fine short-stemmed *Drumhead* Cabbage for autumn and winter use. The *Filderkraut* is a distinct type, of tall conical shape, the leaves at the top rolling tightly to form a slender point, as in the *Winnigstadt*, only much taller; the heads are about six inches in diameter. The *WORLD-BEATER*, or *AUTUMN KING*, *Louisville Drumhead*, and *Marblehead Mammoth* are large late sorts, suitable for a long cool season or for the Middle Southern States, as the plants grow to very large size and need a long time to develop their large solid heads.

With us the seed for Winter Cabbages should be planted about the 1st to 15th of June, and the plants set in the field from the 15th to 30th of July; farther North this will need to be done earlier, and later in the South. The earliness or lateness of the variety must be also taken into account, so as to have the heads in the proper state of maturity at the time for storing them away.  Ask for our **NEW LEAFLET** on culture.



PERFECTION DRUMHEAD SAVOY CABBAGE.

Acme Flat Dutch.  A quick-growing strain; solid heads, medium size, \$0 15 \$0 50 \$1 75

Premium Flat Dutch. The well-known and popular standard variety, 15 40 1 40

Burpee's Superior Large Late Flat Dutch. An improved strain, 15 45 1 60

Burpee's Safe Crop. Very large, hard heads; fine for late winter, 18 60 2 00

Burpee's SUREHEAD.  Always sure to head. (*See next page*), 18 60 2 00

Large Late Drumhead. Not equal to *Burpee's Short-Stem Drumhead*, 12 35 1 35

Louisville Drumhead. Of low growth and dark bluish-green color, 15 40 1 40

Burpee's SHORT-STEM DRUMHEAD.  (*See page 30*), 18 60 2 00

Danish Ballhead, or "Hollander." Hard heads of medium size, 20 60 2 00

DANISH BALLHEAD.  Grown in Denmark. (*See page 27*). Pkt. 10 cts. 28 85 3 00

The Lupton. Large, flat, solid heads; generally dark green in color, 18 50 1 75

Autumn King, or World-Beater.  (*See page 30*.) Per pkt. 10 cts. 20 70 2 40

Marblehead Mammoth. Large coarse heads, of poor quality, 10 35 1 25

Stone-Mason Marblehead. Of weak constitution, 10 35 1 25

Filderkraut, or Pomeranian Pointed Heading. Extremely solid, 10 35 1 25

Green-Glazed American. For the South; resists insects well, 10 35 1 25

 Except where otherwise priced, each variety is **5 cents** per packet.

CABBAGE,—Savoy.

These are esteemed both for home use and in the markets of our large cities, because they are sweeter and more delicate in flavor than the ordinary smooth-leaved sorts. Heads of Savoy Cabbage have sold for nearly double the price of the common type in the Philadelphia retail markets. The tissue between the veinings in the leaves is greatly enlarged and presents a heavily crumpled appearance.

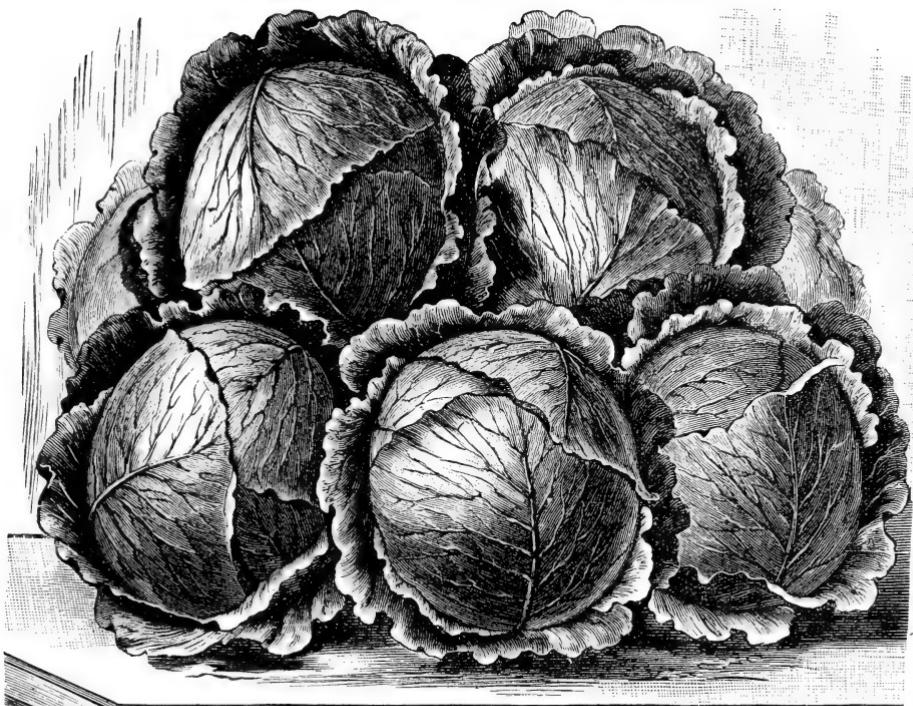
	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Belleville Savoy. Solid, small heads. Per pkt. 5 cts.,	\$0 18	\$0 50	\$1 85
Perfection Drumhead.  Fine, hard heads; of good size. Pkt. 5 cts.,	15	40	1 50

CABBAGE,—Red Varieties.

These produce extremely hard heads, generally round or ball-shaped, and of small to medium size. They are esteemed highly in the fall for pickling, making "Cold Slaw," "Pepper-hash," etc. The hard heads will keep in fine condition a long time, and sell most freely in markets patronized by the Germans.

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Hard-Heading Red. "Solid as a rock;" deep red, of medium size,	\$0 15	\$0 50	\$1 75
Mammoth Rock Red.  Large solid heads, averaging ten pounds each,	15	50	1 65
Early Blood-Red Erfurt. Small and hard; of intense blood-red color,	15	40	1 40
Large Red Drumhead, or Improved Red Dutch.  The standard,	15	40	1 40

 Each variety is **5 cents** per packet.



BURPEE'S SUREHEAD CABBAGE.

BURPEE'S SUREHEAD CABBAGE.○

BURPEE'S SUREHEAD is a most popular strain of the favorite *Flat Dutch* type of Cabbage, which is so largely grown for winter use. It was first introduced by us twenty-five years ago, and has thoroughly maintained its reliable sure-heading qualities. The heads are very large, round, flattened at the top, remarkably uniform, extra hard, firm, and fine in texture. Under ordinary cultivation they weigh from ten to fifteen pounds each. The plants are strong and vigorous, with but only a moderate amount of outer foliage, the outer leaves growing well about the head. Its great solidity makes it an excellent shipping as well as a first-class keeping variety. Grown for market where the season is sufficiently long to produce good winter cabbage, it is the "**"surest-heading and best"**" variety that can be planted. Per pkt. 5 cts. and 10 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.



THE TRUE DANISH BALLHEAD CABBAGE.○

This is a distinct type, highly esteemed for winter use by reason of the *great solidity and excellent keeping* qualities of the heads. Large quantities of these cabbages have been imported for spring sales from Denmark, and have proved most popular in our markets. It is an easy matter to grow this same Cabbage in cool locations in our own country, and we offer seed of the finest selected strain, which has been grown especially for us in Denmark. From repeated trials, as well as from the experience of many customers purchasing this seed, we are assured that this most carefully grown strain surpasses in even growth and heading, as well as in uniform size and solidity of heads, any other strain of the so-called "*Hollander Cabbage*."

While the plants are "longer in the legs" than our American Cabbages and have more outer foliage, yet this grows closely about the heads. Heads nearly round in form, *very hard and solid*; keep in finest condition when buried through the winter, coming out solid in spring. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 28 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts.; per lb. \$3.00. #^o This price is for our **Best Imported Danish-grown Seed**, which was a short crop the past season. We have a *first-class stock*, however, of *Holland-grown and American Seed*,—\$2.00 per lb.



Burpee's Danish "Roundhead" Cabbage.

An Improved Type of the World-Famous "Ballhead."

As we first introduced the now famous *Danish Ballhead Cabbage* into America in 1884, our customers may imagine that we were very much interested when in the early winter of 1900 we received a few pounds of seed of this new "ROUNDHEAD" (then unnamed) Cabbage with the accompanying remarks written by our grower in Denmark, November 29, 1900:—"I urgently recommend to you to give the sample of a not yet introduced new cabbage a most thorough trial, both in your own trial grounds and by cabbage growers in different parts of your country. It is far superior to the *Ballhead*—from which it is a cross—in several respects. I expect you will find it a GREAT SUCCESS." As a result of the small trial packets distributed among a few purchasers of our original imported *Danish Ballhead*, we take pleasure now in introducing, for the first time, this new strain, which we have decided to call **BURPEE'S DANISH "ROUNDHEAD"** and of which we offer the original imported Danish-grown seed, crop of 1901. As a consensus of reports received (such as published herewith) we feel safe in saying that, compared with the justly popular *Ballhead*, the new **ROUNDHEAD** will average larger in size of heads and even harder,—regular cannon balls in shape and hardness,—while they are borne on shorter stems, being a week or two earlier in maturity.

We contracted for the entire stock, so that true seed of this new **DANISH "ROUNDHEAD" CABAGE** can be obtained only under our registered trade-mark seal. Every grower of *Danish Ballhead* should give it a thorough comparative trial this season. Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts.; per oz. 40 cts.; 2 ozs. for 75 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35; per lb. \$5.00.



BURPEE'S NEW DANISH
"ROUNDHEAD" CABAGE,—
accurately engraved from
a photograph.

delivered, carriage paid, at our warehouse in Philadelphia, at any time prior to **November 20, 1902**. We will pay a first prize of **\$10.00** and second prize of **\$5.00** for the best reports or descriptions of this new cabbage; for the "next best" reports we will pay five prizes of two dollars each, and for the "next best" reports seven prizes of one dollar each. Should there be other reports of which we shall use any extracts in BURPEE'S FARM ANNUAL for 1903, we will send to the writer of each additional report so used also a "clean crisp one-dollar bill!" All reports, to be sure of competing for these prizes, must be received not later than **November 10, 1902**, as otherwise they would be too late to use in THE FARM ANNUAL FOR 1903.

Much Earlier than Ballhead.

F. H. GRIMES, Brandon, Vt., September 22, 1901, writes:—In reply to your inquiry regarding the New DANISH CABAGE SEED sent for trial, will say: I noted a marked difference in the seed-bed in favor of it as compared with regular *Danish Ballhead* and *Flat Dutch*. Plants showed more vigor and shot ahead of other varieties. In the field it showed quite solid heads when the regular *Danish Ballhead* began to roll in. It is certainly much earlier than the *Danish Ballhead* or *Surehead*.

Heads are Larger and even Harder!

BUEL P. BILLYARD, Mill Grove, N. Y., September 23, 1901, writes:—Concerning the new cabbage of which you sent me seed, I will say that it was sowed, transplanted, and is growing side by side with the *Danish Ballhead*, having received the same treatment in every way; and that I find the heads averaging larger and very much harder,—in fact, regular cannon balls in shape and hardness.

Sixty-Seven Dollars in cash prizes for 1902. We are desirous of learning the exact truth as to the general success of this new DANISH "ROUNDHEAD" CABAGE throughout America in this first year of its regular introduction,—therefore we offer a series of prizes. We will pay **\$25.00 cash** to the grower who sends us the **heaviest and best head**, and **\$10.00 cash** for the next best head; the heads to be

Yields a Third Heavier Crop.
WILL CROSS, Mariposa, N. Y., September 23, 1901, writes:—Regarding the new kind of cabbage seed you sent me, I think I can say they are ahead of the *Danish Ballheads*, as I raised over ninety nice plants and set them in a row between two rows of the Danish, and I will get a third more nice cabbages from that row than the Danish will average.

"Better Cabbage we Never Ate."

JOHN B. BALMER, Pavilion, N. Y., September 23, 1901, writes:—I grew fine plants and better cabbage we never ate. Round solid heads, a little earlier than *Ballhead*. We planted late in June,—September 10th fit to cut. These cabbages were grown under very unfavorable conditions. To a friend I gave one medium size. He was surprised,—it weighed seven and a half pounds. Would like some more of the same kind next year. It will make the *Danish Ballhead* hustle for first place.

Other Reports on "Danish Roundhead,"—see next page.

Reports on the new Danish "Roundhead" Cabbage.—continued.

Fully Two Weeks Earlier.

ALEXANDER BOYD, Covington, N. Y., October 3, 1901, writes:—I set the plants in a row between the rows of *Danish Ballhead* and marked the row so that there would be no mistake, and I find there is a good head on every plant set out and of good size and hard, and *fully two weeks earlier than the Danish Ballhead*. It is my opinion now that they will be an improvement, as they are earlier.

Much Earlier and Larger.

WILLIAM E. WELLS, Akron, N. Y., October 7, 1901, writes:—Plants from the trial package of new cabbage you sent me last spring *exceeds any cabbage I ever saw*. Those set in the same field with the *Danish Ballhead* came to maturity *much earlier* and are *larger* and firm, every plant making a solid head, although not set until the ninth day of July.

ALBERT WEBBER, Springfield, Mass., October 11, 1901, writes:—I find the *Improved Danish Cabbage* very nice. Just what it is recommended to be. Prefer it to any other kind.

Heads More Perfect and Uniform.

D. E. MCINTYRE, Cadillac, Mich., writes:—The new cabbage is far superior to the Old Danish. The heads are more perfect and uniform. We shall buy it next year in preference to the *Danish Ballhead*.

WM. W. CHRISTMAN, Duaneburg, N. Y., October 9, 1901, writes:—The new Danish Cabbage you sent I consider superior to *Danish Ballhead*. Give the new cabbage a name. I want to set a few hundred of them next year.

Shorter Stems and Larger Heads.

ANDREW J. MORRIS, Port Huron, Mich., writes:—I gave your new cabbage a fair trial and it has proved better than the *Ballhead* or *Surhead*, being shorter stems and larger heads than the *Ballhead*.

J. S. CALFE, Winnipeg, Canada, September 25th, 1901, writes:—Regarding the new cabbage, would say that it is *earlier* than the *Danish Ballhead*, but no larger. *Shorter stem*.

Both "Hard as Rocks" and Uniform.

HOWARD C. HAMMOND, Center Sidney, Me., October 14, 1901, writes:—I planted the seed on the same piece with the *Danish Ballhead* Cabbage and can see very little difference between them in color, shape, or size. They all headed as *hard as rocks* and are *uniform* in size.

THOS. B. GIFFORD, JR., Dartmouth, Mass., October 13, 1901, writes:—I am pleased to say your "NEW CABBAGE FROM DENMARK" trial package sent me last spring grew very good, about every plant making a fine head, very hard and about the right size for market, on a *shorter stump* than the *Danish Ballhead*.

"Equal if not Better; Heads Very Hard."

WHITMAN BROS., Weedsport, N. Y., October 16, 1901, write:—In reply will say the new cabbage is *equal to* if not *better* than the *Danish Ballhead*. The heads were not large this year (owing to the weather), but were *very hard and firm*.

E. C. WAGONER, Beaver Falls, Pa., R. D. No. 1, September 23, 1901, writes:—I am very well satisfied with the trial packet of cabbage seed you sent me. It is just commencing to come into market, and I believe it to be equal to the *Danish Ballhead* in every respect. The heads are fully as large and solid, and it is if anything a few days earlier. I hope it has done as well with others.

"Both Are First Class."

S. W. SALMON, East Steuben, N. Y., October 16, 1901, writes:—Regarding the New Cabbage, would say I transplanted the plants by the side of the *Ballheads* and could not tell the difference, with the exception of shorter stems. They were both first class.

B. J. WALRATH, Milford, N. Y., September 22, 1901, writes:—Regarding the cabbage seed you sent, gave good satisfaction. It grew a large and hard head, and I think it an excellent quality of cabbage.

I. P. PINNEY, North East, Pa., October 24, 1901, writes:—The trial of the new cabbage you sent me last spring is about complete. I think for a fall cabbage it is far superior to the old *Danish Ballhead*, but whether it is as good a keeper I could not say as yet.

A Careful Comparative Report.

S. A. HAZLETON, Pavilion Center, N. Y., October 2, 1901, writes:—Although the seed was not sowed until two weeks later than the *Danish Ballhead*, and this new variety was not transplanted to the field until about July 24th, a week later, and then given the same treatment as near as I could every way,—this new variety is *far more advanced than the Danish Ballhead* three feet from them. The heads on the new variety are now fit for the market, while the *Ballhead* along side of them will require two or three weeks more time to be marketable size.

Some of the advantages possessed by this new variety are—*First, about three weeks earlier in maturity* or being marketable size. *Secondly, it is much shorter-stemmed*, grows lower, and has a very finely shaped head and *very few leaves outside of the head*, being nearly all head. In quality I think it is *sweeter and more tender*. Every one I have shown them to likes the appearance of this new variety very much. In my judgment this new variety is *much superior for field culture in every respect*, and if you keep the seed I would like to obtain a pound or more, as I am pleased by the appearance of the heads. I would like to get it if possible, even at an advanced price. The pound of *DANISH BALLHEAD* I bought of you last spring was of superior quality and *much finer seed every way than the best imported seed I could get here*. The cabbages are not mixed and they all head. I think they will produce *one or two tons an acre more than the imported seed I obtained here*. It was satisfactory in every way.

Better Even Than Ballhead.

J. H. MENUAL, Albuquerque, N. M., October 21, 1901, writes:—In regard to the new cabbage sent us last summer, would say the seed was sown a little late; only a few heads have hardened yet, but promises to be an excellent variety. It has done better than even *Ballhead* sown at the same time.

W. H. COLEMAN, Butztown, Pa., September 25, 1901, writes:—Have received excellent results from the sample package of new Danish Cabbage Seed, and have recommended it very highly.

"White, Crisp, and Beautiful."

F. R. SHRIVE, Marlborough, N. Y., October 25, 1901, writes:—The new cabbage grew very large, and some weeks ago we loosened the roots thinking to check the growth, but they kept on enlarging. To-day I took one to the poultry, the largest and heaviest cabbage I have ever handled, and on cutting it found it to be white, crisp, and beautiful to look at.

FRANK J. POEFIELD, Wyoming, N. Y., September 20, 1901, writes:—The seeds you sent proved to be all right. The cabbage weighed from eight to ten pounds. It is beyond our control to decide whether it is better; but the *Danish Ballheads are all right*!

"Will Take the Lead in Late Cabbage."

REV. J. J. PRICE, 102 Belmont St., Vicksburg, Miss., September 23, 1901, writes:—In speaking of the new cabbage I can say it can stand more dry weather than the *Danish Ballhead* or the *Short-Stem Drumhead*. The heading qualities are fine. In heading quality I can say this cabbage is taking the lead, though none of the cabbage is done heading yet, but the new cabbage is in the lead. I believe this new cabbage will take the lead in late cabbage.

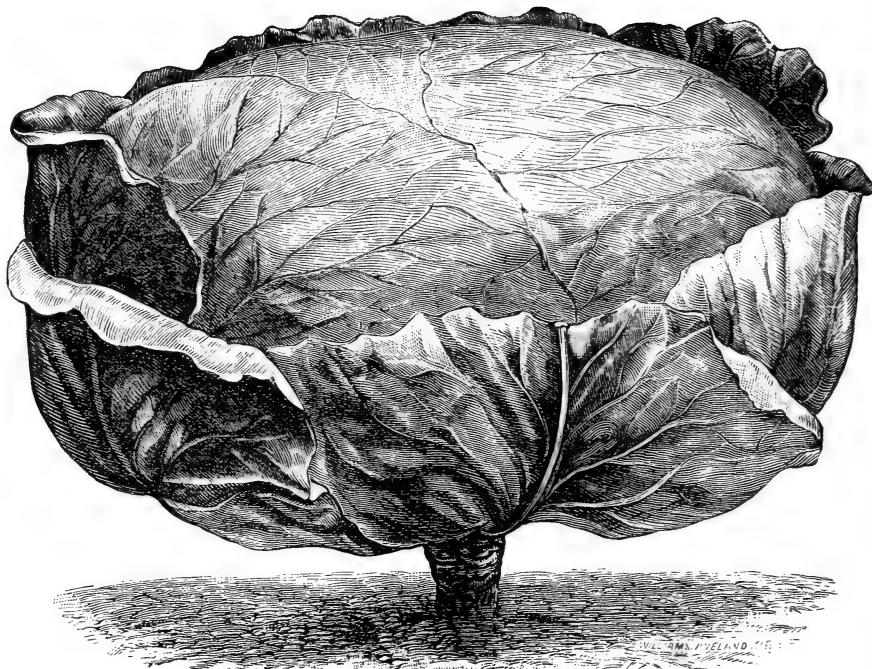
MRS. ANDREW MAPES, Corning, N. Y., October 1, 1901, writes:—We like the new cabbage very much and think it will be a better variety than the *Ballhead*, although that is well liked here. I think the new kind is of larger growth. Some of our friends here think it the best cabbage they ever had.

"Earlier and Heads up Evener."

C. F. KRAUS, Clarence, N. Y., September 30, 1901, writes:—Last spring I received from you a package of new cabbage from Denmark. I have found it to have few outer leaves, allowing close planting. It is *earlier and heads up evener* than the *Ballhead* and has no soft heads. I think it will supersede *Ballhead*.

"It is Certainly a Good Cabbage!"

A. J. ARNOLD, Summerhill, Pa., October 24, 1901, writes:—The new strain of cabbage you sent me last spring is a *very hardy variety, extremely solid, and heads more evenly than the Danish Ballhead*, as every plant set out had a perfect head; if anything, larger than the *Danish Ballhead*. It is certainly a good cabbage and I am well pleased with it.



BURPEE'S SHORT-STEM DRUMHEAD CABBAGE.○

This is a finely bred strain of large Drumhead Cabbage, especially desirable to grow for fall and winter use. It is extremely uniform in heading and dwarf in growth, so that the largest number of heads can be raised on a given area. The plants are so dwarf that the heads appear to rest on the surface of the soil. It grows with little outer foliage, the leaves all folding in closely about the head. The heads are extra hard and solid. They are most uniform in size and practically all mature at the same time. With good cultivation heads grow to attain a weight of twenty to thirty pounds, and are of the finest quality. **Per pkt. 5 cts. and 10 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.00.**



AUTUMN KING, or
"WORLD-BEATER,"—
showing type of growth.



AUTUMN KING, or WORLD-BEATER.○

This is an extremely large and solid-heading variety, well suited for fall and winter. It gives the best results in cool locations, and is specially desirable for exhibition. The plant is of extra strong growth, with an abundance of dark bluish-green leaves growing closely about the large flattened heads. In good soil it will produce heads of enormous size, but, of course, requires a longer season for growth than do the smaller varieties. With us, seed sown the first of June will produce very fine heads in time to put away for the winter. It is more sure-heading than the *Marblehead Mammoth*, which it should entirely supersede, as it is fully as large, more uniform in growth, and better in quality. **Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 2 ozs. 40 cts.; 1/4 lb. 70 cts.; per lb. \$2.40.**

Two "Companion Cabbages" of New Type



NEW BURPEE'S "STONEHEAD" WINTER CABBAGE.—from a Photograph taken at Fordhook.

New Winter Cabbage.—Burpee's "Late Stonehead."o

This new variety, which we offered as *Sample No. 76* in packets only last season, is distinct in every way from all other standard late cabbages. From trials at FORDHOOK FARMS for the past three seasons, and reports received from our customers who planted it last year in competition for the prizes then offered, we can recommend it with the greatest confidence. The plants are of strong quick growth, with a spreading circle of large, rounded, clear blue-green leaves. These leaves do not grow up around the head as in the ordinary type, but serve as a saucer to catch light rains or heavy dews and deliver them around the stalk to the roots. The stem is short, the spreading leaves resting upon the soil, and the large solid heads are formed close to the ground. The heads are broad,—“solid as a stone,”—of distinctly rounded form. The leaves composing the head are tightly folded, beautifully blanched, and of mild sweet flavor. The superb hard heads are excellent for making salad or sourkraut, and from their great solidity keep well when stored for winter use. ORDER EARLY! as the supply of seed this season is quite limited. BURPEE'S LATE STONEHEAD can be had only direct from us, under our registered trade-mark seal.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts.; per oz. 45 cts.; 2 ozs. for 80 cts.



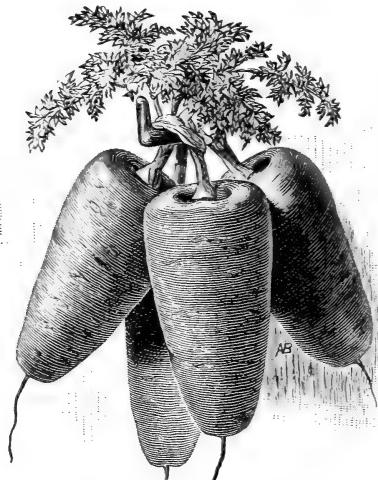
New Summer Cabbage.—Burpee's "Early Stonehead."o

BURPEE'S EARLY STONEHEAD has the same distinct style of growth—that is, the hard well-rounded heads are set in a large spreading circle of outer leaves, on a very short stem, but grow only to about two-thirds the size of the Late Stonehead, and are ready for use at the same time as the famous Burpee's Allhead Early. The heads are extremely hard, with the interior beautifully blanched and of mild sweet flavor. They will stand a long time after reaching full size without bursting. EARLY STONEHEAD is not only a superb early summer variety, but also most valuable to plant in the fall in the South for early spring market. See small illustration of a head, engraved from a photograph, upon yellow paper, page 141, of this catalogue. In the past unfavorable season the crop of seed was so extremely short that we can sell it only in sealed packets. Per pkt. 15 cts.; 2 pkts. for 25 cts.



Thousands Tried these two new “Stonehead” Cabbages, when distributed last year for advance trial, and as a result we have received most favorable reports, which from lack of space we are unable to publish. In our PRIZE SUPPLEMENT FOR 1902, which is free to all our customers (if requested on orders this season), we shall give names and full addresses of the successful prize winners. We trust that thousands more will test these two new cabbages this season,—so that they will know how thoroughly distinct and really valuable both are,—and be prepared to plant liberally as soon as we can secure sufficient seed to offer at a moderate price. Both have “come to stay.”

These Two “Stoneheads” are sure to become as popular as “Surehead,” introduced by us twenty-five years ago. Of this most famous Cabbage MR. J. R. WEAKS, Vale, Tenn., September 24, 1901 (entirely unsolicited), writes: “I have been planting your seeds for over twenty years and I find them the best I ever planted. Your SUREHEAD CABBAGE is the best I ever planted. They stood the drought when others failed. They have got the right name, for they never fail to head.” Burpee's Original SUREHEAD Cabbage,—see page 27.



CHANTENAY OR MODEL CARROT.

Garden CARROTS.

Our stocks are remarkably true to type,—*far superior to the much cheaper California-grown seed*. Gardeners wishing early strains which will mature uniformly, or longer later sorts, where it is desirable to have the roots of even size, form, and color for bunching, will find that our seed has been carefully grown with this aim in view. The *Golden Ball* is the smallest and earliest of all; closely followed by the *Early Scarlet Horn*, which is about three inches long and decidedly stump-rooted. *Oxheart* and *Chantenay*, or *Model*, are five to six inches long, thick through, decidedly stump-rooted, and of finest quality.

Half-long Scarlet and *New Long Yellow* are more slender and shapely stump-rooted. *DANVERS* is a popular highly-colored root, six inches long, of medium size, and with tapering point. The *St. Vallery*, *New Meaux*, *Improved Long Orange*, *Coreless Long Red*, and *Long Yellow Stump-Rooted* are all long and rather slender; they need a light soil, both for growth and successful harvesting.

The young, tender roots are excellent stewed or boiled, either alone or with meat, as well as for seasoning soups, stews, etc. They are delicious also when sliced and fried.

While the varieties in the lower list are mainly grown for stock feeding on account of their great productiveness, we would call attention also to the great feeding value, as well as the greater ease in harvesting, of a fine table variety like the *Chantenay* or *Danvers*. The seed costs but little more and the crop is available for market if opportunity offers.

One ounce of seed will sow 200 feet of drill; two and a half pounds will plant one acre of land in rows three feet apart.

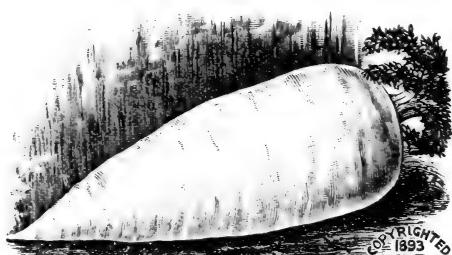
In lots of 5 pounds, each variety at **5 cents per pound less.**

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Early Very Short , or Scarlet Golden Ball . Earliest; small round roots,	\$0 06	\$0 20	\$0 75
Short Horn , or Early Scarlet Horn . Very popular; standard early,	7	25	85
Chantenay , or MODEL . One of the finest in quality for table use,	6	20	75
OXHEART , or Guerande . Smooth and handsome; splendid quality,	7	25	85
DANVERS Half-Long Orange . A great favorite; rich dark orange,	7	25	85
Half-Long Scarlet Stump-Rooted . For shallow soils,	6	20	75
Burpee's Improved Long Orange . A very fine strain; good keeper,	6	20	75
Saint Vallery , or New Intermediate . Smooth roots, 12 inches long,	6	20	75
New Meaux . A fine coreless, long, stump-rooted; skin reddish orange,	6	20	65
Coreless Long Red . Handsome, long, stump-rooted; of rich color, .	6	20	65
Long Yellow Stump-Rooted . New; long, smooth; excellent quality,	6	20	65

In regular-size packets, each of the above, **5 cents** per packet.

Caution. Carrot Seed is a **very short crop** this season (barely twenty-five per cent.), both in the Eastern States and in Europe,—consequently prices have advanced. Only in California has there been a full crop of Carrot Seed, and this we would not use at any price, as it produces larger "tops" and inferior roots.

CARROTS,—For Stock Feeding.



IMPROVED SHORT WHITE CARROT.

These are highly esteemed as a wholesome and nutritious addition to the winter feeding of stock when dependent on grain and dry forage. They are easily raised and keep in excellent condition when properly stored. For full cultural directions and proper feeding ratios we refer to our book, "ROOT CROPS FOR STOCK FEEDING," sent, postpaid, on receipt of 20 cents, or **Our New Leaflet**, which is free with orders.

The *Long Red Altringham* is very deep colored, but long and slender; growing entirely below the surface, it is difficult to harvest, excepting in light soils. *Large White Vosges* and *IMPROVED SHORT WHITE* are thick at the shoulder and taper rather quickly, being about six inches in length.

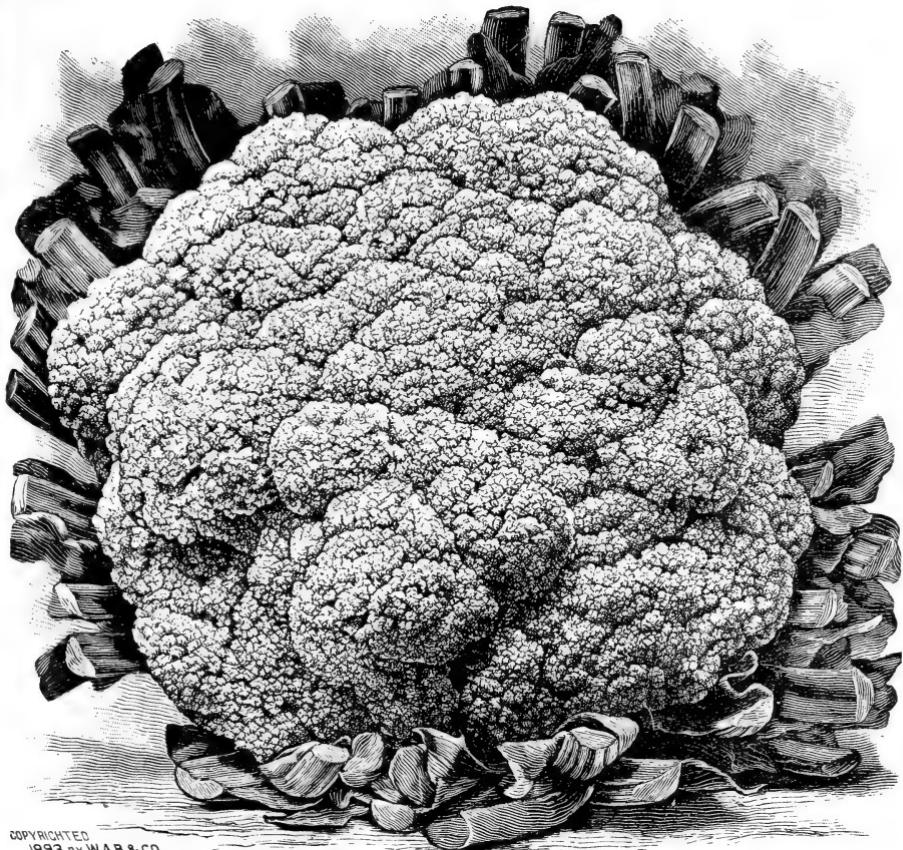
The *Large White* and *Yellow Belgian* are long and slender; as fully one-third to one-half of the length grows above the surface, they are, however, easily pulled. They differ only in color of the flesh, as indicated by their respective names.

In lots of 5 pounds, at **5 cents per pound less.**

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Improved Short White . The best and most productive,	\$0 05	\$0 15	\$0 45
Large White Vosges . Suitable for shallow soils,	5	15	45
Long Red Altringham . Long, bright-red roots,	5	15	45
Large White Belgian . Large white; very productive,	5	15	40
Large Yellow Belgian . A good keeper for late feeding,	5	15	45

In regular-size packets, each of the above, **5 cents** per packet.

Our New Leaflet, "ROOTS FOR STOCK AND WINTER MARKET,"—how to prepare the soil, sow the seed, cultivate during growth, etc.,—**FREE** with orders for seed.



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BURPEE'S BEST-EARLY CAULIFLOWER,—accurately engraved from a Photograph.

—Burpee's BEST-EARLY Cauliflower.○—

Best of the Small-Leaved "Early Snowball" Type,—
Better than Snowball, "Snowstorm," or Selected Erfurt.

This **choicest of all Cauliflowers**, named and introduced by us in 1887, has fully maintained all the decided merits first claimed for it fifteen years ago. The plants are of strong growth, with erect, pointed, dark-green leaves growing closely about the head. It is remarkable both for its extra **earliness** and **certainty** with which the plants produce fine heads. In good soil the heads measure from eight to ten inches across, of pure snowy white, with very close compact curd of extra fine quality. So extremely solid and deep are the nearly globe-shaped heads that they *weigh heavier* than other heads of equal size. Market gardeners growing cauliflower on a large scale can plant BURPEE'S BEST-EARLY CAULIFLOWER for both early and late crops, with full assurance that it is the choicest and most reliable strain that can be procured. This seed is especially selected for us annually in Denmark, where the finest cauliflowers are produced. Had we the space to spare we could publish many testimonials, like the four printed below, from experienced growers, who are most enthusiastic in endorsing our claims that this is, without a single exception, all its name implies,—“**The BEST-EARLY Cauliflower.**”

Half-size pkt. 15 cts.; pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 75 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.25; oz. \$2.50; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$9.00; lb. \$35.00.



Better Than Early Snowball.

W. A. DOOLITTLE, Clinton, Conn., writes:—For years I have been raising *Early Snowball*, but my first trial this season of your **BEST-EARLY CAULIFLOWER** convinced me that *it is the best of all*. This dry season, with the pastures all parched up with the drought, not one plant of your Cauliflower has failed to make a head of the finest quality.

W. T. McDONALD, Georgetown, Ontario, Can., writes: I have marketed the first and finest crop of BURPEE'S **BEST-EARLY CAULIFLOWER** in this section. Too much cannot be said in praise of this excellent variety, as it far excels all other sorts now used.

“The Wonder of Everybody.”

J. R. DOUGLASS, Albany, Ore., October 1, 1899, writes:—Your **BEST-EARLY CAULIFLOWER** was the wonder of everybody. I had some that measured from nine to twelve inches across.

The Only Successful Cauliflower.

J. E. HALLOWAY, Somerville, Tenn., April 28, 1900, writes:—I am fully convinced that your garden seeds are true in every respect, *fully up to your recommendation*. I am given the credit of the only person that has ever successfully raised Cauliflower in the country. It was of the BURPEE'S **BEST-EARLY CAULIFLOWER**.

BURPEE'S NEW
 "DRY-WEATHER" CAULIFLOWER,
 as grown at Station Farm
 in Arizona. Illustration
 copied from the title
 page of The 1900
 Official Bulletin.



Burpee's New "Dry-Weather" Cauliflower.

Strongest Possible "Official" Endorsement,—from a very dry State.

Although only introduced in 1899, the distinct new BURPEE'S "DRY-WEATHER" CAULIFLOWER has made already a host of friends, particularly in dry sections where it has been generally considered impossible to grow fine cauliflower. The illustration above is from the title page of Bulletin No. 35, issued August 15, 1900, by THE AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA, Tucson, Arizona. From page 128 of this Bulletin we quote: "Cauliflower is somewhat difficult to grow here, as it requires much water, and most varieties need a damp atmosphere and do not endure so much heat as cabbage. . . . The varieties that have succeeded best at the Station farm are BURPEE'S DRY-WEATHER and Burpee's Best-Early. The former produced large heads weighing three to ten pounds; and the latter, medium-size ones weighing two to three pounds. . . . This vegetable is such an excellent one when properly grown that it is important that a variety suitable to the region be selected for planting."



BURPEE'S NEW EARLY "DRY-WEATHER" CAULIFLOWER.○

This is a distinct new strain from Denmark, first offered by us in 1899. Similar in growth to *Burpee's Best-Early*, it produces equally large, solid, pure white heads and is only about a week later in heading. It is especially adapted for growing in dry locations where other varieties fail to produce heads. It is essential, however, to secure the best heads, to make soil quite rich and give thorough cultivation, so as to induce a strong, rapid growth. While especially adapted for growing in dry locations, it will produce heads equally as fine as the best varieties in more favorable situations, and is superior to any other excepting only *Burpee's Best-Early*. By the use of this strain fine cauliflower can be grown successfully in many dry districts where it has been impossible heretofore to raise this luscious vegetable. At the same time it is one of the very best strains for every section. Half-size pkt. 15 cts.; per pkt. 25 cts.; 1/4 oz. 85 cts.; 1/2 oz. \$1.50; per oz. \$3.00; 2 ozs. for \$5.50; 1/4 lb. \$10.00; per lb. \$37.50.



"DRY-WEATHER" in Unprecedented Drought.

MRS. R. C. ORR, 786 Ocmee Street, Athens, Ga., August 13, 1900, writes:—That "DRY-WEATHER" CAULIFLOWER of yours is the most astonishing vegetable you have ever put upon the market. The summer of 1899 was marked by a most unprecedented drought in this section. Fields and fields of cotton and corn planted after the middle of April did not have sufficient moisture to sprout the seed and never came up at all. Your "DRY-WEATHER" CAULIFLOWER stood for me all that fierce summer, sometimes so wilted and dead that the plants looked as if hot water had been poured over them. But at the first fall rain they revived and bloomed out into handsome heads, some of them ten inches across. They were perfectly delicious, too. We down South certainly owe you a debt of gratitude for giving us such valuable addition to our vegetable list.

EARLY SNOWBALL CAULIFLOWER.○ This is an improved extra early strain, of dwarf compact growth, that has become extremely popular. Under favorable circumstances nearly every plant makes a fine solid head of good size. Half-size pkt. 15 cts.; per pkt. 25 cts.; 1/4 oz. 60 cts.; 1/2 oz. \$1.00; per oz. \$2.00; 1/4 lb. \$7.50; per lb. \$28.00.

EXTRA EARLY DWARF ERFURT. (Extra Selected.) This is the choicest selected strain of the popular Erfurt type. Plants very dwarf, with solid pure white heads of superior quality. Planted in rich soil, early heads eight to ten inches in diameter can be marketed in June. Per pkt. 20 cts.; 1/2 oz. \$1.00; oz. \$2.00; 1/4 lb. \$7.00; per lb. \$27.00.

EARLY DWARF ERFURT. The heads are of good size, solid, and blanch finely. While less expensive than our choicest strains, this will be found to give quite good results in localities suited for cauliflower. Per pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts.; 1/2 oz. 50 cts.; oz. 90 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$3.00; per lb. \$10.00.

EXTRA EARLY PARIS. Heads are of uniform size, solid, and blanch easily, but are not so large nor of such fine quality as the Erfurt type. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 65 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.00; per lb. \$7.50.

LE NORMAND'S SHORT STEM. This is an excellent variety for a late fall crop. Plants of medium height with abundant foliage, producing a quite large head of close, well-blanced curd. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 65 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.85; per lb. \$7.00.

ALGIERS. A strong-growing late variety, with large leaves tapering to a slender point at the end. The foliage is of a bluish cast. In rich soil it produces large solid heads late in the fall. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 65 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.00; per lb. \$7.50.

VEITCH'S AUTUMN GIANT. A large late cauliflower, producing quite compact white heads. With it requires to be planted earlier than other sorts, in order to produce heads before severe cold weather. Not nearly so reliable as the earlier strains of the Erfurt type. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 45 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.35; per lb. \$5.00.

NEW GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING CELERY.○

See Colored Plate on Farm Annual Cover

This variety, first introduced in America by us in 1884, is decidedly better in quality than the *White Plume*. It is ready for use nearly as early, blanches as easily, and is larger in size as well as finer in quality. It is of dwarf compact habit, with thick, solid, heavily ribbed stalks which blanch easily to a clear waxy yellow. When grown in rich moist soil the stalks are numerous, each plant

being fully as thick through as the largest of the tall late sorts, and with a very large solid heart of beautiful golden-yellow stalks and leaves,—very attractive. The stalks are crisp and solid, free from stringiness and of most delicious flavor. The genuine selected strain as usual is quite scarce, and planters,—particularly those who grow for market,—should be careful of whom they obtain their supply of this important variety. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 2 ozs. 45 cts.; 1/4 lb. 80 cts.; per lb. \$3.00.**

Golden Self - Blanching Celery.

Originator's French-Grown Seed.—Crop of 1901.

We consider our American-grown stock, as offered above, *absolutely unsurpassed*, and yet there are some market gardeners (particularly in California) who prefer the French-grown seed. Therefore we make large contracts annually with the originator in France. Ordinarily we are able to offer this at the same price as charged for our home-grown seed. The past season, however, the originator's crop in France was so very short (and the demand from extensive growers who think they *must* have this strain is so persistent) that in justice to our customers and ourselves we cannot afford to sell the originator's French seed at less than the following prices: **Per pkt. 10 cts.; 1/2 oz. 20 cts.; per oz. 35 cts.; 2 ozs. for 60 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.10; per lb. \$4.25; 5 lbs. or more at \$4.00 per lb.**

As we were the original introducers into America of the *GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING*,—so well known as the "most famous of all celeries,"—we naturally pride ourselves upon having the best selected strains and you cannot possibly procure anywhere seed of any so-called "Improved" strain superior to ours.

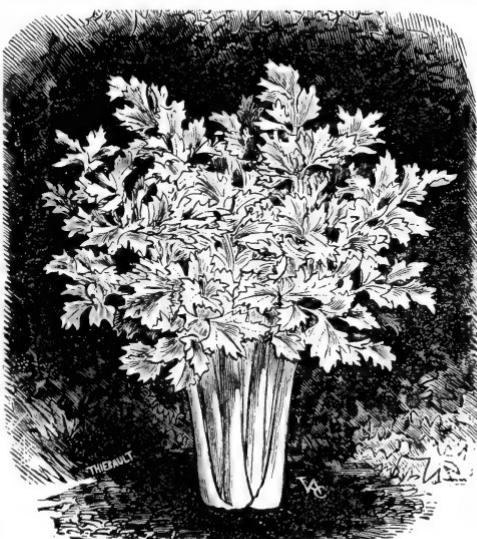
New "Winter Queen" Celery.○

It is more readily blanched and ready for use earlier in the fall. The plants make large bunches of extra heavy stalks with a very large heart; the stalks are all of even length, and it makes the most handsome appearance of any variety when bunched. The stalks are very fine in flavor, of best table quality, and are of a rich golden yellow when blanched. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.00.**

WHITE PLUME.○ See illustration. This is the earliest and most easily blanched, but does not keep well taken from the trenches. The plant grows rapidly and blanches easily during the summer months. Later in the fall the central stalks and leaves are of pure snowy whiteness even without earthing up, but stalks should be gathered together and earthed up as in other varieties, so as to produce the close attractive bunches. Our extensive trials each season show that the strain we offer is much freer from plants which revert to the original green type than that generally sold. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.**

PINK PLUME. This is identical in all respects, except in coloring, with the popular *White Plume*, the leaf-stalks being heavily tinged with red. When properly blanched this fades to a faint pink tint in the ribs of the silvery-white stalks, and is also delicately shaded in the leaves. If the blanching process is continued too long, the stalks become pure white. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.**

ROSE-RIBBED PARIS SELF-BLANCHING ("Golden Rose").○ This is a sport of the *Golden Self-Blanching*, identical in habit, growth, early maturity, and as easily blanched. The stalks, however, are naturally quite heavily tinted with red, so that when blanched they show a distinct pink line in the ribs, contrasting finely with the rich golden yellow. Its ornamental coloring gives the stalks a most attractive appearance; quality excellent. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 70 cts.; per lb. \$2.40,**



CELERY,—Self-Blanching Early Varieties.

The following varieties grow quickly and blanch early when earthed up or shielded from the light by boards. These are the varieties which are blanched by close planting under the new system on heavily manured and irrigated land. The WHITE PLUME is the earliest variety, and late in the fall the inner portions will show beautifully white, even without earthing up. The stalks are crisp, tender, and have a fine nutty flavor. The PINK PLUME is identical with the White, excepting that the stalks are heavily tinged with red, which in blanching becomes a soft pink, most attractive when served on the table.

The GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING is rather more dwarf than the *White Plume*, but has much thicker leaf-stalks and makes a larger bunch or plant; the stalks blanch very readily to a clear waxen yellow, and are crisp, solid, and of mild sweet flavor; greatly superior to the flavor of the Plume varieties. The ROSE-RIBBED PARIS, or "GOLDEN ROSE," is a pink form of the *Golden Self-Blanching*, and is of equally fine quality, and strong stocky growth. These early and easily blanched varieties do not keep well, and should be marketed from the open ground before severe winter sets in. Thinly sown in a good seed-bed, one ounce will suffice for 300 feet of drill, and should furnish 5000 plants; one-quarter pound of seed should be ample to furnish plants for an acre of land.

	In lots of 5 pounds, 10 cts. per pound less.	Per oz.	2 ozs.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Golden Self-Blanching. ◎	Most popular of all. (<i>See page 35</i>),	\$0 25	\$0 45	\$0 80	\$3 00
Rose-Ribbed Self-Blanching, or "Golden Rose,"	.....	20	40	70	2 40
White Plume. ◎	Fine for early use; silvery-white leaves, . . .	15	25	40	1 50
New Pink Plume.	Stalks daintily streaked with pink, . . .	15	25	40	1 50

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

CELERY,—Long-Keeping or Winter Varieties.



Giant Pascal Celery.

One of the best, both as to excellent keeping qualities and in making large bunches of grand, thick stalks, is the GIANT PASCAL. Of medium height; it is earthed up more easily than the very tall sorts and the stalks are of more popular market size. The stalks are wide and thick, quite heavily ribbed, very brittle and crisp when nicely blanched, making large bunches. There is a very large proportion of finely blanched heart-stalks.

EVANS' TRIUMPH is a fine new half-dwarf variety from Canada. The plants make extra large bunches of broad solid stalks, heavily ribbed, being of just the proper length for serving whole after trimming off the upper leaves. The stalks blanch readily to a pearly white, and are exceedingly crisp, brittle, and of the finest flavor. The new WINTER QUEEN is the finest dwarf winter variety we have ever grown; flavor excellent. Dwarf Golden Heart, Crawford's Half Dwarf, and Perfection Heartwell are fine standard varieties, but are rapidly being supplanted by the Giant Pascal, Evans' Triumph, and Winter Queen. Burpee's Giant White Solid is a tall-growing, large-stalked sort of handsome appearance, growing to the greatest perfection in deep, rich, moist soils.

CELERIAC is grown for the bulbous roots, which are stewed or used for flavoring soups. The plants are set six to eight inches apart in rich soil and are not earthed up, but kept constantly hoed to encourage as large a growth of bulbs as possible. They are esteemed highly by the English and Germans residing in our large cities.

For the earliest planting, celery should be sown in the hot-bed or cold-frame. For fall or winter use sow in a seed-bed in the open ground as soon as the soil will break up in a fine, loose condition. Sow very thinly to insure strong, stocky plants; and to attain the best results they must be transplanted at least once during the early stages of growth. For full directions we recommend our book, "CELERY FOR PROFIT," which will be mailed for thirty cents.

	In lots of 5 pounds, 10 cts. per pound less.	Per oz.	2 ozs.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Boston Market.	White, crisp, and solid; of rather loose habit,	\$0 10	\$0 20	\$0 35	\$1 25
EVANS' TRIUMPH. ◎	Solid, large-ribbed, broad stalks,	10	20	40	1 40
Burpee's Giant White Solid.	Of large size; solid, pure white,	10	20	35	1 25
Winter Queen. ◎	New. (<i>See description on preceding page</i>), .	18	35	60	2 00
Giant PASCAL. ◎	The best keeper. (<i>See illustration</i>), . . .	10	20	35	1 25
Perfection Heartwell.	Large, golden-yellow heart,	10	20	35	1 25
Crawford's Half Dwarf.	Solid white; fine, nutty flavor,	10	20	35	1 25
Dwarf Golden Heart.	Large, solid, golden-yellow heart,	10	20	35	1 25
Dwarf Large-Ribbed.	Well-known Kalamazoo Celery,	10	20	35	1 25
Large-Ribbed Red.	The best red; waxy yellow, tinged pink,	10	20	40	1 40
CELERIAC, or Turnip-Rooted Celery.	Smooth, round roots,	10	20	35	1 25

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

"HOW TO GROW CELERY" or any other of our Useful New Leaflets,—mailed FREE.

CHICORY.

The roots, dug in the fall, dried, cut in thin slices, roasted, and ground, are used largely as a substitute for coffee. The leaves make an excellent salad for early spring. Seed should be sown thinly in shallow drills early in the spring.

LARGE-ROOTED, or COFFEE. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.

CHIVES.

Chives are perfectly hardy perennial plants of the onion type. They are grown for their small leaves, which are produced freely very early in the spring, for giving a mild onion flavor to various dishes.

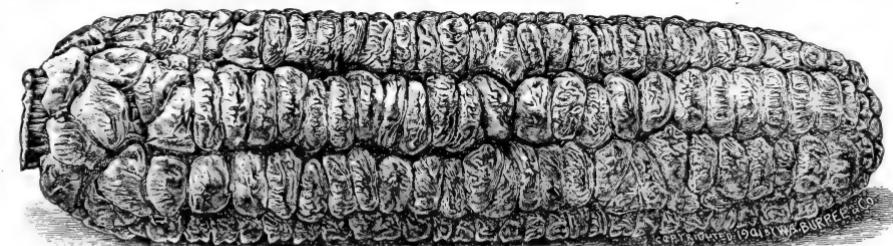
When planted in small clumps they will grow rapidly, and increase so as to render division necessary. The tops appear early in the spring and can be shorn off close to the ground as needed. They

can be grown also in pots in a sunny window during winter. Roots, per bunch, 15 cts.; 2 bunches for 25 cts.

The Best Evergreen Corn.

E. H. CRUSE, Terre Haute, Ind., October 18, 1900, writes:—I never had such nice EVERGREEN SUGAR CORN as that was you sent me. Well, just to tell you the plain truth, I don't think that there was any other sugar corn that could compare near with your Evergreen Sugar Corn that came in Terre Haute markets any time this season. The talk was, "Just look at E. H. Cruse's Corn," when I went in market with it. I never saw or raised such nice *Evergreen* as I did this season as long as I have been gardening.

Our Stowell's Evergreen,—see page 40.—



BURPEE'S NEW EARLY "GOLDEN BANTAM" SWEET CORN,—engraved from a Photograph.

Early Sweet Corn,—Burpee's "GOLDEN BANTAM".

Ten years ago there lived near Greenfield, Mass., an old gentleman, "who had a fancy for furnishing his friends with some choice early corn long before they had thought of having any ripe enough for the table,—but he would never let any of them have any to plant." Since his death the variety has been kept pure and constantly selected by Mr. J. G. PICKETT, also of Greenfield, Mass. In the spring of 1900 our friend, E. L. COY, the veteran seed grower of New York, obtained for us all the seed Mr. Pickett could spare, which was less than two quarts, and wrote: "You now own the **very sweetest and richest corn ever known**, and I am very glad to help you to its ownership. I came across this distinct new early sweet corn two years ago, when visiting at a cousin's in Greenfield, Mass.,—it impressed me as *the sweetest and most tender corn I ever tasted*. It is a deep yellow in color and **very early**. It is entirely different from the old *Early Orange*, and **much earlier**. Planted in Massachusetts on July 15th it was in fine eating condition before frost. It can be planted thickly, and with me **every stalk had from two to three perfect ears**. By making successive plantings it can be had for table use from about July 20th until frost. In your more favorable locality it can be had both earlier and later than in this northern climate."

After two years' thorough trials, both at our FORDHORP FARMS and in Connecticut, where all our seed is grown, we can heartily endorse all that FRIEND COY has said about this *extremely early and most delicious "GOLDEN BANTAM" SWEET CORN*. Per pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 15 cts.; pint 25 cts.; per quart 45 cts. In lots of 2 quarts at 40 cts. per quart; in lots of 6 quarts or more at 35 cts. per quart.

COLLARDS.

This is a form of cabbage grown in the Southern States. One ounce of seed will sow 300 feet of drill. Drilled in the row use two pounds per acre.

GEORGIA COLLARDS. A mass of leaves on a tall stem, which in the South grow all winter. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 22 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.

NORTH CAROLINA BLUE STEM. The plants grow about two feet in height, and are thickly set with large spreading leaves. The fresh growth at the top of the stalk forms a good head of nicely blanched leaves; very tender and delicate in flavor when cooked. This heading can be greatly facilitated if a furrow is ploughed or slight trench dug alongside the row after the first light frosts in the fall, and the plants bent over; then cover the stems and some of the lower leaves with soil. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

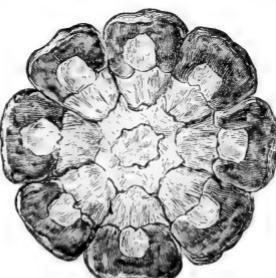
CORN SALAD.

This is a hardy, quick-growing plant, the leaves of which furnish a good substitute for lettuce during the winter months. Seed is best sown on the approach of cool, moist weather in the fall to produce leaves for late fall, winter, and early spring use. It is quite hardy, and the larger plants may be protected by a light mulch of straw during severe weather for early spring use. It does not grow satisfactorily during hot summer months.

LARGE ROUND-LEAVED, LARGE-SEEDED. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.

"Cosmopolitan" and "Early Stonehead."

H. F. NELSON, Monmouth, Ill., May 20, 1901, writes: I find your new corn COSMOPOLITAN the most early and vigorous grower of all varieties and the most certain to germinate in dry weather, such as we have here this spring, only half an inch of rain in six weeks of April and May, yet every hill of it grew. The new 78 EARLY CABBAGE is the most remarkably tender and delicate in texture, the greatest grower under adversity of drought, both hot and cold, and the most thoroughly bred in appearance of any cabbage I have ever grown. The Southport Onion seed was first class.



Burpee's Selected Strains of SWEET CORN.

Entirely Free from "Glaze," and Much Superior to Nebraska-grown.

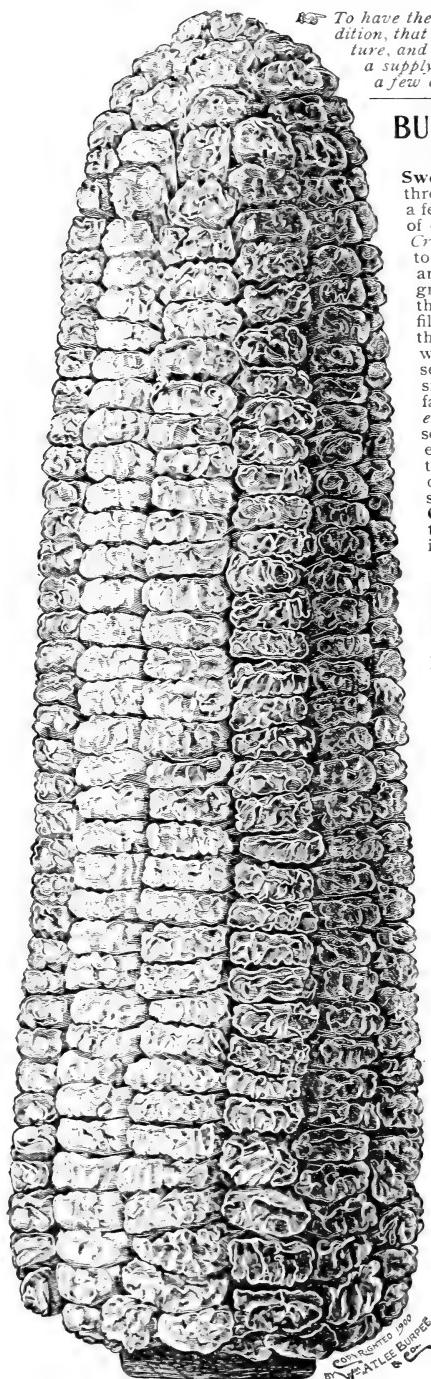
To have the finest sweet corn, it must be picked in just the right condition, that is, when the skin of the grain breaks at the slightest puncture, and plantings should be made frequently enough always to have a supply at this stage. The quality will be inferior if it is either a few days too old or too young. See "Caution," page 40.



BURPEE'S EARLY "COSMOPOLITAN."

Undoubtedly the Largest-eared and Best Early True Sweet Corn. This grand new variety produces fine large ears three to five days in advance of *Early Metropolitan*, and only a few days later than *First of All* or *Early Fordhook*. In size of ear and fine quality it equals the best second-earlies, such as *Crosby*, *Champion*, and *Metropolitan*. The stalks grow five to six feet in height. The ears are of most handsome appearance, fully nine inches long, with ten or more rows of large grains. The cob is pure white and the ear holds its thickness throughout the entire length and is well filled, the grains at the top making a round point to the ear. In this "ideal form" there is no waste, while the appearance is most attractive. The dry seed, without being flinty in the least degree, is firm, of large size, and germinates unusually well from early plantings. In fact, the "*Cosmopolitan*" planted early gave us our first ears for the table at *Fordhook*,—the other extra early sorts not doing well on account of the very dry weather. The ears are just the right market size. It is most desirable to plant at intervals throughout the season for a succession of crops. In vigor of growth, freedom from smut, handsome appearance, fine quality, and earliness, **Burpee's New *Cosmopolitan* is the best large early Sweet Corn that has ever been developed.** Both in quality and yield it is sure to delight all lovers of the choicest sugar corn.

Per pkt. 15 cts. Per quart 25 cts.; 2 quarts for 40 cts.; 4 quarts for 70 cts.; per peck \$1.25; $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel \$2.40; per bushel \$4.75; 2 bushels or more at \$4.50 per bushel. **Each sack is sealed with our registered trade-mark on a leaden seal.**



A Dried Ear, Natural Size, of
BURPEE'S EARLY "COSMOPOLITAN" CORN.
Engraved from Photograph.

FIRST OF ALL. This is the earliest of all Sweet Corns excepting only our *New Sheffield* and *Early Fordhook*. It matures from three days to a week earlier than the *Cory*. Ears are of medium size, well filled with quite large grains, frequently having from ten to twelve rows of grain. The plant is so dwarf that we recommend sowing seed thinly in drills. Per pkt. 10 cts. By express or freight: Per quart 17 cts.; 2 quarts 30 cts.; 4 quarts 50 cts.; per peck 85 cts.; bushel \$3.00; 2 bushels at \$2.90,—sacks included.

CROSBY'S EARLY TWELVE-ROWED. O This is the favorite second-early variety. The ears are about seven inches in length, with ten to twelve rows of fine grains of excellent quality. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 20 cts., postpaid. By express: Per quart 15 cts.; 2 quarts 25 cts.; 4 quarts 45 cts.; peck 80 cts.; per bushel \$3.00.

THE CORY. This popular extra early variety succeeds well where the summer is short, cool, and moist. Ears six inches in length, with eight rows of quite broad grains. The cob is red. **Prices same as quoted for Crosby's.**

LARGE WHITE-COB CORY. This is equally as early as the preceding, but is rather less hardy. It is very satisfactory, in most sections, to plant for the earliest market, the grains retaining their pearly whiteness when cooked. **Prices same as quoted for Crosby's early.**

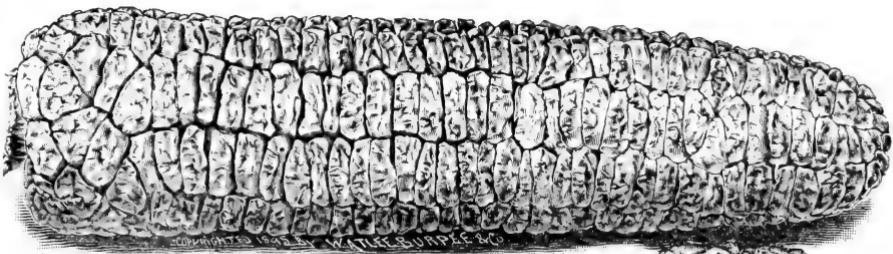
STABLER'S EXTRA EARLY. The ears are of larger size and mature about a week later than the *Crosby*. Large grains of handsome appearance and exceptionally sweet flavor. **Prices same as quoted for Crosby's Early.**

EARLY MINNESOTA. The standard early variety of dwarf growth. Ears larger than the *Cory*, and matures between that variety and the *Crosby*. Eight rows of quite large, sweet grains. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 20 cts., postpaid. By express: Per quart 15 cts.; 2 quarts 25 cts.; 4 quarts 40 cts.; peck 75 cts.; bushel \$2.90.

PERRY'S HYBRID. An excellent second-early variety. Ears of good size, well filled with large pure white grains. Stalks of strong growth, each producing two fine ears. **Prices same as quoted for Early Minnesota.**

SHAKER'S LARGE EARLY SWEET CORN. An excellent variety, slightly later than the *Crosby*, producing two large well-filled ears to the stalk, with fourteen rows of quite broad, flat grains of pearly whiteness and excellent sweet flavor. **Prices same as for First of All.**

POTTER'S EXCELSIOR, or "SQUANTUM." A fine second-early variety, having quite large 12-rowed ears of deep grains. Of robust growth, producing two fine ears to a stalk. **Prices same as quoted for Early Minnesota.**



EARLY FORDHOOK SWEET CORN.—from a Photograph, reduced in size.

Burpee's Earliest SHEFFIELD Sugar Corn.○

Hardy as Adams; Early as "First of All."

This new extra early is the result of a cross between the *Cory* and *Extra Early Adams* by DR. VAN FLEET, the well-known hybridizer. It combines the robust growth and extreme hardiness of the *Extra Early Adams*, with the finer sugary quality of the *Cory*. Ears average six inches in length and are well filled with grains of medium size arranged in ten or twelve regular rows. The grains are juicy and of fine sweet flavor if gathered at the proper stage. It is as hardy as the *Adams*, ready for use earlier, and of much sweeter quality. One of its strongest recommendations as a market variety is the *entire freedom from smut*, which so frequently destroys extra early corn. Per pkt. 10 cts. Per quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 35 cts.; 4 quarts 60 cts.; peck \$1.00; per bushel \$3.75; 2 bushels at \$3.65 per bushel.

Earliest SHEFFIELD is "the best extra early corn, all points considered," so writes

MR. C. S. CLARK, the well-known grower of Ohio, under date of December 20, 1900. In another letter (quoted in our "Quarter-Century" edition of THE FARM ANNUAL) Mr. Clark wrote:

"I say again, as I did last year and have all along, that the **SHEFFIELD** has more good points than any other early sugar corn in cultivation to-day. Its strongest point, and one of great merit, lies in the fact that it **does not smut**. The ears are so prettily shaped, and when in the green state white as chalk. No glaze grows in it to speak of, therefore it **must be sweet**. Its light weight also proves that it is **free from glaze and smut**. You should make an awful push on this corn. **It is a picture in corn.** I could make no other stronger claims on any corn than this."

EARLY FORDHOOK.○ This is the largest-eared

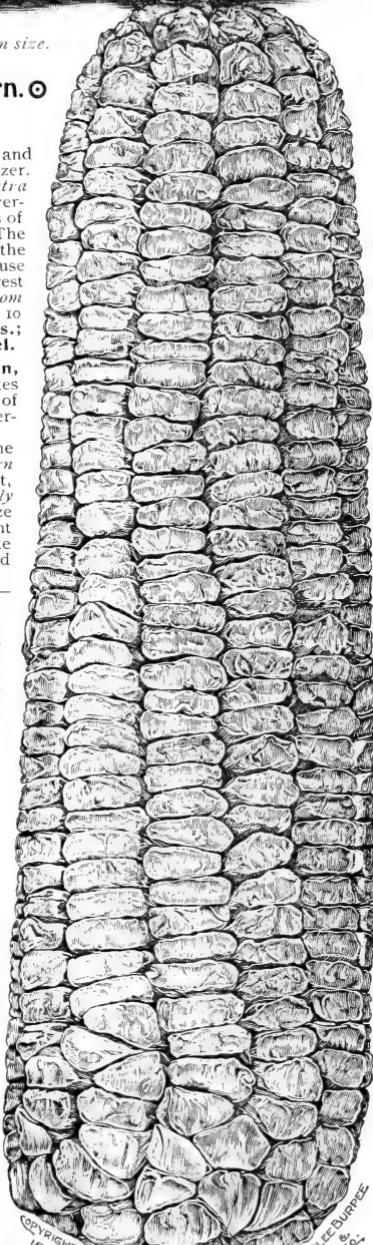
extra early true sweet corn, averaging seven inches in length. It is two to three days earlier than the *Cory*, and has both grains and cob of pure white coloring. The ears are eight-rowed with quite small cob and deep grains. While similar in growth, it is greatly superior to the *Cory* in sweetness of flavor. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 20 cts., postpaid. By express or freight: **Per quart 17 cts.; 2 quarts 30 cts.; 4 quarts 50 cts.; per peck 85 cts.; per bushel \$3.00.**

EARLY CHAMPION. It matures fully as early and often several days earlier than *Crosby's*, while the ears are considerably larger. The large handsome ears are extremely sweet and contain from ten to twelve rows of deep pure white grains. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 20 cts., postpaid. By express or freight: **Per quart 15 cts.; 2 quarts 25 cts.; 4 quarts 45 cts.; per peck 80 cts.; per bushel \$3.00,—sacks included.**

HENDERSON'S METROPOLITAN. A fine large-eared second-early, maturing with the *Crosby*. The stalks are of strong growth, four feet in height, bearing one or two large ears which are nine inches long, ten- to twelve-rowed, well filled with large grains of sweet flavor. It is one of the best large-eared early varieties, practically free from smut and with a strong thick husk, which is an excellent protection from worms or in shipping to markets; it is not, however, so early as the new *Burpee's Early Cosmopolitan*. *Prices same as quoted for Early Champion.* 2 bush. at **\$2.90 per bushel.**

KENDEL'S EARLY GIANT. A new second-early variety, in succession to *Cory*, being several days earlier than *Crosby*. Ears average seven inches in length, thick through, with ten or more rows of large grains of rich sugary flavor. Under high cultivation ears of this variety frequently grow ten to twelve inches in length. *Prices same as for Early Champion.*

AMBER CREAM. This is ready for use in succession to the second-early varieties. Stalks grow seven feet high, ears large, ten to fourteen inches in length, with twelve rows of regular medium-size grains of rich creamy tint and sweet flavor. This is one of the finest in quality of all Sweet Corns and should be more extensively planted, though the creamy-yellow tint is slightly against it as a market variety until its fine quality becomes known. *Prices same as quoted above for Burpee's Early Fordhook.*



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1898

BURPEE'S SHEFFIELD SUGAR CORN.
From a Photograph,—natural size.

SWEET CORN,—Continued.

PRICES: Each variety on this page: Per pkt. 10 cts. By express or freight: Per quart 15 cts.; 2 quarts 25 cts.; 4 quarts 45 cts.; per peck 80 cts., and (except where otherwise priced) $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel \$1.50; per bushel \$3.00.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN.○ Extra Selected: Superb Strain.

This is the leading standard variety for home use, market, and canning. Our stock is most carefully selected and can be depended upon to produce fine large ears of superior quality. The stalks are of strong growth, each producing two large ears; the grains, while of good size, are long and slender, the cob being small. The grains are of rich sugary flavor, and retain their fine quality until quite advanced. Our stock is *entirely free from glaze or flintiness*. **Per bushel \$2.85**; two bushels or more at **\$2.75 per bushel**.

NE PLUS ULTRA (Shoe-Peg, or "Quaker Sweet").○ This is a distinct small-eared variety, maturing about the same time as *Stowell's Evergreen*, and is popular for home use where the *very finest quality* is desired. Ears average six inches in length, and are filled with small but deep grains placed in irregular rows.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN.○ This produces a larger ear than the preceding, but retains its productiveness, fine quality, and irregular arrangement of the crowded, slender, deep grains.

IMPROVED RUBY. Most distinct, the stalks and husks being a deep red. Large ears, filled with large pearly-white grains of superb quality. **Per bushel \$3.00.** 

MAMMOTH LATE. A large-eared variety following *Stowell's* in maturity. It produces mammoth ears, frequently fourteen inches in length. The ears are thick through, with many rows of large broad grains of excellent quality. **Per bushel \$3.00.**

Egyptian. A large-eared very late variety, about ten days later than *Stowell's*. The stalks are of strong growth; the ears measure ten to twelve inches long, and contain twelve rows of large sweet grains. *Prices as quoted at top of page.*

BLACK MEXICAN. A medium-early variety growing about six feet in height, with one or two fine ears eight inches in length, well filled with eight rows of large, rather flat grains, which are a deep bluish purple, of *superlatively sweet flavor*.

Caution. The past season the crops of Eastern-grown Sweet Corn (notably *Stowell's Evergreen*) were quite short, and hence prices have advanced. Beware of seed offered at lower prices, as it is most likely old stock or of inferior quality.  If you are offered **first-class new crop** seed by the sack at lower prices, write us, stating quantity required, and we will meet all legitimate competition. 

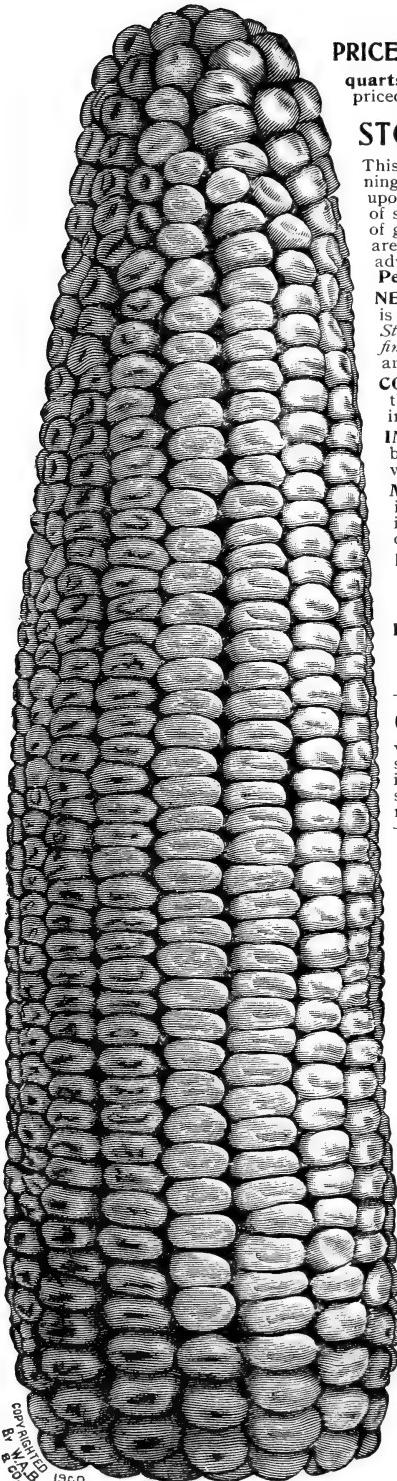
Three Types of the Popular Hardy ADAMS EARLY CORN.

EXTRA EARLY ADAMS, or BURLINGTON. This is not a true Sweet Corn, but produces ears well filled with tender white grains. It is ready for use about a week or ten days later than the *Cory*. On account of its hardness and hard round grain, however, it can be planted much earlier. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 20 cts., postpaid. By express or freight: Per quart 15 cts.; 2 quarts 25 cts.; 4 quarts 40 cts.; peck 65 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel \$1.15; per bushel \$2.25.

ADAMS EARLY. This is also quite hardy and can be planted early in spring when the trees are starting out in leaf. The stout stalks grow six to seven feet in height, bearing one large or two medium-size ears, which are filled with fine white grain that is of excellent quality if pulled at the proper stage. *Prices same as quoted above for Extra Early Adams.*

BURPEE'S "DREADNAUGHT" ADAMS EARLY.○

With larger and handsomer ears than the regular strain, this also has the *sweetness of the young tender grains developed to a much greater degree*. Planted at the same time as our new *Cosmopolitan* at FORDHOOK FARMS, this variety gave us very fine ears for the table about four days later, making an excellent succession for that variety, and was ready as soon as the regular strain of *Adams Early*. The seed is hard and well ripened, making it safe to plant very early. The stalks are strong and vigorous, averaging seven feet in height, well bladed, and with one or two good ears to each stalk. The ears are slender, having a small white cob, and measure from ten to fourteen inches in length, with twelve or more rows of small pearly-white grains. If gathered for the table or market at the proper stage these grains are of fine quality and decidedly sweet flavor. We can confidently recommend this improved variety for an early supply of fine ears for the table or market, while any portion of the crop not needed for the table will make fine ears for stock feeding, and the fodder can be cured for winter use. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 20 cts., postpaid. By express or freight: Per quart 15 cts.; 2 quarts 25 cts.; 4 quarts 45 cts.; per peck 80 cts.; per bushel \$2.75. Two bushels or more at \$2.60 per bushel.



A Natural-size Ear of
BURPEE'S "DREADNAUGHT" ADAMS.
Engraved from a Photograph.

© BURPEE'S
CORN CO.
1900

The Best Varieties of POP CORN.

SILVER LACE POP CORN. It suckers so that a single kernel will produce three to four stalks. The ears are very handsome, five to six inches in length, with sixteen rows well filled out to the end with smooth, round, metallic white grains. Price of ears 7 cts. each, or 5 for 25 cts. Shelled, per pkt. 10 cts.; qt. 25 cts.; 2 qts. 40 cts.; 4 qts. 75 cts.; per peck \$1.40.

NEW CALIFORNIA YELLOW POP CORN. Of a peculiar and beautiful habit; never suckers, but on each short erect stalk there are three or four ears. The stalks grow three and a half feet high, and the miniature ears are from two to three inches in length and perfect in form, with deep pointed grains of a fine light-yellow color. It is very productive and extremely ornamental in growth; it pops well. Per pkt. 10 cts.; 3 pkts. for 25 cts.; per quart 35 cts.

GOLDEN TOM THUMB POP CORN. The stalks grow only eighteen inches high, and each stalk produces two or three perfect little ears, only two to two and a quarter inches long, completely filled with bright golden-yellow grains, which, when popped, expand to a large size. It is a perfect miniature corn, and so ornamental is the growth that it can be made quite a feature of many flower gardens. Seed very scarce. See illustration of a hill. Per small pkt. 10 cts.

WHITE RICE POP CORN. The most widely known variety; very popular for parching. Selected seed. Per pkt. 10 cts.; qt. 20 cts.; 2 qts. 35 cts.; 4 qts. 60 cts.; per peck \$1.10.

AMBER RICE. The stalks grow five feet high, each bearing two or three perfect ears eight to ten inches long, well filled with handsome, rich, amber-colored kernels. Pops pure white, expanding to a large size, and is very tender. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 35 cts.

QUEEN'S GOLDEN POP CORN. The stalks grow six feet high, and the large ears are produced in abundance. Its quality and handsome appearance when popped are very noticeable. It pops perfectly white, and a single kernel will expand to a diameter of nearly one inch. Per pkt. 10 cts.; qt. 25 cts.; 2 qts. 40 cts.; peck \$1.50.



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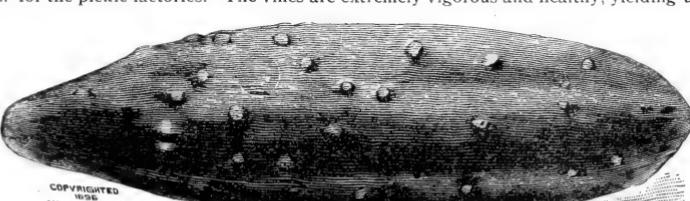
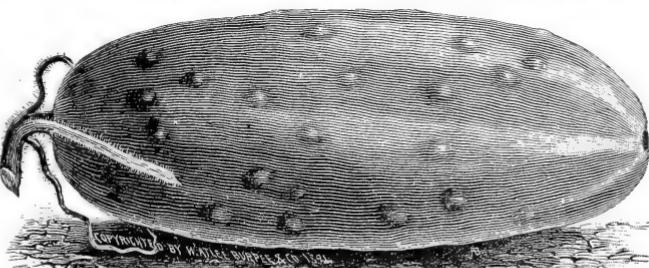
CRESS.

FINE CURLED (Pepper Grass). Very quick growing; leaves finely cut and feathery, like a good parsley; growth dwarf and compact; ornamental, crisp, and pungent; very refreshing. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 15 cts.; per lb 35 cts.

WATER CRESS. Highly esteemed as a salad during the spring and fall. Also used as a garnish for meats during the winter. Seed may be started readily in pans or boxes of very moist earth, and the young plants transplanted to shallow water. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 85 cts.; per lb \$3.00.

FORDHOOK WHITE SPINE CUCUMBER.

The FORDHOOK is a marked improvement over all other strains of White Spine. The cucumbers are almost cylindrical in form, slightly pointed at the ends, and hand-some in appearance, being perfectly smooth and not ridged, as in other strains. The vines are of vigorous growth and enormously productive. The fruits retain their dark-green color after being picked longer than any other variety; even when practically white they still present a greenish tinge. Decidedly the best strain of White Spine. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 2 ozs. 10 cts.; per $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 55 cts. In lots of 5 lbs. or more at 50 cts. per lb.



BURPEE'S FORDHOOK PICKLING CUCUMBER,—engraved from a Photograph.

The best and most prolific variety of cucumber for producing pickles of medium size, both for home use and market, or to grow for the pickle factories. The vines are extremely vigorous and healthy, yielding a large number of fruits if kept gathered at the proper stage, and remaining in strong healthy growing condition longer than any other variety. Skin extremely thin, tender, and free from toughness when pickled. If allowed to grow to full size, fruits are of excellent table quality, but where the largest quantity of pickles is desired fruits should be gathered while small, so as to insure the largest crop; to produce larger fruits for slicing will soon check growth and productiveness of the vines. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 2 ozs. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 55 cts. In lots of 5 lbs. or more at 50 cts. per lb.



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W.A.B. & CO.

CUCUMBERS.—Earliest Varieties.

Coy's Early Cyclone and *Early Russian* are the earliest, but fruits are very small, growing only about three inches in length. *Thorburn's Everbearing*, *Early Frame*, *Cool and Crisp*, *Nichol's Medium Green*, and *Livingston's Evergreen* are all early fruiting and quite prolific, bearing fruits of medium size.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.		Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Early Russian , or "Siberian."	Earliest of all; small, dark green.	\$0 05	\$0 15	\$0 45
Coy's Early Cyclone. O	Short, thick, deep green; extra early, . . .	6	20	70
Early Green Cluster.	A short, prickly, seedy variety,	5	15	40
Early Frame, or Early Short Green.	For slicing and pickling, . . .	5	15	45
Thorburn's Everbearing. O	Vines bear continuously; fine quality, .	6	18	55
Extra Early Green Prolific, or Boston Pickling. O	Improved strain, .	6	18	55
Cool and Crisp.	Very prolific; extra early; skin extra dark green, .	5	15	45
Livingston's Evergreen.	Fine quality; smooth and of rich color, .	5	15	40

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

CUCUMBERS.—Strains of White Spine.

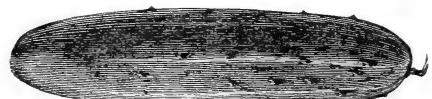
The WHITE SPINE is the most popular type of Cucumbers for market, and has been developed in different lines for especial qualities preferred in different markets. The most desirable strains are the FORDHOOK WHITE SPINE, Improved Arlington White Spine, and the New Extra Early White Spine. The Peerless, Hill's Forcing, and Extra Long White Spine are also popular strains,—the latter resembles a long green cucumber.

5 pounds of a variety at 5 cents per pound less.		Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
New Extra Early White Spine. O	Extremely early,	\$0 06	\$0 20	\$0 75
Improved Early White Spine, or Arlington.	The Boston favorite, .	5	15	45
Hill's Forcing White Spine.	A fine strain; popular in Massachusetts, .	5	15	45
Fordhook White Spine. O	The most handsome fruits. (See page 41), .	6	18	55
Peerless White Spine.	Fine straight fruits; full at both ends, . . .	5	15	45
Extra Long, or Evergreen White Spine.	Grows 12 inches long, . . .	6	18	55

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

CUCUMBERS.—General List.

In pickling cucumbers, the new FORDHOOK PICKLING is deservedly first where medium-size pickles are desired. For the very small pickles, *Early Cluster* (listed above) is the best; while for larger pickles the *Extra Early Green Prolific* and *Improved Chicago Pickling* are second only to the *Fordhook Pickling*. The *Paris Pickling* cucumber has long slender fruits thickly covered with spines, but are more satisfactory for home use than for market. LONDON LONG GREEN is the most popular strain of long green cucumbers. The *West India Gherkin* is a small prickly fruit, two inches in length and quite seedy; it is grown exclusively for pickling, making the true "Gherkins."



LONDON LONG GREEN CUCUMBER.

of fine, large fruits; it yields well during dry summers by reason of its rank growth of vine. BURPEE'S WHITE WONDER is of excellent quality for slicing; it bears a profusion of medium-size fruits with a creamy-white skin. Two ounces of seed will plant 100 hills, or two pounds one acre of land in hills five feet apart each way.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.		Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Fordhook Pickling. O	Unsurpassed for pickling. (See page 41), . .	\$0 06	\$0 18	\$0 55
Extra Long Green Prickly.	Straight fruits 12 to 14 inches long, . . .	6	17	50
London Long Green. O	A fine strain; dark green, 12 to 16 ins. long,	6	18	55
Perfected Jersey Pickling.	Fine, long, slender fruits for pickling, .	5	15	45
Nichol's Medium Green.	Fruits of medium size; full at both ends,	5	15	40
Paris Pickling. O	Fine for crisp, long, slim pickles. Per pkt. 10 cts.	18		
Improved Chicago Pickle.	The true Westerfield strain,	5	15	40
Burpee's Giant Pera. O	Extra selected strain, 15 to 18 inches long, .	10	35	1 25
Livingston's Emerald. O	Rich dark-green fruits; very handsome, .	6	18	55
Japanese Climbing.	Will climb if given support; large, thick fruits,	8		
Burpee's White Wonder.	The best pure white-skinned cucumber, .	6	18	55
West India Gherkin.	Small fruits, grown exclusively for pickling, .	6	18	55

Each of the above, except *Paris Pickling*, 5 cents per packet.

O A bull's-eye, according to Webster, signifies that you have "hit the mark." Even the inexperienced, to whom our complete list might be confusing, can make no mistake in varieties marked with a bull's-eye. O

A Most Important Novelty for 1902.

Long Cucumber,—Burpee's "FORDHOOK FAMOUS"

See Colored Plate in Burpee's Farm Annual for 1902.

Vines produce a grand crop of most beautiful and best long green cucumbers, being of unusually vigorous growth. Perfectly smooth and very dark green, the handsome fruits measure twelve to seventeen inches long—they are always straight—*never turn yellow*, and are very solid. The flesh is a greenish white, firm, crisp, and of most delicious flavor. The flesh seems to be all there is of the cucumber, as the seed space is extremely small; in fact, MR. ALOIS LUNZER, the well-known horticultural artist who painted the plate, was astonished and remarked that the cucumbers they usually purchased in New York were full of seeds with hardly any flesh, while this variety seemed to be "*all flesh and no seeds*." The new "FORDHOOK FAMOUS" is so **absolutely unequaled**, that we can safely predict that it will soon supersede all other types of the popular Long Green Cucumber.



Its Origin. The originator, Mr. A. McINNIS, an experienced Scotch seed grower of Ontario, Canada, after selling us his entire crop, with exclusive right of introduction, wrote under date of February 13, 1901: "My new cucumber is certainly very fine—from twelve to seventeen inches long—very smooth and even size. Very productive and first class for table use. I have sold them here on our market at 50 cents per dozen when good White Spine would not bring 20 cts. It is about seven years since the cross was made by myself. The cross was *White Spine* and *Noa's Forcing*,—the latter a very beautiful cucumber, one of the best flavored that I have tasted, from which my new one has taken very much the same flavor."

Our friend, MR. E. L. COY, of Washington County, New York, is well known as the most experienced grower of cucumbers in America. To insure against failure of our own crop, we sent a few pounds of stock seed to Mr. Coy to plant for us, and last fall asked him to state plainly his opinion of this new cucumber. Mr. Coy, September 4, 1901, writes: "The fruits are long, slim, and **very uniform**. When of pickle size were very dark green and handsome. They are longer, smoother, and finer than the London Long Green, which is saying a great deal."

Those who know Mr. Coy will value this endorsement; he has been growing cucumbers extensively for more than fifty years—and is a most careful, conservative man—always moderate in his statements. Again, under date of September 23, 1901,

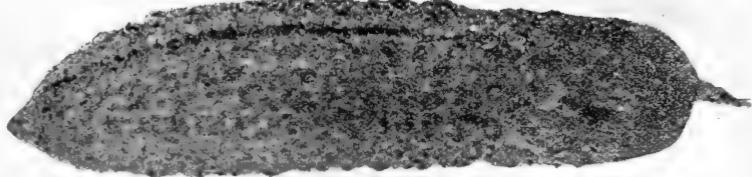
E. L. Coy writes: "Skin **very deep green**, while the fruit is young; white when it is ripe; flesh greenish white, **firm and unusually crisp**, rivaling the famous *Parisian Pickling* in that respect. The plant is a strong grower, leaf large and of a deep green color. The fruit is long (twelve to seventeen inches), smooth, slim, and very uniform. Owing to its large, thick, heavy leaf, it *withstood the attacks of insects* the past season much better than any other variety we have. Its northern origin insures **great hardiness and vigor**."

Gardeners everywhere will want this **most handsome of all table cucumbers**, both because they will bring an *extra price* on market, and because the vigorous vines are so productive. Consequently we shall sell the seed by the ounce, but only to planters,—*positively none to other seedsmen*.

Per pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts.; per oz. 45 cts.—Only in our trade-mark sealed packages.

\$77. Cash for Postal Card Reports. With every order for one packet or more of the new FORDHOOK FAMOUS we shall send a **self-addressed postal card**, and as we want—particularly from market gardeners—opinions of this Grand New Cucumber, offer the following **CASH PRIZES**:

We will pay **twenty dollars** for the best report (or description); **ten dollars** for the second and **five dollars** for the third best. To senders of the "next best" reports we will pay **ten prizes of two dollars each**, followed by **twenty-two prizes of one dollar each**. Every report must be from *actual experience*, written on a postal card and mailed not later than October 10, 1902. Should you mislay our printed postal card, you can write on another, but your name must appear on our books as having purchased FORDHOOK FAMOUS.

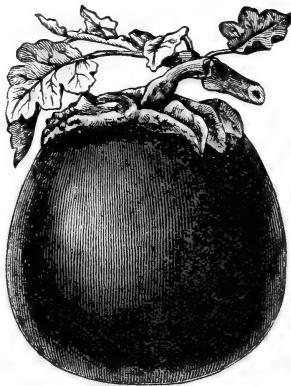


THE NEW CUMBERLAND CUCUMBER,—engraved from a Photograph.

Cucumber,—Coy's "Cumberland." This is a distinct new pickling cucumber, obtained by crossing the *White Spine* and *Paris Pickling*. It combines the good qualities of both parents. The fruits are borne in abundance; they are straight and symmetrical and, like the *Paris Pickling*, set with fine spines over the entire surface, excepting only at the extreme stem end. The flesh is firm, crisp, and tender.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 12 cts.; 2 ozs. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35 cts.; per lb. \$1.20.

EGG PLANT.



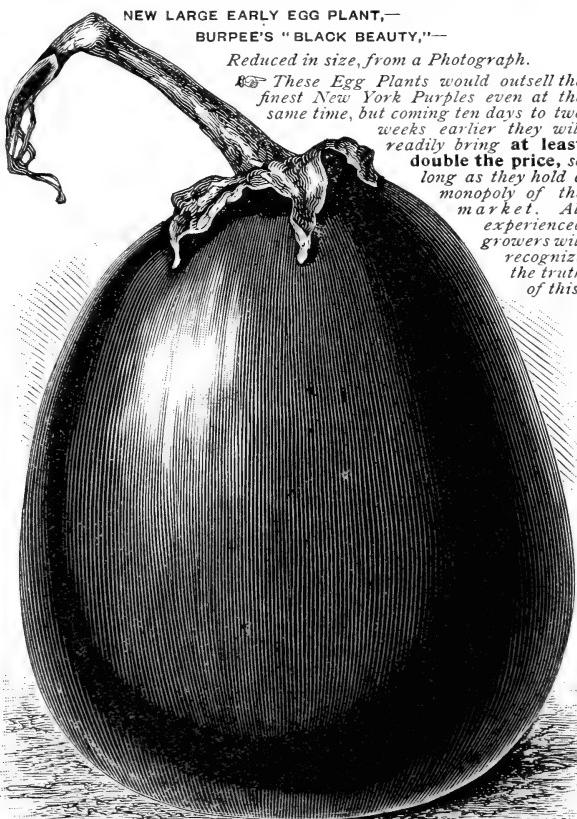
The *New York Improved Purple Egg Plant* is practically the only sort grown for market, though various strains are offered under different names. Our seed is saved from selected specimens, and can be depended upon to produce uniformly fine, large, smooth fruits when grown under favorable circumstances. Our improved strain, the *FORDHOOK SPINELESS*, is particularly fine; it produces magnificent, large, round, purple fruits, which are always free from spines, both on stem and calyx.

THE PEARL is a white-skinned large-fruited sort, quite similar to Large Purple, excepting in the color of the skin, which is a creamy white or occasionally light green. The *Early Long Purple* is quite as early, but the fruits, though no greater in diameter than the Early Round Purple, are from four to six inches in length. **BURPEE'S BLACK BEAUTY**, now first introduced, bears magnificent "eggs" fully as large as the best *New York Large Purple*, perfectly smooth, much more handsome in appearance, and from *ten days to two weeks earlier*. One ounce of seed sown thinly in a warm hot-bed should produce 1000 plants. Plants need rich soil, frequent cultivation, and plenty of moisture to produce a good crop of large fruits.

	Per pkt.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
New York Improved Large Purple.	\$0 05	\$0 20	\$0 70	\$2 50
Fordhook Improved Spineless. ○	10	25	85	3 00
The Pearl. Large white fruits of good quality,	10	20	75	2 75
Early Long Purple. Long slender fruits, produced early,	5	12	40	1 50

New Egg Plant,—Burpee's "BLACK BEAUTY."○

During the twenty-six years in which we have been continuously engaged in the seed business this is the first distinct New Egg Plant of any real importance that has been introduced,—and **BURPEE'S "BLACK BEAUTY"** is a novelty of most remarkable merit.



It is valuable alike to the private planter and the extensive grower for market. Our field of **BLACK BEAUTY** the past season produced fruits ready for use **ten days earlier** than the *New York Improved Purple*, although planted under less favorable circumstances, and our grower was well satisfied that under the same conditions they would have been at least **two weeks earlier** while fully as large.

For the home garden and northern locations earliness is equally as desirable as for the market gardener, and when combined with large size, fine flavor, and most attractive appearance, our friends will readily see that this new "**BLACK BEAUTY**" is well worthy of a place among the "trade-mark" novelties of which we are so justly proud. The plants branch freely near the ground, and grow in broad, well-rounded bushes. The fruits are broad and thick, of most attractive form, as shown in the illustration. The skin is a deep lustrous purplish black,—the satin gloss and rich coloring adding greatly to the beauty of the fruit. This intensely brilliant coloring is uniform over the whole fruit and does not fade or change to a lighter color at the blossom end. The calyx, which attaches the fruit to the stem is bright green, contrasting finely with the dark satin skin of the fruit, and is entirely free from spines or thorns.

The fruits set most freely and are ready to market early, so that the entire crop can be gathered before there is any danger of frost, while of the *New York Improved Purple* many fruits do not reach full size before they are destroyed by frost. We advise our friends to make a thorough trial of this grand novelty this season, so that they can become fully acquainted with its great merit. We are sure that truckers generally will make their main planting with "**BLACK BEAUTY**" as soon as they realize its value, both for earliness and extreme attractive appearance.

"**BLACK BEAUTY**" can be had only in sealed packets,—but we venture the prediction that no investment will pay better than this unique novelty! Per pkt. 20 cts. (less usual discount of one-third); 3 pkts. for 35 cts.; 10 pkts. for \$1.00, net.

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ENDIVE.

Largely used as salad during the winter and early spring months. Seed is sown thinly in drills from midsummer until early fall, and when well started the young plants are thinned out or transplanted to stand 10 or 12 inches apart each way. When large enough for use, the outer leaves should be gathered together and tied loosely into an upright bunch with piece of soft string or straw; in ten days or two weeks the centers will be blanched to a snowy white, contrasting finely with the dark-green tips.

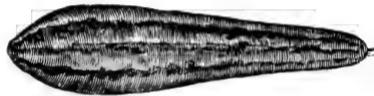
When tying up for blanching, do only as many as are wanted for market, as they are apt to rot off quickly if left tied after blanching. One-quarter ounce will sow 100 feet of drill, or four and a half pounds one acre in drills eighteen inches to two feet apart.



	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Green Curled. The hardiest variety,	\$0 10	\$0 30	\$1 00
White Curled. The most attractive in appearance,	10	30	1 10
Broad-Leaved Batavian (Escarolle). Broad, thick leaves,	10	30	1 00
Giant Fringed, or "Oyster" Endive. (Philadelphia,)	10	30	1 10

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

GOURDS.



FRUIT OF DISHCLOTH GOURD.

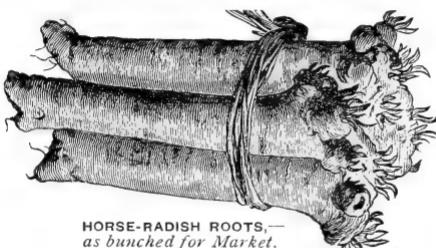
vermin, and hence are desirable as nest-eggs. Seed of the different varieties should be planted in hills six to eight feet apart each way, and well removed from all other vine crops. Two ounces of seed should plant 100 hills.

	Per pkt.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Japanese Nest-Egg. Size of hen's-eggs,	\$0 10	\$0 20	\$0 70	\$2 25
Sugar Trough. Useful for household purposes,	10	15	45	1 60
Dipper. Makes excellent dippers,	10	15	45	1 60
Dishcloth, or Luffa. Sponge-like; porous lining,	10	25	75	2 75
The Spoon Gourd. Useful and ornamental,	10	20	70	2 25

HORSE-RADISH.

This pungent root finds ready sale in the markets of our large cities, as well as to pickle factories during the fall, winter, and spring. The large roots are grown from "sets" or slips of root planted in rich soil early in the spring. They should be set six inches apart in the rows, and rows three feet apart to admit of frequent horse cultivation to enable them to grow quickly to a large size. The roots are quite hardy, and should not be dug except as wanted for market, as they soon lose their pungency if exposed to the air. About 15,000 sets are required to set one acre of land.

Small Roots: per 100, 50 cts.; per 1000, \$4.50.



HORSE-RADISH ROOTS,
as bunched for Market.

"It is Hard Work to get Pure Ballhead."

E. COFFEY, Linwood, N. Y., January 30, 1901, writes: Please send me your price list of cabbage seed, DANISH BALLHEAD (Imported Seed). It is hard work to get pure seed around here, but the ones that got their seed of you last year had good cabbage. I will want two and a half or three pounds.

Eighty Tons from Two Pounds !

FRANK A. HULL, Bergen, N. Y., December 15, 1900, writes:—The two pounds of DANISH BALLHEAD CABBAGE seed I bought of you last spring have produced eighty tons Danish Cabbage.

From 3 Pounds of our Danish Ballhead sold 127 Tons of Cabbage at \$6.00 per Ton!

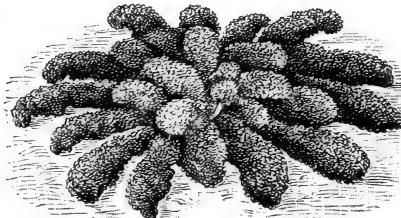
E. J. TREICHLER, Sanborn, N. Y., December 10, 1900, writes:—I bought my cabbage seed of you last spring, (Imported DANISH BALLHEAD). I planted twelve acres and sold 127 tons at \$6.00 per ton. Last year I sowed three pounds; this next year I want four pounds. I have had your seed for five years.

Strong Praise for Early "Baseball."

W. S. HULIN, Colfax, Wash., January 29, 1901, writes—I planted the seed of new cabbage for trial ("BASEBALL") the same time and beside the *Early Jersey Wakefield*, and the new cabbage was ready for use first. The heads were small, flat, and very hard. The leaves of the head were so fine and of such a good flavor that it was *the best slaw cabbage I ever saw*. In gathering the first heads I cut the stalk close to the head, and on several of them a second head grew as hard and solid as the first. The heads were *so solid* that one of them made as much eating as one twice its size.

Our Danish Ballhead is the Best.

JOSEPH LUKINS, Skaneateles, N. Y., February 12, 1899, writes:—I found the Imported DANISH BALLHEAD Cabbage the best shipping cabbage for this town, for I had an excellent crop and we shipped out of this town last year (1898) over a hundred carloads of different varieties of cabbage and found *your Danish Ballhead* to be the best. They were all solid and perfect heads, averaging in weight about seven pounds per head.



KALE, or BORECOLE.

Used as boiling-greens during the winter and spring. The dwarf varieties are sown quite thickly, three pounds per acre, broadcast or in drills, on freshly plowed ground, early in the fall; and the small heads are sent to market in barrels like spinach. See illustration herewith of the *Dwarf German Curled*, or "*German Greens*." The tall and finely mossed sorts are usually grown from plants started and transplanted to regular rows three feet apart, like cabbages, and are highly esteemed for their handsome appearance and superior quality. One ounce of seed should sow 300 feet of drill, and two ounces give sufficient plants to set one acre of land, eighteen inches by three feet.

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Dwarf German, or Dwarf Curled Scotch (Dwarf Siberian). The well-known true <i>German Greens</i> ,	\$0 07	\$0 20	\$0 60
German Dwarf Purple. Deep purple, curled leaves,	10	25	80
Curled Mosbach. Light-green leaves; very curled,	10	30	1 00
Tall Green Curled Scotch. Two and one-half feet high,	7	20	60

In regular-size packets, each of the above, **5 cents** per packet.

KOHL=RABI, or Turnip=Rooted Cabbage.

Grown in the same manner as cabbage, though the seed may be sown thinly in drills where the plants are to stand, and when well started, thinned out to eight inches apart, but the best results will be had from transplanted plants in rich, well-cultivated soil. The bulbs must grow quickly and be gathered for market while young and tender, so that several plantings should be made rather than a large area at one time. *Early White* and *Early Purple Vienna* are the best for table use. The *Large Green* or *White*, being large and coarse-fleshed, is suitable for stock only. One ounce of seed sown thinly will furnish about 2000 plants.



	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Early White Vienna. The best for table use,	\$0 15	\$0 40	\$1 50
Early Purple Vienna. Differs only in color,	15	50	1 75
Large Green or White. Excellent for stock feeding,	7	25	85

Each of the above, **5 cents** per packet.



LEEKS.

These are grown extensively for winter market, the seed being sown thinly in drills eighteen inches to two feet apart early in the spring. When the young plants are well started they are thinned out or transplanted to stand four to six inches apart in the rows. In the fall, when well grown, the earth is drawn up about the stems to blanch them in the same manner as celery,—the blanched stem being the edible portion. The plants are also allowed to grow quite thickly in the row, and these more slender plants are used in bouquets of pot-herbs, for which there is a large demand for flavoring stews, soups, etc.

The *Broad London Flag*, also called *Large American Flag*, is the variety generally grown, though the *Carentan*, or *Scotch Champion*, grows to a larger size. One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill.

	Per pkt.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Large American Flag, or Broad London. Fine strain, . .	\$0 05	\$0 07	\$0 25	\$0 80
Monstrous Carentan, or "Scotch Champion." The largest,	5	10	30	1 00

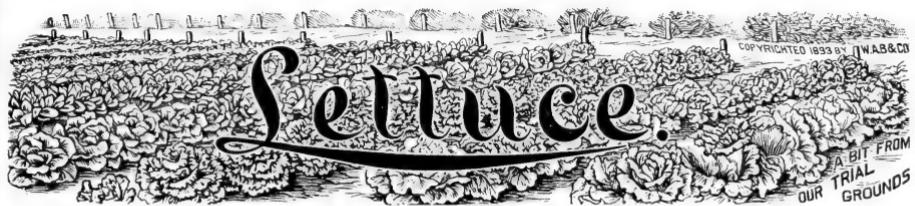
About Our Grand Rapids Lettuce Seed.

C. L. SWAN, Norwich, Conn., August 29, 1900, writes: I have had such good luck with your Grand Rapids Lettuce seed that I would like to know if any one does as well or better. From one-quarter pound you sent me the 22d of December, 1899, I have sold to date over 30,000 heads and received over \$500.00, and have a few seeds left, enough for 3000 plants and 2800 plants ready to put into the ground.

Our Grand Rapids is absolutely pure!

"The Finest Lettuce Ever Grown."

MRS. JOHN FUNDIS, Stewart Station, Pa., June 3, 1899, writes:—Your CALIFORNIA CREAM-BUTTER LETTUCE I sowed in a hot-bed the 15th of March. At the end of March and beginning of April we had lettuce to eat, and by the middle of May it had formed solid heads of large size like early cabbage. It is crisp and tender, and is certainly worthy of its praise. Many people say they never saw lettuce like it, and some did not know what it was. It is the finest lettuce I have ever grown since I had a garden.



Every Plant Proved "TRUE" Before Shooting to Seed.

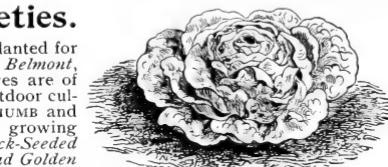
Earliest and Forcing Head Varieties.

The *White-Seeded Tennis Ball* is the variety generally planted for forcing under glass; but the improved strain, called *Hittinger's Belmont*, is more satisfactory, producing larger heads, while the leaves are of heavier substance. Neither of these are of any value for outdoor culture, except in cool moist weather. *WHEELER'S TOM THUMB* and *Mignonette* are excellent small-heading varieties, either for growing under glass or in cool locations in the open ground. *Black-Seeded Tennis Ball*, *Black-* and *Yellow-Seeded Butter*, and *Stonehead Golden Yellow* are fine headers, both in the cold-frame and in the open ground during the early spring. *BIG BOSTON* and *Philadelphia Speckled Dutch Butter* are especially fine, larger heading varieties for growing in cold-frames and in the open ground, producing very large, solid, buttery, yellow heads of nicely blanched leaves; these two do not succeed well in a warm greenhouse. *GRAND RAPIDS* is a fine, large, curly lettuce of a golden-green hue, extensively grown for market; it is a cutting or bunch lettuce, and does not form heads.



TENNIS BALL.

ing in cold-frames and in the open ground, producing very large, solid, buttery, yellow heads of nicely blanched leaves; these two do not succeed well in a warm greenhouse. GRAND RAPIDS is a fine, large, curly lettuce of a golden-green hue, extensively grown for market; it is a cutting or bunch lettuce, and does not form heads.



GOLDEN STONEHEAD.



COPYRIGHTED
WHEELER'S TOM THUMB LETTUCE.

In lots of 5 pounds, 5 cents per pound less.

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
White-Seeded Tennis Ball, or Boston Market. (See illustration),	\$0 07	\$0 25	\$0 75
Black-Seeded Tennis Ball. For forcing; extremely hardy,	7	25	75
Black-Seeded Butter. Similar to Tennis Ball, but with larger heads,	7	25	75
Yellow-Seeded Butter. Dense yellow heads; crisp and tender,	7	25	75
Hittinger's Belmont Forcing, or New Hot-Bed, w. s.,	7	25	75
Wheeler's Tom Thumb, b. s. Hard little heads of finest quality,	10	25	90
Stonehead Golden Yellow (true), w. s. Handsome, small, solid heads,	7	25	75
Big Boston, w. s. For forcing at rather low temperature; large heads,	10	25	90
Market Gardener's Private Stock, b. s. Solid heads,	10	25	90
Detroit Market Gardener's Forcing, w. s. Crisp heads,	10	25	90
Mignonette, b. s. Solid, dainty little heads; outer leaves tinged brown,	7	25	75
Philadelphia Early Dutch Butterhead, w. s. Very compact heads,	7	25	85
Golden Queen (Early Egg), w. s. Popular for forcing,	7	25	75
Grand Rapids, b. s. A most popular cutting lettuce for forcing,	7	25	75

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

We have Superb Selected Strains of These Two Popular LETTUCES.



GRAND RAPIDS. See illustration engraved from a photograph. This variety does not form heads, but makes large compact bunches of light leaves with finely curled or fringed edges. Its delicious quality and handsome appearance make it most popular in many markets during the winter. It is useful also for outdoor planting during the spring and fall. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.

BIG BOSTON. This is a fine forcing variety for cold-frames during the winter months, as it produces heads of very large size, often twelve inches or more across, and succeeds better in a cooler temperature than most forcing strains. The large heads are beautifully blanched and of superior quality. It also heads well in the open ground during cool weather of spring and fall, and has lately become popular in the South to grow for shipping North. Our seed is an extra selected strain. Per oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

LETTUCE,— Cutting Varieties.



THE MORSE LETTUCE,—from a Photograph.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.

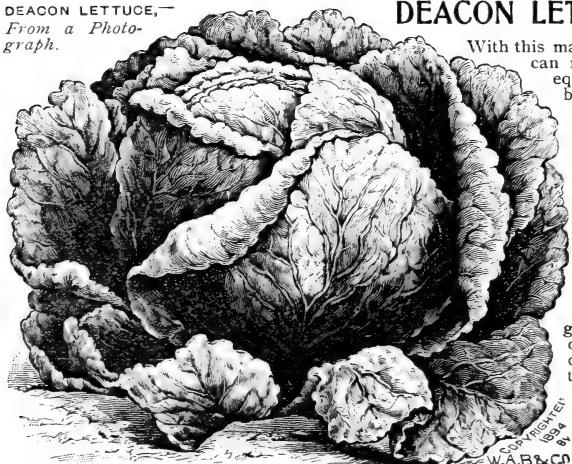
	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Early Curled Silesia, w. s. A leading early sort; fine for cutting, . . .	\$0 07	\$0 25	\$0 75
Early Curled Simpson, w. s. Fine, loose heads; tender,	7	25	75
Black-Seeded Simpson, Heads larger and lighter in color,	7	25	75
The Morse, w. s. (Burpee). A white-seeded Simpson of large size, .	10	25	90
Burpee's Tomhannock, w. s. A fine upright lettuce; tinged brown,	10	25	90
Onondaga, w. s. (Burpee). Outer leaves shaded brown; upright growth,	10	25	90
The Lancaster, w. s. (Burpee). Leaves finely cut; of distinct habit, .	10	25	90
Boston Curled, b. s. Of poor quality, but great beauty,	7	25	75
Green Fringed, w. s. Most ornamental in growth; quality only fair,	7	25	75

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

New Cabbage Lettuce,—“Continuity.” This handsome new variety is very hardy, well suited for early spring or fall weather in cool locations. The plants are of vigorous growth, with extra large well-rounded leaves of heavy substance, richly shaded on the outer portions with reddish-brown in the same manner as *Burpee's Hardhead*, but the new “CONTINUITY” is considerably larger and more brightly colored. The round heads are extra large and extremely solid, with the thick buttery inner leaves blanched to a rich golden yellow. “CONTINUITY” is not only a fine outdoor variety, but is well adapted also for growing in cold-frames during the winter on account of its hardiness and fine heading character.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15 cts.; per oz. 25 cts.; 2 ozs. for 40 cts.

DEACON LETTUCE,—
From a Photo-
graph.



DEACON LETTUCE (San Francisco Market).

With this magnificent butter lettuce even the amateur can raise fine, solid, nicely blanched heads equal to any the market affords. Seed should be sown during the spring for early summer use, and during August for fall heading. It stands hot weather better than any other of the rich butter varieties; it is also good for forcing. Plants make firm heads, nearly as large and tight as a cabbage. The heads are light green outside, while the inner blanched portion is beautiful cream-yellow, of delicious rich buttery flavor. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

NANSEN, or “NORTH POLE.” This grand new lettuce from Germany, first offered by us last year, is very similar in color, form, and quality of its solid heads to the Deacon, but fully a week to ten days earlier. Highly recommended. See illustration engraved from a photograph on page 137 of this catalogue. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 25 cts.; 2 ozs. 40 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts.; per lb. \$2.50.

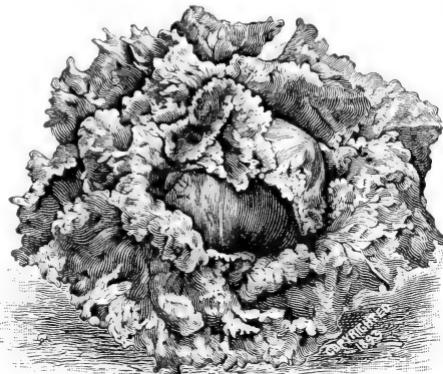
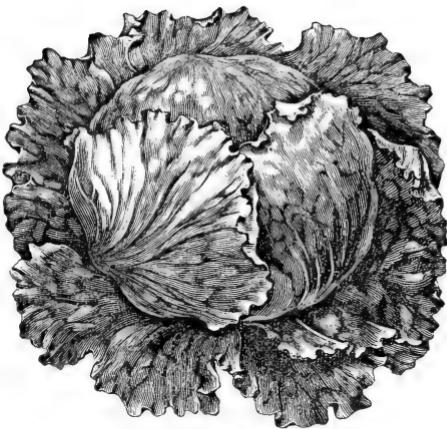
“Giant Crystal Head Lettuce.” Were we to copy the enthusiastic description of the German seedsman who sent out this “new lettuce” we should have an enormous demand for the seed,—because our customers know they can rely upon what we say. The fact is, however, that while it may do differently in Europe, it would take an exceptional expert to distinguish it as grown from the “originator’s” costly packets from our own famous ICEBERG in a neighboring field. See description of ICEBERG on next page, and rest assured that when any grower produces an improved lettuce of this type we shall announce the fact! Possibly some of our customers’ may have better eyes than we, hence the seed of this so-called “CRYSTAL HEAD” has been saved carefully, and we shall be pleased to send a packet FREE, if requested, to any purchaser of our original ICEBERG, who desires to make comparative trial.

LETTUCE,— Crisp-Head Varieties.

HANSON. Grows to large size and is uniformly sure heading. Heads very solid and beautifully blanched; crisp, mild, and tender. One of the finest varieties to grow for market during the summer months. Our stock is unexcelled, being of the improved hard-heading strain. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 80 cts.

DENVER MARKET. This makes quite large, compact heads of finest quality; leaves light golden green, beautifully fringed. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.

IMPROVED NEW YORK, or "WONDERFUL." See illustration. Plants of extra large growth, producing heads of immense size under favorable conditions. We have had reports from our customers of plants measuring fifteen inches in diameter, with heads as large as small cabbages, and closely folded. Inner portion is beautifully blanched, and stands for a considerable time before running to seed. Outer leaves a deep, rich green. We offer an extra choice strain. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. for 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.



BURPEE'S ICEBERG LETTUCE.

ICEBERG LETTUCE.

There is no handsomer or more solid cabbage lettuce than BURPEE'S ICEBERG in cultivation—in fact, it is strikingly beautiful. The large curly leaves which cover the outside of the solid heads are of a bright light green.

The unusual solidity of the heads is insured by the large white main ribs of the leaves, each of which, curving strongly into the center, acts like a truss, making it impossible for the leaves to open outward and expose the center, which is constantly thoroughly blanched. It matters not whether grown to head in the early spring or the hottest days of summer, the leaves are always *crisp* and *tender*.

Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 17 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.



New Lettuce,—Burpee's "GIANT GLACIER."

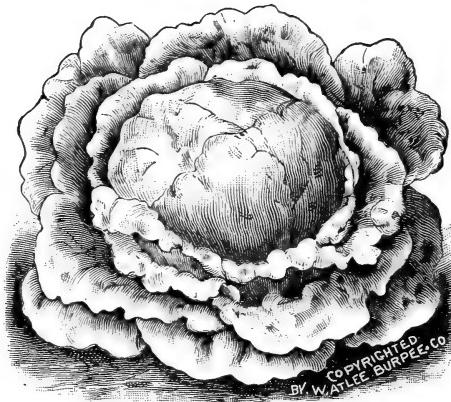
A most excellent variety to plant for a summer supply of fine head lettuce, as it *withstands heat and drought to an unusual degree*. It produced fine solid heads at FORDHOOK, when the soil was so dry and the weather so warm that the varieties usually depended upon for a midsummer supply failed to produce heads. The plants are of strong growth, twelve inches in diameter, with large

light - green outer leaves which fold closely about the head, protecting it from the hot sun.

The edges of the leaves are finely serrated, and the surface is swollen or blistered like the leaves of *Savoy Cabbage*. The compact heads, of upright conical form, are *extra large*, often six inches in diameter. The interior leaves blanch to a showy white and are always crisp and tender, entirely free from the bitter pungency of many sorts when grown under the hot summer sun. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 17 cts.; 2 ozs. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.75.



LETTUCE,— Butter-Head Varieties.



BURPEE'S CALIFORNIA CREAM-BUTTER LETTUCE.

BY WATTEE BURPEE & CO.

Of the following varieties,—all of which make fine, large, solid, well-blanced heads in the open ground, under suitable conditions of soil and weather—the best and most generally satisfactory are THE DEACON, new NANSEN, and CALIFORNIA CREAM-BUTTER, which is so largely grown in the South to ship during winter to the northern markets.

BURPEE'S SILVER BALL, Philadelphia White Cabbage, and Gold Nugget are smaller and considerably earlier, while the Thickhead Yellow and Blonde Blockhead are very large late sorts; BURPEE'S HARDHEAD makes solid heads of medium size, tinged with bronze, and is excellent to withstand summer heat.

Fine head lettuce can be grown by sowing the seed thinly in drills twelve to eighteen inches apart in rich soil, thinning the plants to stand eight to ten inches apart in the row; or the seed may be sown very thinly in the seed-bed, and the young plants transplanted to rows where they are to head. It is of first importance, especially in hot, dry weather, to keep the soil constantly loose and fine by frequent workings. One ounce will sow 300 feet of drill, or three pounds one acre of land in drills 18 inches apart.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Burpee's Silver Ball, w. s. Solid silvery-white heads ; rich flavor,	\$0 10	\$0 25	\$0 90
Philadelphia Early White Cabbage, w. s. Thick-leaved ; rich flavor,	7	25	75
Reichner's White Butter Forcing, w.s. Ex. choice, selected strain,	10	25	90
Early Prize Head, w. s. Large, loose heads ; green, tinged with brown,	7	25	75
Gold Nugget, w. s. Fine, golden-yellow, small heads ; rich flavor, . .	10	25	90
The DEACON, or San Francisco Market, w. s. (See page 48), . .	10	25	90
Nansen, or North Pole, w. s. (New,—see page 48.) Per pkt. 10 cts.,	25	75	2 50
Thickhead Yellow, w. s. Grand, buttery heads ; large and thick, . .	10	25	90
California CREAM-BUTTER, or "Royal," b. s. Extra fine, . .	10	25	80
Thorburn's Maximum, b. s. Similar but larger than preceding, . .	10	25	80
Burpee's Hardhead, w. s. Very solid ; outer leaves tinged bronze, .	7	25	80
Salamander, b. s. Compact tender heads, resisting summer heat, . . .	10	25	90
Mammoth Black-Seeded Butter. Large heads ; thick, white leaves,	10	25	90
Blonde Blockhead, w. s. Firm, handsome heads of golden yellow, . .	7	25	75

Each of the above, except Nansen, 5 cents per packet.

LETTUCE,—Cos or "Celery,"—"Salad Romaine."

These are of distinct growth and esteemed for their fresh crispness and mild flavor during the summer and in warm climates. When the plants do not "head" naturally during very dry weather, the tips of the leaves may be gathered together and loosely tied, which will blanch the interior.

DWARF WHITE HEART. See illustration from a photograph. This is not only the earliest but also the finest of all the Cos Lettuces, the plants being extremely sure to head, if the term "head" can be applied to a Cos Lettuce. The growth is erect, about ten inches in height, the outer leaves being well folded toward the center; the interior leaves are blanched to a snowy white. Very crisp and mild, it stands a long time before running to seed. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

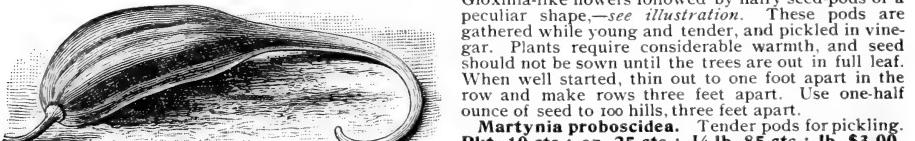
GIANT WHITE COS. This grows to considerably larger size and is later in developing; stiffly erect, the interior leaves are beautifully blanched. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.

PARIS SELF-FOLDING WHITE COS. Grows to very large size, producing long-pointed, compact bunches. The interior is well blanched. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 85 cts.



MARTYNIA.

The MARTYNIA, or UNICORN PLANT, is quite ornamental in growth, and bears large pyramidal spikes of Gloxinia-like flowers followed by hairy seed-pods of a peculiar shape,—see illustration. These pods are gathered while young and tender, and pickled in vinegar. Plants require considerable warmth, and seed should not be sown until the trees are out in full leaf. When well started, thin out to one foot apart in the row and make rows three feet apart. Use one-half ounce of seed to 100 hills, three feet apart.



Martynia proboscidea. Tender pods for pickling.
Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$3.00.

A **bull's-eye** [], according to Webster, signifies that you have "hit the mark." Even the inexperienced, to whom our long lists might be confusing, can make no mistake by selecting any marked with a **bull's-eye**.

MUSK MELONS or Cantaloupes,—Green-Fleshed.

BURPEE'S NETTED GEM (re-christened "ROCKY FORD") is deservedly the most popular of the small green-fleshed Nutmeg Cantaloupes, or, as they are frequently called, *Citrons*. It is quite early in ripening, very prolific; fruits are even in size, finely netted, and of superior quality. *Early Jenny Lind* is a few days earlier than the *Netted Gem*, flattened in shape and not so fine in quality. *Jersey Belle* and *Norfolk Button strain* are improved types of the *Jenny Lind*.

BURPEE'S CHAMPION MARKET is of medium size, larger than the preceding sorts, but still not a large melon; round, well netted, and attractive in appearance as well as of fine quality. *Cosmopolitan* and *Superior* are round fruits of medium size, heavily netted but without ribs, and of fine flavor. The *Green-Fleshed Osage* has a deep pea-green skin like the *Osage*, but has bright-green flesh of fine quality. *Acme* is a favorite Baltimore variety, of oval form; it has a slight neck at the stem end.

Hackensack is a good sized, heavily ribbed and netted melon, of fine quality. *Extra Early Hackensack* is ten days earlier and slightly smaller, while the new *LONG ISLAND BEAUTY* is the earliest and best of this type. *Burpee's Bay View* is a large oval fruit, heavily ribbed and well netted; of similar form, it is superior to the old *Cassaba*. *MONTREAL GREEN NUTMEG* is a very large, heavily ribbed fruit, with thick luscious flesh; like other large-fruited musk melons it succeeds best in a rather cool climate. All of these varieties are excellent for market, of fine appearance, regular form and size, and of good shipping qualities.



BURPEE'S CHAMPION MARKET MELON.

Each of the above, deduct 5 cents per pound.

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Burpee's NETTED GEM. ⓠ True "Rocky Ford." (See next page),	\$0 06	\$0 18	\$0 50
"Oblong" Netted Gem and the new "Rose Gem."	6	18	50
Early Jenny Lind. Small, early, flattened,	5	15	45
Norfolk "Button" strain of Early Jenny Lind. ⓠ	6	20	70
Hackensack, or Turk's Cap. Large size; flattened at both ends, . . .	5	15	45
Extra Early Hackensack. ⓠ Ten days earlier than the preceding, . . .	6	18	50
Early Nutmeg. A popular old early variety,	5	15	40
Prolific Nutmeg. Round; heavily netted,	5	15	40
MONTREAL Green Nutmeg. ⓠ Of immense size; fine in Canada,	6	18	50
Cannon Ball. "Round as a ball"; densely netted; popular in Texas,	6	18	50
Jersey Belle. Extra early; of good size; an enlarged <i>Jenny Lind</i> , .	6	18	50
New Superior. Round, of medium size; densely netted, without ribs,	5	15	45
Green-Fleshed Osage. Delicious pea-green flesh,	6	20	60
Cosmopolitan. Round fruits of medium size; netted but not ribbed,	5	15	45
Chicago Market. A favorite type of "Nutmeg Melon" in Chicago, .	5	15	40
Burpee's CHAMPION MARKET. ⓠ (See description below),	7	25	75
Burpee's Bay View. Oblong melons of large size; thick fleshed, . . .	5	15	45
Beck's Columbus. Buff skin; handsome, round form; netted, . . .	5	15	40
Acme, or Baltimore. Oblong, with slight neck; popular in the South,	5	15	45
Boston Mango. Useless as fruit, but the best for "Mangoes," . . .	5	15	40

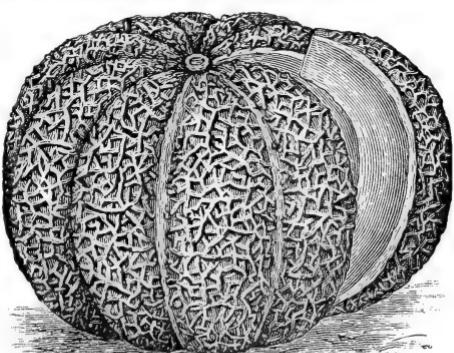
Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

Three Popular Green-Fleshed MELONS.

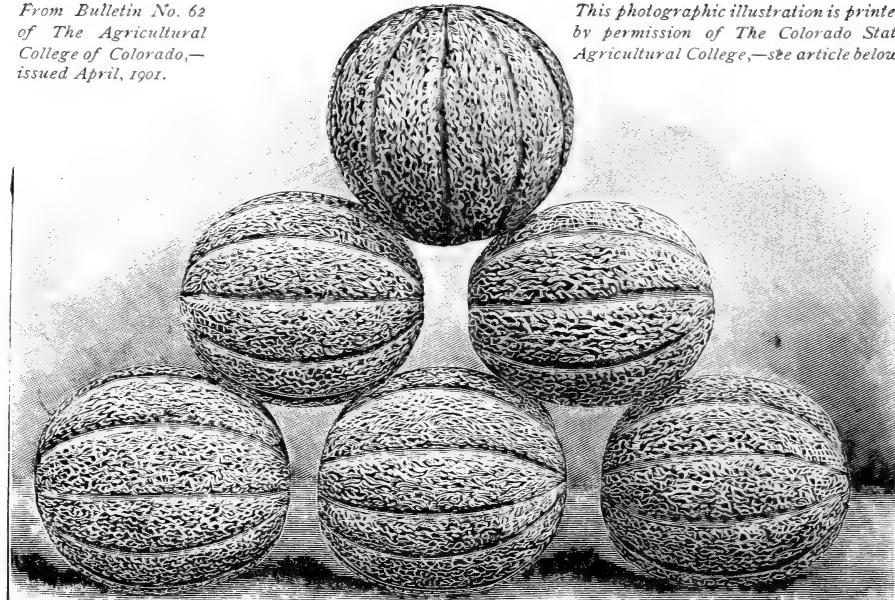
EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK, or TURK'S CAP. ⓠ This is a favorite New York market variety. Fruits are of good size, round, heavily ribbed and netted. Hardy and productive, with thick, firm, green flesh; of excellent flavor. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.

LONG ISLAND BEAUTY. ⓠ Fruits of large size, well flattened, heavily ribbed and netted. Of very handsome appearance and fine quality. This variety ripens as early and is similar to the *Hackensack*, but superior. True seed of the genuine strain is very scarce this season. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 17 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

BURPEE'S CHAMPION MARKET. ⓠ This is a splendid variety of the *Netted Gem* type, producing fruits nearly three times as large as the original *Gem* or "Rocky Ford." The melons are very regular in form, nearly round, averaging eight inches in diameter, with heavy well-netted ribs, thick light-green flesh, with very thin rind, and true *Netted Gem* flavor. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 70 cts. per lb.



EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK MELON.



BURPEE'S NETTED GEM MELONS,—grown at Rocky Ford, Colorado.

Burpee's NETTED GEM ("Rocky Ford") Melon.®

Introduced by us twenty-one years ago, this variety has made Colorado famous for its celebrated "ROCKY FORD" Melons.

The Arkansas Valley of Colorado has for some years been famous for its cantaloupes. During the season of 1900, 780 cars were shipped, which represents the product from about 2500 acres. The cantaloupe is known as the "ROCKY FORD," from the town that has led in the industry. **The variety grown is the NETTED GEM, which Burpee claims to have the distinction of originating.** Good seed is a prime requisite for success with the cantaloupe, but not enough attention has been paid to the selection of it. Few have made any systematic selection of seed, looking well to the shape, size, solidity, depth of flesh, seed cavity, color of flesh, and quality. Many have bought from dealers who knew little of the quality of seed sold, and the result is that many melons sold as "Rocky Ford" are not up to the standard.

A pure Rocky Ford cantaloupe when ripe should have a silver-colored netting which is lace-like in appearance. The skin should be green, turning to a peculiar gray color when the melon is fit for shipping. The flesh should be green in color and so sweet and luscious that it may be eaten close to the rind. The melon should have a small seed cavity and the portion of the flesh immediately surrounding it be slightly tinged with yellow. The melon should weigh about one and one-half pounds and be very solid and firm.—*An extract from Bulletin No. 62, issued April, 1901, by The Agricultural Experiment Station of THE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE OF COLORADO.*

~~©~~ The illustration above is also taken by permission from the frontispiece of the same Bulletin.

Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 45 cts. per lb.; 10 lbs. for \$4.25; 25 lbs. or more at 40 cts. per lb.

Our special selected stock is strictly A No. 1,—the best it is possible to produce.

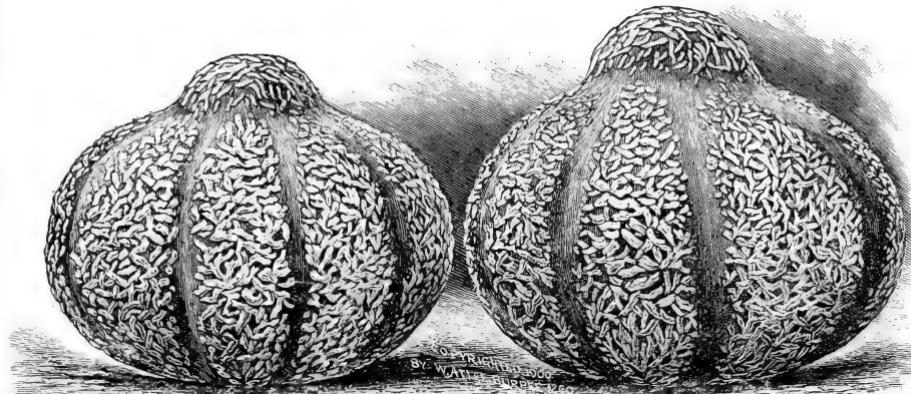
Two Other Strains of "NETTED GEM" Melons.

Our original selected stock of BURPEE'S NETTED GEM, offered above, is preferred by the great majority of Colorado growers, as is abundantly proved by the thousands of pounds of seed annually sold there and by the resulting testimonials. **This is the true "Rocky Ford" melon,** but several growers have been selecting BURPEE'S NETTED GEMS on slightly different lines. We offer first-class stock of both these strains as described below, but must state frankly that, in our exhaustive trials again the past season, we did not find that either of these is so desirable as our own stock of the original NETTED GEM or "ROCKY FORD" MELON.

"Oblong" Netted Gem. Some growers prefer a more oblong form, and we offer this strain of Burpee's Netted Gem, producing a large proportion (although not all) of melons of an oval form. The fruits, being generally oval or longer from the stem to blossom end, are slightly larger; well adapted for packing in the oblong handle baskets used in some markets.

Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 45 cts. per lb.

"Rose Gem." This strain of Burpee's Netted Gem, bred by a successful market gardener for his especial trade, has become quite popular in Ohio. The fruits retain the fine flavor and firm flesh of the Netted Gem, but are considerably larger in size, slightly oval in form, and more heavily netted. They come midway in size between the Netted Gem and Burpee's Champion Market Melons. These melons are so regular in size that sixteen just fill a half-bushel handle basket used in some of the western markets, where they command high prices. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.



Two Specimen Melons, Accurately Engraved from Photograph, of the

New Jersey Improved "Button" Strain of The Extra Early Jenny Lind Musk Melon.○

The EARLY JENNY LIND has been for many years most popular with market growers, on account of its extreme earliness and great productiveness. We now offer an improved strain of this fine melon obtained from a leading grower of South Jersey, whose melons command the highest market prices by reason of their handsome appearance and delicious flavor. The fruit of the regular *Jenny Lind* is flattened at both stem and blossom ends, ribbed and heavily netted, but in this improved type there is a distinct nub or "button" growing out of the blossom end, as if the fruit had attempted to make a second growth. This extra growth is a peculiarity of the earliest ripening strain, as well as an indication of *finest flavor*, and is eagerly sought for by buyers in the eastern cities. The flesh of these melons is uniformly sweet and melting, but the small nub or button has a *concentrated sweetness* not found in any other melon, and furnishes a delicious morsel to finish the eating of one of these fine fruits. Our seed has all been saved from vines bearing melons with the nub or "button," and can be depended upon not only for the *earliest ripening*, but also to produce fruits of *most uniform size and finest quality*. The majority will show the nubs, as illustrated above, well developed. Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts.; per lb. \$3.00.

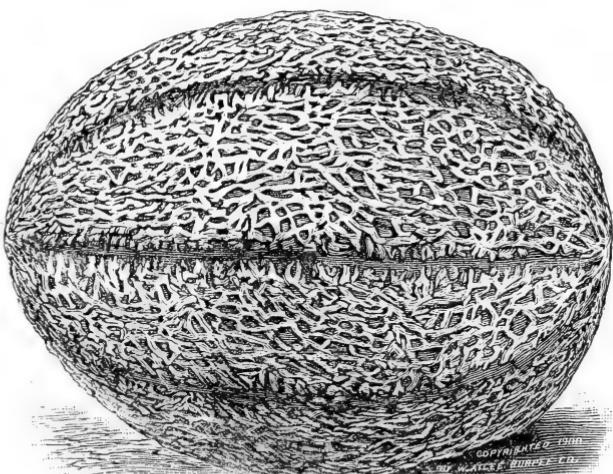
Burpee's "MATCHLESS" Musk Melon.○

This new Melon is a distinct type of *Burpee's Netted Gem*, or, as it is now frequently called, the "*Rocky Ford*." The fruits run very regular in size, form, and coloring, being most desirable for shipping in half-barrel crates to distant markets. In fine appearance and delicious flavor they rival the choicest product of the *Rocky Ford* district, and grown in the Southern or Eastern States of course reach the market earlier in the season when better prices can be obtained.

The fruits are oval, evenly tapered at each end, although there is occasionally a slight "neck" at the stem end. They average six inches in length from end to end and about five inches in cross-diameter at the center. They run a little more than two pounds in weight, being of the most popular market size—neither too small nor extremely large.

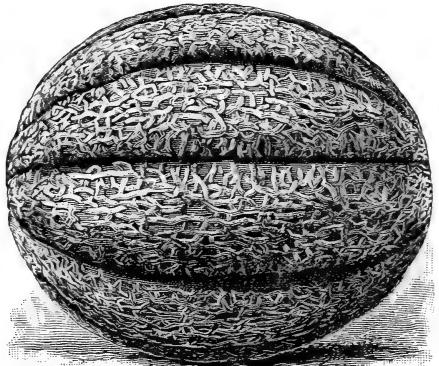
The melons are well ribbed; the skin is finely netted, of a light greenish yellow when ripened. The flesh is light green, with a rich golden tint where it borders on the seed cavity, one and a quarter inches in thickness, and ripened close down to the extremely thin rind. When fully ripened, the flesh, while melting and of richest sugary flavor, is still firm. As to its shipping qualities, we received several fine specimens from the originator which were ripened on the vines in Kansas and yet arrived in the very finest condition at our Philadelphia warehouse.

Planted under favorable conditions in Colorado, the famous *Burpee's Netted Gem* produces rather larger fruits than it does in the older melon-growing sections; but with this new *BURPEE'S "MATCHLESS"* growers in the Southern and Eastern States can have equally as large and fine crating melons as grown in the *Rocky Ford* district. Seed is scarce. Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20 cts.; per oz. 35 cts.; 2 ozs. for 60 cts.



BURPEE'S "MATCHLESS" MELON,—from a Photograph.

MUSK MELONS.—Salmon-Fleshed Varieties.



BURPEE'S GOLDEN EAGLE MELON.

From a Photograph.

tions are given in our book, "HOW TO GROW MELONS FOR MARKET," which we send, postpaid, for 20 cts.

• In lots of 5 pounds or more, deduct 5 cents per pound. •

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
EMERALD GEM ◦ (Burpee's). Sweetest of all melons. (See below),	\$0 06	\$0 18	\$0 50
Burpee's Melrose . ◦ Rich light-green flesh, shading to salmon,	6	18	50
Miller's Cream, or Osage . Popular in the West; fine flavor,	6	18	55
Extra Early Grand Rapids . Large; very early; quality inferior,	5	15	40
Burpee's GOLDEN EAGLE . ◦ Extra fine. (See description below),	7	25	70
PAUL ROSE, or "Petoskey." ◦ An ideal melon. (See next page),	6	18	50
Perfection, or Princess . Handsome; nutmeg shape, of large size,	6	18	50
Delmonico . Oval shape; netted; not recommended,	5	15	40
Perfected Delmonico . More regular in form,	5	15	45
Tip-Top Nutmeg . Smooth skin; sweet and juicy,	5	15	40
Kinsman Queen . New, handsome, large-fruited melon,	5	15	35
Surprise . Smooth cream-colored skin; flavor rather inferior,	5	15	40

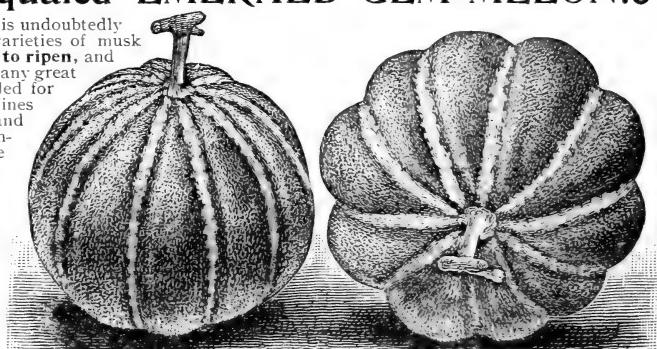
• Each variety is 5 cents per packet.

Burpee's "Golden Eagle." ◦ See illustration above. This is a most excellent new variety that is of exceedingly strong vigorous growth and remarkably prolific, producing a large number of fine fruits even in unfavorable seasons. Fruits are of good size, fine quality, and firm enough for shipping purposes. In our Trial Grounds it has withstood seasons of heat and drought better than any other variety while retaining its superior flavor. The oval fruits are quite uniform in size, averaging ten inches in length and seven inches in diameter. Heavily ribbed and netted, with skin of a light golden hue when ripe. The thick flesh ripens well down to the rind with comparatively small seed cavity; it is of a rich salmon in color, sweet and melting, with a delightful aroma. "GOLDEN EAGLE" is particularly desirable for heavy soils and the home garden, as it continues bearing the large fruits throughout the season. **Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 70 cts.**

Burpee's Unequalled EMERALD GEM MELON.◦

Introduced by us in 1886, this is undoubtedly the finest in flavor of all varieties of musk melon. It is also the earliest to ripen, and while too soft to stand shipping any great distance to market, it is unequalled for home use or nearby markets. Vines of strong vigorous growth and very prolific. If fruits are gathered as soon as they ripen, the vines will continue in bearing throughout the season.

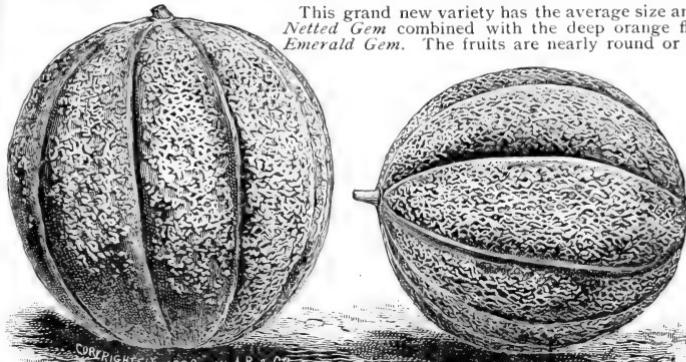
The melons are of the same size as our Netted Gem, but flattened at the stem and blossom ends. The skin is a rich deep emerald-green, smooth and free from netting. The fruits are heavily ribbed, with narrow bands of lighter green between the ribs. Flesh very thick, with thin rind and small seed cavity, crystalline in appearance, and of a rich salmon color. The flesh is sweet and luscious beyond that of any other melon. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 18 cts.; 1/2 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.** In lots of 5 pounds or more at 45 cts. per lb.



BURPEE'S EMERALD GEM MELONS,—engraved from a Photograph.

Musk Melon,—“PAUL ROSE,” or Petoskey. ◎

This grand new variety has the average size and regular form of Burpee's Netted Gem combined with the deep orange flesh and superior flavor of Emerald Gem. The fruits are nearly round or slightly oval, rather larger than Netted Gem, ribbed and heavily netted; of a light green or faint golden hue when fully ripe. The flesh is thick, of rich deep orange color, and ripens close down to the rind, with small seed cavity. The flesh is much firmer than that of our Emerald Gem, while possessing similar delicious flavor. These points combine to make an excellent shipping variety of handsome appearance and finest quality. The highest praise we can give the “PAUL ROSE” MELON is to state that it is an excellent market variety, and in quality ranks “next best to Emerald Gem.”



PAUL ROSE OR “PETOSKEY” MELONS,—engraved from a Photograph.

Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 45 cts. per lb.

◎ Please bear in mind ◎ that a bull's-eye [◎] means that we consider varieties so marked the very best of their respective types in cultivation,—as “Good as Gold.” ◎ If you are not thoroughly posted as to varieties best suited to your own locality, you can make no mistake by confining your selection to those that are marked with a bull's-eye. ◎

WATERMELONS,—Earliest Varieties.

The best of all the early ripening watermelons is our FORDHOOK EARLY, described below. This is the only variety that combines large size, handsome appearance, and fine quality with extreme earliness in ripening. The melons will weigh thirty to forty pounds each; have a deep-green skin, which is tough enough to stand shipping. Phinney's Early is rather small, with tough mottled skin. Cole's Early, an extra early selection of Kolb's Gem, is short and round, with rather tender skin. Vick's Early is oblong, of fair size, but varies in coloring. Our HUNGARIAN HONEY is a sweet early melon, but very small in size, of round or ball-like form.

◎ In 5 pound lots, deduct 5 cents per pound. ◎

FORDHOOK EARLY. ◎	Earliest large melon. (See below),	Per oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.	Per lb.
Cole's Early.	Extra early, but thin skinned; green, with white stripes,	5	15	45
Phinney's Early.	An extra early; of medium size; oblong form, .	5	15	40
Harris' Earliest.	A highly praised, new extra early melon,	6	20	55
Vick's Early.	Extra early; oblong; skin varies in color,	5	10	35
Burpee's Hungarian Honey.	Small, perfectly round; rich red flesh,	6	18	55

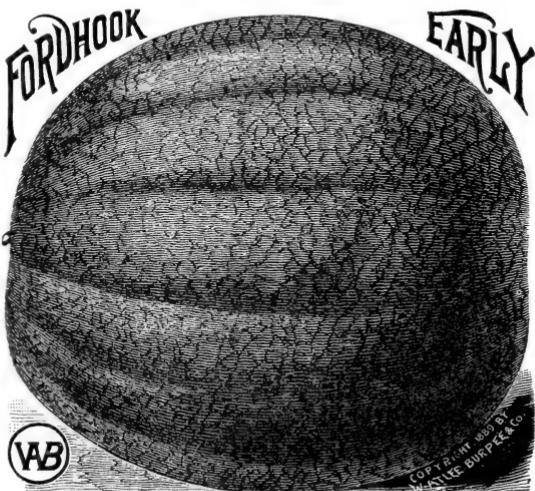
◎ Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

Burpee's FORDHOOK EARLY Watermelon. ◎

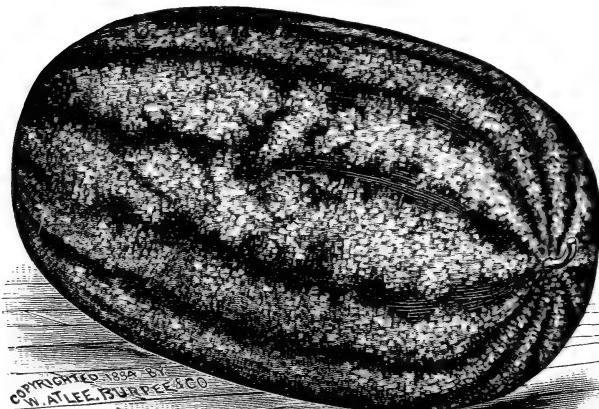
Without a Rival,—the Best Early Melon of Good Size.

This is the earliest large-fruited melon in cultivation,—when grown from the genuine stock, such as supplied by us. Planted in hills six feet apart and without any special cultivation, in our Trial Grounds, we secured a good number of fine, large melons before any other varieties had ripened, with the exception only of the small Cole's Early. These fruits are of good size, rather short and blocky in form, with large diameter. Skin dark green, occasionally with stripes of lighter green. Flesh bright red, crisp, sweet, and of splendid quality. Rind quite thin, but skin tough, making an excellent shipping variety. Most highly recommended.

Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 70 cts.; in lots of 5 lbs. or more, in one order, at 65 cts. per lb.; 10 lbs. or more at 60 cts. per lb.



WATERMELONS,—Main-Crop Varieties.



BURPEE'S MAMMOTH IRONCLAD WATERMELON.

In the large oval-fruited varieties best suited for marketing, we should recommend the CUBAN QUEEN, a fine striped fruit of excellent quality, and Kolb's Gem, a short thick fruit of large size and a good shipper, but of only fair quality, extensively grown in the South for early markets. Sweet Heart is a rather short, thick, oval melon, with a light mottled-green skin, bright-pink flesh, and fair flavor. The Dark Icing, or Ice Rind, is of medium size, a good shipper and highly esteemed for its superior quality. The Jones and its improved type the Duke Jones are large, chunky, dark-green fruits, with bright-red flesh; both are popular in the South. WHITE GEM is a small, round, rather late sort, with creamy-white skin, which is exceedingly tough, making a good shipper and excellent keeper; the flesh is a rich deep red, and of the finest quality.

Aside from the early markets, it is the large oblong fruits which are the most popular, both for shipping and the nearby markets,

and among these the finest of all in quality is the KLECKLEY SWEETS, the sweetest large melon in cultivation, but unfortunately the skin is too brittle to stand shipment. Chief among the large-fruited sorts grown for market at present are *The Dixie*, a dark-striped melon, and the JORDAN'S GRAY MONARCH, an oblong form of the sweet Light Icing. Florida Favorite, in its selected type, produces long deep-green fruits, with bright-red flesh of excellent quality. McIVER SUGAR and BURPEE'S MAMMOTH IRONCLAD are both large, well-formed, striped melons of fine quality; the Sugar being superior in the delicious sweetness of its crisp, melting flesh; and the Ironclad, while of fine quality, is noted not only for its large size, but also for the extreme toughness of the thin rind, making it an excellent shipping and keeping variety. DELAWARE is similar to Ironclad. Full directions for culture are given in our book, MELONS FOR MARKET, sent postpaid for 20 cents.

One ounce of seed will plant 25 hills, and three pounds one acre of land, in hills eight by eight feet apart.

“Melons for All,” our New Leaflet, tells how to grow the largest and best watermelons and the sweetest musk melons. It is mailed FREE to all our customers who ask for it when ordering. For other useful new leaflets,—all free with orders,—see page 4.

	In lots of 5 pounds or more, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Peroz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Burpee's Cuban Queen.	The old favorite ; introduced by us in 1881.	\$0 05	\$0 15	\$0 40
Burpee's Mammoth Ironclad.○	Large oblong. (See illustration above),	5	15	40
Jordan's Gray Monarch, or Long White Icing.○	Very popular,	5	15	45
Dark Icing, or Ice Rind.	Of round form ; sugary flavor,	5	15	40
Ice Cream, or Peerless.	True white-seeded ; oblong ; luscious,	5	12	35
Burpee's KLECKLEY SWEETS.○	Sweetest of all. (See page 58),	6	20	70
KLECKLEY SWEETS, grown by Kleckley.○	Per pkt. 10 ets., .	10	30	1 00
Frame's New Mammoth SANTIAGO.○	(See page 58.) Pkt. 10 ets., .	10	30	1 10
Kolb's Gem.	The great market melon ; carries well, but of poor flavor,	5	10	32
Dixie.	A famous oblong Southern melon ; good shipper,	5	15	40
McIver Sugar.○	Large oblong melons ; striped skin ; fine for market,	5	15	45
Pride of Georgia.	Round in form ; skin striped,	5	12	35
Burpee's Delaware.	Oblong, striped ; sweet, red flesh,	6	18	55
Original Mountain Sweet.	The old-time favorite,	5	12	35
Sweet Heart.	Oval form ; mottled light-green skin ; red flesh,	5	15	40
Florida Favorite.	An oblong melon ; of fine flavor,	5	15	40
Kentucky Wonder.	A popular market melon in the West,	6	18	55
Striped Gypsy, or Georgia Rattlesnake.	A large oblong melon,	5	12	35
The Jones.	A great favorite in the South ; rich flavor,	5	12	35
Duke Jones.	A famous sweet Southern melon, introduced in 1895,	5	15	40
Girardeau's New Triumph.	Large, solid ; dark-green skin,	5	15	45
Black Spanish.	Round, dark-green melons,	5	12	35
Colorado Preserving.	The best variety for making citron preserves,	5	15	45

Except where otherwise priced, each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

● Please bear in mind ○ that a bull's-eye [○] means that we consider varieties so marked the very best of their respective types.○

This Page was devoted to the new "Halbert Honey" Watermelon as described on page 10 of THE FARM ANNUAL for 1902. Just as we are going to press, however, with this catalogue (and after THE FARM ANNUAL is printed and many thousands already mailed) we have learned, much to our surprise, that we shall receive less than one-fourth the estimated quantity of seed. Our grower writes that the only explanation he can make, when the crop of melons was so magnificent, is that "THE HALBERT has so large a heart which extends so close to the rind that it is not its nature to possibly produce but a small quantity of seed per melon,—in fact, the smallest quantity we have ever experienced in harvesting any melon crops. The melons were certainly on the ground as thick, one beside the other, as would seem possible for them to be produced, but the seed was not contained in the fruit as we had every reason to believe to be the fact."

Our only other hope was with the originator, MR. H. A. HALBERT, of Texas, but he writes that he has not half enough seed to supply even the local demand. Now, in order to disappoint the smallest number possible of our customers, we must use our entire stock for **packets only**, which until sold out even of packets we shall continue to supply at **10 cts. per pkt.**

••• It must be understood that it will be impossible to supply seed of "HALBERT HONEY" except in small retail packets; therefore, those who want a **Similar Superb Melon** for the home or local markets are recommended to plant **our famous KLECKLEY SWEETS**, of which, fortunately, we have a moderately full supply of the choicest seed—"grown by Kleckley" himself in Texas,—as well as Northern-grown seed produced direct from Mr. Kleckley's stock.

••• We think that those Market Gardeners who are so fortunate as to get a packet of the "HALBERT HONEY" for trial will be delighted with this new Melon, for, as stated in our retail catalogue, it is the **only worthy rival to our famous "KLECKLEY SWEETS" that we have yet found.**

Beans are Plentiful! With the exception of but few varieties (such as *Burpee's Saddle-back Wax*, *Crystal White Wax*, the new "Quarter-Century" *Strain of Burpee's Bush Limas* and several Pole Beans) there are abundant crops of Seed Beans, and consequently prices rule much lower than a year ago. As an example we should call your attention to the fact that we now offer the famous **Burpee's "Stringless Green-Pods"** at \$3.00 per bushel, and **Improved Early Round-Pod Valentines** at \$3.40 per bushel, by the sack.

••• Of course you can buy beans still lower (they are plentiful), but at these low prices for our widely known **superb selected strains** there should be no temptation to sensible planters to risk carelessly grown stocks, even at fifty cents or a dollar a bushel less.

It is a fact that there are but few stocks of STRINGLESS and VALENTINES (the most important two green-pod beans) that can approach ours in quality. *We dare not buy upon the open market, because* most stocks of our STRINGLESS GREEN-PODS still throw too many yellow pods, while most stocks of VALENTINES throw a large percentage of flat pods. While we sell hundreds of bushels more every year of these two beans than of any others, yet we are equally careful to grow **only the best selected strains** of all other varieties.

You cannot get better beans than Burpee's!

••• For prices of Seed Beans,—see pages 10 to 17. **•••**

The Record of Burpee's Seeds for Producing Prize-Winning Vegetables and Flowers is Unequaled.

In New York the State Fair First Prize was again won by one of our customers with the products of **BURPEE'S SEEDS exclusively**. The successful exhibitor at The Great State Fair, Syracuse, 1901, was MR. ALFRED SWEET, of Glendale Farms, Glendale, N. Y., whose total winnings from products of BURPEE'S SEEDS reached the amount of **\$957.10** at different fairs. Mr. Sweet won in all **1103 first prizes** and **153 second prizes**, and wrote us that "every variety of BURPEE'S SEEDS was fertile and brought first prizes in strong competition,"—and that his strongest competition was from others who also used BURPEE'S SEEDS! **•••** At the New York State Fair, at Syracuse, including **first prize for best Collection of Vegetables**, Mr. Sweet won **\$107.00 in prizes**. Mr. Sweet also won **\$61.00** in prizes at the fair at CAMBRIDGE, N. Y.;—**\$59.00** at SANDY HILL, N. Y.;—**\$24.75** at WARRENSBURGH, N. Y.;—**\$15.00** at BALLSTON SPA, N. Y.;—the large amount of **\$338.50** at the fair at WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.;—**\$88.00** at POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., and **\$65.00 in prizes** at the fair at CHATHAM, N. Y. The above prizes included **first prize for Best Collection of Vegetables at each of these seven fairs in the State of New York**.

At the fair at TRENTON, N. Y., Mr. Sweet won **\$52.00 in prizes** and wrote us that he arrived there too late—"had I got there in time I would have won \$300.00;" at DANBURY, CONN., Mr. Sweet won **\$146.85 in prizes**. **•••** With this **total of \$957.10 in prizes**, Mr. Sweet beat all other competitors for the BURPEE PREMIUM at State and county fairs in fall of 1901 and hence received "*Our Hundred Dollar Special*," making his winnings amount to a **total of one thousand and fifty-seven dollars and ten cents,—all with the products of Burpee's Seeds exclusively!**

In New York. Many other first prizes were won by the products of BURPEE'S SEEDS. F. E. STEVENS, Glen Falls, N. Y., won the BURPEE PREMIUM and the *societe's first prize for best collections* at both the Saratoga County Fair, Ballston Spa, and the Otsego County Fair, Cooperstown. Mr. Stevens wrote us: "I also won a great many single premiums at the fairs this fall on vegetables raised from your seeds. I advertised your seeds quite extensively this fall, as I exhibited at seven different fairs. I can safely place my total winnings at **\$300.00**. I found your seeds very true to name, which I have not found in all other seed companies that I have dealt with." LEWIS J. BRUNDAGE, Starkey, N. Y., won **\$75.75**, including first prizes for best displays at Yates County Fair, Penn Yan, and Schuyler County Fair, Watkins. On October 22d Mr. Brundage wrote: "The products of your seeds have won a very large number of prizes for me this fall as usual. I now have a display from the same at the *Pan-American*. Your seeds always give me the very best of satisfaction and I cheerfully recommend them to my friends." E. B. SOUTHWORTH, Front Creek, N. Y., won **\$78.40 in prizes** at three county fairs and writes: "I feel that it is my duty to say that Burpee's seeds are all right and up-to-date." SIDNEY N. TILLEY, Williston, Vermont, crossed the State line and won **\$43.00** at Clinton County Fair, Plattsburgh, N. Y. L. P. FRISBIE, Delhi, N. Y., won **\$12.45** at Delaware Co. Fair, and wrote October 7, 1901: "Have used your seed several years and never had a failure caused by poor seed. Had a fine crop of cabbage this year, nearly every plant forming a head, but not having had plants enough of my own I bought a thousand plants grown from other seeds and not more than 50 per cent. formed solid heads. Next year will grow all my plants from your seeds. Long live Burpee and BURPEE'S SEEDS!" L. E. WOODCOCK, Watertown, N. Y., won **\$54.00**, including both first prizes for best displays at the Jefferson County Fair. FRED N. TERPENING, West Oneonta, N. Y., won prizes at the fairs at Cooperstown, Oneonta, Morris, and Walton, N. Y., amounting to **four hundred and twenty-one dollars and ninety-five cents,—with the products of Burpee's Seeds exclusively!**

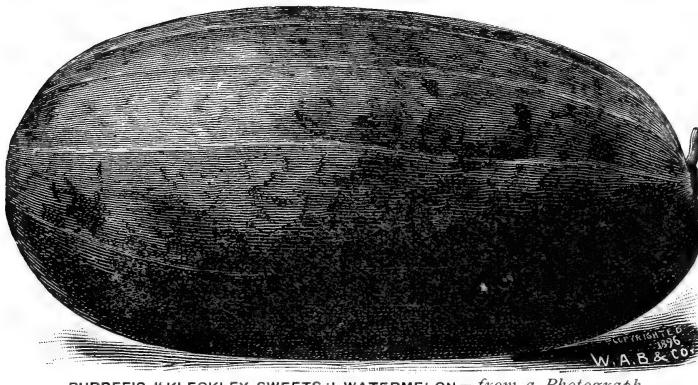
Many Other Prizes in other States, as well as others in New York,—all won in open competition by planters of BURPEE'S SEEDS, are enumerated in—

Our "1902" Prize Supplement which will be mailed in January to all known contestants of 1901. It will be mailed, **FREE**, also, to any one who may ask for it when ordering,—see announcement on page 144.

About Price.

We thought we had arranged for an ample supply, so that we could offer the true Kleckley Sweets this year at a lower price. We find, however, that one grower allowed his crop to get mixed, so that, discarding this lot of one thousand pounds, we have only about the quantity sold last season and shall have to charge the same prices as a year ago.

Were we not so particular to handle only seed that is absolutely pure, we could, of course, afford to sell at much lower prices.



BURPEE'S "KLECKLEY SWEETS" WATERMELON,—from a Photograph.

Watermelon,—“KLECKLEY SWEETS.”○

“Sweetest of All Melons,” Excepting only our New “Halbert Honey.”

While the skin of this splendid variety is too tender to admit of fruits being shipped any distance, it is the finest in quality of all (excepting only our new “Halbert Honey”) and most desirable for home use or nearby markets. Fruits are of large size, oblong in form, with dark-green skin, very thin rind, which is quite brittle, splitting ahead of the knife when a fully ripe melon is cut. Flesh bright scarlet with broad, solid heart; the white seeds are placed close to the rind. Flesh most crisp, sugary, and melting in the highest degree; entirely free from any stringiness. The melons average eighteen to twenty inches in length, by ten to twelve inches in diameter; of handsome appearance and most uniformly superior quality. With us the melons ripen quite early, and we consider it the most desirable variety for the home garden. In our efforts to secure sufficient seed this season, we made contracts with Mr. Kleckley, the originator, for his entire stock, and also with two other growers. For the seed grown by the originator, Mr. Kleckley, upon his home ranch in Texas, we charge: Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. for 18 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00. For the other seed (grown from original stock) we charge: Per pkt. 5 cts.; per oz. 6 cts.; 2 ozs. for 12 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 70 cts. On either strain deduct 5 cts. per lb if ordered in lots of five pounds or more.

Notwithstanding false claims that may appear again in other catalogues, Mr. Kleckley has not sold a pound to any other seedsmen and, consequently, the originator's seed can be had only from us.



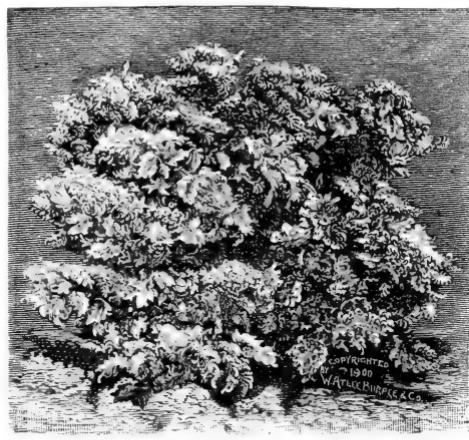
FRAME'S SUPERB “SANTIAGO” WATERMELON,—from a Photograph.

Frame's New Mammoth “SANTIAGO” Watermelon.○

The melons grow uniformly large and long, being distinctly barrel-shaped, retaining their thickness throughout the entire length, with bluntly rounded ends. Well-grown melons will measure two feet long by twelve to fourteen inches in diameter, weighing from forty to fifty pounds each. Vines are of strong vigorous growth, producing an enormous crop of large melons. Skin is light green, divided into broad bands of mottled stripes of dark green. The skin, while thin, is very tough, of a pliable leathery character, which insures finest shipping qualities. The flesh is of a deep blood-red, of very sweet flavor, and entirely melting in character,—free from any stringiness. It should supersede the *Dixie* and many other large-fruited shipping varieties, on account of its superior quality.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. for 18 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. at \$1.00 per lb.





BURPEE'S NEW MUSTARD,—"FORDHOOK FANCY."

MUSTARD.

BLACK or BROWN. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 10 cts.; per lb. 25 cts.

WHITE. Better for salad or culinary purposes. Per oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 10 cts.; per lb. 25 cts.

NEW CHINESE. Highly esteemed for salads, particularly in the South. The leaves are twice the size of the ordinary White Mustard, while the flavor is sweet and pungent. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.

SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED. The true curled-leaf variety so popular in the South for planting in the fall, to furnish an early spring salad. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.

MUSHROOMS.

These popular and delicious fungi can be grown for home use or on a large scale for market wherever there is a warm cellar or close shed, in which an even temperature can be maintained of from fifty to sixty degrees, and where a plentiful supply of fresh horse-stable manure for making the beds can be obtained. Our spawn is imported from best English makers, runs freely, and produces the finest mushrooms. We send free, if requested, **Our New Leaflet** giving directions for preparing the manure and making the beds. Bricks weigh about one and a quarter pounds, and a brick is sufficient to plant about nine square feet of bed. Best English "Milltrack" Spawn: Price in bricks, 9 cts. per lb.; 10 lbs. for 85 cts.; \$7.50 per 100 lbs.

NASTURTIUM.

Nasturtiums of all varieties are useful for furnishing tender seed-pods which make delicious pickles. The seeds for pickling should be gathered while green and with a portion of the stem attached. Pick them over and place in a jar until filled; then cover them with cider vinegar, which has been brought to the boil and is still warm, to keep for winter use.

TALL MIXED. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 2 ozs. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 17 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.

DWARF MIXED. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 60 cts.

OTHER NASTURTIUMS. For complete list see **FLOWER SEEDS**, pages 112 to 115.

Burpee's New MUSTARD,— "Fordhook Fancy."○

The new "FORDHOOK FANCY" is the most desirable as well as the most ornamental mustard ever offered and is entirely distinct from any variety now in cultivation. The plants are of vigorous growth, and the beautiful dark-green leaves curve outwardly like a fine ostrich plume. The edges are as finely curled and laciniated as the best double curled parsley, making the leaves equally as desirable for garnishing. It is the most productive variety from early spring sowings, and also much more stubborn in running to seed. It stands well, even during the hot summer months, while the young leaves can be cut quite as early as those of other sorts. By making several sowings a few weeks apart, a continuous growth of fresh tender leaves may be had throughout the season.

Even those who do not care for mustard as a piquant salad will be delighted with leaves of "FORDHOOK FANCY," cooked like spinach, any time during the summer. It is even superior to the best spinach in flavor. TRY IT! Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 20 cts.; 2 ozs. for 35 cts.



OKRA, or Gumbo.

The pods of this plant are regarded as a household necessity in the Southern States, but are not so well known nor so extensively grown as they should be in the North. The seeds should be sown quite thinly in drills two or more feet apart when the trees are well out in leaf. For either cooking or drying, the pods must be gathered when young and tender, before any woody fiber is formed.

DWARF PROLIFIC. Dwarf stocky growth, wonderfully prolific, and mature pods ready for use ten days to two weeks earlier than the tall varieties. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 12 cts.; per lb. 35 cts.

LADY FINGER. Plants of tall growth, producing long slender pods with slight ridges. These pods are of pale green color, frequently eight inches in length, and retain their tenderness until nearly full grown. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 45 cts.

WHITE VELVET. Of tall growth, with long pods, which are perfectly round, smooth, and of a velvety white coloring. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 40 cts.

PERKINS' MAMMOTH GREEN-POD. Very prolific, with slender, long, green pods of best quality and most desirable color for canning. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 40 cts.

NEW JERSEY "PERFECTED" PERKINS' LONG POD. This is a decided improvement on the popular **Perkins' Mammoth Green-Pod Okra**. The pods are produced in great abundance, and when ready to use are from four to five inches in length, of a handsome green color, and of the best quality. **Perkins' Mammoth Green-Pod Okra** is now used exclusively by the principal soup canners in and around Camden, N. J., in preference to any other variety, as it can be depended on for uniform good quality and the color is much to be preferred. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. at 45 cts. per lb.



You can have our New "Vest-Pocket" Guides to Culture,

Both Free if requested on the order. They are entirely original—thoroughly trustworthy—and give useful information, plainly told, so that even the beginner can grow successfully the very choicest Vegetables and most beautiful Flowers. **These Guides are NOT for sale**, but are given FREE only to all our customers who ask for them when ordering. Please ask for either or both of the guides, if wanted, when ordering. Should you forget to do so, write us again, inclosing stamp to cover separate postage.

Market Gardeners, however, will be particularly interested in the list on page 4 of our

Useful New Special Leaflets,—also Free to Customers.

Burpee's ONION Seed,—

Of Strongest Vitality and Finest Selected Strains.

The Onion is universally grown in every section and is one of the most profitable market-garden crops, repaying many fold any extra care in preparing and fertilizing the ground and subsequent cultivation. No feature of this crop, however, is more important than the planting of a strictly high-grade strain of seed, as the proper preparation of the soil and cultivation of the crop involve considerable outlay. The profitable returns depend altogether on the sure ripening of the bulbs, and such a reliable strain of seed can be grown only from choice selected well-ripened bulbs. Our Onion Seed is grown for us under the most thorough and critical inspection, and we confidently claim it is the choicest that it is possible to produce. Cheap Onion Seed grown from badly formed or poorly ripened bulbs will produce after its kind. A few dollars saved in purchase of Onion Seed for planting may result in loss of many hundreds.

The Onion is one of the few vegetables which can be grown successfully on the same land for several seasons. Thus the cost of thoroughly preparing the land before sowing the seed can be divided through several seasons. The soil should be preferably rather light and loose, as well as free from stone, so that it may be frequently worked. In such soils the labor may be performed largely by use of wheel-hoes, so that rows may be planted quite closely together and the fullest advantage taken of this carefully prepared seed-bed and heavy fertilizing. It is much cheaper to raise a crop of bulbs *from the seed sown directly in the row where the bulbs are to be grown* than from planting "bottom sets."  Ask for our SPECIAL LEAFLET ON CULTURE,—it is free.

Onions. Both large onions for market and the small sets are in short supply this winter. Large onions in California which ordinarily bring 65 cts. per sack are now (Dec. 12th) selling at \$1.65 in 5000 sack lots, while in the East the large bulbs are bringing 25 per cent. more than at this time a year ago. No crop promises to yield such good returns the coming season, and of prime importance in obtaining a good crop is that you have STRICTLY HIGH GRADE SEED.

BURPEE'S ONION SEED has a reputation second to none,—it costs more to produce than most of the seed offered annually at lower prices. It is a fact that by contracting with certain growers we could obtain seed much cheaper, but our extensive trials at FORDHOOK FARMS show that this "cheaper" seed would never suit the trade that has been coming to us now for the past quarter-century.

ONIONS,—American Yellow Varieties.

The most popular Onion in our Eastern markets is the *Yellow Danvers*. The original type of this variety is a flat bulb, commonly called *Round Yellow Danvers*. This grows to a good size; the skin is a pale straw-yellow, and the flesh crisp and white. The bulbs ripen well, are excellent keepers, and of mild flavor. An improved form is the *YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS*, making a round or nearly ball-shaped bulb with the good character of the flat strains: *Michigan* or *Ohio Yellow Globe* is also a fine strain. The *Yellow Strasburg*, or *Dutch*, is similar to the flat *Yellow Danvers*, excepting that the coloring is deeper and the flavor rather stronger. These two varieties are largely planted to produce the *Philadelphia Yellow Onion Sets*.

The *SOUTHPORT LARGE YELLOW GLOBE* grows nearly twice as large as the *Yellow Globe Danvers*, and is an excellent keeper when well ripened; but, like all true globe-shaped onions, is later in maturing.

The *AMERICAN-GROWN PRIZE-TAKER* is a large globe-shaped bulb of very mild flavor; only the thin skin is yellow, the flesh being pure white, very tender and crisp. In cool, moist locations the *Prize-Taker* furnishes the large pale-brown onions, which are sold in crates in the fall as Spanish Onions. While in dry, hot locations they do not grow to such large size, *Prize-Takers* are always mild and of fine form. It is best to market the bulbs during the fall, as they do not generally keep well through the winter.



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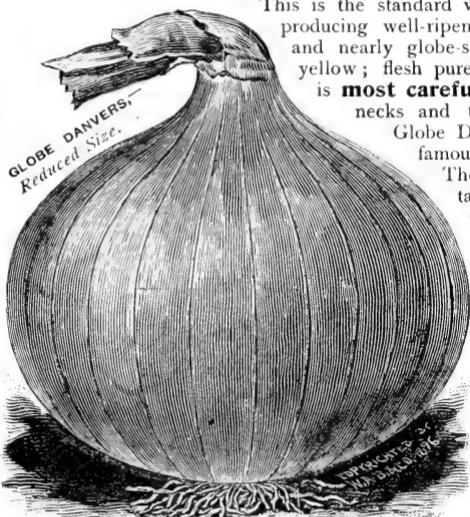
YELLOW STRASBURG, OR DUTCH.

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.	5 lbs. or more, per lb.
Yellow Danvers. ◎ The well-known favorite. (10 lbs. at 65 cts.),	\$0 06	\$0 20	\$0 75	\$0 70
Yellow Globe Danvers. ◎ Unsurpassed. (10 lbs. at 75 cts.),	10	25	85	80
Michigan or Ohio Yellow Globe. (10 lbs. or more at 80 cts. lb),	10	25	90	85
Yellow Strasburg, or Dutch. A great favorite. (10 lbs. at 70 cts.),	7	22	80	75
Southport Yellow Globe. ◎ Finest strain. (10 lbs. at 85 cts.),	10	30	95	90
True American Prize-Taker. ◎ (See illustration on page 66),	10	30	1 05	1 00
Australian Early Yellow Globe. ◎ (See page 65.) Pkt. 10 cts.,	20	65	2 25	2 20

 Each of the above, except *Australian Yellow*, 5 cents per packet.

CAUTION: Beware of "Cheap" Onion Seed! This caution is necessary every year because there is always some "old seed" or cheap imported stock upon the market. Fresh new seed such as we sell is really worth more than we charge. We have fixed prices as low as possible, and yet we expect to be undersold, because there are many tons of old seed carried over which it is reasonable to suppose will be bought by some dealers "because it is cheap" and can be sold "cheap," or can be used to mix with new seed to reduce the cost.

BEST YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS ONION.○



This is the standard variety for winter use in our Eastern markets, producing well-ripened bulbs averaging two inches in diameter and nearly globe-shaped. Skin a light golden brown or pale yellow; flesh pure white, crisp, and mild in flavor. Our strain is **most carefully selected**, the plants having very slender necks and the bulbs ripening uniformly. The Yellow Globe Danvers seed we offer is fully equal to the most famous market garden strains grown around Boston.

The name "GLOBE" in this connection must be taken comparatively, as the **True Danvers** Onion is never so perfectly globe-shaped as the *Southport Yellow Globe*. Other perfectly globe-shaped varieties are later maturing than the **YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS**. The illustration was engraved from a photograph.

Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 85 cts.; 5 lbs. at 80 cts. per lb.; in lots of 10 lbs. or more at 75 cts. per lb.

We should call attention also to the two other strains of this popular onion. The *Yellow Danvers*, while flat, is thick through, one to two weeks earlier, and even a surer cropper. *Michigan* or *Ohio Yellow Globe* is a distinctly globe-shaped strain, flattened at the bottom. It is longer in its perpendicular diameter than the *Globe Danvers*, described above; there is no other difference except that of form.



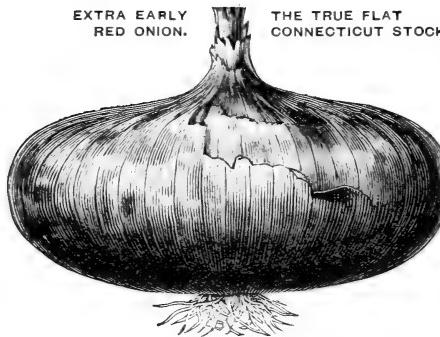
LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD ONION.—Engraved, Natural Size, from a Photograph.

Extra Fine LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD ONION.○

This is the most popular standard variety for winter market in many Northern States. Continued selection gives us a *small-necked* *sure-ripening* strain. The large onions are thick through, as shown in the specimen bulb reproduced above, natural size, which weighed exactly six ounces. The outer skin is a deep rich purplish red, smooth and glossy; flesh white, lightly tinged with pinkish rose. Its splendid keeping qualities make it easy to hold crops for winter. While, unlike some seedsmen, we do not attach our name to this variety (which was introduced before we entered the trade twenty-six years ago), yet we can say honestly that there is no better strain in cultivation to-day. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.; 5 lbs. at 85 cts. per lb.; in lots of 10 lbs. or more at 80 cts. per lb.; in lots of 25 lbs. or more our price is 75 cts. per lb.**

EXTRA EARLY
RED ONION.

THE TRUE FLAT
CONNECTICUT STOCK.



In lots of 10 pounds or more, deduct 5 cents per pound from lowest price, quoted in last column.

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.	5 lbs. or more, per lb.
Extra Early Red. (O)	\$0 07	\$0 25	\$0 85	\$0 80
Large Red Wethersfield. (O)	10	25	90	85
Large Red Globe. (O)	10	30	95	90
Burpee's Australian Brown. (O) (See page 64 (O))	7	22	80	75

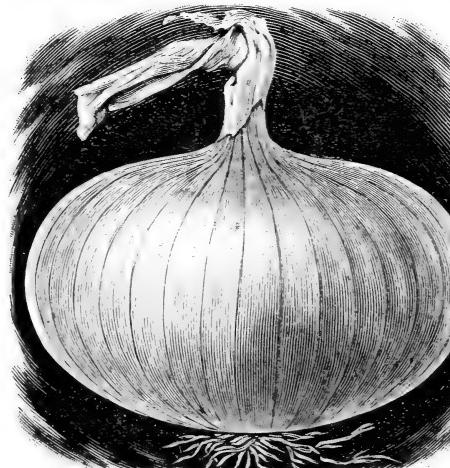
(O) Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

"Our Onion Seed is Always O. K."

J. S. COON, Leslie, Ingham Co., Mich., March 27, 1901, in sending order for \$15.70, including nine pounds Southport Red Globe Onion, writes:—Your seed has always been fine and O. K.

Finest Onions Inside of Fifty Miles!

R. C. IMILAH, Alvarado, Texas, March 18, 1901, writes:—You know last fall I got two pounds WHITE PEARL and eight pounds LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD Onion seed from you, and I am in a country where they raise onions, but to-day my two acres are said by all to be the finest inside of fifty miles. They are in full view from the public road.



WHITE PORTUGAL ONION,—
Engraved from a Photograph.

In lots of 10 pounds or more, deduct 5 cents per pound from lowest price, quoted in last column.

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.	5 lbs. or more, per lb.
Philadelphia Silverskin.	\$0 15	\$0 50	\$1 80	\$1 75
White Portugal, or Silverskin. (O)	15	50	1 80	1 75
Large White Globe.	15	50	1 75	1 70
Extra Early White Pearl, or Bloomsdale Pearl.	20	60	2 00	1 95

(O) Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

ONION,—American Red Varieties.

EXTRA EARLY RED is a very fine, flat, deep-red bulb; a good cropper; matures early, ripens evenly, and is an excellent keeper. The RED WETHERSFIELD is the standard red onion, growing to very large size from seed in a single season (it does not do well from sets), and being a flat onion ripens evenly and well.

The SOUTHPORT LARGE RED GLOBE is a ball-shaped bulb of the largest size, but later in ripening than the Wethersfield. The smaller Extra Early Red Globe, which we do not now offer, is not quite so early, nor is it so desirable as the Extra Early Red Flat.

Our new AUSTRALIAN BROWN, although not a true red variety, is a deep rich brown. It is not only the earliest ripening variety producing bulbs of good size, but is also the best keeping variety we know of,—bulbs of this variety having been kept in fine condition until the next year's crop was gathered. Seed of Australian Brown should be planted as early as possible, or the bulbs will ripen prematurely.

"Never Had Better Seed."

GEO. M. WISNER, Florida, N. Y., March 19, 1900, writes:—I bought twelve pounds of EXTRA EARLY RED of you last season and I never had better seed. Every seed came up and grew all right.

E. C. PALMER, Michigan City, Ind., October 12, 1899, writes:—The onion seed we got from you grew well. We had 80 bushels from two acres.

Planting our Onion Seed for Twenty Years.

C. E. SPICER, Parkland, Oklahoma Ter., January 10, 1900, writes:—We bought one pound of Red Wethersfield and half a pound of Prize-Taker Onion Seed, spring of 1899, and we raised 150 bushels of nice onions, and our nearest neighbor planted three-quarters of a pound on same kind of ground and raised about eight bushels. He got his seed from an Illinois firm. We have been planting your seed somewhere near twenty years and always had a good garden when planting your seeds; but in 1898, being short of money, some of our neighbors recommended sending to an Illinois firm, saying they were just as good as yours, and we bought one pound of onion seed (Red Wethersfield). We harvested about eight bushels and they were of all colors and shapes.

ONION,—American White Varieties.

The earliest of these white varieties, from which large bulbs are grown for market, is Extra Early White Pearl, a fine, white, flat onion, but rather smaller than the White Silverskin, or WHITE PORTUGAL, which is the standard white variety, and produces fine large bulbs from seed the first season. The Philadelphia Silverskin is a special strain of White Portugal, which is sown thickly for the purpose of raising sets, making fine well-ripened sets of uniformly small size, which are again set out either to produce early bunch onions or large bulbs for market, as when grown in this manner they are about four weeks earlier in ripening than those grown from the seed. The SOUTHPORT LARGE WHITE GLOBE makes large ball-shaped bulbs of especially fine, mild flavor; like the other large globe-shaped onions, it is later in ripening than the flat or round sorts, but brings a higher price on market.

In lots of 10 pounds or more, deduct 5 cents per pound from lowest price, quoted in last column.

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.	5 lbs. or more, per lb.
Philadelphia Silverskin.	\$0 15	\$0 50	\$1 80	\$1 75
White Portugal, or Silverskin. (O)	15	50	1 80	1 75
Large White Globe.	15	50	1 75	1 70
Extra Early White Pearl, or Bloomsdale Pearl.	20	60	2 00	1 95

(O) Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

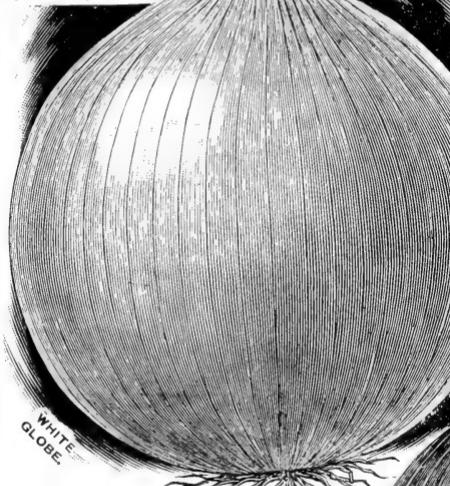
Southport GLOBE ONIONS.

These are the largest of all American varieties of Onions, and command the very highest market prices, especially during the winter months. The *Southport White Globe* Onions have been in demand in the New York markets at \$10.00 per barrel during some seasons, when other varieties were selling for one-quarter of this amount. Southport, Conn., has been long noted for the handsome globe onions raised by growers in that vicinity, and the greatest care has been taken to develop strains producing the finest and largest bulbs of the most perfect uniformity. See illustrations, engraved from photographs.

LARGE WHITE GLOBE O (True Southport Strain).

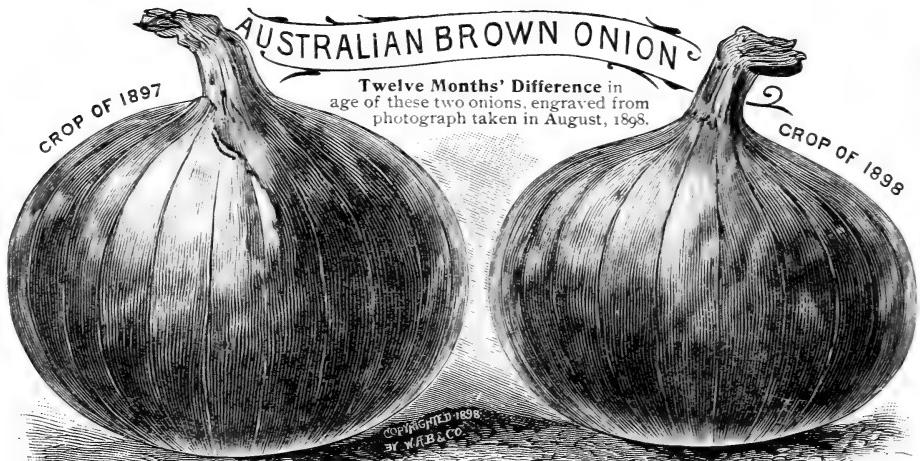
A very handsome, silvery-white, and perfectly ball-shaped onion of large size, commanding the highest prices in the New York markets. Flesh firm, fine grained, of mild flavor, and an excellent keeper. Its even, regular size, perfectly globular form, combined with the clear silvery whiteness of the thin skin, make it one of the handsomest onions grown. Owing to its large size, it is later in ripening than the *White Portugal*, or *Silver-skin*, the latter being of flattened form. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 27 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.75. In lots of 5 lbs. \$1.70 per lb.; 10 lbs. or more, \$1.65 per lb.

Testimonials from large growers in every section, as to superior quality of our onion seed, could be printed,—had we the space to spare.



LARGE RED GLOBE O (True Southport Strain). This variety produces large perfectly globe-shaped onions of the same size and handsome form as the two preceding varieties, but the color is an *extra rich deep red*. It brings the highest prices on market, and is very profitable. It is also known as *Globe Wethersfield*, but is not so early nor quite so sure to ripen well in unfavorable seasons as the *Extra Early Red* and *Large Red Wethersfield*, which are of the flattened type. It should not be planted in heavy wet soil. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 18 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 95 cts.; in lots of 5 lbs. at 90 cts. per lb.; in lots of 10 lbs. or more at 85 cts. per lb.

The seed we offer of these finest three American Onions—THE SOUTHPORT LARGE WHITE GLOBE, SOUTHPORT LARGE YELLOW GLOBE, and SOUTHPORT LARGE RED GLOBE—is grown from the most carefully selected true globe-shaped bulbs, of the finest strains, and can be depended upon. It must be remembered, however, by new growers, that these **three true Globe Onions** are not so sure to make good crops at unfavorable seasons as the flat onions.



Extra Early Long-Keeping Australian Brown Onion.

Australian Brown in the short period of five years has become already the most popular onion in many localities, especially where the seed is planted in the fall for an early spring crop. It never fails to bulb, although in dry, warm locations they sometimes ripen prematurely from spring-sown seed without attaining full size. The greatest feature of this distinct new variety is its **splendid keeping quality**. We have numerous instances of bulbs being kept in excellent condition until those of the succeeding year were fully ripened. Even small sets of this variety kept in a cool place do not start into growth until the second year from sowing the seed. No other onion has such a record for keeping qualities.

THE AUSTRALIAN BROWN is of medium size, though growing quite large under favorable conditions. Wonderfully hard and solid, the bulbs are most attractive for market, both as to form and appearance. They ripen evenly and extremely early, never showing any thick-necks or scallions, even the largest plants producing well-ripened bulbs. Planted under the same conditions as the *Red Wethersfield*, it ripened nearly four weeks earlier and much more uniformly. The color of the skin is of a pale reddish brown, distinct from that of any other variety. While the bulbs are slightly flattened in form they are so thick through as to rival those of the smaller globe-shaped varieties, and **much more solid** than other varieties, thus securing the best results where the onions are marketed by weight. When sold to evaporating factories, they produce a greater weight of the evaporated fruit than any other variety, making them the most desirable variety for this purpose, both to the grower and operator. In flavor these "Brown Beauties" from Australia are similar to the popular *Red Wethersfield*.

Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 22 cts.; per lb. 80 cts.
In lots of 5 lbs. at 75 cts. per lb; 10 lbs. or more at 70 cts. per lb.

Succeeds Where Others Fail.

G. M. BOOTH, Canyon City, Colo., December 4, 1899, writes:—I raised fine AUSTRALIAN BROWN ONIONS in mountains where people could not raise any other kind.

Onions as "Solid as a Rock."

WALTER WATSON, Wallowa, Oregon, writes:—Must send you a few words in praise of your seeds, for they are without exception the "BEST THAT GROW." Your AUSTRALIAN BROWN ONION SEED makes the prettiest crop of onions I ever saw, and we've onions now (March) as solid as a rock. They matured three weeks before any other kind, and we took them straight out of the ground to the cellar; they needed no curing. One cannot speak too highly of them.

All Other Onions Failed!

H. W. TOEPERWEIN, Leon Springs, Tex., January 3, 1900, writes:—I have given the AUSTRALIAN BROWN ONIONS a fair trial for the last two years, and find them excellently adapted for this locality. I raise my onions from sets, which I grow myself, planting the seed in the latter part of February and harvesting the sets about the middle of June, then planting them in November. On account of the drought last year my onion crop was a failure, with the exception of the Brown Australian, of which I made about half a crop of beautiful solid onions. The main feature of these onions is their excellent keeping quality. They beat all that I ever saw in that regard.

Onions Sound for Fourteen Months.

ROBERT PALMER, 98 Byers St., Denver, Colo., November, 1900, writes:—I endorse all you ever said in favor of the Brown Australian Onion. I had onions of last year's crop that were sound and about as solid as when I took them from the ground fourteen months before, and showed no signs of sprouting.

Australian Brown in New York.

JAMES E. MURPHY, Clockville, N. Y., writes:—I have tested the NEW AUSTRALIAN ONIONS, and must say they are the most valuable varieties introduced in a generation. The *Australian Brown* is a slightly flattened globe in shape, with a very small neck, and commences to bottom very early in the season, while the top is not more than six inches high and is about as firm and solid as a little bullet from the time it commences to bottom. The onions grow a little above medium size; are fine grained and sweet with a good onion flavor, and are the most firm and solid onions in cultivation. Planted side by the *Early Red Danvers*, and other early varieties it matured *fully two weeks earlier*, and from that I think it is the earliest good onion in cultivation. But the most remarkable quality about this new leader, the *Australian Brown*, aside from earliness and solidity, is its keeping quality. It will actually keep in good condition for a whole year, and is therefore the only onion to raise for storing through the winter to place on the market in the spring while onions bring the highest price.

Burpee's New Extra Early AUSTRALIAN YELLOW GLOBE ONION

Four years ago one of our correspondents in Melbourne, Australia, reading the description of our *New Australian Brown Onion* in THE FARM ANNUAL, sent us for trial a sample of this fine onion, which he said was equally valued in that country. From the small crop of seed grown by us in this country we sent out samples to a number of our customers for advance trial during 1900. The reports received, as well as the trials made at FORDHOOKE FARMS, show that while not yet so well established, it will prove a fit companion to the *Australian Brown*, first introduced by us in 1897, and already so famous as the earliest and best-keeping onion in cultivation.

The bulbs of this NEW AUSTRALIAN YELLOW GLOBE are globe-shaped,—see illustration from a photograph.

The skin is a light brownish yellow, similar to the *Globe Danvers*, but a little lighter, while the bulbs are slightly larger. From their solidity they are heavier, a bushel weighing several pounds more than a bushel of American varieties,—an important feature where bulbs are sold by weight. An average onion measures about three inches in diameter each way, weighing about seven ounces. The onions are thin-necked and ripen evenly in all soils; the plants do not make any second growth. The flesh is pure white, very solid, and exceptionally mild in flavor. As the plants grow quickly, the bulbs mature before hot dry summer weather, and this in connection with their exceptional keeping qualities makes them profitable to plant for market. The productivity of AUSTRALIAN YELLOW GLOBE is truly remarkable. Two customers, in competition for our prizes, reported a yield of two bushels of fine onions from a single small sample packet of seed, while another customer raised a bulb fifteen inches in circumference and twenty-one and a half ounces in weight. Others stated that it produced "the finest onions they had ever grown in a single season from seed." Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 20 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65 cts.; per lb. \$2.25. In lots of 5 lbs. at \$2.20 per lb., but we cannot promise to let any one planter have more than ten pounds.

Australian Yellow,—"Hard and Firm."

CHAS. F. HENDRICKS, Saugatuck, Conn., April 29, 1901, writes:—Kindly send me, by return mail, one ounce AUSTRALIAN YELLOW ONION seed, same as you sent me last year for trial. I have just set out a few of the small ones which I raised from the seeds which you sent me, and found every one as hard and firm as when I pulled them, whereas other kinds which had just the same care had sprouts over a foot long.

"The Handsomest Onions I Ever Saw."

WM. BEEBE, Norwalk, Ohio, October 4, 1900, writes: They were the handsomest onions I ever saw, and if any one can show 150 pounds of nicer AUSTRALIAN YELLOW ONIONS from 600 seeds I am willing to take a back seat. Its chief merits are uniform size, rapid growth, handsome color and shape, and earliness.

"Of Such a Beautiful Shape."

MRS. C. D. WOOD, 3120 Garfield Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn., September 14, 1900, writes:—I sowed the package of AUSTRALIAN YELLOW ONION which you sent to me quite early in the spring. I wish you could see them; I believe every seed came up. They are quite a wonder to every one that sees them. They are just large enough, and such a beautiful shape. We think they are far superior to any other onion; in fact, they are everything any one could wish for.

"The Finest Onions They Ever Saw."

MRS. CHAS. O'NEAL, Dewey, Ill., September 24, 1900, writes:—The AUSTRALIAN YELLOW ONIONS were planted the 6th of May and gathered the 15th of August. Every one around here thinks they are the finest onions they ever saw from seed. We have planted a good many seasons, but have never had such a good yield and large size as this season.

MRS. MARY BROWN, Hominy, Okla., September 5, 1900, writes:—The trial packet of AUSTRALIAN YELLOW ONION yielded one bushel, the largest onions measuring eight inches around. They are keeping well.

"The Best and Largest Onions."

J. ATTRAN CORNETT, Chestnut Hill, Ky., August 24, 1900, writes:—Am glad to tell you that the AUSTRALIAN YELLOW ONION is the best and largest onion that I ever grew. I sowed them May 10th; July 1st I gathered two bushels of the finest and largest onion bulbs ever grown in Letcher County.

MRS. L. N. YODER, Holden, Mo., September 19, 1900, writes:—The AUSTRALIAN YELLOW and BROWN ONIONS—although the season was unfavorable—are the largest I have ever raised, and the nicest I have seen in this community this year. I am very much pleased also with all other seeds I have gotten from you.

BURPEE'S NEW
EXTRA EARLY
AUSTRALIAN
YELLOW GLOBE
ONION,—from
a photograph.



Our New Australian Onions in Maine.

C. W. HAMMOND, Weeks Mills, Me., September 24, 1900, writes:—On account of the drought this year my onions are not so big as last, but are good ones. I can recommend the AUSTRALIAN BROWN as the best onion I ever raised. They are a good keeper and a grand good seller. I sold a peck to one man last fall. He has four of them now, the 24th of September, as round and hard as when they were gathered. The AUSTRALIAN YELLOW is a handsome onion. I raised one and one-half bushels from the sample you sent me.

Our Australian Onions in California.

JOHN C. DODGE, Eureka, Cal., September 22, 1900, writes:—Of the AUSTRALIAN YELLOW ONIONS raised from the small package of seed you sent me I harvested 172 pounds. Have just received first prize on the *Australian Brown Onion* exhibited at the Mechanical and Agricultural Fair, Eureka.

"A Good Onion from Every Seed."

MRS. E. A. FINCH, Leslie, Mich., September 18, 1900, writes:—The Australian Brown Onion is remarkable for its hardness, combined with its long keeping qualities. The bulb is of a light golden-brown color, the flesh being pure white, crisp, and very mild. It is just the right size for table use, not too small but plenty large. The AUSTRALIAN YELLOW ONION is similar in size and shape to the *Australian Brown*, but is lighter colored and is remarkably free from stiffnecks and scallions. The trial package of seeds brought a good onion from every seed.

MRS. W. H. HUNT, Palmer, Neb., September 22, 1900, writes:—The AUSTRALIAN YELLOW ONION grew good, small, firm, solid, and good-flavored onions, and ripened early, the largest weighing one-half of a pound. The *Brown* is about the same in size and quantity, and ripened about the same time.

Gibraltar Onions Bring a Dollar.

S. A. KIERSEY, Onawa, Iowa, October 10, 1900, writes: I have sold all my GIBRALTAR ONIONS that I had to spare at \$1.00 per bushel, whilst other varieties are selling at 50 to 60 cents per bushel.

Gibraltars Bring 3 Cents a Pound.

L. A. GANSON, Lodge Pole, Neb., December 8, 1900, writes:—BURPEE'S GIGANTIC GIBRALTAR ONION has done fine for me in Western Nebraska. I have sold my entire crop of Gibraltar at 3 cents a pound, and could sell another 100 bushels. You will please book me for one and a half pounds of seed of *Gibraltar* and one and a half pounds *Prize-Taker* onion seed,—"the very best that grows." The best is none too good for me!

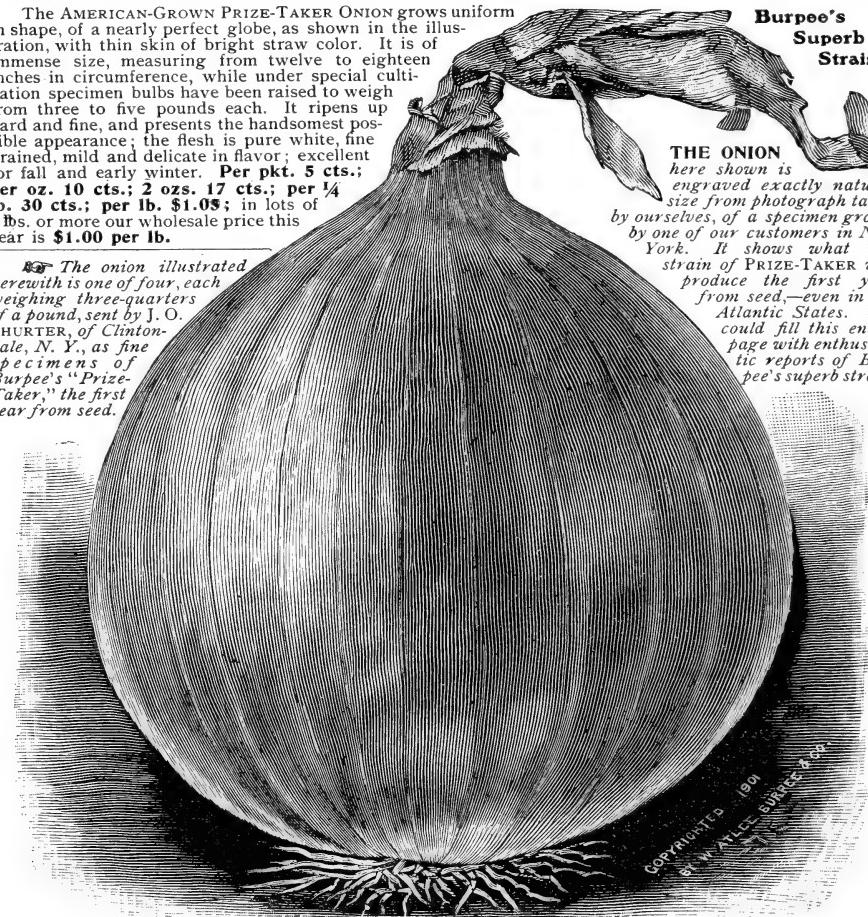
Best American-Grown PRIZE-TAKER ONION.®

The AMERICAN-GROWN PRIZE-TAKER ONION grows uniform in shape, of a nearly perfect globe, as shown in the illustration, with thin skin of bright straw color. It is of immense size, measuring from twelve to eighteen inches in circumference, while under special cultivation specimen bulbs have been raised to weigh from three to five pounds each. It ripens up hard and fine, and presents the handsomest possible appearance; the flesh is pure white, fine grained, mild and delicate in flavor; excellent for fall and early winter. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; per oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 17 cts.; per 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.05;** in lots of 5 lbs. or more our wholesale price this year is **\$1.00 per lb.**

 The onion illustrated herewith is one of four, each weighing three-quarters of a pound, sent by J. O. SHURTER, of Clinton-dale, N. Y., as fine specimens of Burpee's "Prize-Taker," the first year from seed.

Burpee's
Superb
Strain.

THE ONION
here shown is engraved exactly natural size from photograph taken by ourselves, of a specimen grown by one of our customers in New York. It shows what our strain of PRIZE-TAKER will produce the first year from seed,—even in the Atlantic States. We could fill this entire page with enthusiastic reports of Burpee's superb strain.



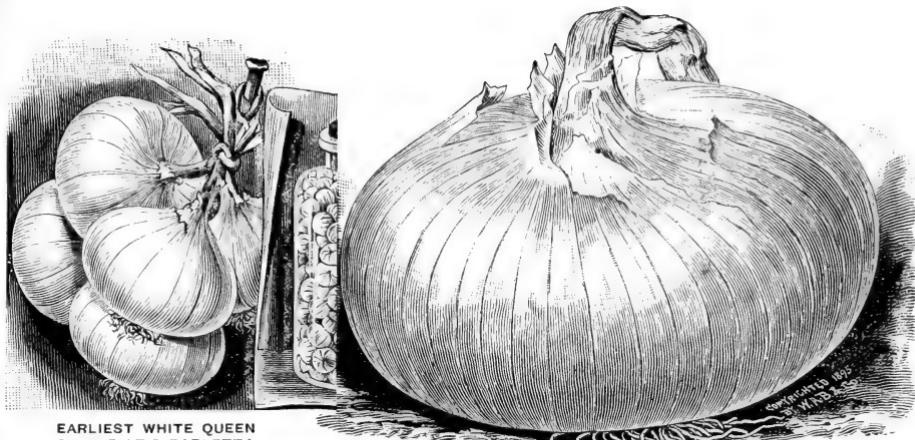
American "Pink Prize-Taker" Onion.

Five years ago we had a beautiful painting made (and actually engraved on stone) for our 1897 catalogue, when upon examining that year's crop of bulbs at FORDHOOF we found that too large a proportion came yellow, like the original "Prize-Taker," while a few came white. Since then we have had this variety carefully selected each season, and a few months ago thought that at last we had it sufficiently true to use this handsome colored plate for the back of our 1902 catalogue.

Careful count of the 1901 crop of bulbs showed, however, that notwithstanding the long-continued selection only about eighty per cent. came "TRUE PINK." The others were, however, fine bulbs. The true type is a very large onion of mild flavor, retaining the characteristics of its parent, the original Prize-Taker, but the color of skin is a decided pink, extremely beautiful, while the flesh is nearly white.  In order that we may secure a complete concensus of opinion as to whether the "PINK PRIZE-TAKER" is really worthy of general adoption, we shall be pleased to give a packet Free to every one that buys one ounce or more of the original Yellow Prize-Taker,—who asks for it and agrees to report result. Others can have it for trial at the following moderate prices (but not in larger quantities than two ounces): **Per pkt. 10 cts.; 1/2 oz. 12 cts.; per oz. 20 cts.; two ounces for 35 cts.**

 **Burpee's Superb Strain of YELLOW PRIZE-TAKER,—\$1.15 per lb.,—see above.** 

Other "Free" Novelties. We have also other novelties (either already established or in process of development) which we desire to have thoroughly tested throughout the country, and of which, according to our usual custom, we shall include trial packets FREE to customers whose orders show an interest in improved new varieties of seed.  We originated this system many years ago, and no other seedsmen have ever distributed so many or such choice novelties "Free for advance trial." It is our constant aim to do more than we promise.



EARLIEST WHITE QUEEN
OR ADRIATIC BARLETTA
ONIONS,—for pickling.

ITALIAN ONIONS.

The *Earliest White Queen* and *Neapolitan Maggajola* are small, flat, white onions, which ripen early when about three-fourths to one inch in diameter, and are highly esteemed for pickling. *BURPEE'S MAMMOTH SILVER KING* (*see illustration*) and the *Giant White Italian Tripoli* are large, flat, white varieties of mild flavor, and grow finely in cool, moist locations, as in the South during the winter months. *Giant Rocca* and *Mammoth Pompeii* make large bulbs, with thin, reddish-brown skin, but with crisp, white flesh of mild flavor.

THE RED and WHITE VICTORIA ONIONS are large globe-shaped bulbs which grow quickly to very large size ; the *White Victoria* is planted largely for green bunch onions in the spring. The finest of these large European varieties, however, for general cultivation in this country, is the **GIGANTIC GIBRALTAR**,—a light-brown skinned globe-shaped bulb, which grows to an extremely large size,—*see description below*.

	In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Earliest White Queen, or Extra Early Barletta. ◎	For pickling,	\$0 15	\$0 50	\$1 70
Neapolitan Maggajola, or Italian May Onion.	Early, white, flat, .	12	40	1 50
Giant Rocca of Naples.	Brown-red ; large size, globe shaped, . . .	10	30	1 10
Giant Red Rocca.	Large, globe shaped ; deep blood-red skin, . . .	10	35	1 20
Giant Yellow Rocca.	Not equal to <i>Prize-Taker</i> ,	10	30	1 10
Giant White Italian Tripoli.	<i>El Paso</i> or "Large Mexican" onion, .	10	35	1 25
Red Mammoth Trioli.	Large, thick, flat onions ; brown-red, . . .	15	40	1 50
Burpee's Mammoth Silver King. ◎	Largest white. (<i>See illustration</i>),	15	40	1 50
Burpee's Mammoth Pompeii.	Reddish skin ; large, flat,	15	50	1 75
Burpee's Mammoth White Victoria. ◎	Crop nearly failed. Pkt. 10 cts.	22		
Burpee's Mammoth Red Victoria. ◎	Fine, large, globe shaped, .	10	30	1 00

Each of the above, except *White Victoria*, 5 cents per packet.

BURPEE'S GIGANTIC GIBRALTAR ONION. ◎

Better Even than *Prize-Taker* in Dry Seasons.

This choice variety was introduced by us in 1895. The supply of seed hitherto has been so limited that it has not become widely known as yet. While the ripened bulbs are similar to those of the *Prize-Taker* in size and form, it is even better adapted to growing in warm, dry locations or seasons. The plants continue in growth longer under such circumstances, and consequently produce larger bulbs. In our Trial Grounds at FORDHOOK FARMS it has always produced the largest bulbs from spring-sown seed, continuing in growth after the American varieties have ripened and the tops died down. The bulbs ripen surely and evenly in the fall. The leaves or blades are distinct in appearance from those of other varieties, being of a *deep green*, with a polished or glossy surface, enabling it to withstand dry weather, blight, and the attacks of insect enemies. For gardeners who find that the *Prize-Taker* ripens prematurely or before attaining large size, we should advise planting this distinct and valuable variety. The clean, handsome bulbs grow to a very large size and are nearly globular in form, being slightly flattened at the ends. Thin skin, of light straw color ; flesh white, very tender and mild. The onions are excellent for home use while in the growing state during the summer months. *The illustration herewith was engraved from a photograph, but is, of course, greatly reduced in size.* Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00; 5 lbs. or more at \$1.95 per lb.



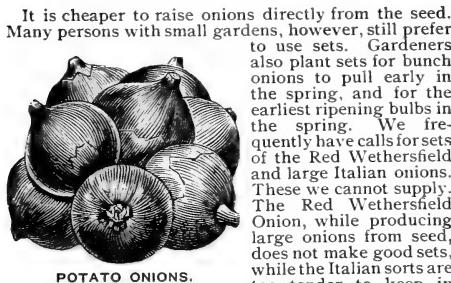
Greatly reduced
in size,—from
photograph.

Copyright 1895 by
W.A.B. & Co.

◎ Please bear in mind ◎ that a **bull's-eye** [◎] means that we consider varieties so marked the **very best** of their respective types. ◎

ONION SETS AND BULBS.

*Prices will be quoted by mail,
upon request at any time.*



POTATO ONIONS.

It is cheaper to raise onions directly from the seed. Many persons with small gardens, however, still prefer to use sets. Gardeners also plant sets for bunch onions to pull early in the spring, and for the earliest ripening bulbs in the spring. We frequently have calls for sets of the Red Wethersfield and large Italian onions. These we cannot supply. The Red Wethersfield Onion, while producing large onions from seed, does not make good sets, while the Italian sorts are too tender to keep in

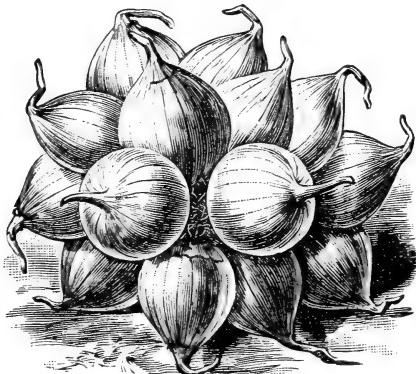
good condition. *Prices by the bushel vary with the market,—please write for quotations.*

WHITE ONION SETS. Grown from our choice strain of the Philadelphia White Silverskin seed,—described on page 62. Per qt. 20 cts.; 2 qts. 35 cts.; 4 qts. 60 cts.; peck \$1.00; per bushel \$3.75.

YELLOW-ONION SETS. Grown from our choice strain of Philadelphia Yellow Strasburg Onion as described on page 60. These will produce handsome well-ripened bulbs of large size quite early in the summer. Per qt. 15 cts.; 2 qts. 30 cts.; 4 qts. 50 cts.; peck 90 cts. per bushel \$3.25.

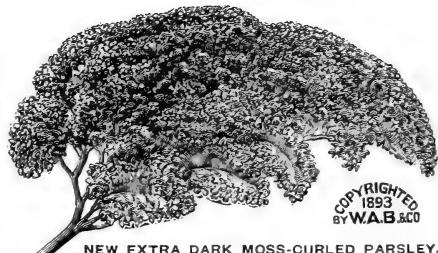
POTATO ONION SETS. Valuable for bunching or an early crop. The smallest sets make fine bulbs of good size, while the larger ones produce a cluster of small to medium-size bulbs. Light-brown skin; mild, white flesh. It is the earliest, most vigorous in growth, and easiest to cultivate of all onions from sets. For the family garden everywhere, the *true Potato Onion*, whether pulled green or as dry bulbs, is most excellent. Per qt. 20 cts.; 2 qts. 35 cts.; 4 qts. 60 cts.; peck \$1.10; per bushel \$4.00.

EGYPTIAN, or PERENNIAL TREE ONION. When once set out, without having the slightest winter protection, it will come up year after year as soon as the frost breaks ground and will grow very rapidly. The bottoms divide, making several irregular-shaped onions that are sweet and tender. The young sets grow on top of the stalks, and can be planted in the fall. Per qt. 15 cts.; 2 qts. 30 cts.; 4 qts. 50 cts.; peck 85 cts.; per bushel \$3.00.



WHITE MULTIPLIER ONION SETS.

WHITE MULTIPLIER. This variety produces a large cluster of small to medium-size onions from a single bulb, maturing very early in the season, being ripened and ready for use even earlier than the *Extra Early White Queen*, or they can be planted in the fall for a supply of early bunch onions. If planted in the spring and left to mature they will increase wonderfully, ripen early, and are just the right size for pickling. They should be gathered just as soon as the tops die down, and be spread thinly in a cool loft or shed to dry. When perfectly cured they will keep in fine condition until quite late in the spring. 20 cts. per qt.; 4 qts. for 65 cts.; peck \$1.25; per bushel \$4.50.



NEW EXTRA DARK MOSS-CURLED PARSLEY.

PARSLEY.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.

PLAIN or SINGLE. Plain leaves, excellent flavor. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.

FINE DOUBLE CURLED. Fine, dwarf, crimped leaves. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 2 ozs. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 45 cts.

EXTRA CURLED DWARF or Emerald Parsley. This is a most beautiful variety. The moss-like leaves, of a handsome bright-green color, are finely curled. For garnishing, no variety is more attractive. Per

pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 45 cts.

EXTRA DARK MOSS-CURLED. This is very ornamental in growth; the leaves are of a peculiar *extra dark-green* color. It is very productive, and from the densely curled character of its leaves a quantity can be gathered in less time than with the more open-leaved varieties. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.

FERN-LEAVED. This is most exquisite in form and color—invaluable as a garnishing plant, and suited for mixing with dwarf ornamental foliage plants in the flower garden and also for table decoration. Per

pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts.

TURNIP-ROOTED, or HAMBURG. The edible portion is the fleshy root, which resembles a small parsnip, and is highly esteemed for flavoring soups, stews, etc. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 40 cts.

PARSNIPS.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 3 cents per pound.

While highly appreciated for the table the great value of the parsnip for stock feeding is but little known. The roots are very rich in saccharine food, adding to the richness of the milk when freshly dug and fed to cows, as well as greatly increasing the flow of milk.

IMPROVED GUERNSEY (Improved Half-Long).

A greatly improved and wonderfully fine strain of Guernsey Parsnip, of which our customers are unanimous in praising the fine quality. The roots do not grow so long as the Hollow Crown, but are of greater diameter and more easily gathered. It is a very heavy cropper. The roots are very smooth, the flesh is fine grained and of most excellent quality. Per

pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 35 cts.

LONG SMOOTH, or HOLLOW CROWN (Abbott's Improved Long Sugar, or Long White Dutch Parsnip).

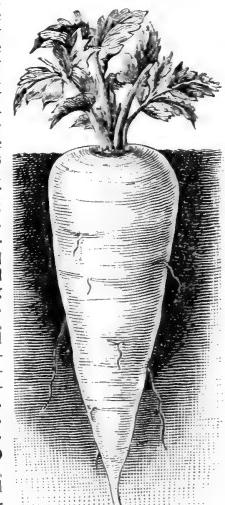
A great cropper; tender, sugary, and considered the best for general cultivation. Parsnips are improved by remaining exposed to frost. Per

pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 10 cts.; per lb. 30 cts.

EARLY SHORT ROUND FRENCH. The earliest,

of good quality, small size. Valuable for bunching with pot-herbs. Per

pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.



IMPROVED GUERNSEY
PARSNIP.

BURPEE'S "BEST" EXTRA EARLY PEA

WB

BURPEE'S BEST EXTRA EARLY.○

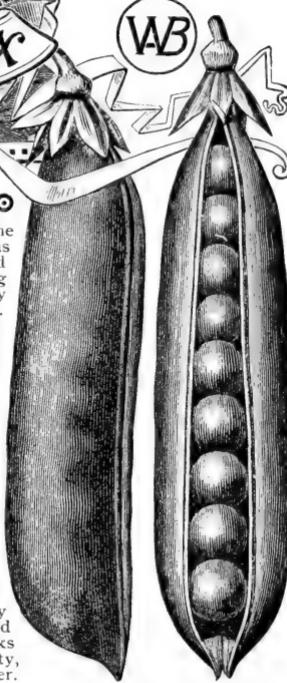
Named and introduced by us in 1889, this strain has proved to be the earliest Pea on record. Like all other choice strains of extra early peas to which various names are given, it has been developed from the old standard *Philadelphia Extra Early*. The earliest and choicest vines being selected for stock each season, this strain has been so improved that it fully bears out our claim as the best extra early strain ever offered. The vines are quite slender, of very quick growth, averaging eighteen inches in height. They bear a heavy crop of fine well-filled pods, averaging three inches in length, nearly all of which can be gathered generally in one picking and always in two. This is an important feature for market gardeners who cannot afford to go over the rows several times for small quantities of pods. Where planted exclusively, sowings should be made every week to insure a constant supply of fresh young pods. See prices quoted in price list below.

ALASKA,—“CLIPPER,” or LAXTON’S EARLIEST OF ALL.○

This is of the same type of growth as *Burpee's Extra Early* and as early in maturity, having slender vines eighteen inches in height, pods two and a half to three inches in length, well filled with small round peas. The dry seed is of a bluish color and the young peas are richer in flavor. Very popular with canners. See prices quoted below.

PEAS,—Round-Seeded Extra Earlies.

The earliest of all is BURPEE'S BEST EXTRA EARLY. Nearly as early and nearly as uniform are our selected strains of *Burpee's Extra Early* and *Philadelphia Extra Early*. Both of these are much superior to stocks usually sold. ALASKA, or “Earliest of All,” is of especially fine quality, being blue-seeded. *Tom Thumb* is still more dwarf and about a week later.



Selected strains,—all hand-picked.

	These prices do not include postage.—				
	Quart.	2 Quarts	4 Quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
Burpee's Best Extra Early.○ Extra fine strain,	\$0 20	\$0 40	\$0 75	\$1 40	\$5 00
Burpee's Extra Early. Also a choice strain,	20	38	70	1 35	5 00
Philadelphia Extra Early (Daniel O'Rourke),	20	35	65	1 20	4 65
Alaska, or Earliest of All.○ (True Blue-seeded),	20	40	75	1 40	5 00
Tom Thumb,	20	40	75	1 40	5 25

Each of the above, 10 cents per packet of two ounces.

PEAS,—Extra Early Wrinkled Varieties.

The earliest of all Wrinkled Peas is NEW SURPRISE,—see description on page 71. This is closely followed by GRADUS, or “PROSPERITY,” the earliest large-podded sort, which is only a few days later than the smooth-seeded extra earlies, with long pods which are filled with large peas of finest quality—the true stock is very scarce. EARLY BOUNTIFUL is a splendid new variety and very productive; midway in season between the Extra Earlies and the standard second-early sorts. These are all of running growth, but do not need support as do the taller and later sorts.

In the dwarf compact-growing extra earlies the AMERICAN WONDER, NOTT'S EXCELSIOR, Extra Early Premium Gem, WILLIAM HURST, and Little Gem mature in the order named. None of these require support, and all can be grown in rows eighteen inches to two feet apart. They are quite prolific; the crops can be gathered in two or three pickings, and the soil cleared for succeeding crops.

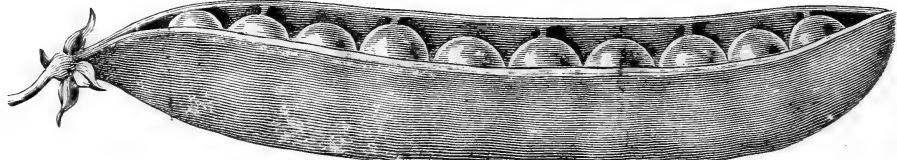


AMERICAN WONDER PEAS.

Selected strains,—all hand-picked.

	These prices do not include postage.—				
	Quart.	2 Quarts	4 Quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
American Wonder.○ True stock; extra fine,	\$0 25	\$0 45	\$0 85	\$1 65	\$6 50
William Hurst,	25	50	90	1 75	6 75
Nott's Excelsior,○	30	55	1 00	1 85	7 00
McLean's Little Gem,	25	45	85	1 65	6 50
Extra Early Premium Gem,○	25	50	90	1 75	6 75
Gregory's New Surprise.○ (See page 71),	25	50	90	1 75	6 75
Gradus, or Prosperity.○ Earliest long-podded,	45	85	1 60	3 00	12 00
Early Bountiful.○ A prolific new early pea,	25	45	85	1 65	6 50

Each of the above, 10 cents per packet of two ounces.



A POD OF THE DUKE OF ALBANY PEA,—engraved from Nature, Natural Size.

PEAS,—Second-Early and Main-Crop Varieties.

Among the best second-early (or succession) varieties to plant for market are BURPEE'S QUANTITY, BURPEE'S QUALITY, BURPEE'S PROFUSION, Abundance, Everbearing, Yorkshire Hero, and Horsford's Market Garden. These all mature about the same time, and, while they are usually supported by brush in the garden, can be grown readily in the field without support; the pods are of medium size and produced in great profusion. Of the large-podded late sorts, the DUKE OF ALBANY is the first to mature, growing three and a half feet high. Of the regular market strains, Champion of England, Telephone, and Long Island Mammoth are among the most popular. All varieties of the popular Telephone type—BOSTON UNRIVALED AND THE ALDERMAN might be described as Improved Telephones—produce very abundantly, and the pods are of large size, well filled with large peas of fine quality. These varieties grow from four to five feet in height in rich soil.

We should call the attention of Market Gardeners to two large-podded late sorts, which grow but eighteen inches in height, bearing large crops of fine, large pods when grown like the extra earlies, without support, and mature at the same season as Champion of England and Telephone. These superior varieties for Market Gardeners are the IMPROVED STRATEGEM and CARTER'S DAISY. Our IMPROVED PRIDE OF THE MARKET is also of similar type, and will be highly esteemed for its superior quality,—for description, see following page.

Selected strains,—all hand-picked.

	These prices do not include postage.				
	Quart.	2 Quarts	4 Quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
Admiral. A popular favorite with canners,	\$0 20	\$0 38	\$0 70	\$1 10	\$4 00
Champion of England. The popular standard,	20	38	65	1 10	4 00
Yorkshire Hero.○ An improved Champion,	20	38	65	1 15	4 25
Bliss's Abundance. Deservedly popular,	20	38	65	1 10	4 00
Bliss's Everbearing. Very prolific,	20	38	65	1 15	4 25
Burpee's QUANTITY.○ (See description, next page), .	25	45	80	1 50	5 50
Burpee's QUALITY.○ (See description, page 71), .	30	50	90	1 75	6 50
Burpee's PROFUSION.○ (See page 71),	30	55	1 00	1 85	
Hurst's Reliance.○ (See page 71),	30	50	90	1 60	6 00
Telephone. Large peas, of rich sugary flavor,	25	45	75	1 40	5 25
Boston Unrivaled.○ An improved Telephone,	25	45	80	1 50	5 50
The Alderman.○ Five days later,	25	45	80	1 50	5 50
Improved Stratagem.○ A selected strain,	25	45	80	1 50	5 50
Pride of the Market. Very popular,	20	38	70	1 35	5 00
Improved PRIDE OF THE MARKET.○	25	45	80	1 50	5 50
Carter's Daisy.○ Crop very short,	35	65	1 10	2 10	
McLean's Advancer. A good second-early,	20	38	65	1 10	4 25
Duke of Albany, or "American Champion,"	25	45	80	1 50	5 50
Heroine. Medium early; long, well-filled pods,	20	38	65	1 10	4 00
Horsford's Market Garden. Very prolific,	20	38	65	1 15	4 25
Shropshire Hero. Well-filled pods; very prolific,	20	38	65	1 15	4 40
Long Island Mammoth. Fine improved Telegraph, . .	20	35	60	1 00	3 75
Dwarf Blue Imperial. Not recommended,	20	35	60	1 00	3 75

All the above are 10 cents per packet of two ounces.

PEAS,—Marrowfats and Edible-Podded.

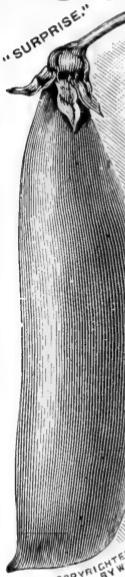
The *White Marrowfat* and *Black-Eyed Marrowfat* have long been staple market varieties for the main crop. The vines are strong and vigorous, growing four to five feet in height, and profuse bearers; in quality they are much inferior to the choice large-podded sorts, unless gathered very young. The *Dwarf Sugar Pea* grows only eighteen to twenty inches high, bearing a profusion of rather small pods; these pods are broken and cooked like string-beans, when young, and are highly esteemed where known, being very sweet and tender. *Mammoth Melting Sugar Pea* grows four feet in height, needing brush or other support; the pods are extra large, fleshy, and of finest flavor. One pint of peas will plant fifty feet of drills; two bushels, one acre in rows four feet apart.

Each, 10 cents per packet,—all hand-picked.

	These prices do not include postage.				
	Quart.	2 Quarts	4 Quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
Black-Eyed Marrowfat,	\$0 15	\$0 25	\$0 45	\$0 75	\$2 75
Royal Dwarf White Marrowfat,	15	25	45	75	2 75
Dwarf Sugar (Purple Blossom),	25	45	85	1 60	6 00
Mammoth Melting Sugar.○ Extra fine; tall,	30	55	1 00	1 85	7 00

By Mail. Please remember to remit 15 cts. per quart for postage, if you should order any peas or beans to be sent by mail.

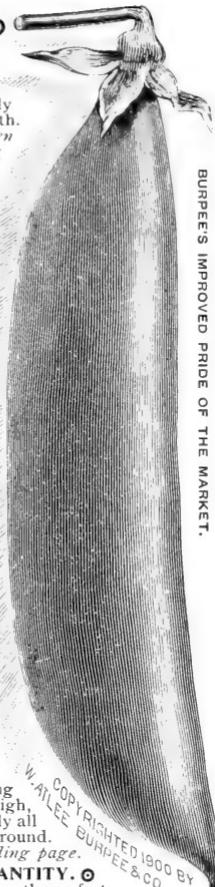
Gregory's SURPRISE,—Eclipse or "Station" Pea. ◎



This distinct new Pea is as quick-growing as the earliest of the smooth round-seeded extra earlies, but of course from the more tender character of the wrinkled seed cannot be planted quite so early. The vines grow only eighteen inches high and are thickly set with round well-filled pods two and a half to three inches in length. The peas are most tender and sweet, retaining their fine flavor even when fully developed. Pods mature quickly and evenly, making it an excellent variety for market gardeners who wish to gather the entire crop in one or two pickings, and have the ground clear for a second planting. For prices, see page 69.

Burpee's Improved Pride of the Market. ◎

Pride of the Market is among the finest in quality of all the large-podded dwarf-growing garden peas. This new strain has been greatly improved and bears uniformly extra large, handsome, dark-green pods which are all filled with large peas of finest quality. The season is the same as that of *Telephone*, but the vines being of dwarf growth and not needing brush, make it a more desirable variety for small gardens as well as for field culture on a large scale. As the rows can be planted more closely together, a crop nearly as large can be gathered from these dwarf vines as from tall sorts, which require brush. See illustration to the right,—prices on preceding page.



BURPEE'S IMPROVED PRIDE OF THE MARKET.

New Pea,—Hurst's Reliance. ◎

A most valuable and productive early variety, either for market or home garden. The vines are rather slender, with light-green foliage, but are of quick strong growth, attaining a height of four to five feet in rich soil. As they seem to be proof against mildew, this will be an excellent variety for planting late in the spring for a summer supply where other large-podded sorts fail to set pods during the latter part of July and in August. The haulm is thickly set with well-filled round pods three inches in length. The peas are closely crowded in the pods which are completely filled to the blunt square tip and are a rich dark green in color, very sweet and tender. We have grown "HURST'S RELIANCE" for several years, and can strongly recommend it to plant in the family garden for a supply of finest table peas during the summer months, not only on account of its healthy growth and superb quality, but also for the length of time during which the vines continue in bearing. The vines continue setting pods as they increase in height. For prices, see preceding page.

BOSTON UNRIVALED. ◎ An improved strain of the popular *Telephone*, being ready for use at the same period and similar in growth. It grows nearly five feet high, and the haulm is literally covered with fine large pods. These pods mature nearly all at one time, and are five inches in length by three-quarters of an inch broad, nearly round. Each pod contains seven to eight large peas of fine flavor. For prices, see preceding page.

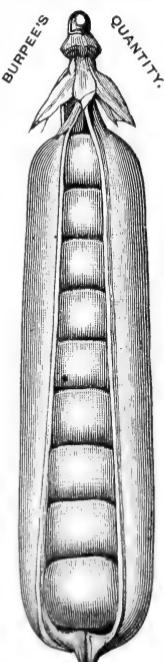
GRADUS, or PROSPERITY. ◎ The illustration of this famous pea is purposely omitted, because the crops have been so extremely short that there is not enough seed of the true stock to supply the demand. Even at the higher prices we are obliged to charge this year we doubt if we can supply *GRADUS* in larger quantities than pecks after April ist.

LAXTON'S EVOLUTION. ◎ Crop failed, therefore we have positively none for sale this season. In place of this variety we should recommend that you plant either LONG ISLAND MAMMOTH, DUKE OF ALBANY, ALDERMAN, or the new BURPEE'S IMPROVED PRIDE OF THE MARKET.

About Prices. Any honest seedsman will tell you that the crops of first-class selected seed peas have been shorter the past season than was ever known before; many fields have returned barely the actual seed planted. Therefore there is almost "a famine in peas," and in common with all careful growers we must reserve sufficient for stock seed. Consequently, prices are higher than for many years past.

If you are offered peas at low prices this year you may safely conclude that they are either old stock or of inferior quality.

In explanation of the frightful shortage in seed peas it might be well to state that the scalding hot weather in midsummer fairly cooked the young peas in the pod, and this blighted condition of the stock necessitated a terrible amount of hand-picking in order to put the stock into merchantable condition. Dealers who handle only "riddled" or machine-cleaned stock, instead of hand-picked, will surely have wretched samples of seed peas this season,—worth less than half the prices we are obliged to charge.



BURPEE'S QUANTITY. ◎ The vines grow three feet in height, branching freely, and are covered with round, well-filled pods which hang out from the foliage in pairs. Under ordinary field culture the vines will easily average fifty pods each, while we have counted as many as ninety pods on a single vine. The pods are three inches long and contain from seven to nine large peas, so closely crowded together that they are flattened on the sides. Of fine quality; most highly recommended. For prices, see price list on preceding page.

BURPEE'S QUALITY. ◎ This pea resembles *Quantity* in growth, but is ready for use rather earlier. It is almost equally productive, while of unequaled quality. The peas are most delicious in flavor. For prices, see price list on preceding page.

BURPEE'S PROFUSION. ◎ The pods are borne in pairs, hanging well out from the foliage. There are usually from fifty to ninety pods on a single plant. In common with most other peas in the seed-growing sections of Northern New York and Canada, BURPEE'S PROFUSION has yielded but small crops the past unfavorable season. Therefore we are unable to offer in larger quantities than by the peck. Those who are accustomed to plant PROFUSION more largely are recommended this year in its place to plant BURPEE'S QUANTITY, which is quite similar and will be found equally as satisfactory. We are glad to announce also that we have a fine stock of the new HURST'S RELIANCE, which in some respects is a superior variety. For prices, see preceding page.



BURPEE'S RUBY KING.



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PEPPERS.

The hot, pungent flavor of a pepper is in inverse ratio to its size, the small peppers being the hottest, while the large varieties are quite mild in flavor. Every vegetable garden should have several, while some are sufficiently beautiful to include in the flower garden. A "packet" (except of the new large-seeded *Chinese Giant*) contains generally from 400 to 800 seeds, and an ounce from 4000 to 8000. One ounce will sow 300 feet of drill in seedbed; about 10,000 plants are required for an acre.

BURPEE'S RUBY KING. Introduced by us eighteen years ago, this is the most popular large red pepper now in cultivation. Very large scarlet fruits of sweet, mild flavor. Plants grow two feet high and bear a fine crop of the handsome large fruits, which ripen earlier than any other large-fruited variety. The flesh is quite thick, sweet and mild, so mild that if the seeds are removed the fruits may be eaten from the hand like an apple. Especially fine for salads, or stuffed for mangoes. **Per pkt. 5 cts. and 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; 1 lb. \$2.10.**

BURPEE'S MIKADO. A small ornamental-fruited variety of most distinct form. The bright-scarlet fruits are borne stiffly erect on short stems, are one inch across and half an inch in depth; heavily ribbed or lobed in the form of a Maltese cross; strong, pungent flavor. Very ornamental and quite desirable to grow for putting in small mixed pickles. **Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.**

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Improved Large Bell, or Bull-Nose. Large, mild ; glossy red, . . .	\$0 20	\$0 60	\$2 00
Sweet Mountain, or Mammoth. Really identical with Bull-Nose, . . .	20	60	2 00
Spanish Monstrous. Very large, thick fleshed ; red ; mild, . . .	20	60	2 00
Dwarf Early Red Squash. Thick fleshed ; early ; of mild flavor, . . .	20	60	2 00
Celestial. Small fruits ; creamy yellow ; scarlet when ripe, . . .	20	60	2 00
Kaleidoscope. Of changing colors,—cream, yellow, rose, and scarlet, . . .	20	60	2 00
Long Red Cayenne. The <i>true</i> Cayenne ; hot and pungent, . . .	20	60	2 00
True Red Chili. Small bright-red peppers ; very hot, . . .	20	60	2 00
Golden Dawn. Golden-yellow peppers ; mild and sweet, . . .	20	60	2 00
Golden Queen. Largest sweet yellow pepper. Per pkt. 10 cts., . . .	22	70	2 50
Procopp's Giant. Long scarlet peppers of mammoth size. Pkt. 10 cts., . . .	22	70	2 50
Bird's-Eye, or Creole. Extremely hot ; small, round ; scarlet, . . .	20	65	2 25
New Fancy Wrinkled, Mixed. Of three bright colors; very beautiful,	22	70	2 50

Each of the above, **5 cts. per pkt.**, except the last four, which are **10 cts. per pkt.**

BURPEE'S CHINESE GIANT. See next page.

BURPEE'S GOLDEN UPRIGHT. The peppers grow upright on stiff stems. The fruits are large and handsome, *fully double the size of Golden Dawn*, and of a beautiful rich golden yellow, tinged with blush-red where exposed to the sun. The peppers are as mild and pleasant to the taste as *Ruby King*. **Per pkt. 10 cts.**

RED CLUSTER. The plants are ornamental in growth. The small thin peppers, of a most conspicuous coral-red color, are crowded curiously together in bunches at the top of each branch. A single plant will bear hundreds of the handsome hot little peppers. **Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; 1 lb. \$2.00.**

TABASCO. The Tabasco Sauce has a national reputation for flavoring soup, oysters, meat, etc. Plants make large bushes bearing profusely the little bright-red peppers in sprays. A mature pepper measures about one inch in length; they are *extremely hot and fiery in flavor*. **Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 2 ozs. for 65 cts.**

CORAL GEM BOUQUET. Hundreds of the small bright-red peppers are set so thickly on the dwarf plants as to give each plant the appearance of a "Bouquet of Corals." The peppers are intensely hot and piquant. **Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 25 cts.**

RED ETNA. Ornamental in growth, the rich dark scarlet of the ripe fruits contrasting with the lively light-green foliage. The peppers are always borne erect and are conical in shape, becoming "squared" on the top as they mature. The peppers are of sweet, *mild* flavor and convenient size. **Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.**

BLACK NUBIAN. The peppers are of a deep blue-black, appearing nearly coal-black, while the stalks of the plants are also black, bearing *deep-purple flowers*. So novel a plant attracts universal attention; the peppers are superior for pickling, being sharp and pungent. **Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.**

One-third Off. Please remember that the prices "per packet" are same as retail, from which we allow a discount of thirty-three and one-third per cent. The prices by weight, including ounces, are net and not subject to discount.

A *bull's-eye*, according to the "Century Dictionary," means a shot that hits the bull's-eye—the best shot that can be made. In this catalogue we have marked with a *bull's-eye* [WB] those varieties of seeds which we consider the very best of their class for general cultivation. Even the inexperienced planter can make no mistake by confining his selection, in each class, to those varieties of seeds marked with a *bull's-eye*.

Chinese Giant—"is Giant Indeed."

See Painting on Cover of Farm Annual.

L. G. CLUTE, Greeley, Del. Co., Iowa, October 16, 1900, writes:—"In the large number of varieties (nearly 100) grown from your seed not one of them was a failure. Not only was the stand perfect, but the vegetables were perfect also. The tomatoes were the wonder of all who saw them. The BURPEE'S ALLHEAD EARLY CABBAGE took the lead of everything I ever saw. I took first premium at Iowa State Fair on specimens weighing thirty-eight pounds dressed ready for cooking. They were the largest early cabbages I ever saw. My ONIONS were simply immense. I took first premium on White, Yellow, and Red; also first on Collection."

AUSTRALIAN BROWN ONION deserves special mention; no Onion at our State Fair attracted so much attention. The Onion Show was the largest and finest ever shown at the Iowa State Fair. CHINESE GIANT PEPPER is giant indeed, some measuring fifteen inches around them. They are the finest shaped pepper for stuffing I ever grew. I had twenty-two large fruits on one vine at one time; not one less than twelve inches around. I want to say to you that as long as L. G. CLUTE lives, I shall buy from W. ATLEE BURPEE & CO., and try to get all of my friends to buy of you also."

An Expert Opinion of The Burpee System.

HERBERT MYRICK, Esq., President of The Orange Judd Company, of New York, and also of The Phelps Publishing Company, after a visit to FORDHOOK, wrote:

"Seedsmen would not be so often blamed if more of them conducted their business along the lines adopted by Burpee. And farmers would be less prone to complain of seed if they would visit the leading testing grounds and seed farms. At Fordhook, for instance, we find Mr. Burpee testing more than 6000 varieties of plants and flowers. Only about one-third this number may finally go into his catalogue, but the tests enable him to sift the good from the poor, both from seed of his own production or that is grown for him by experts under contract. How important such tests are is realized more by the market gardener and florist than by many farmers. . . . There are scalawags in every trade, but American agriculture in all its branches owes most of its improved fruits, vegetables, and flowers to the men who have honored the seed and florists' trades."—Editorial from THE AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST, New York, September 19, 1899.

Caution! Beware of the cheaper Bull Nose or Ruby King Pepper seed being sold as Chinese Giant. We notice that a European dealer is offering so-called Chinese Giant Pepper Seed to the American trade at fifty cents per pound! Some dealers, not knowing how few seeds each of these gigantic fruits contain, may import this cheap seed for sale to their customers,—paying much less per pound than the genuine seed is worth per ounce!

BURPEE'S MAMMOTH
"CHINESE GIANT" PEPPER.
Hardly one-third Natural
Size,—from a
Photograph.



New Red Pepper, "CHINESE GIANT"

Double the Size of Burpee's Ruby King and Equally as Mild.

This is the largest and finest mild red pepper. Truckers planting for market will find BURPEE'S "CHINESE GIANT" the most profitable variety they ever handled. Not only is it early in ripening and immensely productive for so large a pepper, but its enormous size will cause it to sell most readily. The plants are vigorous in growth, but of stocky habit, seldom more than two feet in height. They are well branched and thickly set with enormous fruits, which appear to hang in clusters,—so many being set on the comparatively small plants. Frequently half a dozen fruits will touch each other, as if in a single bunch; the strong growth of the plants and abundant foliage enable them to mature the large number of fruits nearly as early as the popular *Burpee's Ruby King*. The monstrous fruits are of thick blocky form and of most brilliant glossy scarlet. They grow four to five inches broad at the top and are of equal length, divided into four or more large ridges; when ripe they are indented at the blossom end.

The first fruits set in a cluster of three to five at base of the plant, and are generally longer than those setting later on the upper branches, although the later fruits are equally as broad. All are uniformly of most "enormous" size. The flesh is unusually thick and extremely mild,—as sweet as an apple; it makes an excellent salad sliced and served like tomatoes. The enormous fruits yield so little seed that the genuine seed must be always high in price.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50 cts.; per oz. 90 cts.; 4 ozs. at 75 cts. per oz.,—"sold only under seal."



"A Veritable Monster Among Peppers."

CHINESE GIANT PEPPER.—W. Atlee Burpee & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., sent us some seeds of this veritable monster among peppers for trial last spring. We have grown them with much pleasure, and find the gigantic and highly colored fruits a pleasant

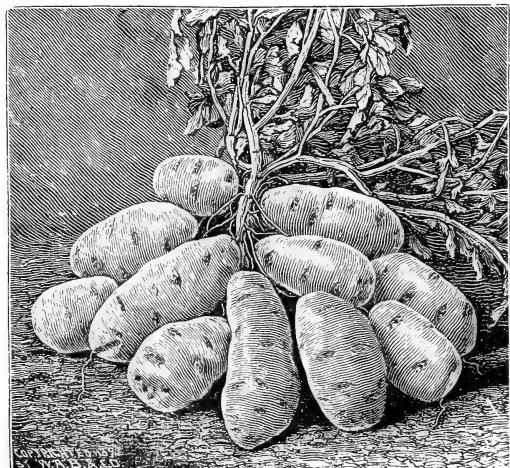
addition to summer salads, as the flesh is thick, tender, and sweet, without any of the burning pungency often found in the older varieties. The plants grow finely, and the immense peppers, often more than six inches in diameter and depth, make a very handsome show in the garden. The Chinese Giant is somewhat earlier than the popular Ruby King Pepper, and seems to be fully as productive, if bulk be taken into consideration.—An unsolicited editorial in THE RURAL NEW YORKER, New York, October 6, 1900.

BURPEE'S EXTRA EARLY.

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BY W. A. LEE BURPEE & CO.

BURPEE'S EXTRA EARLY

while **fully one week earlier than the Early Ohio and nearly twice as productive.** The potatoes are of good size, uniformly free from rough or scabby tubers; oblong in form, very smooth, eyes set well on the surface, skin creamy white, slightly shaded with pink. The flesh is pure white, remarkably fine grained, and always of the *best table quality*. The tubers grow compactly in the hill, with strong foliage of dark green. It is a sure cropper, *immensely productive*, and, on account of its superb quality, will undoubtedly become the **standard extra early potato.** Per lb 30 cts.; 3 lbs. for 75 cts., postpaid. By express or freight, purchaser to pay transportation charges upon receipt of the potatoes: **Per peck 65 cts.; one-half bushel \$1.15; per bushel of 60 pounds, \$2.25; per barrel of 165 pounds, \$4.75; two barrels for \$9.00.** Please order **EARLY.**



A Hill of BURPEE'S "GREAT DIVIDE,"—from a Photograph.

Quarter-Century—THE Tomato for the South.

CLINTON BYBEE, Willis, Tex., September 9, 1901, writes:—After growing your QUARTER-CENTURY TOMATO this season I like it better than ever. I planted six different varieties. The Quarter-Century was the earliest by eight to ten days, and stood the dry weather much better than any of them. The hot sun softened or blistered almost all of the Livingston's Beauty and most of the other kinds, but not so with the Quarter-Century. It seems to adapt itself to suit the weather. It is the tomato for the South especially, for it stands wet or dry weather. I advise all truck growers to plant Quarter-Century Tomato. It is the best tomato that can be grown, and it makes a heavy, stocky plant to set, much better than any other.

is from ten days to two weeks earlier than *Early Rose* or *Beauty of Hebron*,

Main-Crop Potato,— Burpee's Great Divide.

The most desirable main-crop variety, being the strongest in growth, the heaviest yielding, finest keeping, and best shipping late variety in cultivation. The vines are wonderfully vigorous, nearly blight and insect proof, quite stiffly erect, and the tubers lie closely together in the hill, admitting of close planting and continued cultivation in good ground. Very abundant deep-green foliage capable of withstanding heat and drought. The tubers are very handsome; oblong, thick, and round in form, holding thickness well out to the ends; few and very shallow eyes; skin pure white, quite thin but firm and tough, readily pared with a minimum of waste, while the table quality is of the choicest, the flesh being pure white, dry, and floury. It cooks finely and very quickly, with a delicious nutty flavor. In good soil the tubers all grow to large size with very few, if any, seconds. The testimonials we have received from purchasers of this variety in previous seasons show that it succeeds over a wide range of territory and under most varied conditions. **Prices the same as quoted above for Burpee's Extra Early.**

Ripe Tomatoes in Forty-five Days!

DAVID SEWARD, Bayou La Batre, Ala., June 22, 1901, writes:—Forty-five days ago I planted your QUARTER-CENTURY Tomato Seed. To-day I have ripe tomatoes three and a quarter inches in diameter by two inches deep; average five in cluster. Weather has been very unfavorable. How is that for high?

Matchless,—“Finest Tomato I Ever Saw.”

JAMES D. WATSON, Johnston, S. C., May 25, 1901, writes:—Enclosed find money order for \$3.50, for which please send me at once one pound MATCHLESS TOMATO Seed. The Matchless is certainly the finest tomato I ever saw. This order will make two and a quarter pounds ordered of you this season.

SEED POTATOES.

It will pay progressive farmers to plant **the best Seed Potatoes**, even at the higher prices we are obliged to charge for the seed. Not only will these varieties make a large yield of the finest potatoes that should bring the best price on market, but also there is sure to be a good demand for **Seed Potatoes**, at remunerative prices, from many neighbors who see these potatoes growing.

Our seed potatoes this season, as usual, have been grown carefully especially for seed and are now stored in fine condition in our cellars, awaiting orders. All orders accompanied by the cash will be promptly acknowledged, and the potatoes forwarded as soon as the weather permits. Please state whether we shall ship by express or freight. To many points in the South shipments can be made most cheaply by the various lines of steamers sailing every week from Philadelphia. At the prices below we make no charge for barrels, boxes, bags, or cartage.

In case of changes, special prices will be given by letter. The varieties named below are the best and most popular now in cultivation.

Prices for the choicest selected Seed Potatoes in the following list of standard varieties, to be shipped by freight or express at purchaser's expense: **50 cts. per peck; \$1.85 per bushel** (of 60 lbs.); **\$4.25 per barrel** (of 165 lbs.). On large orders we shall be pleased to make special quotations by mail.

Potatoes by Mail: The price for all varieties, excepting only the new *Extra Early Eureka*, described below, is **25 cts. per lb., or 3 lbs. for 60 cts.**—for good whole tubers, carefully boxed.

TRUE EARLY ROSE. The *EARLY ROSE* is the standard early Potato. We are prepared to furnish fine **Maine** and **Prince Edward Island Early Rose** in large lots, at *special prices*, subject to market.

EXTRA EARLY VERMONT. Identical in color, form, and general appearance to the *Early Rose*.

EARLY OHIO. Round-oblong, smooth tubers; very early; of fine quality, but not a heavy yielder.

CARMAN No. 1. A grand variety, size medium to large; thick and slightly flattened, a good tuber being nearly five inches long, three and a half inches broad, and one and a half inches in thickness; color of skin very pale, nearly white; eyes few.

RURAL NEW YORKER No. 2. Of very distinct and handsome appearance; the tubers are of large size, with remarkable smoothness of skin; the eyes are few, distinct, and shallow. It is of extreme whiteness, both of skin and flesh, and excellent table qualities. It has great vigor in growth and solidity of tuber, which enable it to resist disease.

EARLY THOROUGHBRED. Same season and general appearance as the *Early Rose*, but of larger size and more productive. The potatoes are uniformly large and smooth, oblong in form, very thick through, with smooth light-brown skin, tinged with pink about the eyes; of excellent quality.

Extra Early "EUREKA." An extra early variety, produced a remunerative crop as early or earlier than any other potato in cultivation. *The vines die down as soon as the tubers are ripened*,—thus insuring smooth regular tubers of good quality, entirely free from knobs. Planted with the *Bovée* the *EUREKA* matured ten days earlier, and produced a third more large tubers under the same conditions. It is about three days earlier than *Burpee's Extra Early*, and while not equal in quality, the firm white flesh is entirely free from any hard core or black specks.

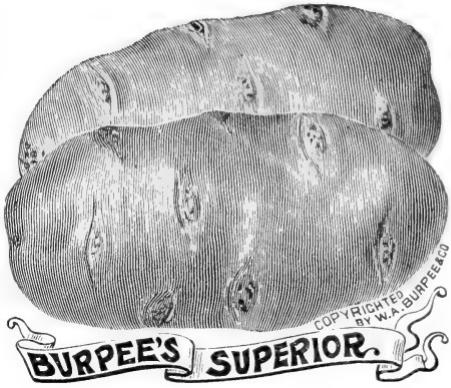
The tubers are quite broad and of a shortened oblong form, thick through and with few eyes. The skin is very smooth and of a pure snowy whiteness, the potato being of the most attractive appearance.

Unfortunately with the small stock planted in the past extremely unfavorable season, the supply is very small and we can offer only in small quantities. Per lb. 40 cts.; 3 lbs. for 85 cts., postpaid.

Prize Awards. The enormous edition of this year's catalogue necessitates "going to press" before the prizes offered last year have been awarded. The results will be published in our PRIZE SUPPLEMENT, which, as announced on page 144, will be mailed free to all customers who ask for it.

Burpee's Extra Early.

perfectly smooth, of best quality, and having been grown from **choice selected stock** will produce as fine a crop as any we have sent out heretofore. Although the past season has been so unfavorable, **BURPEE'S EXTRA EARLY POTATO** has, under identically the same conditions, outyielded in every way such popular varieties as *Early Rose*, *Bovée*, and *Early Thoroughbred*,—see preceding page.

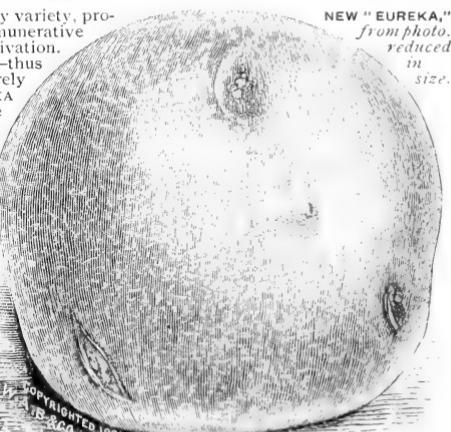


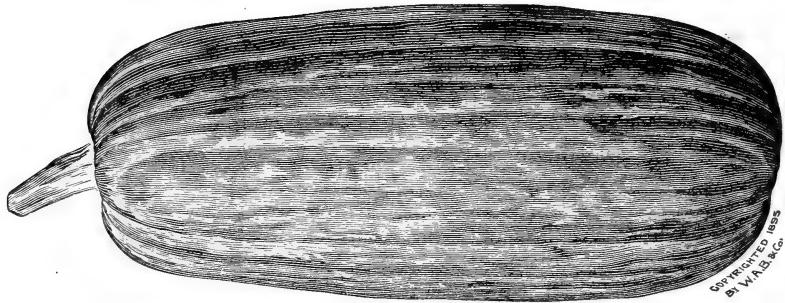
BEAUTY OF HEBRON. Very rapid and vigorous grower, ripening as early as *Early Rose*, which it resembles, but frequently exceeds in productiveness and excellence for table use, either baked or boiled.

BURPEE'S SUPERIOR. As shown in the illustration, it is oblong in form and of even thickness throughout, as the ends are sharply rounded. It has but few eyes, and these are quite shallow, so there is no waste in paring for the table. It is **SUPERIOR** in its excellent quality when cooked. Many of the large late varieties are quite hard and watery when first dug, and do not attain good cooking condition until they have become partly dry, while the **SUPERIOR** is in excellent condition for cooking from the time it is dug until late in the spring.

STATE OF MAINE. A late or main-crop variety, producing tubers of exceptionally fine table quality. Tubers are spread out in the hill, uniformly large in size, and of broad, flattened, oval form.

BURPEE'S EMPIRE STATE. A very productive late sort of good size and excellent quality. Potatoes uniformly large, oblong, smooth, and handsome, of fine flavor, and cook dry and floury. This is a seedling of the popular *White Elephant*; it is equally as productive and of finer quality,—really first class.





BURPEE'S GOLDEN OBLONG PUMPKIN,—accurately engraved from a Photograph.

PUMPKINS.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.

BURPEE'S GOLDEN OBLONG PUMPKIN. ⓠ A very hardy and productive variety, pumpkins averaging fifteen to twenty inches in length and eight to ten inches in diameter. Skin of a rich golden orange, thin but tough, making it almost as good a keeper for winter as the hard-shell squashes. Flesh is a light golden-yellow color, of very rich, fine quality. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 60 cts.**

SMALL SUGAR. A handsome prolific variety; fruits of small size, averaging about ten inches in diameter, of excellent keeping qualities, flattened or slightly ribbed. Skin deep orange, flesh sweet. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 45 cts.**

GOLDEN MARROW. One of the very best yellow pie pumpkins. Fruits are rounded oblong in form, slightly ribbed, with skin of a rich golden orange. Flesh of excellent flavor, cooking soft and tender. A splendid keeper. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.**

NEW JAPANESE. ⓠ This is similar in size and form to the well-known *Cushaw*, but the skin is a deep green, with darker stripes, turning to a rich golden yellow. Fruits mature early; the large neck is solidly meaty and seeds are marked with curious indentations, resembling the characters of the Chinese alphabet. Flesh deep yellow and of excellent quality. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.**

IMPROVED LARGE FIELD, or "BIG TOM." ⓠ A very hardy and prolific variety. Vines of strong vigorous growth, and wonderfully prolific. Fruits in good soil will average fifteen to twenty inches in diameter. Round or slightly oval in form. Smooth, hard, reddish-orange skin, slightly ribbed, with rich orange-yellow flesh. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; 1/4 lb. 12 cts.; per lb. 35 cts.**

GENUINE MAMMOTH PUMPKIN. ⓠ The "True Potiron" of France.

Also called "King of the Mammoths" and New Mammoth "Jumbo" Pumpkin.

Fruits grow to enormous size, sometimes reaching two feet or more in diameter, and from one hundred to two hundred pounds or even more in weight. In 1884 our prize was won with one of **226 lbs.** Salmon-orange skin, very thick bright-yellow flesh, which is fine grained, tender, and of excellent quality for pies. **Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 28 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.60.**

Trade in Melons is Growing Rapidly!

ORLANDO MOORE, Visalia, Cal., December 17, 1901, writes:—Enclosed please find forty-two dollars (\$4.20) for 40 lbs. of KLECKLEY SWEETS WATER-MELON seed as grown by the originator, Mr. Kleckley. Please send by freight. My trade for good melons is growing rapidly!

Onions Brought \$1.00 per Bushel.

D. J. CAIRNS, Mooringsport, La., writes:—My Prize-Taker Onions were very fine last year. No scallions and very few small. I raised a hundred bushels on a very small piece of land and sold them all at \$1.00 per bushel. It was a great surprise to them here.

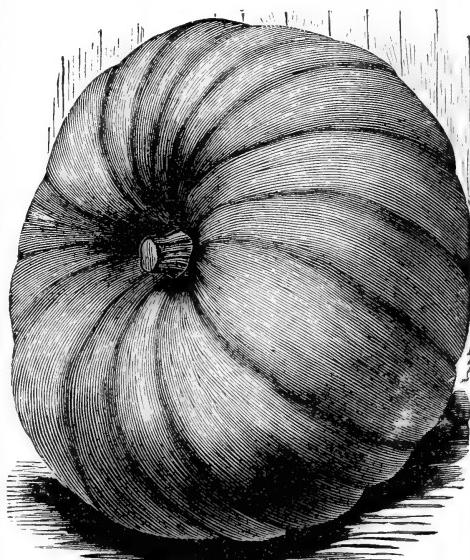
LARGE CHEESE (Kentucky Field). Large, round, flattened fruits with broad ribs; creamy-buff skin; averages two feet in diameter. It is an excellent keeper, with thick flesh of fine quality. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; 1/4 lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 38 cts.**

CALHOUN. A large straight-necked sort, two feet in length, with creamy skin and fine salmon-yellow flesh of excellent flavor. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 45 cts.**

BURPEE'S QUAKER PIE. ⓠ A most prolific variety, having fruits of medium size and of the finest quality. The fruits are broad pear-shaped to slightly oval in form. Rich creamy-buff skin, and flesh very fine grained and rich in flavor. Stored in a warm dry place it is an excellent keeper. *Crop extremely short.* **Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. for 28 cts.**

TENNESSEE SWEET POTATO. Pear-shaped fruits of good size, having the skin finely striped with mottled green bands on a creamy-white ground. The seed is all in the cavity of the large bowl-like end, the thick neck being solidly meaty. Rather tender, but of exceptionally fine quality. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.**

WINTER LUXURY. ⓠ This is a very prolific small-fruited variety of superior quality. It is offered also under the name of *Livingston's Pie Squash*, but is a true pumpkin; having thin tender skin. Fruits nearly round or slightly oblong, averaging six to eight inches in diameter. Flesh deep golden yellow. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.**



THE GENUINE MAMMOTH PUMPKIN.

✉ Burpee Seeds Raise "Prize Winners,"—see page 57. ✉



BURPEE'S EARLIEST (SCARLET BUTTON) RADISH.



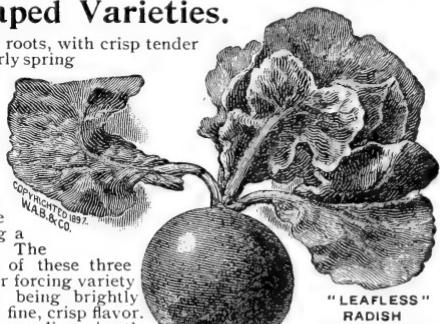
WHITE-TIPPED SCARLET TURNIP RADISH.

RADISH,—Early Turnip-Shaped Varieties.

The following produce small round or turnip-shaped roots, with crisp tender flesh, of mild flavor, and are extremely popular in the early spring markets. By frequently repeated sowings they may be had in the finest condition throughout the season.

BURPEE'S EARLIEST, *Early Round Dark Red*, and *Extra Early Scarlet Turnip*, are all very early sorts, maturing within a few days of each other in the order named. All are of fine, smooth, round form, with brightly colored skin and crisp white flesh.

RUBY-PEARL, *White-Tipped Scarlet Ball*, and *Scarlet Turnip White Tip* are small, round, extra early sorts, with bright-scarlet top and a small white circle on tip where the slender tap-root joins the bulb, making a very attractive contrast when bunched for market. The *Ruby-Pearl* is the earliest and most brightly colored of these three varieties. The new *TRIUMPH* is an extra early spring or forcing variety of distinct coloring,—the small, round, white roots being brightly marked with scarlet stripes running around the bulbs; fine, crisp flavor. Of the standard white turnip-shaped varieties the earliest is the small round *Early White Turnip*, which is ready for market with the small scarlet sorts named above. *Philadelphia White Box* is a favorite market strain, larger than the preceding and somewhat later. BURPEE'S *GOLDEN DRESDEN* is a small round root, and one of the earliest, with pale golden-brown



"LEAFLESS" RADISH

From a Photograph, natural size, showing remarkably small foliage.

skin and crisp white flesh.

☞ In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound. ☚

Burpee's EARLIEST, or Improved "Scarlet Button,"	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Dark-Red Ball. Deep scarlet turnip forcing radish; quick growing, .	\$0 06	\$0 20	\$0 70
Early Round Dark Red. Very handsome; fine, round, rich colored, .	6	20	60
Extra Early Scarlet Turnip. The standard; small, round, red, .	6	20	60
Burpee's Golden Dresden. Golden skin; crisp white flesh, .	6	17	50
New Leafless. Leaves phenomenally short. Per pkt. 10 cts., .	5	15	45
New Leafless. Leaves phenomenally short. Per pkt. 10 cts., .	15	40	1 50
Early Yellow Ball. Yellow skin; extremely early, .	6	17	50
Triumph. White, marked with scarlet stripes. Per pkt. 10 cts., .	15	40	1 50
Burpee's Ruby-Pearl. Brightest red, tipped pure white, .	10	25	90
Scarlet Turnip, White Tip. The popular early "Rosy Gem,"	6	18	55
White-Tipped Scarlet Ball. Brightest scarlet, tipped with white, .	6	18	55
Early White Turnip. Both skin and flesh white; crisp and tender, .	6	17	50
Philadelphia White Box. Similar to preceding, but larger in size, .	6	17	50
Burpee's "White Button." New; see Farm Annual. Per pkt. 10 cts., .	25		

☞ Except where otherwise priced, each variety is 5 cents per packet.

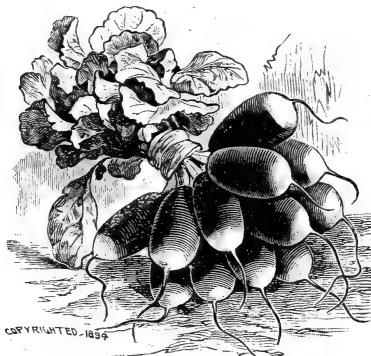
RADISH,—Early Long Varieties.

The LONG SCARLET SHORT TOP is the standard early sort, being ready for use in about twenty-five days from planting; the radishes are long, slender, handsomely colored, and very attractive in appearance when bunched. *Wood's Early Frame* is a selected strain of the *Long Scarlet Short Top*, desirable for planting in frames for early market, and is from two to five days earlier. *Cincinnati Market* is also a fine strain of the *Long Scarlet*; highly esteemed for its brilliant coloring. *WHITE ICICLE* is the finest extra early long white radish. The NEW LONG CARDINAL, also called *Long Brightest Scarlet*, is thicker than the other scarlet sorts, but equally early and crisp. *Half-Long Deep Scarlet*, or "Paris Beauty," is a special favorite in the New Orleans market and produces handsome half-long deep-scarlet roots; crisp and of mild flavor.

☞ In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound. ☚

Early Long Scarlet Short Top.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Cincinnati Market. Fine strain of Long Scarlet; small tops, .	\$0 05	\$0 15	\$0 45
Wood's Early Frame. Similar to Long Scarlet, but shorter roots, .	6	17	55
Half-Long Deep Scarlet, or Paris Beauty. The New Orleans favorite, .	5	15	45
Long Cardinal, or Long Brightest Scarlet. Tipped with white, .	6	17	50
New White "Icicle" ("Eiszapfen"). Finest early long white variety, .	6	20	70

☞ Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.



NEW BRIGHT BREAKFAST RADISH.

RADISH,— Early Olive-Shaped Varieties.

BURPEE'S NEW EARLIEST WHITE, a fine olive-shaped variety, is the quickest growing of all Radishes, being ready for pulling in eighteen to twenty days from sowing the seed. The skin is a pure paper-white and very thin; the flesh crisp, juicy, and mild, the bulbs being ready for pulling while the foliage is still quite small, so that the radishes can be grown closely together. *French Breakfast* is a small, slender, olive-shaped, scarlet radish, with large white tip on the lower portion; they mature very quickly, and are crisp, tender, and mild.

NEW BRIGHT BREAKFAST is similar to the French Breakfast, but brighter and richer in color,—see illustration. The *Scarlet Olive-Shaped* and *Earliest Carmine Olive-Shaped* are both extremely early, making rather slender bulbs, which are especially fine for bunching, the chief distinction between them being in the different shades of coloring; the former being a rich deep scarlet, and the latter a bright soft rose. BURPEE'S SURPRISE is larger and later, corresponding in size and season of maturity to the *White Box*. It has rich, deep, golden-brown skin, and crisp, solid, white flesh, of mild flavor.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.

		Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Burpee's New EARLIEST WHITE.	○ Earliest olive-shaped, . . .	\$0 07	\$0 25	\$0 75
Earliest Carmine, Red Rocket, or improved "Scarlet Globe,"	○ . . .	6	20	60
Early Oval Dark Red.	Brilliant color; neat olive-shaped; very early,	5	17	55
Scarlet Olive-Shaped.	Original strain; quite early; very crisp, . . .	5	17	55
Early White Olive-Shaped.	White skin, and crisp white flesh, . . .	5	15	45
French Breakfast.	Most popular; red, tipped white; quick growing,	5	15	50
New BRIGHT BREAKFAST.	○ Beautiful rich dark red, tipped white,	5	15	50
Burpee's Surprise.	○ Brown skin; white flesh; an "all-seasons" radish,	6	20	70
Olive-Shaped Varieties, Mixed.	All the above varieties,	5	15	50

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

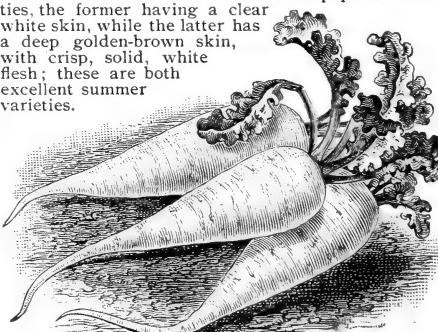
RADISH,—Summer Varieties.

The LONG WHITE VIENNA makes a very handsome radish, with delicate white skin and crisp, mild flesh. CHARTIERS (or SHEPHERD) resembles somewhat the *Long Scarlet*, but is fully twice as large and considerably later; it remains in good condition longer than most other varieties. WHITE STRASBURG (see illustration below) is quite an early and very solid radish of fine quality; being of slender growth it is highly desirable for summer markets; by successive plantings a supply of fine radishes

may be had all summer. *Giant White Stuttgart* is a very late variety of turnip shape, growing to immense size, and is highly esteemed by the Germans. *LARGE WHITE GLOBE* and *Golden Globe* are both popular varieties, the former having a clear white skin, while the latter has a deep, golden-brown skin, with crisp, solid, white flesh; these are both excellent summer varieties.



CHARTIERS OR SHEPHERD RADISH.



In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.

		Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Chartiers, or Shepherd.	○ Long; crimson, tipped with white, . . .	\$0 05	\$0 17	\$0 55
Long White Vienna, or Lady Finger Radish.	○ Excellent,	5	15	50
Large White Globe.	○ A favorite summer variety,	5	17	55
Golden Globe.	A popular variety for summer use,	5	15	45
White Strasburg.	○ A fine solid summer radish, of large size, . . .	5	15	50
Giant White Stuttgart.	An immense white summer radish,	5	15	50

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

Two Fine Novelties

Unequaled "EISZAPFEN"
from
Germany.



NEW
"TRIUMPH" RADISH.—
Engraved from Photograph.

THE NEW "TRIUMPH" RADISH.○

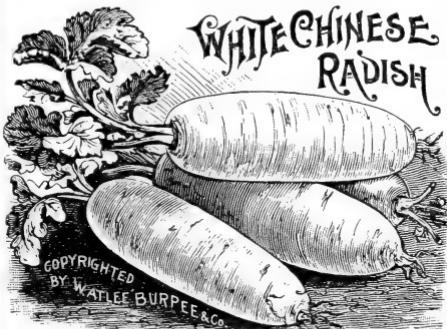
This new forcing or extra early radish is a most distinct novelty. The small, round, pure white roots are marked with bright scarlet, in flakes and in short lines running around the circumference. In our trials it has proved of the earliest maturity, and growing with a minimum amount of foliage is very desirable for forcing under glass, while the bright contrasting colors of the small round roots are most attractive. Skin thin; flesh crisp, tender, and mild. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.

NEW WHITE "ICICLE" RADISH.○

This superb new Radish from Germany, is the finest and longest of the very early pure white varieties. In crisp tender flesh and mild flavor it is superior to the *White Vienna* or *Lady Finger*, while it is as early as *Long Scarlet Short Top*. Planted in spring the young radishes are ready for use in twenty to twenty-five days from sowing the seed, and their long slender form and pure paper-white skin are most attractive when bunched for market. This radish is not only crisp and tender when young, but retains these qualities until the roots attain large size, so that it will remain in fine condition longer than any other very early variety. It is ready for use almost as quickly as the olive-shaped *Burpee's Earliest White*, and is destined to become a leading market variety. The roots grow nearly as large as the *Chartier's* before becoming hollow or pithy. It is far superior to the so-called *White Chartier's* and *White Wood's Frame*. As roots develop very quickly, they can be pulled when quite young and the leaves are short and very few in number. It is excellently adapted for forcing purposes or successive sowing in the open ground, and gives a continuous supply of tender, crisp radishes for the table or market throughout the season. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 70 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 65 cts. per lb.

WHITE CHINESE RADISH

THE NEW WHITE "ICICLE" RADISH.—
Engraved from
Photograph.



RADISH,—Winter Varieties.

These are of two distinct types. The European varieties are very solid, crisp, and pungent, and can be kept in fine, fresh condition all winter by digging them late in the fall and storing in boxes of moist earth in a cool cellar. The Chinese varieties grow to an extra large size, are crisp, mild, very juicy, and refreshing; these are fine for fall market, but do not keep so well during the winter. None of these late varieties grow well from spring sowing, and would be too old and tough, hence the first sowings should not be made until the middle of June; and sowings for succession, especially of the Chinese varieties, may be made until the middle of August. *Long Black Spanish* and *Round Black Spanish* are leading sorts of the solid winter type, having deep-brown skin, differing only in form. *Long White Spanish* is identical with *Long Black Spanish*, excepting in the coloring of the skin. *Chinese Rose Winter* is of medium size, with bright deep rose-colored skin; the flesh is very solid, and it is a much better keeper than the other Chinese varieties,—excepting only the new *Round Scarlet*.

The *WHITE CHINESE* (also called "*Celestial*") grows to an immense size, averaging in rich soil from twelve to fifteen inches in length and fully five inches in diameter; the skin is a pure paper-white; and, notwithstanding the immense size, the flesh is always crisp, mild, and juicy. *OSAKA* is similar but more slender. *California Mammoth* is of the same type, but not quite so large. One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.

		Per oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.	Per lb.
New White Chinese, or Celestial.○	Best for autumn; extra large,	\$0 06	\$0 20	\$0 60
California Mammoth White Winter.	Long; of immense size, . . .	5	15	50
Chinese Rose, or Scarlet China.○	Excellent quality; good keeper,	5	15	45
Round Scarlet China.○	New, and very fine round roots for winter,	6	20	70
Burpee's Osaka.○	New mammoth half-long white, from Japan, . . .	10	30	90
Long Black Spanish.	Black skin; white flesh; keeps well,	5	15	50
Long White Spanish.	White skin and flesh; keeps well,	5	15	45
Round Black Spanish.	The favorite winter <i>Rettig</i> of the Germans, . . .	5	15	45

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

○Please bear in mind○

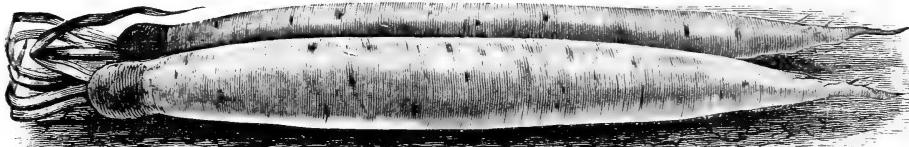
that a bull's-eye [○] means that we consider varieties so marked the very best of their respective types.

RHUBARB, or Pie Plant.

Fine roots or clumps of Rhubarb can be grown easily from seed in a single season, making a very cheap way to secure a stock for plants for setting out a permanent bed. The stalks from these plants make one of the most profitable and salable market products in the early spring. Sow the seed in drills fifteen inches to two feet apart early in the spring; keep well cultivated, and they will grow rapidly. In the fall, or early the following spring, transplant to stand three feet apart in the rows, and rows four to six feet apart. Early growth in the spring can be encouraged greatly by covering the crowns with long manure during the winter.

One ounce of seed will sow 125 feet of drill, and should produce 150 fine plants.

	Per pkt.	Per oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.	Per lb.
Myatt's Victoria. The most popular,	\$0 05	\$0 10	\$0 30	\$1 00
Victoria Rhubarb Roots. Per dozen, \$1.00.				



SALSIFY, or Vegetable Oyster.

Largely grown for the fine flavor of the roots. Seed should be sown early in the spring in deep, rich soil, in drills fifteen inches apart; cultivate frequently, keeping the soil constantly loose and fine. When the young plants are well started, thin out to stand singly three to four inches apart. In the fall cut the leaves off a little above the crown, dig roots carefully so as not to bruise them, and store in moist earth in a cool cellar for winter use.

One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill; eight pounds, one acre.

	Per oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.	Per lb.
Long White. The popular standard "White French" variety,	\$0 07	\$0 20	\$0 75
Sandwich Island Mammoth. (See illustration),	10	30	1 00

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

SPINACH.

This is grown largely for the winter and spring markets, being shipped to market in barrels. As it can be sown quite late in November, it is frequently grown as an extra or "catch" crop, occupying land which would otherwise be idle. The *Prickly* (or *Winter*) and the *Norfolk Savoy-Leaved* are the most popular varieties to plant in fall for winter and spring. *Monstrous Viroflay* is a large-leaved sort of very quick strong growth; highly esteemed by truckers growing for the New York markets.

The *Thick-Leaved Round* and *Long Standing* are excellent for sowing in the early spring. The *New Victoria* is a grand improvement on these latter sorts, producing an immense quantity of thick heavy foliage, and stands a very long time before running to seed. By successive plantings of *Victoria Spinach* a supply of fine leaves may be had throughout the season.

One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill, or eight pounds per acre in drills, or thirty pounds of seed per acre sown broadcast in the fall.

The *New Zealand Spinach* is a distinct plant, but the stems and leaves make an excellent substitute for spinach during the summer months, as it grows freely during the hottest weather.



VICTORIA SPINACH.—from a Photograph.

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1893

	Per oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.	Per lb.	5 lbs. or more, per lb.
Long-Standing Prickly. For late spring sowing,	\$0 05	\$0 08	\$0 20	\$0 18
New Long-Standing, or Enkhuizen. For spring,	5	8	20	18
Norfolk Savoy-Leaved (Bloomsdale). A popular variety, . .	5	8	20	18
Victoria. (See illustration) Long-standing; broad, thick leaves,	5	8	20	18
Prickly, or Winter. For fall sowing,	5	8	20	18
Thick-Leaved Round. Not equal to Victoria,	5	8	20	18
Monstrous, or Viroflay. Large, thick leaves,	5	8	20	17
New Zealand (Tetragonia expansa),	7	25	75	

Each variety named above, 5 cents per packet.

There are tons on tons of seeds that are true to name, but of common quality; honest but poor; they are not Burpee's.

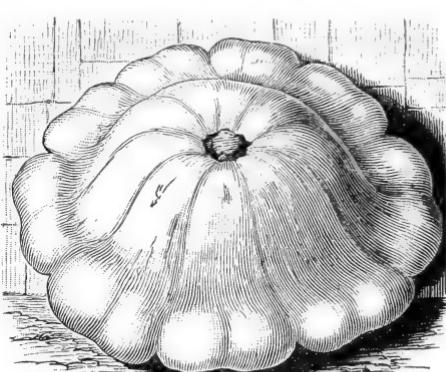
SQUASH.—Summer Varieties.

These are very easily grown and meet with ready sale in the markets. If the fruits are kept gathered as fast as they are ready for use, they will continue to bear throughout the season. The Marrow Squashes, which are so popular abroad, are the hardiest and earliest of all, but are suitable only for slicing and frying in the young state, and are not often seen in our markets; of these the *Cocozelle Bush* is the earliest, and the *Long White Marrow* the largest and finest, the fruits averaging two feet in length.

The *Early White* and *Early Yellow Bush* are of the *Patty Pan* type, commonly called "*Cymling's*" in the South; mature early and bear continuously. The *New Mammoth White Bush* and *New Mammoth Yellow Bush* are nearly as early as the old strains, and grow to a much larger size; this is a strong point with the grower, as it takes fewer fruits to fill the crates, and with the customer, as there is less waste in the large fruits; the bushes are equally productive. Dreer's *Extra Early Jersey* is a very fine strain of *White Bush*, in which the running vines have been bred out. It should be borne in mind by planters that our strains of bush squashes are selected carefully, and remain quite constant to the true bush type—a most valuable feature when grown on a large scale, as it permits of cross-cultivation and ready passage between the plants to gather the fruits without danger of injury to plants.

In many markets the early *Crookneck Squashes* are preferred to the *Patty Pan* or *Scalloped* type, and of these we consider the *Golden Summer Crookneck* the finest bush variety for market purposes, being very productive of handsomely colored fruit of good size. *White Summer Crookneck* is similar, but the skin is of a delicate creamy white. *Giant Summer Crookneck* and *Giant Summer Straightneck* are both of bush growth, having fruits of large size which differ only in the form of the neck, as indicated by their names. *White Pineapple* is also a running summer variety, having large scalloped points of quite distinct form, with a much larger proportion of solid meat or flesh than the *Patty Pan*. Our famous *Fordhook Squash*, described on the following page, is as good for summer as for winter.

Four ounces of seed will plant 100 hills; three pounds, one acre of land.



MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH SCALLOPED SQUASH.

	In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.	Per lb.
Early White Bush, Scalloped. (White "Patty Pan," or Cymling),	\$0 05	\$0 15	\$0 42	
Dreer's Extra Early Jersey Bush. Extra fine new strain,	6	17	50	
New Mammoth White Bush, Scalloped. (●) Similar but larger,	6	18	55	
Early Yellow Bush, Scalloped. Deep-orange color,	5	15	42	
Mammoth Yellow Bush, or Golden Custard. Very large,	5	15	45	
Golden Summer Crookneck. The small crooknecked,	5	15	45	
New Giant Summer Crookneck. (●) Eighteen inches long,	6	18	55	
Giant Yellow Summer Straightneck. Fruits are quite straight,	6	18	55	
White Summer Crookneck. Squashes are white,	5	15	40	
White Pineapple. White skin and flesh,	6	18	55	
Cocozelle Bush. Excellent to use young, fried,	6	18	55	
Mammoth Long White Marrow Bush. (Vegetable Marrow),	6	18	55	

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

Three Superb Strains of the True HUBBARD SQUASH

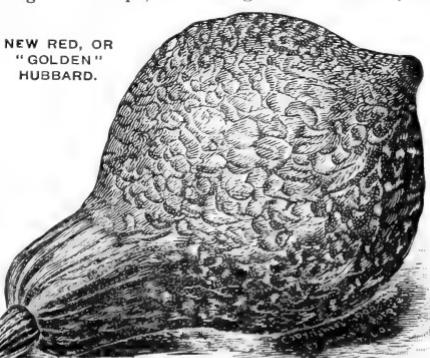
TRUE ORIGINAL HUBBARD. (●) This is the well-known winter squash, now grown so largely throughout the country. Vines of strong running growth; fruits large olive-shape, with dark-green skin and very rich flesh. An excellent keeper and of splendid quality.

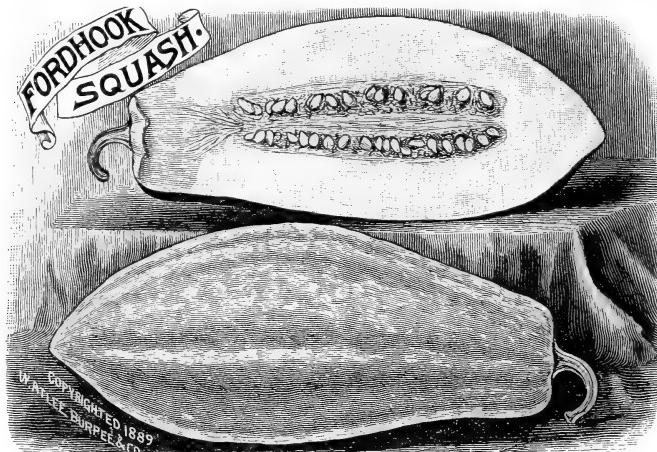
Our strain is extra fine and true, see illustration at top of page 83. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 22 cts.; lb. 70 cts.; 5 lbs. at 65 cts. per lb.

CHICAGO WARTED HUBBARD. (●) This is similar in size and quality to the well-known *Hubbard*. The vines are fully as vigorous and productive, while the large dark olive-green fruits are rather more heavily warted. Very handsome in appearance; an excellent keeper and of splendid quality. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 2 ozs. 12 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 85 cts.; 5 lbs. at 80 cts. per lb.

NEW RED, or "GOLDEN" HUBBARD. (●) This is identical in size, form, and fruitfulness with the *Chicago Warted Hubbard*; the chief distinction being that the heavily warted skin is of a rich orange-yellow, turning to deep salmon-red when ripened. It is of most attractive appearance, and should be one of the most profitable market sorts, as it is equally as productive and fine in quality as the best strains of the *original Hubbard Squash*,—see illustration herewith, from a photograph. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 22 cts.; lb. 75 cts.

NEW RED, OR
"GOLDEN"
HUBBARD.





BURPEE'S FORDHOOK SQUASH.○

Bright yellow outside and straw-yellow within. The flesh is dry and sweet,—the best in quality of all winter squashes. It keeps in perfect condition until late in June. It is a strong and rapid grower,—earlier in ripening than any other wintersquash and is immensely productive.

While such a remarkable keeper, the skin is so thin and delicate that the squashes are prepared for the table by cutting in half lengthwise and cooking, skin and all, at any time throughout the winter. Another feature is that the young green squashes can be used at any stage of their



growth. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 85 cts. per lb.

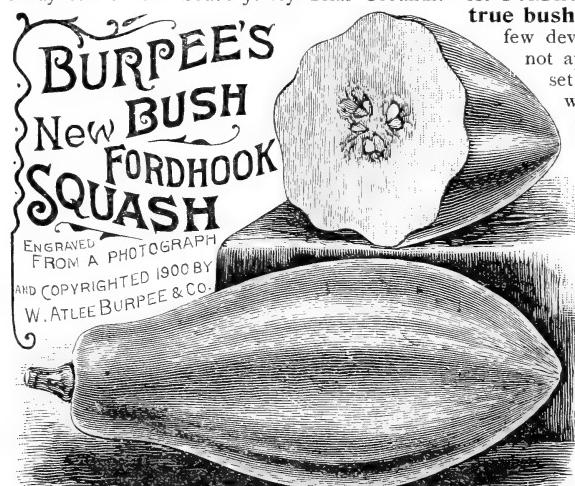
Burpee's New "BUSH FORDHOOK" SQUASH.

This splendid novelty, first introduced last year, has fully maintained the claims of the originator. The past season we had a large planting both in stiff loamy soil at FORDHOOK FARMS and in the light sandy soil of our South Jersey Trial Grounds. At FORDHOOK all the plants were uniformly of

true bush habit, while in South Jersey only a few developed slight runners, and these did not appear until after the fruits were well set; they were doubtless due to continued wet weather. In each case these

"BUSH FORDHOOKS" were planted in rows four feet apart and were cultivated without difficulty, both ways, throughout the season. The growth is a marked contrast to the original running type of *Fordhook Squash*, which requires considerable room in which to run, consequently this new bush variety will prove

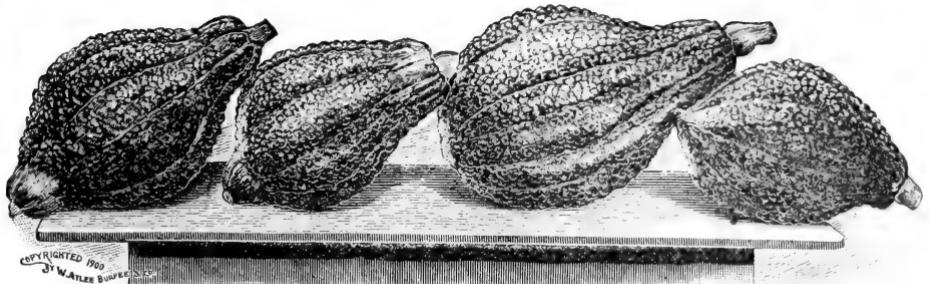
more productive. Two plants can grow in a hill; each plant will produce at least five or six fine squashes. The fruits are a little shorter than those of the original *Fordhook*, but are thicker through, so that they are equally as desirable, both for summer and winter use. We did not find that it was



quite so early as our strain of *Early White Bush*, or *Patty Pan*,—being about a week later,—but the exceptionally fine quality and rich sweet flavor more than compensate for this slightly later fruiting. Probably in a cooler location, such as that of Nebraska, the new "BUSH FORDHOOK" would prove fully as early as the *Patty Pan*. Like the original *Fordhook Squash*, this new Bush type is **unequaled in quality** and delicious sweetness by any other variety either for summer or winter use. The young, tender fruits can be sliced and fried or prepared as other early varieties for summer use, while the ripened fruits can be gathered just before frost and stored in a warm dry place for winter. They will keep in fine condition until the new crop is ready. Last year the stock was so limited that it was sold only at the high rate of "25 seeds for 25 cents" (and none at wholesale), so that the genuine BURPEE'S BUSH FORDHOOK SQUASH can be had only in sealed packages direct from us.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15 cts.; per oz. 25 cts.; 2 ozs. at 20 cts. per oz.

Mammoth Whale Squash.○ This is the best "truly mammoth" squash. The squashes often grow three feet long, of a dark slate color, and sometimes weigh *more than one hundred pounds*. Its greatest diameter is near the blossom end, and tapers from there to each end; this peculiar form, together with its immense size, doubtless suggested the name **MAMMOTH WHALE**. It is very prolific; the vines are robust and hardy. The flesh is solid, of a beautiful orange-yellow color, fine grained, and of excellent quality. It is also an excellent keeper for winter. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.80; in lots of 5 lbs. or more at \$1.75 per lb.



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FOUR HUBBARD SQUASHES,—weighing 8½ pounds,—engraved from a Photograph.
Grown by GEORGE H. SUGDEN, Plantsville, Connecticut, from Burpee's Seed of the original Hubbard.

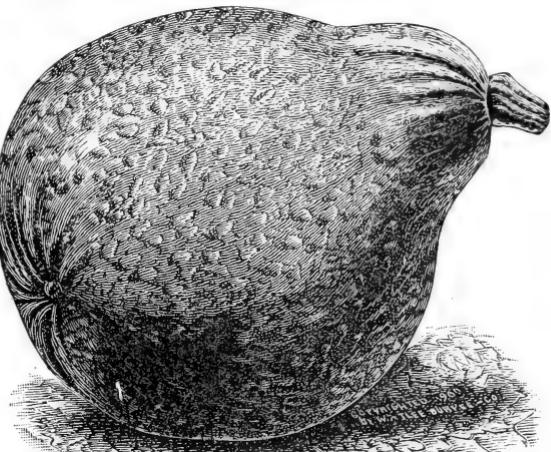
SQUASH,— Winter Varieties.

The small-fruited varieties may be grown in hills four to six feet apart in each direction, while the large-fruited winter varieties are planted usually in hills eight feet or more apart each way, in order that the strong-growing vines may have plenty of room to run. The finest among the small-fruited sorts is our FORDHOOK, which is an "all-the-year-round" Squash, the fruits being equally good for use in the young state during the summer, and when ripened will keep through the winter until the following summer in splendid condition; though of only medium size, the fruits are of the very choicest quality and the vines remarkably productive.

Perfect Gem is a small, round, white squash for fall use. *Delicata* is a small, oblong, tender-skinned variety, six to eight inches in length, of fine flavor. *Boston Marrow* is a large-fruited variety, largely grown for fall and winter market, as well as for canning. *Essex Hybrid* is hard shelled, with thick, richly colored flesh of fine quality.

The *Hubbard* is the standard variety for winter use; the skin is very dark green, more or less rough, and the fruits olive-shaped and of good size,—see illustration above. *CHICAGO WARTED HUBBARD* averages rather larger in size and the skin is more heavily warted. The new *RED HUBBARD* has all the fine qualities of the *Hubbard*, with a rich orange-red skin. The *Brazil Sugar* is of medium size and superior flavor for early fall use. *MAMMOTH CHILI* grows to enormous size under favorable conditions. *NEW MAMMOTH WHALE* produces very large, smooth, light-green fruits, of broad, flattened form. *GREGORY'S GOLDEN BRONZE* is a new variety that will likely become very popular; the hard shell is bronze-green while the rich fine-grained flesh is golden yellow; the fruits ripen quite early, keep splendidly, and are of uniform size and form,—see illustration.

To prevent the ravages of the Squash Bugs, we should advise frequent light sprinklings of tobacco-dust and sulphur, fine lime, dry wood-ashes or soot, put on early in the morning while the vines are still damp with dew. Eight ounces of seed will plant 100 hills; three to four pounds of seed, one acre.



GREGORY'S "GOLDEN BRONZE" SQUASH,—from a Photograph.

	In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Fordhook. ◎	Superb quality; all-the-year-round. (5 lbs. at 85 cts.),	\$0 10	\$0 30	\$0 90
Boston Marrow. ◎	A bright orange squash for autumn,	5	15	40
Hubbard. ◎	The well-known popular winter squash. (5 lbs. at 65 cts.),	7	22	70
Chicago Warted Hubbard. ◎	"An Ideal Hubbard." (5 lbs. at 50 cts.),	7	25	85
New Red, or Golden Hubbard. ◎	Orange-red skin. (5 lbs. at 70 cts.),	7	22	75
Brazil Sugar.	The richest flavor in autumn,	6	18	50
Essex Hybrid.	A good squash for fall and winter use,	6	20	65
Livingston's Pie Squash, or Winter Luxury Pumpkin,	. . . . .	6	18	55
Gregory's Golden Bronze. ◎	New; very fine. (5 lbs. at 65 cts.),	7	22	70
The Faxon.	A fine-flavored winter squash from Brazil; varies in color,	5	15	45
Perfect Gem.	Small, round, white squash for fall and winter,	5	15	45
Mammoth Chili.	Crop failed; packets only. Per pkt. 10 cts.			
Delicata. ◎	A small-fruited variety, suitable both for summer and winter,	5	15	55
Mammoth Whale. ◎	Extra large-fruited variety; distinct. Pkt. 10 cts.,	15	50	1 80

Except where otherwise noted, all are 5 cents per packet.

○ Please bear in mind ○

that a **bull's-eye** [◎] means that we consider varieties so marked the **very best** of their respective types. ◎

FORDHOOK FIRST TOMATO.

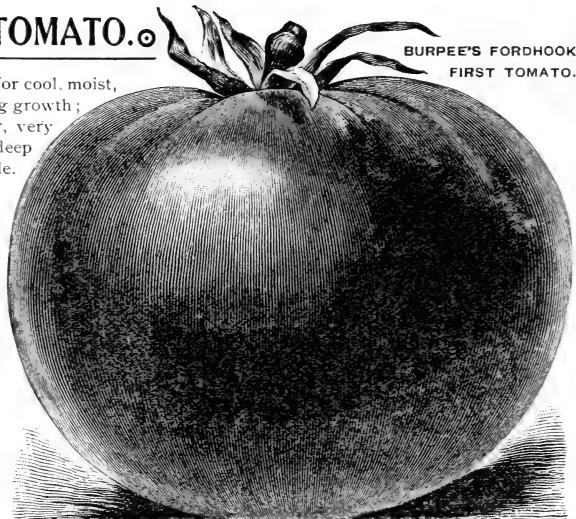
BURPEE'S FORDHOOK
FIRST TOMATO.

A splendid variety especially adapted for cool, moist, or heavy soils. Plants of strong running growth; fruits three to four inches in diameter, very smooth and free from cracks, quite deep through and richly colored deep purple.

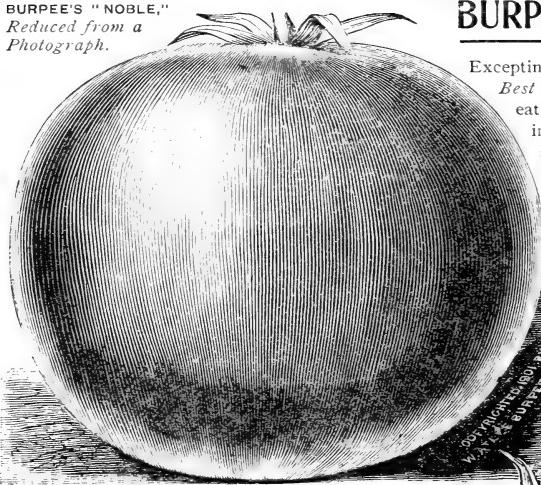
Very fleshy, with but few seeds and of the finest flavor. In the New England States it will ripen earlier than any other variety and at the same time produces smooth, handsome fruits, while other extra early sorts are quite rough and irregular in form. See illustration of natural size fruit, engraved from a photograph. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 25 cts.; 2 ozs. for 45 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts.; per lb. \$3.00.

Burpee's NEW "LARGE-EARLY."

All growers will be interested to grow this in comparison,—see page 136.



BURPEE'S "NOBLE,"
Reduced from a
Photograph.



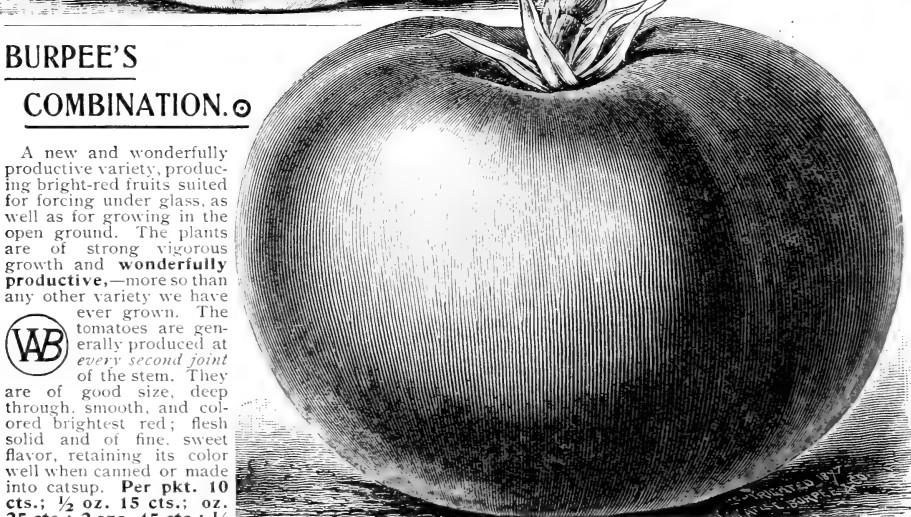
BURPEE'S COMBINATION.

A new and wonderfully productive variety, producing bright-red fruits suited for forcing under glass, as well as for growing in the open ground. The plants are of strong vigorous growth and **wonderfully productive**,—more so than any other variety we have ever grown. The

(W.B.) tomatoes are generally produced at *every second joint* of the stem. They are of good size, deep through, smooth, and colored brightest red; flesh solid and of fine, sweet flavor, retaining its color well when canned or made into catsup. Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 2 ozs. 45 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts.; per lb. \$3.00.

BURPEE'S NEW "NOBLE."

Excepting only its parent, the smaller-fruited *Sutton's Best of All*, this is **the finest flavored** tomato to eat raw. The solid, handsome fruits are borne in clusters of three to five, and the tomatoes are uniformly of large, even size. The fruits average from three to four inches across and are so deep through as to appear nearly globe-shaped. Skin smooth, glossy, of brightest scarlet and entirely free from cracks. The flesh is thick, firm, brightly colored and of **superb flavor**, being exceptionally sweet. The plants are of strong vigorous growth and mature a large crop, a number being produced quite early for such a large-fruited variety. **Most highly recommended.** Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 2 ozs. 45 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts.; per lb. \$3.00.

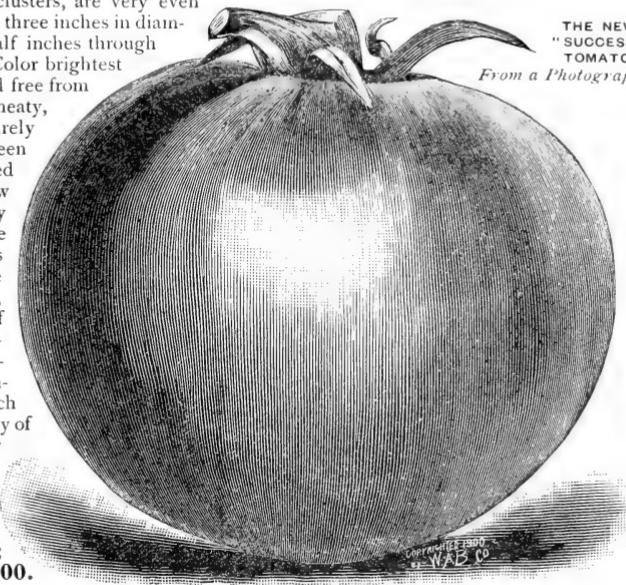


BURPEE'S "COMBINATION" TOMATO.—Natural Size, from a Photograph.

The Grand New Tomato.—“SUCCESS”

“SUCCESS” is a magnificent new scarlet-fruited Tomato of finest quality, handsome appearance, large size, and immense productiveness. The vines are of strong vigorous growth with abundant foliage. The fruits, set in clusters, are very even and regular in size, averaging three inches in diameter and two to two and a half inches through from stem to blossom end. Color brightest scarlet; perfectly smooth and free from cracks; the interior is very meaty, having an extra large and entirely solid center, but no hard or green core, being evenly ripened throughout. Seed-cells few and extremely small, with very few seeds. It ripens with the second earlies and yields abundantly throughout the season. The *handsome color, even size, and great solidity of “SUCCESS”* make it an excellent market sort. It is particularly well adapted also to canners’ use by reason of its rich deep red color, unusual solidity of flesh, and desirable form for rapid peeling without waste. Its fine flavor will quickly make it a popular favorite.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 2 ozs. 70 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.10; per lb. \$4.00.



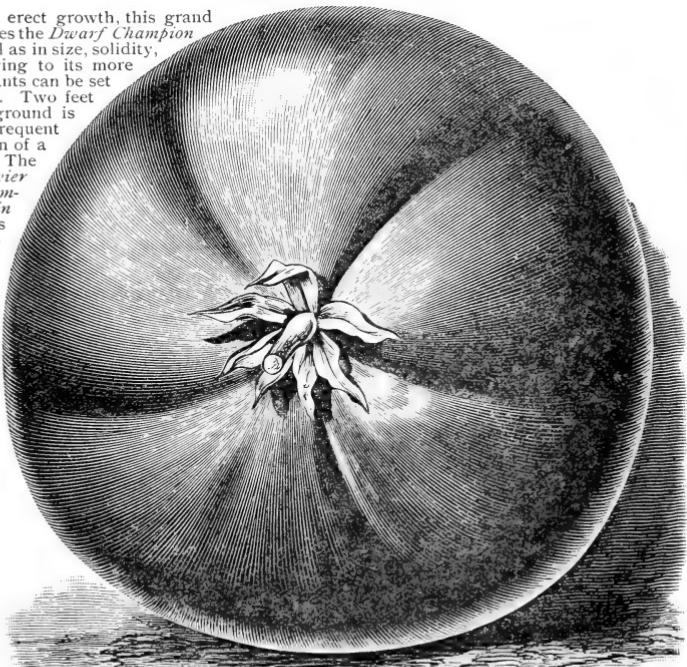
Burpee’s New Dwarf “QUARTER-CENTURY.”

Solid Bright Red,—Best of all the Dwarf-Growing Upright or “Tree-like” Tomatoes.

While similar in dwarf erect growth, this grand new variety greatly surpasses the *Dwarf Champion* in prolific character, as well as in size, solidity, and quality of fruit. Owing to its more compact erect habit, the plants can be set even more closely together. Two feet apart in the row in rich ground is sufficient to admit of frequent working and the production of a large crop of fine fruits. The fruits are larger and heavier than those of *Dwarf Champion*, and are superior in flavor, being as sweet as those of our finest vine-like sorts. Well-grown fruits measure three inches across and two and a half inches in depth from stem to blossom.

They are always smooth and free from cracks; interior very solid and meaty, having small seed cavities. The tomatoes are of an intense deep red, and fully retain color and flavor when canned or prepared for the table.

BURPEE’S “QUARTER-CENTURY” is a distinctly early ripening variety. The young plants, being so sturdy and robust, stand stiffly erect and are easily handled; can be readily transplanted. *Seed exclusively of our own growing:* Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 2 ozs. 85 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.50.



Burpee's High-Grade Seed of TOMATOES.

It is false economy to try to save on the first cost of Tomato Seed,—a little seed goes so far. And yet the country is almost "flooded" with *cheap Tomato Seed*, saved without any regard to selection, and sometimes even the refuse of canning establishments.

Our Tomatoes are grown especially for seed, and largely by ourselves at FORDHOOK FARMS and elsewhere in Bucks County, Pa. This seed *actually costs us more than double* the prices at which we are offered annually so-called "pure seed cheap." "A word to the wise is sufficient."

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 10 cents per pound.		Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Acme.	The well-known standard <i>bright-pink</i> tomato,	\$0 15	\$0 50	\$1 75
Essex Hybrid.	Solid, <i>bright pink</i> ; larger and better than <i>Acme</i> , . . .	15	50	1 75
Atlantic Prize.	Small, irregular, <i>bright-red</i> fruits; extremely early, .	15	50	1 90
Sparks' "Earliana." ◎	Earliest <i>bright-red</i> tomato; quite smooth, .	30	1 00	3 50
"Quick-Sure."	Extremely early, <i>bright red</i> ; popular in New Jersey,	20	70	2 40
Extra Early Advance.	Good smooth, but small <i>bright-red</i> fruits, .	18	60	2 00
Livingston's Beauty.	Large, solid, smooth tomatoes; purplish pink,	15	50	1 75
Paragon.	The well-known standard <i>bright-red</i> tomato,	15	40	1 50
Livingston's Perfection.	In our opinion identical with <i>Paragon</i> , .	15	40	1 50
Livingston's Favorite.	<i>Bright-red</i> , smooth tomatoes of good size, .	15	50	1 75
Livingston's Magnus.	<i>New</i> ; large, late, purple; potato-leaf foliage,	20	60	2 25
Turner Hybrid, or Mikado. ◎	Large-fruited purple; potato leaf, .	22	75	2 50
Imperial.	Large purple-fruited early; not equal to <i>Fordhook First</i> , . .	18	60	2 00
Sutton's "Best of All."	Solid, <i>bright scarlet</i> ; fine for forcing, . .	18	60	2 00
Dwarf Champion.	Dwarf, upright growth; smooth, <i>purple</i> fruits, .	20	70	2 40
Dwarf Aristocrat.	Similar to <i>Dwarf Champion</i> , but <i>bright red</i> , .	20	70	2 40
Ignotum.	Smooth, solid, <i>bright red</i> ; uniformly large,	15	50	1 75
Buckeye State.	Productive, but not very solid; large, smooth, <i>purple</i> ,	15	50	1 75
Mayflower.	Smooth and very solid, <i>bright red</i> ; fine for forcing, . .	18	60	2 00
Royal Red.	Intensely <i>bright red</i> in color, but not very solid,	15	50	1 75
Trophy.	Very large, solid, and generally smooth; selected strain, . .	18	60	2 00
Golden Queen.	This is a first-class, large, smooth, pure yellow tomato,	18	60	2 00

All the above Tomatoes are **5 cents** per packet.

BURPEE'S CLIMAX. A hardy, early ripening, and very prolific variety. Fruits from two and a half to three inches in diameter, smooth and solid. Quite deep through. Free from cracks, and handsomely colored, deep purple; of excellent flavor. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.**

HONOR BRIGHT. This is a most distinct variety. The tomatoes at first are white, turning to light yellow, and then to brilliant scarlet as they become fully ripened. They are very solid, and it is an excellent bearing variety. It is already quite largely planted in the South, where the fruits are gathered before turning to scarlet, and are so extremely solid that they are shipped to the northern markets in barrels, ripening well upon arrival. Fruits of medium size, smooth, and regular in form. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.60.**

STONE. ◎ Large, solid, handsome, scarlet fruits, highly esteemed for market and canning. Very productive and deservedly most popular both with canners and truckers. We do not consider the fruits so solidly meaty nor quite so fine in flavor, however, as the *Burpee's Matchless*, which it resembles in appearance. **Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.**

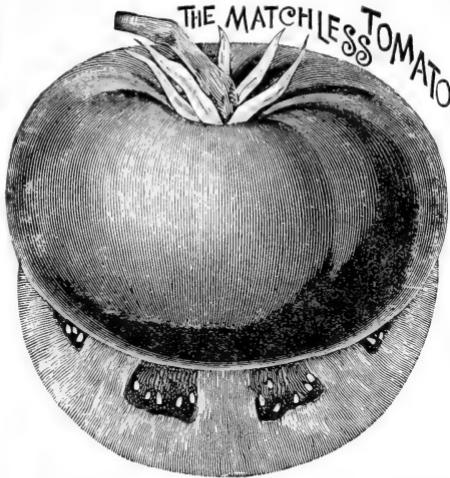
PONDEROSA, or "Monstrous No. 400." This is the largest-fruited Tomato in cultivation and is of fine quality for slicing. The vines are of strong, rather open growth; fruits largely oblong in form, deep through, and generally ridged or ribbed; deep purple in color. They are solidly fleshy with small seed-cells; of fine, sweet flavor. Planted in good soil, fruits frequently attain a weight of one pound and over. **Per pkt. 10 cts.; 1/2 oz. 17 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; per 1/4 lb. \$1.00; per lb. \$3.50.**

EARLY FORDHOOK FANCY TOMATO.◎

The plants are of very dwarf, compact, bush-like growth, growing only eighteen inches to two feet in height. Leaves broad, heavy, and strongly resembling those of the potato; rich dark green in color. The tomatoes are of a deep purplish red, solid and of good flavor, but only of medium size. The plants can be grown closely together owing to their very dwarf compact habit. The last three seasons it has been, excepting only *Sparks' Earliana*, the earliest ripening variety in our trials. Exceptionally hardy, and can be grown far North or in cool locations. The illustration herewith shows the character of the young plants. **Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 20 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. 70 cts.; per lb. \$2.50.**



Young Plants of THE NEW TOMATO, —FORDHOOK FANCY.



BURPEE'S "MATCHLESS" TOMATO. ♂ This is the best large-fruited standard bright-red tomato. Our original strain has been critically selected and developed by us for more than ten years. We are careful each season to save seed only from fine, large fruits which are solidly meaty. This selection has vastly improved the fruit, but greatly reduced the yield of seed, and our superb strain should not be compared with seed of this variety commonly offered at a low price. Besides being of such large size and handsome appearance, it is of very superior flavor. While so-called "Matchless" Tomato seed will doubtless be offered at low prices, as usual, the selected strain is in quite short supply this season. Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 17 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; 2 ozs. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts.; per lb. \$3.00.

TRUCKER'S FAVORITE. ♂ This we consider our finest large-fruited purple tomato. The plants are of strong growth and most productive. The tomatoes are of large size, deep through, very smooth and regular, free from cracks, solidly meaty, with small seed-cells, and of exceptionally fine flavor.

Though such a productive variety, it ripens a large number of fruits early. *The past season,—as all Eastern gardeners know,—was most unfavorable for the growth of tomatoes. We regret to have to announce that our crop of TRUCKER'S FAVORITE was particularly short. Therefore we are able to offer this variety only in small quantities at an advanced price.* Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 2 ozs. 60 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; per lb. \$3.50.

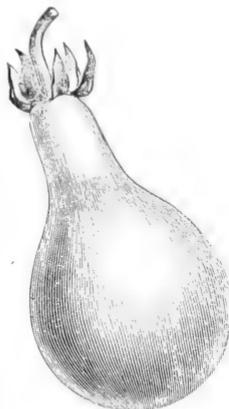
ENORMOUS. ♂ This is the largest fruited, really smooth bright-red tomato yet produced. The tomatoes are usually round in form, four to five inches in diameter, thick through, and solidly meaty, with small seed-cells. The skin is smooth, highly colored, and free from cracks. In the "most enormous" fruits the form is oblong as though two were joined together. Of strong growth, but not so productive as Matchless or Stone. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65 cts.; per lb. \$2.25.

GOLDEN DWARF CHAMPION. ♂ or "Yellow Prince." This is similar in growth to the purple-fruited Dwarf Champion, being of erect, bushy habit, dwarf and compact, with heavy dark-green potato-leaf foliage. The tomatoes are smooth, round, deep through, and of a bright lemon-yellow; of excellent flavor. Plants can be grown closely together and are wonderfully productive. The fruits are more solid than those of other yellow-fruited sorts. Per. 10 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65 cts.; per lb. \$2.25.

SMALL-FRUITED TOMATOES.

The fruits of these are largely used for making fancy pickles, preserves, etc., and sell readily in the markets during the early fall. They are very productive, and for home use a few plants will afford a large quantity of fruit.

RED PEAR. ♂ This is similar in growth and fruiting to the preceding; but the fruits are a bright scarlet in color, true pear shape and rich flavor. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.



YELLOW PEAR. ♂ Similar in growth and fruiting to the Yellow Plum, but the fruits have a slim neck or distinct pear shape. Very ornamental in appearance, and the plants are wonderfully productive, fruiting in large clusters. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

YELLOW PEAR TOMATO.

YELLOW PLUM. The vines are of strong growth and immensely productive, fruiting in clusters. The fruits average two inches in length and one inch in diameter, of a bright lemon-yellow; are solid, fleshy, and of excellent flavor. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

PEACH. The beautiful fruits are excellent for eating raw. Fruits average one and a half inches in length, and nearly the same in diameter. The skin is quite distinct, being very thin and covered with a slight bloom or pubescens, as in a peach or nectarine, and of beautiful pinkish coloring. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

BURBANK PRESERVING. ♂ This is a most distinct variety of our own introduction. The plants are of dwarf stocky growth, growing perfectly erect, and can be planted eighteen inches apart. Heavy dark-green potato-leaf foliage. It produces very freely; the small, round, scarlet tomatoes being borne in clusters, like currants, measuring only three-quarters of an inch in diameter. Of splendid scarlet coloring and unusually rich, sweet flavor. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 2 ozs. 40 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts.; per lb. \$2.50.

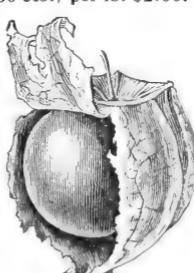


YELLOW CHERRY. Plants of strong growth and immensely productive, beginning to ripen fruits very early in the season, and continuing to bear heavily until cut off by frost. The small fruits are borne in clusters, average half an inch in diameter, and are of a clear light lemon-yellow. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

RED CHERRY. This is identical with the preceding, but the fruits are of a bright scarlet color. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

STRAWBERRY, or WIN-TER CHERRY (Husk Tomato).

Plants of low-spreading growth and immensely productive. The small yellow fruits are each enclosed in a husk or covering. When ripe, the fruits are half an inch in diameter, bright yellow, and of very sweet flavor, highly esteemed for preserving or making pies. They are also excellent to eat raw as fruit. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.



About the Color of Tomatoes.

It will be noticed that in the descriptions of all tomatoes we have been careful to state whether the fruit is *bright red* (scarlet) or *purple*. The purple-fruited sorts are highly esteemed in some markets, and it has been our experience that in cool, rainy seasons they set more freely than the scarlet-fruited. In such seasons, however, the coloring is apt to border more on red, developing the rich purple hue only in hot, dry weather.

Garden TURNIPS.

In the warmer States the early white-fleshed Turnips are most popular; in the colder Northern States the yellow-fleshed Turnips and more solid Ruta Bagas are preferred. The *Extra Early Purple-Top* and *Extra Early White Milan* Turnips are the earliest of all the varieties, being of very quick growth and fine table quality; they are both flat strap-leaved varieties. The *Scarlet Kashmyr* is almost as early as the Milan; flat bulb and small strap leaf; the upper portion of the bulb is a deep purplish scarlet, the lower a creamy white; it sells readily from its most attractive coloring and fine quality. The *Purple-Top Strap-Leaved* and *Early White Flat Dutch Strap-Leaved* are the standard early flat varieties, and are only three days to a week later than the *Milan*.



EARLY RED OR PURPLE-TOP STRAP-LEAVED TURNIP.

The *Half-Long Red-Top* is a long slender turnip, the upper portion a reddish purple and the lower creamy white; the bulbs are four to five inches in length and one inch in diameter. *White Egg* is an oval-shaped early variety, with thin white skin and fine table quality. The *Red-Top White Globe* is a large round bulb, reddish purple in the upper half and pure white in the lower; it is rather late, grows to large size, and is fine for either table use or stock feeding. *White Globe Strap-Leaved* is similar to the preceding, but the large turnips have pure white skin. *Pomeranian White Globe* is one of the largest globe-shaped sorts, having heavier foliage than the above, and is grown extensively for winter use and stock feeding. The *New White Hardy Winter* is a large oval-shaped bulb, with very solid sweet flesh, and an excellent keeper.

All of the above are *white-fleshed*. Of richly colored *yellow-fleshed turnips*, the *Golden Ball* is a small round turnip of fine table quality; *Yellow Aberdeen*, a large ball-shaped turnip, also of fine quality, while the *Large Yellow*, or *Amber Globe*, grown chiefly for stock feeding, attains a large size and is an excellent keeper. One ounce of seed to 200 feet of drill; two pounds per acre in drills, or one pound if sown broadcast. The *Seven-Top Turnip* does not make a bulb, but is planted in the South to provide boiling-greens and pasture for stock during the winter, as it produces a large growth of foliage.

¶ In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 3 cents per pound. ¶

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Early White Flat Dutch, Strap-Leaved. ○ Popular market variety,	\$0 05	\$0 10	\$0 30
Early Red, or Purple-Top Strap-Leaved. ○ Standard early variety,	5	12	35
Scarlet Kashmyr, or Cardinal. ○ Fine, handsome, extra early, . . .	5	12	35
Extra Early Purple-Top Milan. ○ The earliest in cultivation, . . .	5	15	45
Extra Early White Milan. ○ The earliest white; <i>seed scarce</i> , . . .	10	30	95
Red-Top White Globe. ○ A fine globe-shaped table turnip,	5	12	32
White Globe Strap-Leaved. White globe-shaped; quick growing, .	5	15	35
White Egg. ○ Oval, with thin white skin,	5	15	48
Sweet German, or Long White French. Flesh hard and crisp, . . .	5	12	35
Long White, or Cowhorn. Pure white, except at top,	6	18	50
Half-Long Red-Top. ○ Smooth skin, small tap-root; quick growing,	5	12	35
New White Hardy Winter. ○ Ox-heart shaped; very fine,	5	15	40
Pomeranian White Globe. Both for feeding and table; large roots,	5	10	30
Jersey Navet. An old variety,	6	18	50
Large Yellow, or Amber Globe. ○ Fine for table and stock feeding,	5	15	40
Yellow Aberdeen. For both table and stock feeding,	5	10	30
Golden Ball, or Orange Jelly. Very tender and of fine flavor, . . .	5	12	35
Teltau, or Small Berlin. Small spindle-shaped roots for flavoring, .	6	18	50
Seven Top. Favorite in the South for green forage; roots of no account,	5	12	35

¶ Each variety, 5 cents per packet.

RUTA BAGAS,—Swedish or Russian Turnips.

These require a longer season in which to grow than do the turnips, and with us the seed should be sown about the first to the middle of July to make large bulbs. The seed should be sown always in drills, so as to permit of frequent cultivation during the early stages of growth. The flesh is more solid and richer in flavor than that of the turnips, and they will keep in fine condition more readily during the winter months. For full directions for growing Turnips and Ruta Bagas on a large scale for stock and the proper feeding rations, we refer planters to *Our Leaflet on "ROOT CROPS,"* which is sent **FREE with orders**,—if asked for.

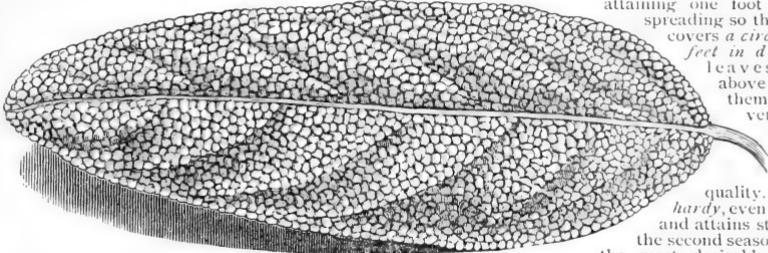
BURPEE'S BREADSTONE is a white-fleshed variety of the finest table quality, fine-grained, and cooks up nicely; the bulbs are oval in shape and of good size. *Large White* is an excellent sort for stock feeding, longer than the *Breadstone*, but not so fine in quality. BURPEE'S IMPROVED PURPLE-TOP is the best large yellow-fleshed variety; a heavy cropper and of fine quality. The skin is deep purplish red above ground and rich orange-yellow on the lower portion. *New MONARCH*, or "*Elephant*," is a fine sort, rather longer than the above. *Imperial Hardy* is an excellent variety, growing to very large size. The new TWENTIETH CENTURY is a greatly improved strain of the *White French*; smooth, nearly globe-shaped white roots, of finest quality.

¶ In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 3 cents per pound. ¶

	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Burpee's Breadstone. ○ Of finest table quality; <i>seed crop short</i> , . .	\$0 10	\$0 30	\$0 95
Burpee's Improved Purple-Top Yellow. ○ A superb strain, . . .	5	15	40
Monarch, or New Elephant. Of large size, oblong form; yellow flesh,	5	12	35
Imperial Hardy. Purple-top; smooth, round roots; yellow flesh, .	5	10	35
Large White. Large size, white skin; nutritious and sweet,	5	12	35
Twentieth Century. ○ Best large white Ruta Baga; <i>new</i> ,	6	18	60

¶ Each variety, 5 cents per packet.

HOLT'S MAMMOTH SAGE.



seeds. Prices: 4 plants for 25 cts.; 8 for 50 cts.; or 17 plants for \$1.00, sent safely by mail, postpaid.

Sweet, Medicinal, and Pot HERBS.

Those marked with an asterisk (*) are perennial.

ANISE (*Pimpinella anisum*). Used for cordial, garnishing, and flavoring; the seeds have an agreeable, aromatic taste. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 25 cts.

BALM (*Melissa officinalis*). The leaves have a fragrant odor, and are used for making a pleasant beverage, known as balm wine, also for balm tea, for use in fevers. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 60 cts.

BASIL, SWEET (*Ocimum basilicum*). The leaves are used for flavoring soups, stews, and highly seasoned dishes. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 35 cts.

BENE (*Sesamum orientale*). Too tender for the North, but much used in the South. The seeds furnish an oil used for whitening the skin. The leaves immersed in a tumbler of water will make a drink very beneficial for diarrhea. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 35 cts.

BORAGE (*Borago officinalis*). The leaves are used for flavoring, and the flowers furnish bee pasture. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 30 cts.; per lb \$1.00.

***CARAWAY** (*Carum carvi*). Grown for the seeds, which are used extensively for the flavoring of bread, pastry, etc. Per oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 10 cts.; per lb 30 cts.

***CATNIP, or CATMINT** (*Nepeta cataria*). Leaves used for seasoning. It makes, also, an excellent bee pasture. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 75 cts.

CORIANDER (*Coriandrum sativum*). The seeds are used in the manufacture of liquors and confectionery. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 17 cts.; per lb 55 cts.

DILL (*Anethum graveolens*). The seeds have an aromatic odor and warm, pungent taste. They are used as a condiment, and also for pickling with cucumbers. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 15 cts.; per lb 40 cts.

***FENNEL, SWEET** (*Anethum feniculum*). Leaves are used in sauces. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts.; per lb 70 cts.

***HOREHOUND** (*Marrubium vulgare*). Leaves used for seasoning and also in manufacture of the popular cough remedy. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 50 cts.

***LAVERENDER** (*Lavendula spica*). The variety generally sold. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts. per lb \$1.00.

***LAVERENDER** (*Lavendula vera*). The true Lavender. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 85 cts.; per lb \$3.00.

MARJORAM, SWEET (*Origanum marjoram*). The leaves and the ends of the shoots are esteemed for seasoning in summer, and also dried for winter use. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 30 cts.; per lb \$1.00.

***PENNYROYAL** (*Mentha pulegium*). The true Pennyroyal is but little known. It forms a dense mass of bright-green foliage particularly suited for rockwork. Per pkt. 10 cts.; 3 pkts. for 25 cts.

***ROSEMARY** (*Rosmarinus officinalis*). Leaves are used for seasoning. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 75 cts.

***RUE** (*Ruta graveolens*). For medicinal purposes; good for fowls. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 35 cts.

***SAGE** (*Salvia officinalis*). The most extensively used of all herbs for seasoning and dressing; indispensable. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 30 cts.; per lb \$1.00.

SUMMER SAVORY (*Satureja hortensis*). The leaves and flowers are used extensively for flavoring, particularly in soups and dressings. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts.; per lb 75 cts.

***WINTER SAVORY** (*Satureja montana*). The leaves and young shoots are used for flavoring. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 45 cts.; per lb \$1.00.

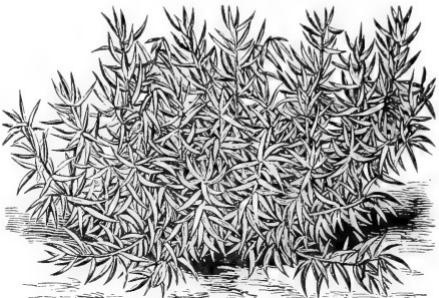
***TANSY** (*Tanacetum vulgare*). Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

The illustration shows a leaf of average size. The plants are very strong growing, the first season attaining one foot in height, and spreading so that a single plant covers a circular space three feet in diameter. The leaves are borne well above the soil, keeping them clean; they are very large and of unusual substance, strong in flavor, and of superior quality. It is perfectly hardy, even in New England, and attains still larger growth the second season. In every way the most desirable sage; it never

TAGETES LUCIDA. A very pretty plant, and considered by many an excellent substitute for the *True Tarragon* offered below. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

***THYME** (*Thymus vulgaris*). The leaves and young shoots are used for seasoning; a tea is also made for headache. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 50 cts.

***WORMWOOD** (*Artemisia absinthium*). Used medicinally, and should be planted in poultry yards. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 35 cts.; per lb \$1.25.



THE TRUE TARRAGON,—from a Photograph.

***TARRAGON**. The *True Tarragon* (*Artemisia dracunculus*) seldom, if ever, gives fertile seeds, but is appreciated thoroughly by all who know it for the use of its aromatic leaves in seasoning or salads, also for *Tarragon Vinegar*. The foliage, if cut in autumn, can be kept in a dry state the same as other herbs. In the Northern States give some protection during winter. At the low prices named the *True Tarragon* should now find a place in every good garden, as it is very valuable for its own delightful qualities, and no other herb can rightly take its place. Price of plants, 12 cts. each; 6 for 50 cts.; 13 for \$1.00.

TOBACCO SEED.

CONNECTICUT SEED LEAF. An old well-known variety. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 50 cts.; per lb \$1.60.

LANCASTER CO. BROADLEAF. More largely grown than any other in Lancaster County, Pa. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 50 cts.; per lb \$1.60.

HAVANA. Grown from seed imported from the district of *Vuelta de Abajo*. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.

BONANZA. A White Burley cross on Yellow Oronoko, possessing the qualities of both parents blended. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 60 cts.; per lb \$2.00.

GENERAL GRANT. It produces leaves forty-four inches in length, and matures as far north as Duluth. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb \$1.00; per lb \$3.50.

STERLING. One of the earliest to ripen and one of the best for all purposes. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 50 cts.; per lb \$1.60.

IMPROVED WHITE BURLEY. This strain is very much superior to the *White Burley* as sold heretofore. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb \$1.00; per lb \$3.50.

Our space does not permit giving descriptions of the following standard varieties of Tobacco. We have good, pure seed of each at the following prices: Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 60 cts.; per lb \$2.00.

Improved Long Leaf Gooch; *Improved Yellow Oronoko*, and the *Sweet Oronoko*.

What Some Planters Say of Burpee Vegetables.

Thousands of Similar Letters could be Printed,—if Space Permitted.

Burpee's Bush Lima a Surprise.

LEVI BAREFOOT, Hollidaysburg, Pa., March 7, 1901, writes:—The BURPEE BUSH LIMA surprised every person that saw them. Their enormous size and delicious flavor exceeds any other dwarf lima bean.

Burpee's "Brittle Wax,"—the Earliest.

E. C. CALDERWOOD, South Thomaston, Me., August 29, 1901, writes:—I never have seen an earlier or better wax bean than *Burpee's Twentieth Century Wax Bean*. Mine was planted June 6th, and July 15th beans large enough to pick. They are very vigorous, leaves six inches across, and very productive.

Stringless Green-Pod is a Marvel!

MRS. T. T. HAZLEWOOD, Haverhill, Mass., writes as follows:—The STRINGLESS GREEN-POD is a marvel. We find no other to compare with it. We had a continual supply from one planting from early in July until October 20th, when the quality was *fully as delicious* as at any time during the entire season. We find your seeds to be always exactly as represented.

Peas—"Of Extra Fine Quality."

JOHN MURRY, Stanberry, Mo., July 9, 1900, writes:—Our garden grown from your seed can't be beat. They are true to name and of the finest quality. Of the \$15.00 worth of seed I bought of you last spring every one grew and are of extra fine quality. Your "BEST" EXTRA EARLY PEA can't be beat. From one peck of seed I sold \$25.00 worth of peas. Your seeds grow and are the best that grow!

One Thousand Bushels of Carrots Per Acre.

S. WEIR, Macedon Center, N. Y., April 14, 1900, writes:—Carrot seed bought from you last year went one thousand bushels per acre by measure.

Fourteen Bushels from Twenty-eight Poles.

W. H. BLUME, Meyersdale, Pa., August 18, 1901, writes:—My beans, the *Saddleack Wax*, are just grand. The *Twentieth Century Bean*, if I had pulled it, I would surely have gotten the prize. Of the *Old Homestead*, or *Kentucky Wonder*, I have twenty-eight poles, and I would be safe in saying I will get about fourteen bushels. The like was never seen around here.

The Finest White Spine Cucumber.

CHESTER WIEDERICH, Nanticoke, Ontario, Canada, September 22, 1900, writes:—FORDHOOK WHITE SPINE CUCUMBER is the finest strain of White Spine I ever saw. They are all of a size and always straight and smooth.

"Icicle the Best Radish He Ever Ate."

JOHN W. METZ, East Amherst, N. Y., July 20, 1901, writes:—I find the WHITE ICICLE RADISH the best summer radish I have ever sown. I have lately had PROF. VAN DEMAN, the noted pomologist, staying with me, and he unqualifiedly pronounced this the best radish he ever ate. As he is generally very conservative on new things, this is high praise. You probably will see a notice in *Rural New Yorker* what his opinion is of this very tender, juicy, and succulent radish.

112 Bushels Onions on One-Eighth Acre.

L. M. CROSS, Carmi, Ill., January 12, 1901, writes:—Your seeds have always done well for me, and I will do all I can in the way of advertising Burpee's seeds as the very best. . . . I want to tell you I grew 112 bushels of onions off one-eighth acre from onion seed I got of you. I had eight different varieties of seed, and the *Gibraltar* and *Burpee's Mammoth Silver King* beat them all for yield. I had some of the above-named onions that measured fifteen inches in circumference.

Must have Burpee's Seeds.

MRS. J. J. IRVINE, Bardstown, Ky., February 4, 1901, writes:—Again, I send you my small order for some of your valuable seeds. I feel that *I must have* a few of your seeds every year. I wish I was able to purchase a great many more. I purchased some London Long Green Cucumber seed from you last year. I must say I never saw such cucumbers in my life. I saved seed from one that measured eighteen inches long, fifteen and a half inches in diameter and weighed five and three-quarter pounds. Every one that saw it said it was the largest they ever saw. It did me so much good to tell them it grew from Burpee's seed, and Burpee's seeds never fail! We cannot speak so highly of them.

Baseball,—"a Promising Variety."

W. H. FAIRFIELD, Assistant in Agriculture, University of Wyoming Agricultural College and Experiment Station, Laramie, Wyoming, December 29, 1900, writes: It was noticeable that this new variety formed heads which were almost always *firm from the beginning*. From my observations, this is a promising variety for our conditions of high altitude and short season.

The Surest-heading Drumhead.

CHARLES E. PENNINGTON, Carmichael, Greene Co., Pa., writes:—Your SHORT-STEM DRUMHEAD is the surest-heading cabbage in this locality; it nearly all headed last fall, when several brag varieties failed to head.

Allhead Has No Equal in Queensland.

JAS. COLLINS, Redland Bay near Brisbane, Queensland, Australia, writes:—I have been growing your ALLHEAD Cabbage now for four years, and as a summer cabbage I can safely say it has no equal in Queensland.

The Largest Cauliflower and Cabbage.

EUGENE CASE, Chittenango, N. Y., January 8, 1901, writes:—This last season I raised a great many vegetables. I found your seeds to be the very best. Your cauliflower and cabbage were the largest I ever raised. I raised a cauliflower that measured thirteen inches across the head. The *Stone-Mason* and *Short-Stem Drumhead Cabbage* were very large and solid.

"Dry-Weather" Cauliflower in Nebraska.

J. R. GLASS, Hastings, Neb., January 7, 1901, writes: Every one says cauliflower cannot be raised in Nebraska. I have fine ones, from early plants, of your new "DRY-WEATHER."

The Best Egg Plants.

STERLING ALLFREY, Brodensburg, Ind., January 1, 1901, writes:—FORDHOOK SPINELESS EGG PLANT were the finest I ever raised. I weighed one of the largest ones and it weighed four pounds and ten ounces, and I sold them on the Madison market from five to fifteen cents, and they were pronounced the best on the Madison market.

Must Have the Best Onion Seed!

E. J. BOBLITZ, Tuckerville, Neb., January 24, 1901, in writing on prices for onion seed, writes:—I can buy onion seed at 60 and 70 cents per pound, but nothing but W. Atlee Burpee goes with me, even if it costs \$5.00 per pound.

200 Bushels from Three Pounds.

JOHN HALLER, Crockett, Texas, July 25, 1901, writes: I planted last February three pounds of your PRIZE-TAKER ONION seed, and at present got 200 bushels for market.

"The Best Onions I Ever Raised."

JNO. D. BURROUGHS, S. Cairo, N. Y., August 14, 1901, writes:—I purchased my seeds from you the past spring and the only fault I have is they were too good. Everything had to be thinned. The GIBRALTAR ONION beat anything I ever raised. I have them larger than tea-cups now and still growing. I sowed one-quarter of a pound of Gibraltar and four pounds of other kinds, and they are the best onions I ever raised.

15 Bushels of Onions from Sixteen Cents!

MRS. CLARA SUNDERLAND, Burnside, Pa., March 2, 1901, writes:—I planted sixteen cents' worth of American PRIZE-TAKER Onion seed last year and raised fifteen bushels of onions.

The Best Onions and Tomatoes!

H. B. MARTIN, Aquone, N. C., February 27, 1901, writes:—I cannot give your garden seeds too much praise, especially your onions and tomatoes. The finest onions we ever raised were grown from your seeds. We have sold some of the onions grown from seeds obtained from you at the enormous price of \$2.25 per bushel. The tomatoes are of the finest quality and flavor. We planted part of three packages of tomatoes and gathered more than fifteen bushels. Your seeds are the best that grow! Would not plant any other. I had the honor of our whole neighborhood of producing the finest vegetable garden, and gave your seeds the credit. Your seeds are O. K. I don't want anything better. . . . I have compared your seeds with seeds sold by other seedsmen and find them far superior.



Notes Upon Some Varieties, Priced on the Next Page.

For Further Descriptions, see 75 to 81 of Burpee's Farm Annual for 1902.

The IMPROVED EVERGREEN BROOM seed is carefully selected; the straw cures a light green, and does not turn red as in the ordinary strains; this green straw is the finest in quality and brings the highest market price. Sow fifteen to twenty pounds of seed per acre in drills four and a half feet apart.

MAMMOTH RUSSIAN SUNFLOWER bears immense heads of large seeds, valued for poultry and stock feeding, while the stalks are used as fuel in the West. Sow eight pounds per acre in drills four feet apart.

SILVER HULL BUCKWHEAT is an improvement on the old black-seeded variety, is productive and early ripening. The New Japanese Buckwheat grows very strongly and bears a large crop, the grain being twice the size of the old variety, and of equal feeding value. Sow broadcast one bushel of seed per acre.

EARLY ORANGE and Early Amber Sugar Cane, or Sorghum, are planted quite largely for summer forage. The Early Amber is most highly esteemed in the South, but farther North the Early Orange is harder and of quicker growth. Sow fifteen pounds per acre in drills four feet apart.

TEOSINTE is one of the most valuable forage plants; grown in drills like field corn, it will yield large crops of the finest forage, and after cutting sprouts out again quickly; with us it yields two to three good cuttings, while in the South five cuttings may be made in a single season. Plant two or three seeds in a hill one foot apart in the row, and rows four feet apart, when the trees are out in full leaf.

SOJA BEAN is now recognized as being one of the most valuable forage crops, and also extremely useful as a gatherer of nitrogen from the atmosphere to enrich the soil when turned under in the green state. The dry beans are excellent for culinary purposes; while the whole plant is of great value in fattening cattle, sheep, or hogs. Planters in the cool Northern States should be careful to obtain the dwarf early ripening variety, as the later sorts require a long season to ripen seed. Thirty pounds of seed planted in hills is required per acre.

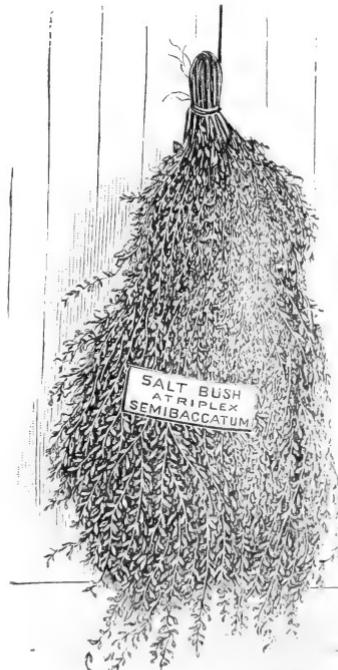
CANADA FIELD PEAS. A small-seeded very hardy Pea which is valuable to sow early in the spring, in connection with stiff-strawed Oats, to produce green forage and for making hay for winter feeding. They can be sown also alone at rate of three bushels per acre, broadcast early in the spring, or in midsummer to turn under to enrich the land. The plants gather large supplies of nitrogen from the air.

THE CLAY COW PEA. A medium early variety of strong running growth producing an immense amount of vine and foliage and a large crop of seed where the summer is long enough for them to ripen. WHIP-POOR-WILL COW PEA is a very early-maturing variety of upright or bush growth. The seeds may be gathered and the plants harvested more readily than with the running type of growth. These so-called "Cow Peas" gather large quantities of nitrogen from the air, a portion of which is conveyed to the soil by the roots, but a much larger amount can be stored in the soil for fertilizing by allowing the vines to die down and plowing them under. The vines may be cut either for feeding green or can be cured like clover for winter use.

DAWFR ESSEX RAPE. This plant is most serviceable in furnishing large crops of forage for fattening sheep and hogs during the summer and fall months; it is of very rapid growth, and, by frequent plantings in large areas to be cut and soiled, a constant supply of highly nutritious forage may be had at a very low cost. Only the true variety should be planted, as there is another variety which is liable to become a very troublesome weed, and does not compare in productiveness to the true Dwarf Essex. Sow three pounds of seed per acre broadcast.

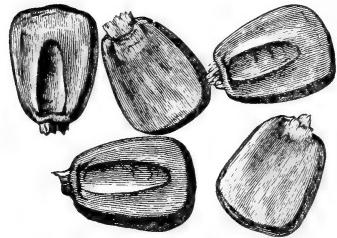
AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH. This plant is a grand acquisition for pasture or forage in very dry soils, and soils so alkaline that the ordinary grasses and forage plants cannot be grown. When once established the plants grow very rapidly, entirely covering the ground even when planted in hills four feet apart. It makes a close mat of fine stems and foliage which is readily eaten by stock, and, growing from a central crown like clover, it does not sprout up when cut below the crown or when turned under with the plow; so there is no danger of its becoming a troublesome weed. Alkaline soils can be fitted for other crops by growing the Salt Bush for several seasons, and it is also a valuable crop to turn under for green manure on dry or sandy soils. The seed starts best during the cool, moist weather of early spring. One pound of seed is sufficient to plant an acre of land, sown broadcast and lightly harrowed in, or planted in hills and cultivated until well started.

KAFFIR CORN has become a staple crop in dry sections where Indian or common field corn fails frequently during seasons of drought. It is of strong stocky growth, furnishing large crops of grain and fodder. The grain is borne in heads at the top of the stalks, and makes an excellent ration for stock and poultry. It should be planted in drills four feet apart and cultivated like field corn. Fifteen pounds of seed will plant one acre.



	Per pkt.	Per oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.	Per lb.	10 lbs.
Teosinte (<i>Euchlæna luxurians</i>),	\$0 05	\$0 07	\$0 25	\$0 80	\$7 50
Soja Bean,	5	5	10	15	1 25
Dwarf Essex Rape. (Per 100 lbs. \$7.50),	10			10	80
Australian Salt Bush,	10	12	30	1 10	10 00
Giant Beggar Weed,	5	7	15	40	3 50
Kaffir Corn,	10			10	60
Vicia Villosa, or Hairy Vetch (\$7.50 per bushel of 60 lbs.),				15	1 30
Roselle,	10	35			
	Per Qt.	4 Quarts	Peck.	Bushel.	2 Bush.
Broom Corn, Improved Evergreen,		\$0 35	\$0 50	\$1 90	\$3 65
Broom Corn, Dwarf Evergreen,		45	80	3 00	
Mammoth Russian Sunflower,	\$0 15	45	80	2 50	4 50
White Beauty Sunflower,	20	60	1 00	3 50	
Spanish Peanuts,	15	45	70	2 40	
Chufas,	20	60	1 10	3 75	
Clay Cow Peas,	12	30	55	2 10	4 00
Whip-poor-will Cow Peas,	12	30	55	2 10	4 00
Silver Hull Buckwheat,	10	25	35	1 25	2 25
New Japanese Buckwheat,	10	25	35	1 25	2 25
Early Orange Sugar Cane,	15	55	85	2 50	
Early Amber Sugar Cane,	15	55	85	2 50	
Velvet Bean,	15	40	65	2 10	4 00
Canada Field Peas,	10	25	40	1 45	2 80

FIELD CORN.



GRAINS OF GOLDEN BEAUTY CORN.

We test annually at FORDHOOK FARMS all the new and distinct varieties of field corn, and recommend confidently the following as the most desirable kinds. *Early Canada Yellow Flint* is long-eared, eight-rowed, and very hardy, ripening in advance of all other large-eared sorts, but, on account of the small fodder and hard flinty grain, is very seldom planted where the finer dent sorts will mature, unless quite late as a catch crop on unoccupied ground. *WATERLOO DENT* is the finest of the extra early dent corns, maturing with us in one hundred days from planting; the ears are of good size, grains slender and quite deep, yielding a very large product of shelled corn. *King of the Earlies* and *Pride of the North* are of the same type, slightly earlier, and with smaller ears. *Leaming* is medium early, with large ears well filled with deep, slender grains. *WHITE CAP DENT* is quite hardy, medium early, with light-amber grains, capped with pearly white; the grain is slightly hard and floury. *Hickory King* is an extra large white-grained variety, with slender cob; it is the only pure white-grained dent corn which will ripen in our locality. *PEDRICK'S PERFECTED GOLDEN BEAUTY* is an earlier ripening type of our *Golden Beauty*; a very strong grower and heavy yielder; we consider it the best variety for general planting. *Chester County Mammoth* grows to a large size, both in stalk and ear, and is second in productiveness only to our *GOLDEN BEAUTY*, which yields the largest crops of any variety of yellow corn we have ever grown; both require strong, rich soil and a season of four months in which to mature the grain.

	Per Pk.	Per Bushel.	Sack of 2 Bush.	10 Bush.
King of the Earlies. The best early variety,	\$0 55	1 65	\$3 10	\$14 50
Pride of the North, or Queen of the Prairie,	55	1 65	3 10	14 50
Early Mastodon Dent. Very handsome ears,	55	1 65	3 10	14 50
Waterloo Extra Early Dent. Ripens in ninety days,	55	1 65	3 10	14 50
Burpee's Golden Beauty. Large, handsome yellow grains, .	65	1 85	3 50	16 50
Pedrick's Perfected Golden Beauty. A selected strain, .	70	2 40	4 50	21 00
Chester County Mammoth. A productive large-eared variety, .	65	1 85	3 50	16 50
The Leaming. The favorite in many sections,	55	1 65	3 10	14 50
White Cap Dent. Grains amber-yellow, tipped white, . . .	55	1 65	3 10	14 50
White Hickory King. A favorite white variety,	65	1 85	3 50	16 50
Early Canada Yellow Flint. An improved strain,	55	1 65	3 10	14 50
Sugar Corn for Green Fodder,	55	1 65	3 10	14 50

**BURPEE'S SEEDS GROW and are famous
for Uniform Excellence of all their Products.**

OATS.

The DANISH ISLAND is a very hardy variety, with strong stiff straw; it is a heavy yielder, and in northern New York, where we have our seed grown, has replaced most other varieties. The WELCOME OATS, first introduced by us, have long been a standard variety; they grow quite tall, furnishing a large crop of fine straw, while the large branching heads yield an immense crop of heavy grain. The GOLDEN GIANT SIDE OATS are very hardy and productive; we have found it especially adapted to thin land and dry hilly locations. Sow two to three bushels per acre broadcast, as early in the spring as the ground can be properly prepared.

Golden Giant Side. (*See illustration in The Farm Annual*),
Danish Island. (*See page 78 of The Farm Annual*),
Welcome,

	Bush. of 32 lbs.	Sack of 2 bush.	Per 10 bush.
\$0 90	\$1 70	\$8 00	
1 00	1 90	9 00	
1 00	1 90	9 00	

CLOVER SEED.

The Clover seed we offer is **exclusively of the finest grades** the market affords, and is free from trash, weed seeds, or dodder. We do not attempt to compete in price with the low-priced grades usually sold in country stores and by jobbers. The small additional cost for the best and cleanest seed is money well invested, when the prime importance of securing a good stand with freedom from noxious or troublesome weeds is considered. While the seed we offer is all of high germinating power, we advise sowing a liberal quantity to insure a satisfactory stand, as the extra cost of five or ten pounds of additional seed per acre is very slight as compared with cost of plowing and reseeding, aside from the loss of a season's crop of hay or pasture.

The common or RED MEDIUM CLOVER, frequently called *Cow Grass*, and its larger type, the MAMMOTH PEA-VINE CLOVER, are the varieties usually sown in the Northern and Middle Western States, either alone or in addition to other grasses. Both are strong-growing perennials, yielding two or more crops per season of valuable forage and endure for several years.

ALSIKE OF HYBRID CLOVER is not so generally known as the preceding, but we consider it *even greater value*. It is especially desirable for sowing with other grasses for mixed hay, as the stalks are more slender, grow to a greater height, and, blossoming later, it is in the best condition for cutting at the same time as *Timothy* and other late-flowering grasses. It is also more persistent than the Red Clovers and will endure longer in the sod when grown with other grasses.

The CRIMSON OR ITALIAN CLOVER is an annual variety of very rapid growth during cool moist weather, and is now quite largely planted for a green crop to turn under in the spring. If sown late in the summer or early in the fall among cultivated crops, it will grow strongly during the winter, affording a dense, heavy mat of green foliage to turn under in the spring, in ample season for planting corn and other crops. Gathering large quantities of nitrogen from the atmosphere, it is a wonderful soil enricher when used in this manner. It can also be cured into excellent hay if cut before the hairy seed-heads form; if these are allowed to mature, they are quite injurious when fed to stock, forming balls in the animal's stomach.

ALFALFA OR LUCERNE is largely grown in the West, and is being extensively planted in the Eastern States. It is a perennial clover-like plant growing from two to three feet high, and is especially valuable for dry climate and soils, as the roots penetrate deeply. When once established it increases in strength with succeeding years. It endures for many years, makes rapid growth, and yields immense crops of very valuable forage,—from three to five cuttings in a season. It is of great value as a soil enricher, and for the best results should be sown alone early in the spring.

The BOKHARA or BUFFALO CLOVER resembles the *Alfalfa* in growth, but is of quicker, taller growth. It has small sweet-scented white blossoms, which afford the finest bee pasture. Thrives well on dry and limestone soils.

YELLOW TREFOIL is a biennial clover, flowering from May to August. It is an excellent fodder plant when sown with other grass to cut for hay. SAINFOIN, also called French Grass and Holy Hay, is a perennial plant of clover-like growth, thriving best in chalky and sandy soils, dry gravel, etc. The stand improves with age, the well-established plants being of strong luxuriant growth, excellent for forage and to enrich the soil. It will resist drought much better than other clovers and is extremely valuable to prevent soils from washing during heavy rains, as well as binding and enriching light, loose soil. It is rather tender in our northern winters, and is not recommended for sowing north of Virginia.

The WHITE DUTCH CLOVER thrives in almost all soils and climates; valuable in mixture with other grasses for lawns and pastures. It is highly nutritious and very enduring. The blossoms afford the finest bee pasture and make the most delicious honey. Clover seed should be sown broadcast quite early in the spring at the rate of fifteen to twenty-five pounds per acre.

Prices subject to market changes.

Per lb.

Red Medium (<i>Trifolium pratense</i>).	Write for prices,	Fluctuates.
Mammoth Red, or Pea-Vine (<i>Trifolium pratense hybridum</i>),		Fluctuates.
Alsike, or Hybrid (<i>Trifolium hybridum</i>),		\$0 22
Lucerne, or Alfalfa (<i>Medicago sativa</i>),		20
White Dutch (<i>Trifolium repens</i>),		22
Bokhara (<i>Melilotus alba</i>),		30
Sainfoin (<i>Onobrychis sativa</i>),		8
Yellow Trefoil (<i>Medicago lupulina</i>),		15
Crimson Trefoil, or Scarlet Italian (<i>Trifolium incarnatum</i>).	Per bushel, \$3.50,	7



ALSIKE CLOVER.



ALFALFA, OR LUCERNE.

Extra Clean GRASS SEEDS.



ORCHARD GRASS.

Clean grass seed of strong vitality and free from any admixture of weed seeds is a most essential requisite for successful farming. Pasturage and hay are of chief importance in all kinds of stock raising and feeding, while the rotation with other crops is necessary to keep up the fertility of the soil. We offer choice clean seed of the leading varieties, which are of the **best grades obtainable**. We shall be glad at any time to assist our customers in the selection of the best varieties for especial locations or purposes, as well as to quote prices on large quantities of special varieties or mixtures. As seed of some of the leading varieties is subject to frequent market changes, prices will be quoted on these by letter at any time.

TIMOTHY is one of the best-known grasses, largely grown for marketing in the large cities, and of excellent value to grow in mixture with other grass to produce hay for stock feeding. It is of the greatest feeding value when well ripened and highly esteemed for feeding horses. **HERD**, or **RED TOP**, is a valuable native grass, desirable for meadows, pastures, and lawns in mixture with other grasses.

KENTUCKY BLUE, pre-eminently a pasture grass, resists the trampling of cattle, and thrives best in dry soils, retaining its verdure during the hottest summer weather. It is also fine for lawns. **ENGLISH RYE** is a nutritious, permanent grass of quick growth for meadows, pastures, and lawns. **ITALIAN RYE** thrives in nearly all soils and is superior for irrigated meadows. **YELLOW OAT GRASS** is of strong growth, excellent for dry meadows and pastures. **CRESTED DOGSTAIL**, on hard dry soils, is valuable for pastures and lawns.

HARD FESCUE is most desirable for dry soils, sheep pastures, and for shady lawns. **SHEEP FESCUE** is of smaller, more compact growth than the preceding. **MEADOW BENT** succeeds in nearly all soils and locations. It is valuable for pastures, lawns, tennis courts, and golf links, as it resists tramping and will withstand repeated clipping. **MEADOW FOXTAIL** is valuable only in the North and should be sown only in mixture with other grasses. **TALL MEADOW OAT** is desirable for permanent pastures, being of early luxuriant growth, relished by cattle, and makes excellent hay. **WOOD MEADOW** is a very productive and nutritious grass, adopted for lawns and pastures; thrives well under the shade of trees. **ROUGH-STALKED MEADOW** is of quick growth, but desirable only for moist soils. **BROMUS SCHREDERI**, an annual of quick, strong growth, is principally used for winter grazing in the South. **HUNGARIAN BROME**, or *Awnless Brome*, a perennial of very luxuriant growth, four to five feet in height, is an ideal grass for hot, dry regions and light or sandy soils.

HUNGARIAN MILLET is one of the most useful annual forage plants, growing quickly in any ordinary soil and notwithstanding both heat and drought. **GOLDEN** or **GERMAN MILLET** is of much larger and stronger growth and is enormously productive on rich soil. **EAST INDIA** or **PEARL MILLET**, of very strong growth, eight to ten feet high, should be sown in rows four feet apart and cultivated like corn.

For general planting, either for hay or pasture on widely differing soils, we cannot too strongly recommend our **PERMANENT PASTURE MIXTURE**, as it makes a close, dense sod, grows strongly and yields large crops of hay or abundant pasturage. We have found it equally satisfactory for level meadow lands and exposed sandy hillsides, where the close sod is of great value in preventing gullies in heavy storms.

Our **FORDHOOKE FINEST LAWN GRASS** is compounded of the choicest and best varieties for quickly forming a fine, close, velvety sward, which increases in density each season if kept properly rolled and frequently mown. We send, free with the seed, if requested, *full directions for preparing and seeding the lawn*, as well as for its after-care and management to secure the best results.

	Per lb.	Bushel.
Grass Mixture for Permanent Pastures. (10 lbs. or more at 17 cts.),	\$0 18	
Fordhook Finest Lawn Grass. (10 lbs. or more at 17 cts.),	18	
Fancy Cleaned Kentucky Blue Grass (<i>Poa pratensis</i>),	15	\$1 60
Fancy Herd, or Red Top (<i>Agrostis vulgaris</i>),	18	4 50
Orehardt (<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>),	20	2 25
Tall Meadow Oat (<i>Avena elatior</i>),	22	2 00
Yellow Oat (<i>Avena flavescens</i>),	70	
Wood Meadow (<i>Poa nemoralis</i>),	35	
Rough-Stalked Meadow (<i>Poa trivialis</i>),	35	
Meadow Foxtail (<i>Alopecurus pratensis</i>),	30	1 65
Sweet Vernal (<i>Anthoxanthum odoratum</i>). True perennial,	60	
Bromus Inermis (<i>Awnless Brome Grass</i>),	18	2 25
English Rye (<i>Lolium perenne</i>),	12	2 00
Italian Rye (<i>Lolium italicum</i>),	12	2 10
Crested Dogtail (<i>Cynosurus cristatus</i>),	22	4 25
Hard Fescue (<i>Festuca durissima</i>),	22	2 10
Meadow Fescue (<i>Festuca pratensis</i>),	20	3 50
Sheep's Fescue (<i>Festuca ovina</i>),	20	2 10
Bromus Schrederi, or Rescue Grass,	38	
Creeping Bent (<i>Agrostis stolonifera</i>),	22	3 60
Johnson Grass (<i>Sorghum halapense</i>),	12	2 75
Timothy (<i>Phleum pratense</i>),	about	12 3 25
Hungarian Millet,	about	1 40
Golden or German Millet,	about	1 60
East India or Pearl Millet,	12	

All Grass and Clover Seeds are subject to market changes.
Prices quoted by mail at any time.

Testimonials.—A Few Out of Many Thousands!

His Twenty-third Annual Order!

PHILLIP SWANK, Rome City, Noble Co., Ind., February 19, 1901, sending an order for \$19.58, writes:—This is my twenty-third annual order to you.

Safe Packing for New Zealand.

MRS. J. H. SMITH, Sentry Hill, Taranaki, New Zealand, writes:—I wish to send you many thanks for the way the seeds and bulbs I sent for were packed. Had I walked into your warehouse and bought them they could not have been in better condition, and, considering the long journey, I think it wonderful. A good many of the bulbs are already sending strong shoots through the ground.

Burpee's Seeds Bring "Good Luck."

M. G. CLARK, Burlington, Vt., writes:—We have used Burpee's seeds for eight years and never think of buying any other kind. We find that they grow in Vermont as well as in Maine. This year I have persuaded a neighbor, who "never had any luck with a garden," to send for your seeds with us, and I am sure she will "have luck" this time.

Buys Seeds Only at One Place!

GEO. H. BRIGGS, Waldwick, N. J., February 25, 1901, writes:—I generally receive several seed catalogues, but Burpee's Farm Annual for 1901 is the finest I have had. I never buy seeds but at one place and of only one firm, and that is BURPEE of Philadelphia, as I have always found your seeds all right in every respect.

Perfectly Satisfied for Twenty-one Years.

ANDREW BRADT, Tiffany, Rock Co., Wis., in sending an order received April 8, 1901, for \$7.80, writes:—For the past twenty-one years I have been a yearly patron of yours in buying garden seeds. Have always been perfectly satisfied in returns from your seeds, getting better results than from other seeds.

"The Best I Have Ever Planted."

WM. ALBERTSON, Amsterdam, N. Y., April 21, 1901, writes:—Kindly allow me to thank you for the prompt attention given my order for seeds every year. During my dealings with your firm I must say (although against giving testimonials) that your seeds are the **best** I have ever planted, even exceeding higher priced seeds of other firms. I will always speak to my friends in the highest terms of them, and would recommend to amateur and market gardeners as well that *no possible mistake can be made in purchasing seeds of you*, as they are of the strongest vitality and germinating power of any seeds grown, being also true to name.

By All Means "Buy of Burpee."

C. G. ADDISON, Springfield, Md., February 14, 1901, writes:—Please send your Farm Annual for 1901 to my brother in Virginia. He wrote to me to advise him where to buy his seeds, and I told him by all means to "BUY OF BURPEE."

Praise for Burpee's Combination Tomato.

A. C. HULTSON, Canton, S. Dakota, September 5, 1901, writes:—I send you herewith a kodak picture of my fifty-five hills of BURPEE'S COMBINATION TOMATO, which is a sight that even an expert would admire. I hope you will be able to use it in your annual, as it will help the sale of your products all over this State. I have shown the patch to many, and they all pronounce it a sight such as they never saw. I have picked twenty fine ripe tomatoes off of one hill at one time. We have had ripe tomatoes since the 20th of July for a family of seven and sometimes eight, besides using all we could to eat and have canned some. In August we sold \$15.00 worth, and now we have bushels yet getting ripe and ready soon for use. They are a standing advertisement for your seeds, I can assure you. I wish to say a word for your Dahlias: that prize collection is superb!

Sweet Peas are Magnificent.

E. J. MORRISON, Newark, Del., October 22, 1900, writes:—I wish to write you in regard to your magnificent Collection of Sweet Peas. They came up and bloomed perfectly lovely and were admired by every one. I was particularly pleased with *Burpee's Navy Blue*, *Sadie Burpee*, and *Burpee's Earliest of All*, the latter being planted on the 24th of March and began to bloom about the middle of May. In fact, every one was a success. They bloomed so profusely that they had to be cut twice each day. I like the "*Snapping-Dragon*" also, it being unique. I was so pleased with your seeds and my success in growing sweet peas that I felt it my duty to write you.

The Best Seeds for Twenty Years.

WM. DEREMER, Cumberland Valley, Pa., February 17, 1900, writes:—It must be twenty years or more that I have been dealing with you, and in that time I have not received a package of seeds or anything that was not true to name and just as you recommended. I have always found them to be the best seeds. I always have the best garden around. As long as I live I intend to plant Burpee's seeds, for I cannot get any better nor as good.

Wins First Prize on Pansies.

MRS. ADA W. THOMAS, Avoca, N. Y., August 30, 1900, writes:—My pansies took the first prize at the Floral Exhibition held in this place August 9th, 10th, and 11th. The pansies were pronounced by many the finest collection they had ever seen.

Sweet Peas and Nasturtiums.

MRS. D. C. TOWER, 1741 Amherst St., Buffalo, N. Y., August 3, 1900, writes:—Last spring I planted Burpee's "Earliest of All" Sweet Peas, the same time that I planted the others, and they blossomed nearly two weeks earlier than the others and were perfectly lovely. My Lobb's Nasturtiums are beautiful. All who have seen them say they "never saw such lovely shades." They are magnificent.

Sweet Peas Admired by All.

REV. ARTHUR T. INGRAM, Minessing, Ontario, Canada, December 7, 1900, writes:—I had the most beautiful Sweet Peas of any one around. Many of the blossoms had four individual flowers on one stem,—a thing I never had happen before. It would be invidious to make any distinction between varieties, for they are all good. My sweet peas were the admiration of all.

Our Flowers are Prize Winners.

G. A. COOK, 1316 S. Osage St., Sedalia, Mo., July 23, 1900, writes:—I planted one package of *Fordhook Favorite Mixture Nasturtiums* in a bed ten by ten feet. There were about eighty seeds, and I planted five rows of five hills each and about three seeds to the hill, and seventy-five of them came up. This is the finest bed of nasturtiums in Sedalia. As many as twenty-five varieties of bloom appeared, and we have plucked them by the double handful daily for weeks, sending them into a hundred homes and offices, besides keeping our own sitting-room full. But a more brilliant spot yet is a bed of *Fordhook Favorites' Dianthus*. These have been blooming about three weeks and improving daily, producing some blooms universally pronounced the finest pinks grown hereabout. Good results have been obtained from *Fordhook Balsams* and *Phlox Drummondii*, now in full bloom, while the *Fordhook Mixed Pansies* are marvels of perfection. These beds were prize winners, as on the Fourth of July Mrs. Cook was awarded a prize in a local contest for the handsomest back yard, winning on flower-beds grown from Burpee's seeds. There were some twenty contestants.

Daylight Dolichos Thirty Feet High!

CYRUS CHAPIN, Denver, Colo., February 2, 1901, writes:—There are few vines of the nature of Dolichos, Imperial Japanese Morning Glories, and the like that are any good here. The nights are too cool. Your new DAYLIGHT DOLICHOS, however, seems to be proof against chilly nights. Although planted late they grew to a height of thirty feet and were literally covered with the long spikes of lovely white flowers.

"Daylight" is Most Superb.

B. T. ARTHUR, Laurel Springs, N. J., January 3, 1901, writes:—I ought to tell you about the climbing dolichos that I got from you. It was the "*Daylight*" and was the most superb thing of the kind I ever saw. The great white blooms were certainly like wax as you described.

Matchless Were "Such Large Beauties."

ROY BENNETT, Harley, Ontario, Canada, February 22, 1899, writes:—The seeds I purchased from you last year were the best seeds I ever planted, especially the MATCHLESS TOMATO. I have never grown any one variety to yield like it, and such large beauties they were! I am waiting impatiently for seed time again.

Surehead Thrives Where Others Fail.

E. M. VAN NESS, Glenn Dale, Md., September 17, 1900, writes:—Your SUREHEAD is the best cabbage ever raised. Despite the fact that we have had only one-half inch rainfall from June 17th to September 14th, the Surehead is looking well and growing. Nearly everybody else's are dead from drought.

Two Awards at the Paris Exposition in 1900.

The Only First Prize on Sweet Peas was awarded to our exhibit of sixty varieties, all produced from our American-grown seed, of identically the same quality as sold to our customers. Large bouquets of the Tall varieties were shown in connection with pot-plants of the DWARF CUPID and BURPEE'S BUSH SWEET PEAS. These were grown specially for us by a skilled gardener in the vicinity of Paris, consequently were exhibited in first-class condition,—securing for us "**the only first prize on Sweet Peas.**" It was fairly considered the finest exhibit of Sweet Peas ever made on the continent of Europe. We received also a SILVER MEDAL for our Collection of Photographs displayed by request of the United States Government in connection with THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, showing views of Trial Grounds, Seed Crops, and Seed Cleaning as conducted at FORDHOOK FARMS.

Sweet Peas as Cut-Flowers. The Sweet Pea is eminently satisfactory as a cut-flower, by reason of its great freedom of bloom, the attractive shades and colorings, its delightful fragrance, as well as its extreme adaptability for bouquets and floral designs, giving, as they do, a graceful open effect.

Sweet Peas Under Glass. Our florist friends are naturally most interested in the winter supply grown under glass, these being usually grown in connection with the Carnation in a cool temperature. The usual practice is to plant five to six seeds in a place two feet apart each way in the Carnation beds (where grown in solid beds on the ground) early in the winter; these are trained to strings of slender wires running to the roof where they are attached to the ribs, training the vines about the strings as they increase in height. These plants begin to bloom about the last of February and continue in flower until the hot summer weather sets in, or as long as they can be kept free from the Red Spider. This insect can be held in check by thorough sprayings with cold water early in the morning after the flowers have been cut off. Do not spray on dull cloudy days, as this would cause the buds to drop off.

The above method of culture refers to the tall-growing or running varieties familiar to all, but with the advent of BURPEE'S EARLIEST OF ALL SWEET PEA an entirely new field and season for the Sweet Pea has opened. A florist who saw the samples of this variety growing in our Trial Grounds at FORDHOOK FARMS quickly realized its adaptability for winter flowering under glass, and from an experimental bed planted in September flowers were cut for the Christmas holidays; while the next season, from a bed planted in August, flowers were had by Thanksgiving day. These plantings were made in raised beds with four inches of stiff clay loam and the young plants tied to wire supports until one foot in height, after which they were allowed to run at will over the beds.

Grown in the open ground BURPEE'S EARLIEST OF ALL is only twenty inches in height when in full flower and comes into bloom in about sixty days from planting the seed. Grown under glass in rich soil and a comparatively cool temperature it commences to flower equally as early and when about twelve inches high, but with the favorable temperature of a greenhouse the growth continues until the vines are as large and strong as those of the tall running sorts in the open ground; it is always in flower during all this growth, so that there is a constant supply of the beautiful flowers from fall until late the following spring. While these experiments have been made on raised benches where it was necessary to let the vines spread out over the bed on account of lack of space for them to grow upright beneath the glass (ordinary Carnation beds being used), we think better results will be obtained by planting them in well-drained beds made on the floor of the greenhouse, where they will have six to eight feet clear room in which to grow, and training them to strings, wire, or slender cane supports, as treated in this way the flowers can be had with longer and uniformly straight stems.

This plan also has the additional advantage of giving access to the surface of the soil so that they can be top-dressed with rotted manure when desirable, and the soil can be watered without wetting the foliage or flowers on dull days. We have found it an excellent plan when the vines reach nearly to the glass or when the flowers come small, late in the spring, to cut the vines back severely and put on a top dressing of manure. This treatment will bring a strong new growth of vine and large well-colored blooms, for by this time the dwarf growth of the strain has entirely disappeared under the favorable conditions for growth, —its greatest advantage being that we have been cutting flowers two or three months earlier than we could have done while waiting for the regular tall sorts to complete their growth. That the early flowering character of BURPEE'S EARLIEST OF ALL is appreciated is well shown by the greatly increased demand for this strain from florists during the past summer. We should also call attention to the statement of florists who have grown this variety, that the standards are more brightly colored than those of *Blanche Ferry*, and that they remain fresh and salable much longer.

Complete List of Sweet Peas,—see pages 118 to 128.

FORDHOOK FLOWER SEEDS.

COPYRIGHTED 1894 W.A.B.C.O.

We are the largest growers of FLOWER SEEDS in America,—excepting only one or two wholesale growers who do not sell to the planter. Besides greenhouses and frames, we devote many acres at our famous FORDHOOK FARMS to the growth of special strains, while others are produced on contract by careful growers both at home and abroad,—subject to personal inspection. Thus we secure a complete stock of FLOWER SEEDS that is unequalled,—vastly superior to the seeds generally handled either by American or European dealers. In Flowers as well as in Vegetables, for which our house is so widely famous, we devote untiring labor and spare no expense to obtain Only the BEST SEEDS that can be grown. Of the many NOVELTIES introduced each season, the majority are actually not worthy of cultivation. All are thoroughly tested in our greenhouses and trial grounds, but only those that prove to be of real merit and sufficiently true to type are catalogued. Any variety ordered from the following list, therefore, with proper treatment, is sure to give entire satisfaction.

ON all ORDERS for SEEDS IN RETAIL PACKETS we allow a discount of thirty-three and one-third per cent. from the price quoted "per packet," as stated on second page cover.

"Come and See." Wednesday is visitors' day at FORDHOOK FARMS, but florists, market gardeners, and wholesale customers from a distance can obtain permits at our Philadelphia Office for any other day except Sunday. An omnibus meets every train upon arrival at Doylestown, while trolley cars run every eighteen minutes, connecting at Willow Grove with city trolley lines.

ABUTILON.

Our seed, although sold only in mixture, is saved from the choicest named varieties and gives great satisfaction grown either as pot-plants or for bedding.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Royal Prize, Mixed, . . . (1000 seeds, 75 cts.)	\$0 10	\$6 00
New Fancy California, (500 seeds, 50 cts.)	15	

AGERATUM.

Mexicanum is the old, small, blue-flowered type growing two feet high, and *Albiflorum* its white-flowered counterpart. The new *Tom Thumb* varieties, though very dwarf and compact in growth, have large heavy foliage and very large flowers; they are excellent both as pot-plants or for bordering flower-beds.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Mexicanum,	\$0 05	\$0 20
“ Albiflorum,	5	20
“ Tom Thumb, Mixed,	5	25



LITTLE GEM.—THE BEST SWEET ALYSSUM.

ALYSSUM.

Benthami is the popular old type, suitable for bedding; also an excellent plant for edges of vases, hanging-baskets, etc. *Compactum* is more dwarf and equally floriferous. *Little Gem*, a true dwarf of very compact growth, only three inches high when in full bloom, is the finest for pot-plants or edging, but too short-stemmed for cut-flowers. *Saxatile*, a hardy variety, blooming very early the second spring from seed, bearing a profusion of bright-yellow flowers, is fine for cutting and a splendid plant for perennial borders.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Benthami (Sweet Alyssum),	\$0 05	\$0 15
“ Compactum (Tom Thumb),	5	20
“ “ Little Gem,	10	30
Saxatile Compactum,	5	25

ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon).

These are becoming more popular each year. *Picturatum* is a strain of tall growth, having long spikes of large flowers and a wide range of brilliant colors, while the *Dwarf Mixed* is a fine mixture of dwarfer growing sorts of compact habit, bearing erect spikes twelve to fifteen inches in length. Grown in a cool greenhouse the spikes generally sell well in winter as cut-flowers.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Picturatum,	\$0 05	\$0 50
Dwarf Varieties, Mixed,	5	30
Giant-Flowered, Mixed,	10	40

ASPARAGUS.

This new species is now most popular with florists, both as a decorative pot-plant and for floral decoration; it is quite easily grown from seed.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Asparagus Sprengeri, (100 seeds, 50 cts.)	\$0 25	

AQUILEGIA (Hardy Columbine).

These highly ornamental plants are quite popular now for use in rock-work or in the garden. *Skinneri* is a pretty single-flowered variety, bearing flowers of a vivid scarlet, with bright yellow center. The *Choice Double* is a fine mixture, producing double flowers in a wide range of beautiful colors.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Skinneri, (per 1/4 oz., 75 cts.)	\$0 10	\$2 50
Choice Double, Mixed,	5	20

See Yellow Pages

at end of Catalogue for Popular Collections.
Florists can make money selling these collections.



A SINGLE PLANT OF COMET ASTER.

ASTERS.

The Aster is extremely popular and valuable as a summer cut-flower for florists. We exercise the greatest care in the selection of our stocks, such as will produce uniformly large flowers with full double centers. The cheap strains which bear only semi-double flowers and show the yellow center are practically worthless as a market cut-flower. It is important, in growing Asters for the cut-flower trade, to have a supply of flowers for as long a period as possible, and that the flowers should be borne upon stems of good length. We therefore offer the following hints, to assist florists in making their selections of varieties, and shall be glad to answer special inquiries at any time.

The earliest type to produce fine large flowers is the COMET ASTER, and of these the most desirable for cut-flowers are the new branching varieties, as the plants grow two feet in height and the flowers have fine long stems. The new *Dwarf Perfection* is an extremely early Comet, growing one foot high in the open ground, but if started early under glass the plants grow 15 inches high and the flowers are furnished with stems of good length.

For mid-season flowering, we recommend the VICTORIA, TRUFFAUT'S PEONY PERFECTION, and JEWEL or BALL ASTERS. These are all stiffly erect or upright in growth, averaging two feet high in good soil, and produce fine, large, double flowers on stiff stems of good length. The *Victoria* flowers have flatly-spread petals, reflexed or curving downward at the outer edges, while the *Peony-Perfection* have the petals more erect and slightly curved inward. The petals of the *Jewel* or *Ball* are strongly curved inward, making a rounded ball-like flower which entirely hides the center.

For the latest supply, plant the AMERICAN BRANCHING ASTERS. These grow two to three feet high and branch very freely, the flowers being of the largest size ($2\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 inches across), and each furnished with a long stiff stem, rivaling the Chrysanthemum both in size of flower and length of stem.

In planting Asters for cut-flowers we recommend that three separate sowings be made—one early in the spring in the greenhouse to be planted out as soon as danger of severe frost is past, a second in the open ground when the trees are starting out in leaf, and a third the last of May to supply late fall flowers. By using the three types described above at each planting, viz., for early, *Comet*, succession, *Victoria*, etc., and for late *American Branching*, a continuous supply may be had from early in the summer until late in the fall. The other types offered in the list in next column are grown mainly as bedding plants and are fully described in THE FARM ANNUAL FOR 1902.

Varieties of Asters.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Betteridge's Prize, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 30
Boltze's Dwarf Bouquet, Mixed,	10	1 00
Christmas Tree, Mixed,	10	1 00
Branching, Black-blue,	10	85
" Crimson,	10	85
" Lavender,	10	85
" Mary Semple,	10	75
" Purple,	10	85
" Rose,	10	85
" White,	10	60
" Mixed,	10	60
Cocardeau, or Crown, Mixed,	10	85
Comet, Mixed,	10	1 00
" Five Separate Colors, Each,	10	1 25
" Giant White, (1/4 oz., 35 cts.)	10	1 25
" Mixed, (1/4 oz., 35 cts.)	10	1 25
" Branching, Freedom, (1/4 oz., 50 cts.)	10	1 75
" " " Victory, (1/4 oz., 50 cts.)	10	1 75
" " " White, (1/4 oz., 50 cts.)	10	1 75
" Dwarf Perfection, White, "Earliest Comet," (1/4 oz., 60 cts.)	15	
Diamond, Mixed, (1/4 oz., 35 cts.)	10	1 25
Dwarf, Chrysanthemum-flowered, Mixed, Peony-flowered Perfection, Mixed,	5	1 00
" " Separate Colors,	10	1 00
" Queen, White, (1/4 oz., 50 cts.)	10	1 75
" Crimson, (1/4 oz., 50 cts.)	10	1 75
" Dark Blue, (1/4 oz., 50 cts.)	10	1 75
" Light Blue, (1/4 oz., 50 cts.)	10	1 75
" Finest Mixed, (1/4 oz., 40 cts.)	10	1 50
" Victoria, Finest Mixed,	10	90
Fire King, or Triumph Scarlet, (1/4 oz., 65 cts.)	10	2 25
German Quilled, Mixed,	5	30
Jewel, or Ball, Apple Blossom,	10	1 35
" Fiery Scarlet, with White,	10	1 35
" Light Purple,	10	1 35
" Mixed,	10	1 10
Queen of the Market, Mixed,	5	85
Queen of Spring, Mixed,	10	85
Truffaut's Peony-flowered Perfection, Mixed,	10	1 00
Truffaut's Peony-flowered Perfection, Separate Colors, Each, (1/4 oz., 35 cts.)	10	1 35
Victoria, Mixed, (1/4 oz., 25 cts.)	10	1 00
" White, Scarlet, and Blue, Each, (1/4 oz., 40 cts.)	10	1 50
Washington, Mixed, (1/4 oz., 35 cts.)	10	1 25
Fine Mixed, all Colors,	5	60
Fordhook Favorites, Mixed, (1/4 oz., 35 cts.)	15	1 25

"Christmas Tree." This new type of Aster has a branching pyramidal form of growth, so that each individual flower is displayed on a long stem and stands out separately from its fellows instead of being closely grouped together. The plants are quite early in blooming. The flowers are of medium size, one and a half to two inches in diameter, finely double, with reflexed petals, and range through many beautiful shades of coloring. **Per pkt. 15 cts.; 2 pkts. for 25 cts.; per 1/2 oz. 55 cts.; oz. \$1.00.**

"Earliest Comet." This has proved to be the very earliest to bloom at FORDHOOK FARMS for the past three seasons. The plants grow only eight to ten inches high, but as they branch from near the base, the flowers are borne upon good stems. The flowers measure two and a half inches in diameter. The several rows of outer petals are gracefully reflexed, while the center is filled with short erect quilled petals,—the whole having a graceful feathered effect. This variety from its dwarf habit of growth is especially desirable as a pot-plant. **Per pkt. 15 cts.; 2 pkts. for 25 cts.; per 1/4 oz. 60 cts.**

Asters That "Look Like Chrysanthemums."

MRS. WM. HARTBOWER, Alexandria, Va., September, 1900, writes:—Let me tell you about my China Asters. I got six packets for 25 cts. Everybody who saw them said they were the most beautiful they had ever seen. I had one plant of pink that had fifty flowers and buds on at one time. I had white ones over three inches across, and they looked like chrysanthemums. I sent them to market and all said they were beautiful. I hope you will have the same again this year.



BURPEE'S "EXQUISITE" BALSAM.

BALSAMS.

Balsams, or, as they were formerly called, *Lady's Slippers*, reach their finest perfection of growth and bloom at FORDHOOK FARMS, and our strains from many years of the most careful selection can be depended upon to produce the choicest double flowers. Our New *Defiance*

White is especially selected to produce the best double white flower of the largest size and finest camellia form (double centers and reflexed petals) for florists who grow on a large scale to furnish fine white flowers for design-work through the summer. We offer also Benary's new white *Alba perfecta*, grown from imported seed, which is second only to our *Defiance* strain. The flowers of both of these have a pure white back, free from the pink tint present in the older white-flowered type sold for florists' use.

The new *Exquisite* is an exceedingly fine variety of the *Defiance* strain; the color is best described as shell-rose. Amongst the other named sorts we especially recommend *Daisy Miller*, a soft blush of fine camellia form; *Perfection Pink*, a bright soft pink; *Perfection White*, a choice double-camellia flowered white, but with a pink back; *Pure White*, smaller and not so double, but very floriferous, fine for bedding; and *Sunshine*, a fine double flower of large size, and of a pale primrose-yellow shade.

BURPEE'S DEFIAENCE BALSAMS, MIXED, contain the choicest named varieties of our own introduction; they are all very double, of the most perfect camellia form and are finest colorings. *Camellia-flowered, Mixed*, is a good double-flowered strain, superior to most offered by other seedsmen, and excelled only by our *Defiance* strain.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Burpee's Superb Camellia-flowered, Mixed,	\$0 10	\$0 60
" " Daisy Miller,	10	1 10
" " Perfection Pink,	10	1 10
" " " White,	10	.90
" " Pure White,	10	.75
" Sunshine,	10	1 25
" Defiance, Splendid, Mixed,	15	1 50
" Defiance Exquisite, ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 75 ets.)	15	
" White Defiance, ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50 ets.)	10	1 75
Alba Perfecta,	10	1 50
Camellia-flowered, Mixed,	5	

BEGONIAS. Few florists as yet realize what fine Begonias can be raised quickly and easily from seeds for sale as pot-plants for summer bedding or for house blooming throughout the year.

The seeds germinate freely; the plants grow quickly and begin to flower while quite small. *Begonia Vernon* is a choice strain of the Semperflorens type, which grows finely and flowers profusely in the open ground, having deep-pink flowers. *Vulcan* is similar in growth, bearing flowers of the brightest scarlet. The new varieties are of the same type of growth, but have larger flowers; the new *Gold-Leaf* is especially fine, the leaves retaining their bright golden hue even in full sunlight. *Duchess of Edinburgh*, *Queen Anna*, *Erfordia*, and *Gracilis alba* are exceedingly fine and recommended for bedding. *White Gem* is quite dwarf and compact, making a fine plant for pot culture, being a constant bloomer; the small plants are literally covered with the graceful sprays.

Our *Begonia Rex* is carefully hybridized from the finest named varieties; new and distinct colorings may be raised from each packet; florists may thus quickly secure a fine supply of large, handsome-leaved plants in a great variety of markings. For all the above Begonias,—see next page.

Tuberous-Rooted BEGONIAS.

Our strains of TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS are carefully hybridized from finest-formed flowers of most brilliant colorings. Plants grown from the *Fordhook Gigantic Strain* frequently produce flowers six inches across in the single-flowered and three to four inches in the double-flowered; the latter are of especially fine form and very full centered. Tuberous-Rooted Begonias from seed sown in January and February will flower freely the first season.

Fordhook Gigantic Tuberous-Rooted Begonias, Single, Mixed. This selection, grown at FORDHOOK FARMS, is unsurpassed. We recommend the single varieties as the best for general purposes. A "packet" contains about 500 seeds. Per pkt. 25 cts.; 5 pkts. for \$1.00; half-size pkt. 15 cts. Trade packet of 1000 seeds, 35 cts.



Tuberous-Rooted Begonias, Double, Fine Mixed. Carefully hybridized. Per small pkt. 25 ets. Trade packet of 500 seeds, 75 cts.

STRONG BULBS of Tuberous-Rooted BEGONIAS as follows:

Single varieties in finest mixture. Grand in size and colors. 5 for 25 ets.; 40 cts. per doz.; \$2.50 per 100. **Crimson, Pink, White, Yellow, and Orange**,—separate, at 4 for 25 ets.; 50 ets. per doz., or \$3.00 per 100.

Double varieties in finest mixture. These are so magnificent that single specimen plants attract universal admiration. Very choice for pot culture. Price 5 for 35 ets.; 60 cts. per doz., or \$5.00 per 100.

Double Crimson, Pink, White, Yellow, and Orange,—each at 5 for 40 cts.; 75 ets. per doz.; \$6.00 per 100.



BURPEE'S NEW VULCAN BEGONIA.

BEGONIA,—Free-Flowering. (*Semperflorens.*)

See general remarks on preceding page, and for further descriptions please consult pages 85 and 96 of *Burpee's Farm Annual for 1902.*

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Queen Anna,	\$0 15	
Bijou (Dwarf Vernon),	($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 50 cts.)	10
Coral Gem,	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40 cts.)	15
Duchess of Edinburgh,	($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 50 cts.)	15
Erfordia,	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50 cts.)	10
Gold Leaf,	($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 50 cts.)	15
Gracilis Alba,	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 75 cts.)	15
Vulcan,	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40 cts.)	10
Vernon,	($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 35 cts.)	10
White Gem (Schmidtii),	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40 cts.)	10
Burpee's Special Mixture,	($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 75 cts.)	10
Large-Leaved Rex,	(500 seeds, 50 cts.)	25

BELLIS (Double Daisy).

Grown in cold-frames, these make fine plants for early spring sales, and furnish cut-flowers throughout the winter. Seed should be sown both in early spring and fall; best double-flowered plants should be transplanted to the frames for winter flowering. We especially recommend the *New Double Snowball*, and *Longfellow*,—the finest dark-pink flowered variety.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Extra Double, White,	($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25 cts.)	80 05 \$1 75
Longfellow,	($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40 cts.)	10 2 75
New Double Snowball,	($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 45 cts.)	10 3 00
German Double, Mixed,	($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25 cts.)	5 1 60



BRACHYCOME Iberidifolia. (Swan River Daisy.)

The *Swan River Daisy* is of a close, compact habit of growth, and is well adapted for small beds or rockeries.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Brachycome Iberidifolia,	\$0 05	\$0 60

BEETS,—Ornamental Foliage.

The Chilian ornamental Beets produce clumps of large leaves, stiffly upright, two feet and over in height. The broad leaf-stalks are most brilliantly colored, deep scarlet or rich orange-yellow, and the large leaves are richly marked with the same colorings. They are especially showy in mixed borders, and as an edging for beds of tropical plants. The *Dracaena-Leaved* is of low growth, six to eight inches high, producing leaves of a deep blood-red; it is very showy when planted as an edging to beds of Coleus or other bright-leaved plants.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Chilian Scarlet Ribbed,	\$0 05	\$0 10
" Yellow "	5	10
Dracaena Leaf,	5	15

BROWALLIA.

The *Browallia* is a handsome half-hardy annual. The plants produce a plentiful supply of their beautiful blue or white flowers throughout the whole summer.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 50

CALCEOLARIA (Pocket Flower).

Our mixed strain of these embraces the richest shades of velvety crimson, maroon, brown, and yellow, brightly spotted, with tigered markings in contrasting colors. They make fine plants for decorating and pot-plants for early spring sales, while they can, with care, be used also as cut-flowers. Our booklet, "RARE FLOWERS FROM SEED," containing full directions for their culture, sent free with the seed, if requested.

	PER PKT.
Hybrida, Mixed, (1000 seeds, 35 cts.)	\$0 25

CALENDULA (Pot Marigold).

Very free-flowering plants for summer bedding, blossoming until cut off by frost, and quite desirable for pot-plants for spring sales. *Meteor* is a fine, large flower of a rich orange color, petals lightly striped with creamy yellow; *Prince of Orange*, pale straw-yellow; *Oriole*, large, bright yellow; *Royal Marigold*, or *Trianon*, rich sulphur-yellow, shaded with dark brown. All of these are of the improved large-flowered type, with fine, double centers. *Favorite* is a new and beautiful variety; the flowers are very double, of a rich sulphur-yellow with a faint creamy-white stripe in center of each petal.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Double, Mixed (Pot Marigold),	\$0 05	\$0 10
Favorite,	10	25
Meteor,	5	10
Oriole, Bright Yellow,	5	10
Prince of Orange,	5	10
The Royal Marigold, Trianon,	5	10

CALIOPSIS, or Coreopsis.

Free-flowering annuals of quick growth, fine for bedding, and quite useful for cut-flowers. *Coronata* has large flowers on good stems, bright yellow deepening to orange at the center, and richly marked with maroon; *Drummondii*, or *Golden Wave*, is compact in growth, with bright golden flowers two inches in diameter, with dark-brown center.



	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Coronata,	\$0 05	\$0 12
Drummondii (Golden Wave),	5	12
Mixed,	5	10
Lanceolata (Perennial),	10	35

CARNATIONS.

The MARGUERITE CARNATIONS are fine for bedding during the summer months; they bloom in about four months from seed and are more free-flowering and more rapid in growth during the summer than the regular greenhouse varieties. Florists will find them of great value as bedding and pot-plants for summer and fall sales. Our Marguerite Carnation, imported seed, is a good strain, and plants from seed sown in the open ground flower freely in our Trial Grounds the same season.

Perpetual, or *Tree*, is the florist's or winter-flowering strain, and is very choice, the seed being saved from one of the finest collections, carefully hybridized. *Red Grenadin* is a hardy, scarlet-flowered variety, blooming the second spring from seed, as are also the *German* and *Choice Double-flowered, Mixed*. The *Picotee* makes a compact plant, blooming freely in the spring; the flowers are finely fringed, fragrant, and beautifully striped.

CAMPANULA, or Canterbury Bells.

Hardy perennials, which produce large bell-shaped flowers, in great profusion the second spring from seed. Colors very rich and showy, pure white, light and dark blue and pink selfs as well as shaded combinations; height, ten feet; excellent for planting in borders of hardy shrubs, etc.

	PER Pkt.	PER OZ.
Double, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 50
Single, Mixed,	5	20

CANDYTUFT.

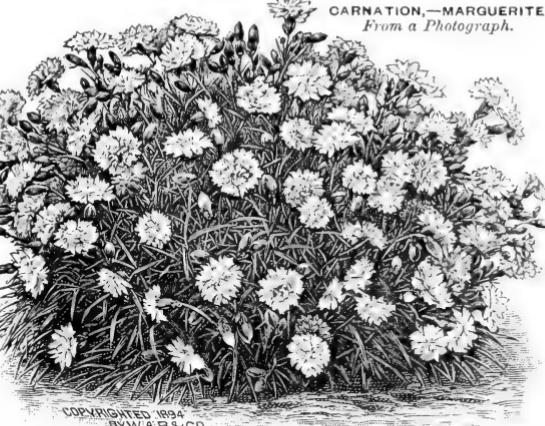
This is one of the most useful flowers for design-work, and, by successive sowings, florists can have a fine supply during the summer season; it will also produce fine, large flowers during the winter, when grown in a cool greenhouse. The new *GIANT HYACINTH-FLOWERED* is the finest strain in cultivation, producing immense heads of large, snow-white flowers. *New Empress* also has fine large flowers, but not so large as the *Giant Hyacinth-Flowered*; *Rocket* is the strain usually planted by florists, but not so desirable as those mentioned above. The *Extra Dark Crimson* has flowers of a deep rich crimson, while in the *New Carmine* the flowers are a soft carmine-pink; these are fine for bedding or cut-flowers early in the spring or in a cool location. They do not flower well under our hot summer sun. *Little Prince* is a dwarf variety, with fair-sized heads of pure white. *Rose Cardinal* is a new and bright color.

	PER Pkt.	PER OZ.
Extra Dark Crimson,	\$0 05	\$0 10
Little Prince,	($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 35 cts.)	10
New Carmine,	5	15
New Empress,	(Per lb., \$2.00)	5
Rocket,	(Per lb., 75 cts.)	5
Rose Cardinal,	($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30 cts.)	10
Tom Thumb (white),	5	15
White,	5	10
Giant Hyacinth-Flowered ($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30 cts.)	10	50
Mixed,	(Per lb., 60 cts.)	5

CARDIOSPERMUM (Balloon Vine).

A very popular climber of rapid growth; the flowers are quite small, but are quickly followed by numerous curious inflated capsules or seed-pods.

	PER Pkt.	PER OZ.
Halicacabum (Balloon Vine),	\$0 05	\$0 10



COPRIGHTED 1894
BY W.A.B & CO.

CARNATION.—MARGUERITE.
From a Photograph.

CARNATIONS.

	PER Pkt.	PER OZ.
Choice Double, Mixed,	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35 cts.)	\$0 10
German, Extra Fine, Double Mixed,		\$1 00
Red Grenadin,	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60 cts.)	15
Marguerite,	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20 cts.)	10
Giants of California Marguerite,		60
Perpetual, or Tree, Mixed,	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60 cts.)	15
Picotee, Fine Double, Mixed,	($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 75 cts.)	25
" Fancy, Extra Fine, Mixed,		5 00
	($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., \$1 00)	25

CANNA (Indian Shot).

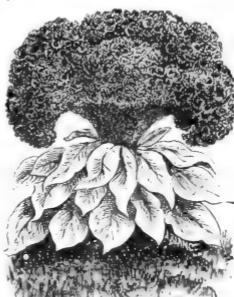
Our *Crozy Canna Seed* is saved from a grand collection of the true large-flowered dwarf type, and can be relied upon to produce plants of good, stocky growth, with uniformly fine flowers. The mixed seed we offer produces plants of much larger growth, highly esteemed for their luxuriant foliage for tropical bedding.

	PER Pkt.	PER OZ.
Crozy's Dwarf, Mixed,	(Per lb., \$1.25)	\$0 05
All Varieties, Mixed,	(Per lb., \$1.00)	5
Crozy's New Varieties (including <i>W. Atlee Burpee</i> and other Novelties grown by M. Crozy),	(Per lb., \$3.00)	10
		30

CELOSIA (Cockscomb).

The dwarf varieties grow only ten to twelve inches in height and are crowned with immense velvety heads or combs of the most velvety form and richest colorings. *Queen of the Dwarfs* is a rich glowing crimson.

Among the Feathered Celosias, the *Triumph of the Exposition* grows two and one-half feet high and fully as large in diameter, branching freely in pyramidal form, and each branch terminating in a feathery plume of rich crimson. "Ostrich Plume" bears large close panicles of feathery bloom.



QUEEN OF DWARFS.

	PER Pkt.	PER OZ.
Christata (Cockscomb), Dwarf, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 50
" Queen of Dwarfs,	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35 cts.)	10
" Giant Empress,	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50 cts.)	10
Ostrich Plume,	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25 cts.)	10
Triumph of the Exposition,		50

BURPEE'S FLOWER SEEDS

are as carefully tested as are Burpee's Vegetable Seeds—there are none better!

CINERARIA.



CENTAUREA IMPERIALIS.

The CENTAUREA IMPERIALIS is a distinct new type, originating in a cross of *Centaurea Marguerite* and *Centaurea moschata*. This cross has produced a plant of greatly increased vigor of growth, frequently three to four feet in height, with numerous large flowers borne on long stems, in shades of color ranging through white, lilac, rose-pink, and purple. Individual flowers are also beautifully shaded, while the petals are finely fringed, giving a soft feathered effect; they are produced in great profusion. The plants succeed best in rather cool moist soil, and seed should be planted early in spring.

CENTAUREA (Cornflowers).

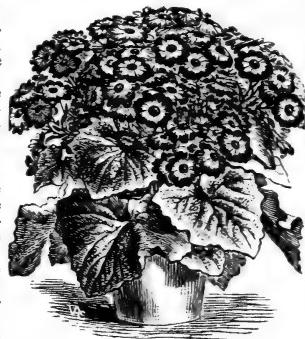
The Blue Cornflowers are extremely popular and meet with ready sale as cut-flowers; the plants come into bloom early in the season and continue until late in the fall. If seed of these is sown late in the fall it will germinate very early in the spring. *Cyanus*, Mixed, contains several shades of blue and also pure white-flowered varieties, and we also offer the same in the double-flowered strain. *New Victoria* is very dwarf in growth, with flowers of the deepest blue.

Marguerite is a distinct type having quite large flowers of a pure snow-white. *Imperialis* is a hardier variety, bearing in great profusion the finely fringed flowers. *Candidissima* is grown for its large fern-like leaves, covered with a silvery-white pubescence, making a graceful and most attractive plant; it is much the finest of the so-called "Dusty Miller" plants. *Gymnocarpa* has short, rather stiff silvery foliage.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Cyanus, Mixed (Blue Bottle),	\$0 05	\$0 10
" fl. pl., Mixed,	5	15
Dwarf Blue Victoria,	10	40
Kaiser Wilhelm,	5	12
Marguerite,	5	50
Imperialis, Mixed, (1/2 oz., 25 cts.)	10	50
" Alba, (1/2 oz., 20 cts.)	10	75
" Light Lilac, (1/2 oz., 20 cts.)	10	75
" Purpurea, (1/2 oz., 20 cts.)	10	75
" Rosea, (1/2 oz., 20 cts.)	10	75
" Splendens, (1/2 oz., 20 cts.)	10	75
" White, (1/2 oz., 20 cts.)	10	90
Candidissima, (1/4 oz., 40 cts.)	15	1 25
Gymnocarpa,	10	60

Our strains of the winter-flowering CINERARIA are grown by the leading European specialists, and we especially recommend the large-flowering strain which is grown by MR. JAMES DOUGLASS, whose plants receive the highest premiums at the English flower-shows. To have large plants in flower by December, the seed should be sown in April or May.

The *Cineraria maritima* is a summer-bedding plant of the "Dusty Miller" class, the stem and leaves being covered with a silver-white bloom, from which it takes the latter name; fine for baskets or for edging flower-beds.



	PKT.	OZ.
Hybrida, Large-flowering, Finest, Mixed, (1000 seeds, 60 cts.; 1/8 oz., \$2.50)	10	25
Hybrida, Fine Mixed, (1000 seeds, 35 cts.)	15	
Hybrida, Double, Extra Choice, Mixed, (1000 seeds, 60 cts.)	25	
Maritima (Dusty Miller),	5	\$0 20

CHRYSANTHEMUM.

The annual or summer-flowering Chrysanthemums are but little known, and deserve more extended culture as bedding plants. They grow best and flower most freely in rather cool locations, not succeeding well during the hot summer of the South. The single varieties produce brightly colored flowers of large size. *Eclipse* is a fine, golden-yellow flower, with purplish-scarlet ring and brown center. In the *Golden Feather*, the plants have golden foliage. *Inodorum pleximum* is a hardy variety, bearing clusters of double white flowers on long stems; it is useful for cut-flowers. A large percentage of the plants come double flowered, and only these should be kept over winter; they flower much more freely the second season. *Indicum* is the small-flowered hardy variety of the old-fashioned gardens. Of the *Perennial Varieties*, *Mixed*, the plants raised from seed sown in the open ground flower freely with us before frost, in fact; a large percentage produce double flowers in quite a range of colorings, and which are satisfactory for bedding purposes.

	PKT.	OZ.
Coronarium, Double, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 12
Frutescens (Paris White Daisy),	10	60
Indicum, (1/8 oz., 50 cts.)	15	3 50
Inodorum Plessimum,	5	60
Maximum, Perfection,	10	50
Perennial Varieties, Mixed, (1/8 oz., \$1.00)	15	
Tricolor Eclipse,	5	15
" Golden Feather,	5	15
" Annual Varieties, Single, Mixed,	5	12

COBÆA.

Cobæa Scandens,	10	30
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Best Celery, Onions, and Asters.

D. W. AREGHE, 1620 E. Broadway, Logansport, Ind., writes:—The *New Large-Ribbed Red Celery* was the best I ever grew for sale. I had some the first of this month; it would have kept longer, but I let it get too cold before I put it away. The *Australian Brown Onion* I sowed four rows, twenty feet long by six wide. I got four bushels, big measure,—they run from three-quarters of an inch to two inches in diameter. The Asters were fine. I had them four feet high, three and three and a half inches in diameter. The *New White Branching Aster* was the best that could be.

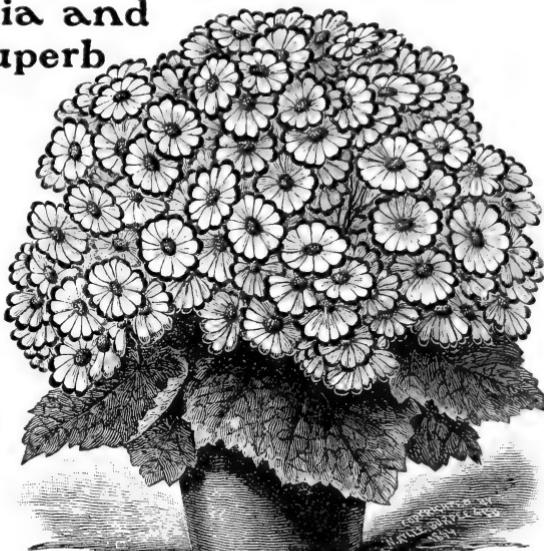
430 Bushels of Onions on Half an Acre.

FRANKLIN & CROSBY, Brooklyn, Conn., December 4, 1900, write:—Last year we raised 430 bushels of onions from one-half acre, having about two and a half pounds of seed. This year from same piece 320 bushels.

Burpee's Cineraria and Cyclamens are Superb



Natural Size Flower of CYCLAMEN,
GIANT OF CALIFORNIA.



CINERARIA HYBRIDA,—LARGE-FLOWERING. A Single Plant.

COLEUS.

Seed of choice strains of Coleus sown under glass in a warm greenhouse will produce fine plants for spring sales and in the greatest diversity of colorings. Our SUNSET COLEUS is the finest strain in cultivation, and produces plants with very large leaves; when given plenty of room in rich soil, specimen plants will have leaves five to six times as large as the common bedding type, and of most striking and diversified colorings. The young plants of this strain show their bright colorings almost as soon as they start to grow, so that the best ones can be easily selected for potting up. Full directions for starting them are given in "RARE FLOWERS FROM SEED," which is free with orders if requested.

The Fancy Fringed and Laciniated strain has smaller leaves, but the colorings are equally rich, while the edges are finely fringed or notched. The Copper-leaved Coleus has foliage of a rich tawny yellow; the plants are large-leaved like the Sunset strain, and come true to color from seed, being especially desirable where large beds are to be planted in a solid color. Our ordinary mixed seed has leaves the size of the common varieties, and the coloring is not so diversified as in the superior strains named above.

PER

PKT.

Fancy Fringed and Laciniated (1000 seeds, 65 cts.)	\$0 15
Sunset Strain of Large-leaved Varieties,	
(1000 seeds, 65 cts.)	15
Giant "Copper-leaved"	15
Mixed,	10
New Dwarf	70 cts.

PER

PKT.

Platycentra,	(\$1 oz., 30 cts.)	\$0 15
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CUPHEA (Lady's Cigar Plant).

This is a very free-flowering plant, of small compact growth, extremely useful for spring sales as pot-plants or for baskets and vases. The slender scarlet flowers are tipped with orange, and the plant is a most profuse bloomer throughout the year.

PER

PKT.

Platycentra,	(\$1 oz., 30 cts.)	\$0 15
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CYPRESS VINE.

A rapid-growing summer climber, with finely divided dark-green foliage, thickly starred with the small bright flowers. It is especially adapted for training on strings or small wires for ornament where no shade is desired.

PER

PKT.

Scarlet, White, or Mixed,	Each	\$0 05	\$0 12
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COSMOS.

Of this popular fall flower we offer three distinct types. The new Dawn Cosmos is of rather dwarf growth, three to four feet in height, and commences flowering early in August. The flowers are of good size and in long sprays, white in color, and the plants continue in bloom until frost. It is an especially valuable strain for the cooler Northern States, where Cosmos is usually cut off by frost before blossoming. *Cosmos hybridus* is the ordinary strain which has brought this flower into such great popularity in recent years, but it is to the New Giant-flowered Mammoth strain to which we wish to call special attention. The plants, while of very strong growth, reaching a height of six to eight feet and branching freely, produce flowers of fully double the size of the old type. The grand, large flowers of this strain are of the most beautiful form and coloring; for large floral decorations in the fall they cannot be surpassed. Klondike is an entirely distinct plant growing eight to nine feet high, with brilliant yellow flowers, but requires a very long season of growth. Grown in pots like a chrysanthemum it is very effective.

	PER	PER
	PKT.	OZ.
Hybridus, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 12
" White,	5	20
" Pink,	5	20
" Dawn,	10	25
" Early Blooming,	10	25
" Giants of California, Pure White,	10	50
" " " " " Pink,	10	50
" " " " " Mixed,	10	40
" Mammoth Fancy, Mixed,	10	70
Giant Yellow Klondike,	10	1 00

"Never Had Such Large Onions."

A. T. WALDRON, Ealing, London, Ont., Canada, Sept. 23, 1900, writes:—"All the seeds purchased from you did well. I never had such large onions as the PRIZETAKER and the GIBRALTAR. They are the talk of the neighborhood. Your early corn is the best I ever grew.



CYCLAMEN PERSICUM GIGANTEUM.

CYCLAMEN.

The Cyclamen is one of the best-selling winter pot-plants for florists, succeeding admirably in a cool greenhouse or room. To have fine plants in flower for fall and early winter, the seed should be sown in November or December of the preceding season. They succeed best in very rich soil and a cool moist temperature. Grown in this way, large plants in five- and six-inch pots, with twenty or more large blooms, may readily be had for the holiday sales from the giant-flowered strains. The cheaper strains we offer is also very fine, and will furnish flowers in many brilliant colorings, and only inferior in size to the *Giganteum*. The *Giants of California* bear freely flowers of the largest size and finest substance; the plants are extra strong in growth and bear the grand large flowers most abundantly; see illustration of a single flower upon preceding page.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Persicum, Mixed, . . . (500 seeds, 60 cts.)	\$0 19	\$3 00
" " Giganteum, . . . (500 seeds, \$1.00)	15	
" " Giants of California, Crimson, . . . (100 seeds, 75 cts.)	25	
" " Giants of California, Pink, . . . (100 seeds, 75 cts.)	25	
" " Giants of California, Rose, . . . (100 seeds, 75 cts.)	25	
" " Giants of California, White with Red Center, . . . (100 seeds, 75 cts.)	25	
" " Giants of California, Mixed, . . . (100 seeds, 60 cts.)	25	

DATURA (Angel's Trumpet).

The curious trumpet-shaped flowers of the Daturas make them quite an attractive feature in large flower gardens. *Cornucopia* has grand, large, double flowers, which are of a creamy white inside; the outside is mottled with deep purple. *Golden Queen* bears numerous large trumpet-shaped flowers of a brilliant yellow. Large specimen plants can be kept over winter in a frost-proof cellar if planted in tubs.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Cornucopia, ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30 cts.)	\$0 05	\$1 00
Golden Queen, ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30 cts.)	10	1 00
Mixed,	5	30

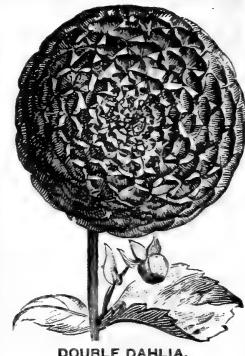
DIGITALIS (Foxglove).

Hardy perennials of the easiest culture, well adapted for use as ornamental border plants.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Fine Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 20

DAHLIA.

Flowering plants of Dahlias may be grown nearly as easily from seed as from roots. Seed sown in February and March will make blooming plants by August, and with our fine strain the florist's stock of dahlias may be rapidly increased and much diversified in color. The *Pompon Dahlia* produces small, compact, very double flowers. The *Large-flowering Double* produces large, double flowers in the richest colorings. The new *Cactus Dahlia* has star-like petals, which make a beautiful contrast with the even, regular form of the older type of flowers. The *Tom Thumb* is dwarf and compact in growth, making fine plants for bedding. The *Single-flowered Dahlias* are equally showy as the double ones, come into flower more quickly, and bloom more freely; they embrace a wide range of rich colorings, and are frequently striped or spotted in contrasting colors. Florists using our selected strains can depend on a large percentage of very fine-flowered plants and occasionally choice new varieties.



DOUBLE DAHLIA.

PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Choice Mixed Pompon, ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30 cts.)	\$0 05 \$1 00
Extra Choice Selected Pompon,	5 1 50
Extra Choice Large-flowering Double,	10 1 25
Large-flowering Double, Mixed,	5 60
Double Cactus-flowered, Mixed,	10 1 25
New Tom Thumb, Mixed,	10 50
Striped Single,	10 55
Superb Single, Mixed, Extra Fine,	10 45
Single, Mixed,	10 35

DOLICHOS.

These climbers are well worthy of culture in every flower garden. Burpee's new "Daylight," see illustration of a spray on yellow paper, page 110; a grand free-flowering white variety, and "Darkness," a fine companion with rich dark purplish-red flowers, are the best of the separate varieties now offered, and the flowers are succeeded by large showy pods of the same distinct colorings. The *Mixed* contains seed of several varieties.

PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Daylight, (Per lb., \$1.25)	\$0 05 \$0 15
Darkness, (Per lb., \$1.25)	5 15
Mixed, (Per lb., 75 cts.)	5 12

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy).

Free-flowering plants for summer bedding; the seed should be sown thinly broadcast or in drills where the plants are to bloom. The plants are of low, spreading growth, making a dense carpet of fine feathered foliage, thickly starred with the brilliant-hued flowers. *Golden West* has silvery-gray foliage and single bright canary-yellow flowers. *Douglashii* is of very dwarf compact growth, bearing in great profusion bright little flowers three-quarters of an inch in diameter. *Mandarin* has silvery-gray foliage and deep orange-colored flowers.

PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Golden West,	\$0 05 \$0 30
Mandarin,	5 20
Mixed,	5 15
Douglashii,	10 60
Bush Eschscholtzia (Hunemannia),	10 40

Our Asters Win First Prizes in Massachusetts.

T. J. BARCOCK, Secretary Eagle Oil and Supply Co., Boston, Mass., writes:—For the last three or four years the writer has been purchasing your asters, and this season exhibited at the Reading Amateur Gardeners' Association. I am pleased to notify you that I secured the three first prizes, two of them special, for the best vase and collection at the exhibition. I found that all of the other asters shown were from seeds sold by Boston dealers and therefore placed upon my cards your name, as I believe when a person has a good thing that it is nothing more than fair to let others know of it.



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DWARF FIREBALL DIANTHUS.

DIANTHUS (Chinese Pinks).

These are used chiefly for bedding, blooming freely from early summer until cut off by severe frosts. Some of the separate colors, like the pure white and the dark scarlet, are good for cut-flowers, while the bright colorings of both the single- and double-flowered strains make fine bouquets. The New Large-flowered *Dwarf Double Hybrid* is the best we have ever grown, producing uniformly large double flowers in the richest colorings. The single-flowered *Lacinatus* varieties are also especially choice, the flowers measuring two inches or more across, with the edges of the petals finely fringed and brilliantly colored on a silvery-white ground. The Dwarf Varieties are well adapted for borders to flower-beds or the lawn, especially in cool locations. The *Fordhook Favorites* contain all the best of both the large-flowered single and double varieties, and are very attractive when in full bloom.

Dianthus plumarius (the Pheasant's-Eye Pink) and *Dianthus scoticus*, double-flowered, are hardy varieties, blooming freely in May and June the second year from sowing the seed. The flowers of *Plumarius* are brightly marked with violet-purple and the petals finely fringed. The flowers of *Scoticus* are pure white, quite double, finely fringed, and have a delightful clove fragrance.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Chinensis, Double, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 20
" fl. pl., Reselected,	5	40
Diadematus, fl. pl., Mixed,	5	45
Hedewigii, Finest Single, Mixed,	5	30
" fl. pl., Mixed,	5	50
" Mourning Cloak,	5	60
" Dwarf Snowball,	10	50
" " Fireball,	10	75
" Queen of Holland,	10	60
" Double Firefly,	10	
Imperialis, fl. pl.,	5	30
Lacinatus, Single, Mixed,	5	35
" Nanus, New Hybrids,	5	40
" fl. pl., Mixed,	5	60
" Double Salmon Queen,	10	1 00
Large-flowered Dwarf Double Hybrids,	10	50
Our Own Mixture of Many Varieties,	5	40
Fordhook Favorites, Mixed, ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20 cts.)	10	60
Plumarius (Pheasant's-Eye Pink),	10	15
Scoticus, fl. pl., (500 seeds, \$1.50)	10	

DELPHINIUM.

The *Formosum* flowers from seed the first season, but the spikes are much taller and the plants bloom more freely the second year; the flowers are of the richest dark blue and last well as cut-flowers. The plants live for many years and bloom all summer, a bed of them providing a constant supply of fine flowers throughout the season. The mixed strain is identical with the above, but embraces quite a variety of shades, from pale china-blue to the deepest and richest blue found in flowering plants.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Formosum,	\$0 05	\$0 45
Choice Mixed,	5	20

EUPHORBIA.

Heterophylla grows stiffly erect and in the fall produces tracts of brilliant scarlet leaves at the top of each branch, somewhat similar to the well-known *Potusella*. The *Marginata* (Snow-on-the-Mountain) grows in a compact, rounded bush two feet in height, and has large green leaves widely margined with white; it is extremely showy when grown in beds of mixed flowers.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Heterophylla,	\$0 10	\$0 90
Marginata,	5	10

FEVERFEW (Matricaria).

Eximia (fl. pl.) has double, pure white flowers one-half inch in diameter, and produced in large clusters on a long stem; fine for cutting and quite hardy.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Eximia, fl. pl. (Feverfew),	\$0 05	\$0 20

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis).

Very pretty flowering plants of dwarf, compact growth; nearly all the varieties flower the first season and profusely the second spring; the plants are entirely hardy. *Alpestris* has deep china-blue flowers; *A. alba*, pure white flowers. *Eliza Fonrobert* has much longer sprays, and the individual florets are twice the size of the ordinary type: rich china-blue. *Palustris* is the true swamp variety, and does not flower until the second season. Plants of the first three varieties may be potted in the fall, and will bloom freely in a cool greenhouse during the winter.

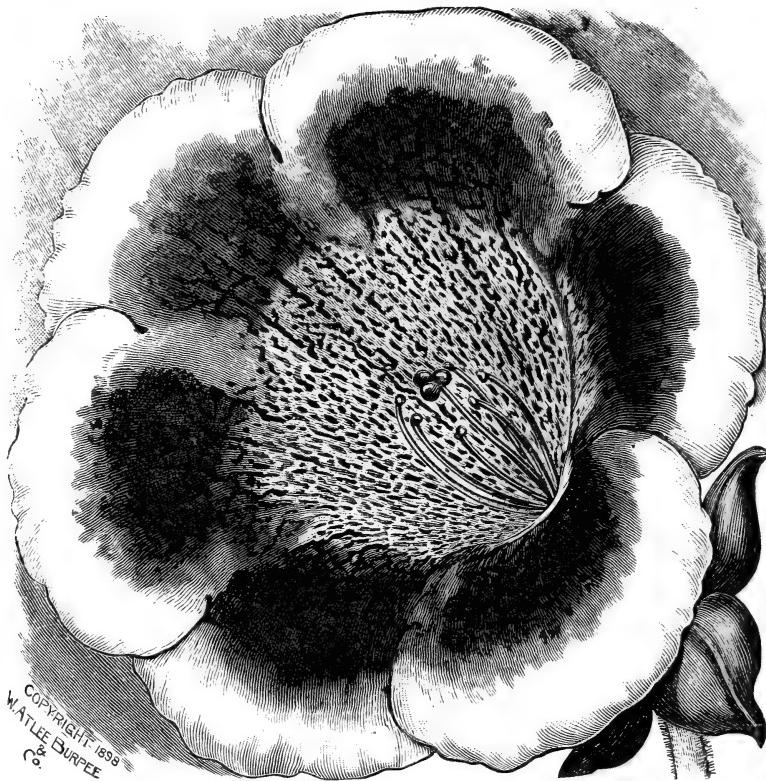
	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Alpestris, Blue,	\$0 05	\$0 40
" Alba (White),	5	50
Eliza Fonrobert,	10	50
Palustris, (1/4 oz., 30 cts.)	5	1 00



FUCHSIA.

Fine plants of *Fuchsia* for blooming indoors can be grown easily from seed planted in the spring; these plants may be grown in a cool greenhouse or in partial shade outdoors during the summer, and should begin to flower early in the winter. Our mixed strain is saved from a large collection of the finest named varieties. *Fuchsia procumbens* is of slender trailing growth, very desirable for hanging-baskets and vases; the flowers are insignificant, but are succeeded by quite large seed-pods of rich scarlet coloring.

	PER PKT.
Double and Single, Mixed, (500 seeds, \$1.35)	\$0 15
Superb Mixed, (500 seeds, \$1.50)	25
Procumbens (Trailing Fuchsia) (500 seeds, 75 cts.)	15



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W. ATLEE BURPEE

Natural Size of NEW GIANT-FLOWERED GLOXINIA,—from a Photograph.

We are the Largest Growers of GLOXINIAS in America.

We are the only American seedsmen who handle exclusively American-grown seed. All the seed sold by us, both of the named varieties described below and the two mixtures of *Erect Large-flowering Hybrids*, has been grown in the greenhouses at FORDHOOK FARMS. Florists as well as amateurs can be assured that Burpee's *Gloxinia* Seed is unsurpassed.

GIANT-FLOWERED GLOXINIAS,—Fordhook Superb Mixture

By careful selection and cross fertilization in our greenhouses at FORDHOOK FARMS we have greatly improved this magnificent new German strain. The plants are of strong growth and should have pots five inches in diameter to reach their full development. The gigantic flowers are borne stiffly erect above the large velvety-green leaves. The flowers measure four inches in diameter, and are like a large open bell in form, displaying to greatest advantage rich shadings of tigered markings in the large open throat, as well as on the broad bands of coloring in the flatly expanded petals. The varied combinations of richest coloring in this strain are most gorgeously beautiful.

Per pkt. of 100 seeds, 25 cts.; half-size pkt. 15 cts. Per Trade Packet of 1000 seeds, \$1.00.

The Best Strains of GLOXINIA Hybrida.

The seed we offer is carefully hybridized in our greenhouses at FORDHOOK FARMS, where we have a magnificent collection, and can be depended upon to produce large erect flowers in the greatest range of colorings. The New Giant-flowered strain produces flowers three to four inches across, in the most beautiful colorings and markings. For descriptions of the following-named varieties, see page 122 of THE FARM ANNUAL FOR 1902. Seed sown in March makes fine blooming plants in June; full cultural directions are given in "RARE FLOWERS FROM SEED," which is sent FREE.

	PER PKT.
Alba,	(500 seeds, \$1.00) \$0 25
Corona,	(500 seeds, \$1.25) 25
Crimson Gen.,	(500 seeds, 75 cts.) 25
Defiance,	(500 seeds, \$1.25) 25
Emperor Frederick,	(500 seeds, \$1.25) 25
Emperor William,	(500 seeds, \$1.25) 25
Galatea,	(500 seeds, 75 cts.) 25
Princess Maud,	(500 seeds, 75 cts.) 25
New Giant-flowered, Mixed,	(10' 0 seeds, \$1.00) 25
Erect, Large-flowering, Best Mixed,	(1000 seeds, 50 cts.) 25
Good Mixed,	(1000 seeds, 40 cts.) 15





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W.A.B. & CO. 1894

The top portion of a Single Flower-cluster, from a Photograph, of LEMOINE'S NEW GIANT HYBRID HELIOTROPE.

Heliotrope,—Lemoine's Giant Hybrids. This strain has been greatly improved in size of truss and variety of colorings by continued selection at our FORDHOOK FARMS. It is one of the flowers to which we devote especial attention each season. Plants are of strong vigorous growth, producing immense trusses of the small fragrant flowers. These trusses frequently measure from ten to fifteen inches across, while the fragrance is equally as charming as in the original smaller-flowered type. The colorings range from white to dark purple and reddish violet.

Per pkt. 15 cts.; 2 pkts. for 25 cts. Per Trade Packet of 1000 seeds, 40 cts.

GAILLARDIA

(Mexican Blanket Flower).

This plant will grow and flower freely in the driest soils and in the most sunny locations. The brilliant-hued flowers are of large size, and grow on long stiff stems. The mixed strain embraces a wide range of the most gorgeous large single flowers; *Picta Lorenziana* has double flowers of large size and considerable diversity of coloring.



	PER	PER
Fine Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 12
Picta Lorenziana,	5	20

GERANIUM.

Our Geranium seed is carefully hybridized from choice named varieties. The plants grown from seed produce fine flowers, and sometimes new and attractive shades can be obtained. The *Zonale* produces single-flowered plants of the well-known bedding type; we also offer a strain producing a large percentage of double-flowered plants of the same type. The *Fancy Pelargonium* is the *Lady Washington* Geranium, which flowers so beautifully as pot-plants in the early spring. The *Apple-Scented* is quite distinct.

and the best of all the scented-leaved varieties; fine plants of this variety can be grown only from seed, as it does not do well from cuttings.

	PER	PER
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Apple-Scented,	(250 seeds, 50 cts.)	\$0 25
Fancy Pelargoniums,	(100 seeds, 75 cts.)	25
Finest Double,	(100 seeds, \$1.00)	25
Zonale, Mixed,	10	\$0 50

Discount on Packets.

Please remember that from the prices quoted PER PACKET we allow a discount of one-third, but this discount does not apply to Trade Packets or ounces, on which the prices are net. Florists who want Retail Packets by the hundred or thousand, for selling to their customers, will be allowed a discount of fifty per cent. from the retail prices per single packet.

HELIOTROPE.

The finest plants for summer flowering are grown from our strain of LEMOINE'S GIANT HYBRIDS; none of the florists' varieties equal these in the immense size of the heads when grown in rich soil; the flowers come mainly in the rich purple shades, but white and reddish mauve are also frequent. Seed sown in February make good large plants for spring sales. *Dark Bouquet* is a strain having close compact heads of deep-purple flowers; *Lady in White*, large clusters of pure white flowers. Our choice mixed is saved from the regular florists' varieties, and does not produce such large heads as the above strains.

	PER	PER		
PKT.	OZ.			
Choice Mixed,			\$0 10	\$1 00
Dark Bouquet (New),	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50 cts.)		10	
Lady in White,	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50 cts.)		10	
Lemoine's Giant Hybrids,	(1000 seeds, 40 cts.)		15	
The Black King,	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 45 cts.)		10	

GOURDS.

Treated as climbers, grown on a trellis or to cover rock-work, etc., these are of rapid growth, and afford a dense shade. Many of the fruits are brightly colored, and others are of odd and curious shapes. The dried shells of some of the varieties are useful in the house, while those of the Japanese *Nest-Egg* make fine nest-eggs, as the name implies; not injured by frost and almost unbreakable when properly dried.

	PER	PER
PKT.	OZ.	
Fine Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 12
Japanese Nest-Egg (Pure),	10	15

GYPSOPHILA.

A quick-growing plant, bearing a profusion of small, star-like, white flowers. Sown early in the spring, it comes into bloom with the Sweet Peas, and the graceful sprays are largely used to give a light loose effect to the bouquets of the latter flower. Frequent sowings should be made for a succession. This flower is highly esteemed by florists abroad, and should be much more extensively grown with us. The *New Covent Garden* strain is decidedly the best, being a selected and greatly improved *Gypsophila elegans*. *Paniculata* is a hardy perennial, flowering the second year from seed.

	PER	PER
PKT.	OZ.	
Covent Garden,	\$0 05	\$0 15
Elegans,	5	12
Paniculata,	5	12

Copyright 1885
by W. A. B. & Co.**HOLLYHOCK.**

This well-known plant produces tall spikes of fine blooms the second spring from seed, and we should suggest that florists would find ready sale for the large one-year-old clumps ready for blooming, as they are highly esteemed for mixed flower borders or planting among flowering shrubs. The *Fordhook Superb Double Mixed* is of our own growth, producing the largest and most double flowers in the greatest assortment of colors. The separate colors offered below are all of this same large-flowered type. The *Fine Double Mixed* is a splendid double-flowered strain, inferior in size only to the *Fordhook Superb*. The five new named varieties were first introduced last year and are particularly fine. The new *Allegheny* strain is large-flowered, frequently only semi-double, but with finely fringed petals.

	PER	PER
	PKT.	OZ.
Fine Double, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 50
<i>Fordhook Superb Double, Mixed</i> ,	10	1 00
Sunrise, Straw-yellow,	10	1 25
Sunset, Carmine-pink,	10	1 25
Flamingo, Deep Carmine,	10	1 25
Atlantic, Lilac Pink,	10	1 25
Pacific, Clear Lilac,	10	1 25
Five Finest Mixed,	10	1 10
Allegheny Strain, Mixed,	10	75

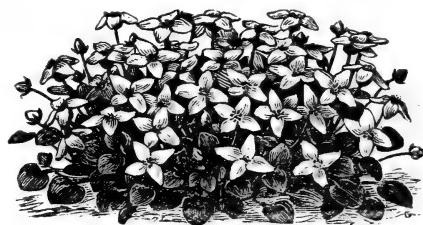
We make liberal FLORISTS' PACKETS of any of the above at the rate of 25 cts. per packet, net.

ICE PLANT.

The *Mesembryanthemum* is a low-trailing plant, capable of withstanding the driest locations. The thick, fleshy leaves are covered with a sparkling, crystalline pubescence, from which it takes the name of *Ice Plant*.

	PER	PER
	PKT.	OZ.
<i>Mesembryanthemum Crystallinum</i> ,	\$0 05	0 15

**Be sure to ask for
OUR "1902" PRIZE SUPPLEMENT,—
See pages 57 and 144.**

**IONOPSIDIUM Acaule
(Diamond Flower).**

This makes beautiful little plants for rockeries, succeeding best in cool moist soil. The flowers are of a clear lilac and the foliage is a light green.

	PER	PER
	PKT.	OZ.
<i>Ionopsisidium Acaule</i> , . . .	($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35 cts.)	\$0 10 \$1 25

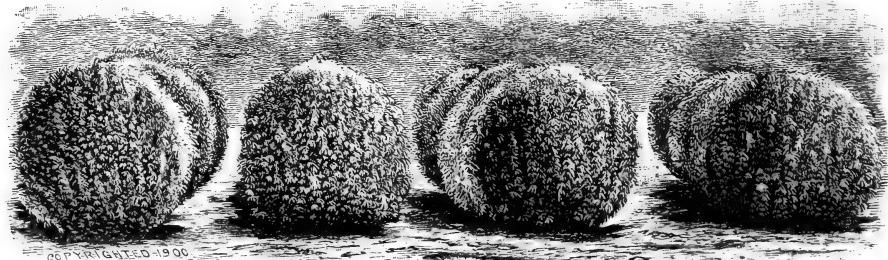
IPOMOEÀ.

The varieties listed below are all quite distinct, both in growth and flower, from the *Morning Glories*, and require a longer time in which to grow and bloom, but will cover a much larger area. *Bona Nox*, or *Evening Glory*, is of very strong growth, and produces large violet-purple flowers, which open in the evening. *Coccinea* is of rather slender but very rapid growth; the vines are thickly covered with small scarlet flowers. *Grandiflora Striped-leaved*, large flowers of an intense deep blue, with lighter border and pink throat. *Setosa*, or *Brazilian Morning Glory*, is most rampant in growth, the stems and under sides of the leaves being thickly covered with soft, reddish spines or hairs; the flowers are of satiny texture and reddish-violet hue. The *Fordhook Fine Mixed* embraces all the above, together with other choice varieties.

	PER	PER
	PKT.	OZ.
<i>Bona Nox (Good Night)</i> ,	\$0 05	\$0 10
<i>Coccinea (Star Ipomoea)</i> ,	5	10
<i>Grandiflora Striped-leaved, Mixed</i> ,	5	20
<i>Setosa (Brazilian Morning Glory)</i> ,	10	30
<i>Choice Mixed</i> ,	5	10
<i>Fordhook Fine Mixed</i> ,	10	25



IPOMOEÀ SETOSA.



Rows of the quick-growing annual KOCHIA SCOPARIA.—from a Photograph taken at Fordhook Farms.

KOCHIA Scoparia. This very distinct and highly ornamental annual plant grows quickly from seed sown in the open ground, when the trees are coming out in leaf, and the plants are always of the rounded or globe-like form shown in our illustration. The plants branch freely, and are clothed with slender light-green leaves. Early in fall the ends of the shoots are thickly set with small bright-scarlet flowers,—the bushy plants resembling balls of fire. The plants are equally showy planted singly to show the round ball-like form on all sides or grown in continuous rows. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 30 cts.

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by W. Atlee Burpee & Co.



A HEAD OF LANTANA.

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1885 BY
W. A. B. & CO.**LANTANA.**

Free-flowering shrubby plants, bearing a profusion of brightly colored flowers. Our fine mixed seed will produce plants with a wide range of colors.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Fine Mixed,	\$0 10	\$0 20

LARKSPUR.

These are the annuals, blooming only a single season and must not be confused with the hardy *Delphiniums*, excepting the *New Compact Blue*, which, while blooming profusely the first season, lives over winter and blooms freely the second summer. The flowers are of good size, in open sprays, and of the deepest blue. The *Double Dwarf Rocket* grows eighteen inches high, stiffly erect, terminating in tall spikes of fine double blossoms; these range in shade from pure white to deep rich pink, and are frequently striped and spotted with deeper colors. The *Emperor* strain grows nearly three feet in height when in full bloom; the flowers show the same diversity of coloring as in the *Dwarf Rocket* strain, but the spikes of bloom are longer and the flowers larger. These sprays are quite useful for loose bouquets and vases.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Double Dwarf Rocket, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 10
Emperor, Mixed,	5	20
New Compact Blue (1/4 oz., 20 cts.)	10	75
Tall Rocket Double, Mixed,	5	12

LATHYRUS Latifolius

(Perennial Peas).

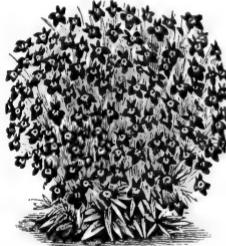
These are entirely hardy, coming up from the roots early in the spring. When well established in rich soil they will cover a trellis eight feet high and produce flowers freely during the whole season. The flowers are quite similar to sweet peas, but are borne in close clusters, and are without fragrance; useful for cutting.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 15
New Pink Beauty,	5	20
Purple,	5	20
Splendens (as sold in the trade),	10	60
White,	10	35

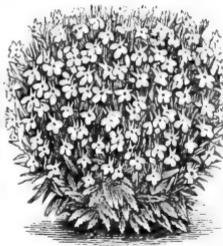
LINARIA (Kenilworth Ivy).

This is a beautiful trailing plant of rapid growth; the stems are quite slender and the plant is most graceful. It grows readily from seed and is one of the finest plants for edges of vases or hanging-baskets, as well as for pot-plants in the house, and for planting out on rockwork. A few seeds planted in the large pots in which decorative plants are grown add greatly to their attractiveness.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy) (1/4 oz., 35 cts.)	\$0 10	\$1 25



STAR OF ISCHL.



LOBELIAS—WHITE GEM.

LOBELIA.

These dwarf compact plants make very pretty edgings for flower-beds, and florists will find them readily saleable as small pot-plants in the spring. Seed sown in February and grown in small pots make fine blooming plants in May. *Eruca compacta* has flowers of a deep rich blue; *E. compacta alba*, pure white. The following are especially suited for pot-plants: *Crystal Palace*, splendid dark-blue flowers; *White Gem*, quite large, pure white, in greatest profusion, and *Star of Ischl*, charming dark-blue flowers. *Heavenly Blue* produces charming large flowers of a rich blue color. *Cardinalis* is a hardy perennial and is much esteemed for borders.

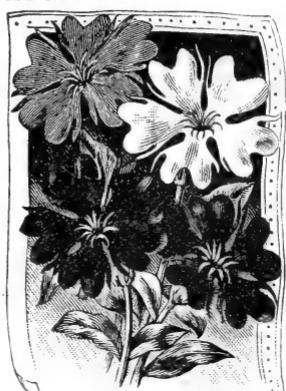
	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Erinus Compacta,	\$0 05	\$0 35
" " Alba,	5	45
" Crystal Palace Compacta,	5	1 25
" Star of Ischl,	10	1 00
" White Gem,	10	1 25
" Mixed,	5	40
" Cardinalis (<i>perennial</i>), (1/4 oz., 50 cts.)	10	
Ramosa, "Heavenly Blue," (1/4 oz., 45 cts.)	10	1 50

LEMON VERBENA.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Lemon Verbena,	(1/4 oz., 45 cts.)	\$0 10

LYCHNIS.

Chalcedonica is the tall hardy variety, blooming the second season from seed; it grows three feet high and has large umbels of brilliant scarlet flowers. *Haageana* blooms the first season, growing eighteen inches high, and has quite large single flowers which range in coloring from delicate rose-pink to brightest scarlet. These plants are desirable for borders of mixed perennials, and florists can have fine plants for sale from the open ground.



	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Chalcedonica,	\$0 05	\$0 20
Haageana Hybrida, Mixed,	5	50

MAURANDYA.

A pretty trailing vine; fine for rockwork, vases, or as a pot-plant in the house. *Barclayana* has quite large violet-purple flowers, while the Mixed shows a variety of colorings.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Barclayana,	(1/4 oz., 40 cts.)	\$0 10
Fine Mixed,	(1/4 oz., 30 cts.)	5 1 00



DOUBLE PULCHRA.

MARIGOLDS.

Very showy, free-flowering plants for summer bedding. The tall African varieties, of which we offer *Eldorado*, a large very double flower of rich orange hue, and *Lemon Queen*, a pale golden-yellow, grow three feet high and are extremely showy in beds of mixed flowers.

The Dwarf French varieties are of close, compact growth, eighteen inches high, and of equal diameter,—a ball-like mass of feathery, dark-green foliage; they are most profuse in bloom, and make a grand show planted in masses or as borders to other flowers. *Legion of Honor* is the only single-flowered variety we offer; it flowers most profusely, and the bright-yellow flowers, of which each petal is broadly marked with rich brown, are most attractive. The *Compact Gold Striped* has very double flowers, the petals being richly striped with yellow and brown; of *Pulchra*, the flowers are a rich golden yellow, with velvety brown center; *Brown Marble*, reddish brown, marbled with orange; *Orange Ball*, rich clear orange. The *Dwarf Mixed* is a fine double-flowered strain showing a wide range of colorings.

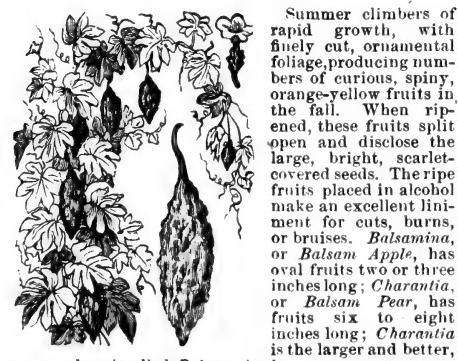
	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
African Double, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 15
The Eldorado, or Dahlia-flowered, . . .	5	25
Lemon Queen,	5	25
French Double, Compact Gold Striped, . . .	5	20
" " Dwarf Pulchra,	5	25
" " Brown Marble,	5	30
" " Orange Ball,	5	30
" " Dwarf Mixed,	5	12
Single, Legion of Honor,	5	25

MARVEL-OF-PERU (*Mirabilis*).

Called *Four-o'clocks*, because the flowers remain closed until late in the afternoon, when they open rapidly and in a few minutes the plants are literally covered with bloom. The colors are silvery white, bright pink, and rich yellow; our mixed strains also embrace many beautiful striped varieties. The tall sorts grow two and one-half feet high, and the dwarf, which embraces the same colors, only twelve to fifteen inches. The Variegated has golden leaves striped with green, and embraces both white- and pink-flowered plants.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 10
Tom Thumb, Mixed,	5	15
Variegated,	5	10

MOMORDICA.

commonly miscalled *Balsam Apple*.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Balsamina (<i>Balsam Apple</i>),	\$0 05	\$0 15
Charantia (<i>Balsam Pear</i>),	5	15

MIGNONETTE.

This is a standard florist's flower, being grown all the year round for the delightful fragrance of the spikes of bloom. We offer the finest large-flowered strains for winter forcing, as well as the best bedding varieties. *Allen's Defiance* is a long-spiked variety, extensively grown for the New York market during the winter, and is also desirable for outdoor culture in summer. *New Giant-flowered Red* is the largest-flowered of all Mignonettes; the flowers have a deep-red-dish hue, and are especially desirable for cut-flower work. *Quaker City*, *Pure Machet*, and *Erfurt* are all standard, large-spiked varieties, and largely grown for cut-flowers. *New Golden Machet* and *Improved Golden Queen* are excellent

PURE MACHET, summer bedding sorts, with florets of deep golden yellow; the former a broad-spiked and the latter a pointed-spiked variety. *Prince Bismarck*, an improved strain of *Machet*, is a new variety well worthy of a trial. *Giant White Spiral* (*Reseda alba*) is not really a Mignonette, but is quite distinct in growth, reaching eighteen inches in height, with slender white flowers.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Erfurt,	\$0 05	\$0 30
Giant Pyramidal,	5	15
Improved Golden Queen,	5	30
Giant-flowered, Red,	5	35
Parson's White Tree,	5	25
Pure Machet,	5	30
Prince Bismarck,	10	40
Quaker City,	10	40
Golden Machet,	5	30
Allen's Defiance,	10	40
Fordhook Finest Mixed,	5	35
Sweet (the Common Mignonette),	5	6
Odorata Grandiflora Ameliorata,	5	7
Giant White Spiral,	5	30

MIMULUS.

Very pretty, free-flowering plants. The flowers of *Tigrinus* are a bright yellow, thickly marked with rich brown dots; *Grandiflorus* has much larger flowers, with beautiful markings. Both of these make fine basket or vase plants. *Moschatus* is the well-known *Musk Plant*, the yellow flowers of which have a strong must fragrance.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Moschatus (Musk Plant),	$(\frac{1}{8} \text{ oz.}, 25 \text{ cts.})$	\$0 05 \$1 50
Tigrinus (Monkey Flower),	$(\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz.}, 35 \text{ cts.})$	5 25
" " Grandiflorus,	$(\frac{1}{8} \text{ oz.}, 35 \text{ cts.})$	10

MUSA ENSETE
(The Abyssinian Banana Tree).

This is a grand tropical plant for lawn decoration during the summer; the plants can be wintered over in a cool greenhouse, and will grow to enormous size the second and third seasons. Directions for culture are given in our booklet, "RARE FLOWERS FROM SEED."

Musa Ensete,
(100 seeds, \$1.00) \$0 25





Burpee's New Imperial "Frilled and Fancy"

Large-Flowered Japanese Morning Glories.

An unequalled strain, of which fully twenty per cent. of the plants have the "fancy ruffled" flowers. The flowers are as large or even larger than the finest single-flowered sorts, but the tissue of the corolla is so ample that it lays in *heavy overlapping folds*, and the outer edges are deeply lobed, so that the flowers have a rich velvety effect, quite distinct from the delicate texture of the single type.

Apart from this large percentage of these distinct ruffled flowers, the remainder of the flowers from which this seed has been saved were *so very superior in size, variety of colorings, and entirely distinct shades* as to attract great attention even in Japan,—as well as at FORDHOOK. No one after seeing the size and colorings of these flowers, their rich ruffled effects, and distinct foliage of the strong vines would ever think of classing the Morning Glory among common or old-fashioned flowers.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15 cts.; per oz. 25 cts.

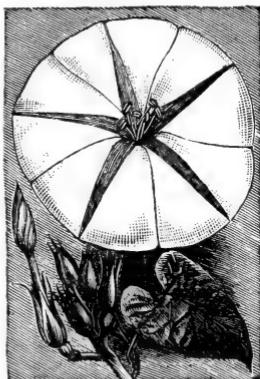


New Morning Glory,—“Rochester.” A strong-growing and wonderfully free-flowering variety, with very large flowers of the most attractive tint of light blue. The large open bell or trumpet is distinctly outlined with a narrow band of silvery white, in charming contrast to the lovely tint in the central portion of the flower.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 20 cts.

MOONFLOWER.

Summer climbers of strong, rapid growth, frequently reaching thirty to forty feet in height; the large flowers open early in the evening. The "Original Moonflower" has heart-shaped leaves, and the flowers vary greatly in coloring. While reaching such large growth outdoors in summer, in a *ke* dwarf, free-blooming plants when grown in pots during winter. The White-Seeded has smooth, glossy leaves, and the stems thickly set with spines; the flowers are pure white, of satiny texture, and delightful jessamine fragrance. The Cross-bred is similar in growth to the White-Seeded, but comes into bloom fully a month earlier, and the flowers are of immense size.



	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Cross-bred, or Hybrid,	\$0 10	\$0 75
"Original" Variety,	10	70
New Pink,	10	40
White-Seeded,	10	75

TALL MORNING GLORIES.

The common morning glory is an old-time favorite, coming into bloom quickly from seed sown early in the spring and brightening our gardens in the early summer mornings with its lovely flowers. The Japanese gardeners have worked with this old-time favorite in much the same way as they have with the chrysanthemum, and send us now varieties with extraordinarily large flowers in most distinct shades of coloring, the vines of which have leaves widely varied in form and coloring.

Seed of the hardier sorts may be sown as early in the spring as the soil can be dug in a fine, loose condition; but with the finer Japanese sorts we should advise delaying the planting until the trees are starting out in leaf, or starting the seeds in boxes in the house early and growing the plants in pots until the trees are out in full leaf.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
New Imperial Japanese, Mixed Colors,	\$0 05	\$0 15
Japanese, Burpee's Frilled and Fancy,	Mixed,	10 25
Tall, Mixed (Convolvulus Major),		
(Per lb., 45 cts.)	5	6
Double White Tassel,	10	75
Rochester (New),	10	20

DWARF MORNING GLORIES.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Crimson Violet,	\$0 05	\$0 10
Striped,	5	10
Tricolor Roseus,	5	10
Mixed,	(Per lb., 45 cts.)	5 6
Mauritanicus. A prostrate twining plant,	5	50



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TALL NASTURTIUMS.

Few plants succeed like these under widely varying conditions, grow so quickly or provide such a wealth of brilliant-hued flowers. In very rich soil they will grow rampantly, but will not bloom so early as in poor soils. They may be supported on brush or trellises or allowed to trail at will over the ground. The rows of Tall Nasturtiums should be at least four feet apart to allow them room to spread, and seed should be planted four to six inches apart in drills one inch deep, early in the spring when the trees are starting out in leaf. Firm the soil well after the seed is planted to insure proper germination. The young plants should be thinned to stand six inches apart when well started to grow. Can be grown also as pot-plants for winter flowering or trailing plants in hanging-baskets or vases.  The illustration herewith shows several types of flowers in the most charming *Hybrids of Madame Gunter.*

TALL NASTURTIUMS (*Tropaeolum Majus*).

	Pkt.	Per oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.
	\$0 05	\$0 06	\$0 15
Atropurpureum. Rich dark velvety crimson,			
Black-Brown. Deep-brownish crimson ; yellow calyx,	5	10	30
Burpee's "Butterly" (See illustration on next page),	10	17	
Dark Crimson. Deep velvety red,	5	6	20
Burpee's Caprice. Flowers of very large size. (See next page),	10	15	40
Dunnett's Orange. Bright golden orange, blotched red,	5	6	15
Edward Otto. Flowers light brown with yellow spur,	5	6	15
Flammeum. Salmon-scarlet overlaid with velvety brown,	5	10	35
French Chameleon. Flowers variously marked,	5	10	30
Golden-Leaved Scarlet. Light-yellow foliage ; deep-scarlet flowers,	5	6	20
Heinemanni. Silky bronze-chocolate,	5	7	25
Hemisphaericum. Rounded plants,	5	6	20
Ivy-Leaved. Leaves resemble in form the English Ivy,	10	20	70
King Theodore. Dark foliage ; deep-crimson flowers,	5	7	25
Luteum. Clear light yellow, without any blotches,	5	6	15
Burpee's Moonlight. Pale straw-yellow ; extra large,	10	12	40
Pearl. The nearest approach to creamy white,	5	6	20
Prince Henry. New : shining yellow, marbled bright scarlet,	5	6	20
Regelianum. Deep purple-violet flowers,	5	6	20
Rose. A bright soft rose,	5	6	20
Salmon Queen. A soft but rich velvety shade of salmon,	5	10	30
Scarlet. Intensely bright scarlet,	5	6	20
Scheuerianum. Straw color, splashed crimson, blotched red,	5	6	20
Scheuerianum coccineum. Flaming orange scarlet,	5	6	20
Schillingii. Bright yellow, blotched with rich brown-red,	5	6	20
Schulzii. Dark-green foliage ; bright orange-scarlet flowers,	5	6	20
Striped. Orange-yellow, blotched with brown,	5	6	20
Burpee's Sunlight. A rich golden yellow ; extra large,	5	10	30
Fordhook Favorite Mixture. Per lb 90 ets.,	5	10	25
Hybrids of Madame Gunter. (See illustration.) Per lb 70 ets.,	5	6	20
Mixed. Many bright colors ; both light and dark foliage. Per lb 45 ets.,	5	5	15

Tom Pouce. This is also a tall or running variety, but differs in that both flowers and leaves are very small. The flowers are yellow, vivid scarlet, and glowing orange tints. Fine for vases, hanging-baskets, etc. Per pkt, 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

New Nasturtium, Burpee's "BUTTERFLY."

This distinct new climbing Nasturtium fully equals in size and beauty the popular Burpee's *Sunlight* and *Moonlight*. The flowers are very large, measuring three inches across without flattening, and the petals have the same crinkled or *crape-like* texture as those of *Sunlight*. The color is a clear light lemon-yellow, showily marked on the three broad lower petals with a blotch of rich *terra-cotta red*, where they join the throat portion. The petals are deeply fringed at the edges of the throat. The two upper petals are beautifully marked in a manner strongly resembling the eye of a peacock's feather in shades of bright red, with fine dark lines radiating through them from the throat. The plants are of vigorous growth, with very handsome light-green foliage and wonderfully profuse in flowering. In sealed packets only.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 15 cts.

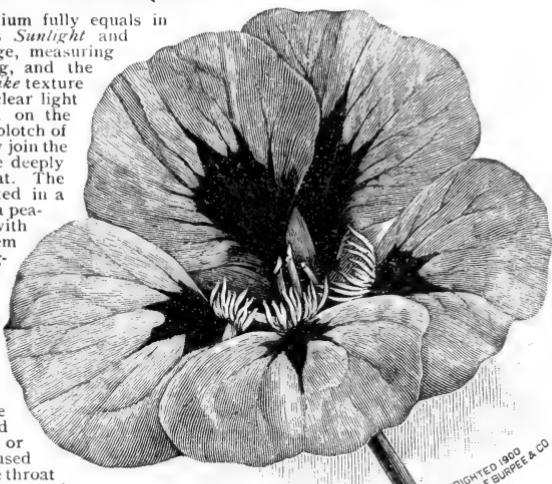
New — — "Twilight." Nasturtium.

Plants of strong running growth and great freedom of bloom. The flowers are extra large in size and most distinct and pleasing in color, having faint salmon or buff tint heavily overlaid or suffused

(WAB) with a deeper rosy salmon. The throat is large and open; the three upper petals are beautifully veined with crimson. (See Colored Plate in Farm Annual.)

The flower painted from nature in our colored plate gives a fair idea of its distinct beauty. This grand novelty comes quite true from seed and is of the same improved large-flowered type as our popular *Sunlight* and *Moonlight* Nasturtiums. It is the variety sent out last year unnamed as "*Companion to Butterfly*" and has elicited many expressions of praise. Sold only in sealed packages.

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Average-sized Flower of
"BUTTERFLY" NASTURTIUM,—from Photograph.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 17 cts.

Burpee's Special Mixture of the best Tall-Growing New Giant-Flowered Nasturtiums

Until the introduction of SUTTON'S SALMON QUEEN and our CAPRICE, the only truly giant-flowered Nasturtiums in cultivation were the now famous BURPEE'S SUNLIGHT and MOONLIGHT.

Two years ago one of our fields of SALMON QUEEN (*Improved Vesuvius*), from some unaccountable cause, "broke" into several bright colors, principally shades of red, including the most brilliant *glowing scarlet*. We saved this seed in mixture and have now added to it an equal quantity of our large-flowered "Caprice," with a suitable proportion of *Sunlight*, *Moonlight*, *Twilight*, and *Butterfly*. As thus prepared, this makes the **most gorgeous and the first truly giant-flowered complete mixture of Tall Nasturtiums**. We are sure that it will give great pleasure to all lovers of Nasturtiums who desire to have the greatest variety of colors in the largest-flowering type of these showy flowers.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 75 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.

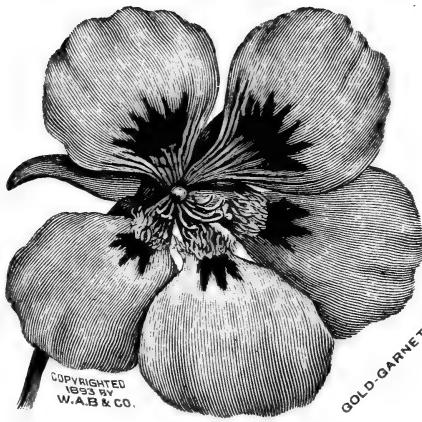
Burpee's "CAPRICE."

As shown painted from nature in our colored plate last year, the new BURPEE'S "CAPRICE" bears flowers of extra large size, most profusely and in a wonderful variety of colors and markings. The petals are heavily marbled or overlaid with deep velvety tints,—showing many unique combinations. It is appropriately named

"CAPRICE" from its character of frequently bearing flowers of diverse colors upon a single plant. In this respect it is similar to the popular French Chameleon Nasturtiums, but the flowers are very much larger in size. The large foliage is generally of a deep dark green, and the plants are always of strong and vigorous growth. While a tall or climbing variety, "CAPRICE" is equally beautiful grown simply trailing upon the ground. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.

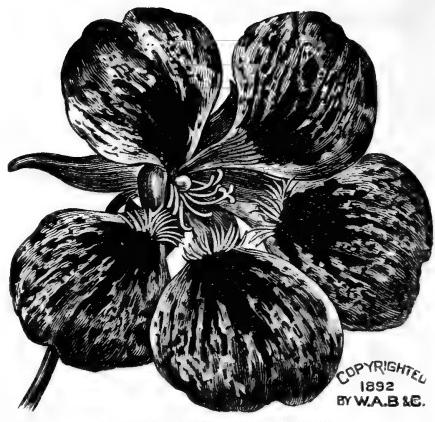


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GOLD-GARNET.



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PRINCE HENRY NASTURTIUM.

LOBB'S NASTURTIUMS (*Tropaeolum Lobbianum*)

The foliage and flowers are rather smaller in size, but the wonderful profusion of bloom and intense brilliancy of colors make this class particularly desirable.

	Pkt.	Per oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.
Atropurpurea. Very dark crimson.	\$0 05	\$0 10	\$0 30
Asa Gray. Flowers of a very light lemon color,	5	10	30
Brilliant. Dark foliage, scarlet flowers,	5	10	30
Cardinal. Brilliant and intense cardinal-red,	5	10	30
Caroline Schmidt. A brilliant shade of scarlet,	5	10	30
Chaixianum. Yellow, blotched with rosy carmine,	5	10	30
Chestnut-Brown. A rich velvety red-brown,	5	15	50
Crown Prince of Prussia. Rich velvety crimson, deeply veined,	5	10	30
Crystal Palace. Very bright orange-salmon flowers,	5	10	30
Defiance. Rich, dark, glowing crimson,	10	20	70
Duc de Vivence. Orange-yellow, with carmine stripes in throat,	10	15	50
Flammulum grandiflorum. A fine salmon-scarlet,	5	10	30
Giant of Battles. Sulphur, spotted with red,	5	10	30
Gold-Garnet. Shining yellow, richly marbled with garnet,	10	15	50
Golden Queen. Showy flowers of a pale golden yellow,	5	10	35
Hookeri. Orange-yellow, blotched crimson-maroon,	10	15	50
King of the Blacks. Very dark brown,	5	10	30
Kotschianum multiflorum. Bright orange-scarlet,	5	10	30
Lili Schmidt. A brilliant salmon-scarlet,	5	10	30
Lucifer. The richest deep crimson,	5	10	30
Mercier Lacombe. Dark purplish crimson ; rich and velvety,	5	10	30
Monsieur Colmet. Rosy crimson, with pale yellow calyx.	5	10	30
Napoleon III. Orange-yellow ; each petal blotched with maroon,	5	10	30
Primrose. Varied markings,	10	20	70
Prince Bismarck. Magnificent scarlet ; rich and fiery,	5	15	50
Princess Victoria Louise. Deep primrose-yellow, blotched carmine,	10	20	70
Queen Victoria. Deep orange, darkly veined on upper petals,	5	10	30
Spitfire. Brightest and most glowing scarlet,	5	10	30
Triumph de Gand. Flowers of a beautiful light scarlet,	5	10	35
Triumph d'Hyeres. Very rich orange-scarlet,	5	15	50
Triumph du Prado. Pale lemon-yellow, flaked with red,	5	10	30
Zanderi nigrum. A rich velvety reddish brown,	5	10	30
Finest Mixed. All colors of <i>Tropaeolum Lobbianum</i> .	Per lb. 70 ets..	5	6 20

FORDHOOK FAVORITE MIXTURE OF CLIMBING NASTURTIUMS.

This special mixture, made by ourselves, is comprised of the most distinct and brilliant colorings, both of the *Lobbianum Nasturtiums* and the finest of the tall named varieties, including our New Giant-flowered *Sunlight*, *Moonlight*, *French Chameleon*, and the *Hybrids of Madame Gunter*. Surpassed only by our New Giant-flowered. Per pkt. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 6 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.



Dwarf Bedding TOM THUMB NASTURTIUMS.

In their neat, bushy growth (only twelve inches high) these present almost as distinct a contrast to the Tall Nasturtiums as do the famous CUPIDS, introduced by us, to the Tall Sweet Peas. They are free flowering and very desirable for bedding, vases, and pot-plants. Plant seed one inch deep in rows one to two feet apart when the trees are starting out in leaf. When well started, the young plants should be thinned out to stand ten or twelve inches apart, as the plants are liable to rot off in wet weather, particularly in rich soils, if planted too closely together.

It is not generally known that the *Tall Nasturtiums* are also most excellent to grow in rows on the ground, without any supports.

A "packet" of NASTURTIUMS contains from 30 to 50 seeds; an ounce, from 175 to 225 seeds.



TOM THUMB NASTURTIUMS,—28 Distinct Varieties.

	Pkt.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.
Aurora. Chrome-yellow, veined with purplish carmine,	\$0 05	\$0 06	\$0 20
Beauty. Golden orange-flamed scarlet,	5	6	20
Brilliant Yellow. Most brilliant shade of clear rich yellow,	10	20	50
Bronze-Colored. Of a burnished bronze color,	5	6	20
Brown-Red. Deep brown-red of velvety appearance,	10	15	50
Cattell's Crimson. Very rich dark crimson-scarlet,	5	10	30
Chameleon. Splashed crimson, bronze, and yellow,	5	7	25
Chameleon, New French. Surpassingly beautiful. Per lb \$1.50,	10	15	40
Cloth of Gold. Golden foliage and scarlet flowers,	5	6	20
Cœruleum roseum. Bright cherry-red; a distinct shade,	5	6	20
Compact Lustrous. Intensely flashing, vivid scarlet,	10	15	40
Crystal Palace Gem. Sulphur-yellow, spotted carmine,	5	6	20
Deep Scarlet. A very bright orange-crimson,	5	6	20
Empress of India. Dark blue-green foliage; flowers scarlet-crimson,	5	7	25
General Jacqueminot. Nearly as rich as <i>General Jacqueminot Rose</i> ,	10	15	50
Golden King. Bright golden yellow; dark foliage,	5	10	35
King of Tom Thumbs. Intense scarlet flowers, with rich dark foliage,	5	7	25
King Theodore. Deep chocolate-crimson; dark foliage,	5	7	25
Lady-Bird. Golden yellow, barred with ruby-crimson,	5	7	25
Lili Schmidt. Orange-yellow, blotched with brown,	5	7	25
Pearl. Very light straw color; fine for contrast,	5	6	20
Prince Henry. New; shining yellow, marbled bright scarlet,	5	6	20
Rose. A delicate shade; very attractive,	5	10	30
Ruby King. Dark foliage; ruby-rose flowers,	5	7	25
Scheuerianum. Deep orange, spotted with velvety brown,	5	7	25
Scheuerianum coccineum. Flaming orange-scarlet,	5	7	25
Schillingii. Flowers of an orange-yellow, blotched with maroon,	5	10	30
Spotted King. Golden yellow; dark chocolate spots,	5	6	20

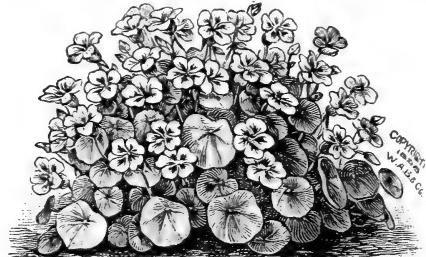
Mixed Tom Thumb Nasturtiums. This includes many distinct colors, and both light- and dark-foliage varieties in mixture. It is, of course, not equal to our new mixed described below, but, with the exception of this special strain, is as good a mixture as sold in the trade to-day. The seed is so cheap that it should be planted liberally.

Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 2 ozs. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 17 cts.; per lb. 60 cts.; 5 lbs. at 55 cts. per lb.

BURPEE'S SPECIAL MIXTURE OF THE BEST SELECTED MOST "GORGEOUS" NEW TOM THUMB NASTURTIUMS.

This mixture is composed of finest new large-flowered varieties, selected by ourselves and grown in mixture for this special offering. Our large blocks of this strain, when in full bloom, are gorgeous beyond description and cannot be surpassed for remarkable brilliancy of coloring nor great perfection of the individual flowers. Although still further improved for 1902, this seed is now so moderate in price that it should be planted liberally.

Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 17 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.10.



NEW DWARF LILIPUT NASTURTIUMS. A most charming and distinct new strain that originated from the tall *Tropaeolum Lobbianum*, and is already famous for retaining the unusual brilliancy of color combinations for which the parent stock is noted. The plants are of smaller size than the well-known *Tom Thumb Nasturtiums*, while the flowers and round leaves are also smaller. The perfect flowers, borne on top of each bush, embrace beautiful new colors. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.



IMPROVED GIANT TRIMARDEAU PANSY.

PANSIES.

Pansy seed is a specialty with us. We have not only the largest and finest collection of varieties in the world, but also the very best seed of each variety.

PER PKT.

Improved Giant Trimardeau. Remarkable for the extra large size of the flowers, which, however, are not so circular in form as the Imperial German. Most of the flowers are marked with three large blotches or spots. Per 1/4 oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.75, 10

Giant Trimardeau, Mixed. A very good strain. Per 1/4 oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.25, 10

Odier, or Blotched. Superb flowers of fine form and beautifully blotched. Per 1/4 oz. 55 cts.; oz. \$2.00, 5

Cassier's Giant Odier. The flowers, of immense size, are of the popular *Odier* type, being all three-spotted or five-spotted on backgrounds of very rich colors. Per 1/4 oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$3.00, 10

The Bugnot Pansies. The petals are beautifully blotched after the manner of *Cassier's Giant Odier*, but the color of the blotches radiates on the margin of the petals. 1/2 oz. 55 cts.; oz. \$4.00, 10

Cassier's Hortense Rose. Large circular flowers of both light and dark shades of rose, with prominent dark blotches on the three lower petals. Per 1/2 oz. 75 cts., 10

Quadricolor, or Pheasant's Eye (Rainbow). Upper petals sky-blue, edged with violet; the lower petals are marbled and spotted. 1/2 oz. 45 cts.; oz. 80 cts., 5

Prince Bismarck. Beautiful shades of brown and golden bronze, marbled. Per 1/2 oz. 45 cts.; oz. 80 cts., 5

Snow Queen, or Snowflake. Flowers of a delicate pure satiny white. Per 1/2 oz. 50 cts.; oz. 90 cts., 5

King of the Blacks, or Faust. Flowers intensely dark, almost coal-black. Per 1/2 oz. 45 cts.; oz. 80 cts., 5

Lord Beaconsfield. Deep purple-violet, shading off in the top petals to a white-blue. Per oz. 80 cts., 5

Emperor William. Ultramarine-blue, with violet eye. Per 1/2 oz. 45 cts.; oz. 80 cts., 5

Rose Marbled. Very beautiful. Per oz. 80 cts., 5

Striped and Mottled. Per 1/2 oz. 45 cts.; oz. 80 cts., 5

Dark Purple. Rich deep color. Per oz. 80 cts., 5

Silver Edged. Dark purple; white border. Per 1/2 oz. 45 cts.; oz. 80 cts., 5

Gold Margined. Strikingly handsome. Per 1/2 oz. 45 cts.; oz. 80 cts., 5

Pure Yellow. Large golden-yellow flowers. Per 1/2 oz. 45 cts.; oz. 80 cts., 5

Large Flowering, Very Fine Mixed. All colors of German Pansies. 1/4 oz. 30 cts.; oz. \$1.00, 10

Good Quality, Mixed. As imported; many rich colors. Per 1/2 oz. 35 cts.; per oz. 60 cts., 5

Fordhook Bedding Pansies. This is our own mixture of Pansies for Bedding, blended properly from separate colors. They are not of the giant-flowered but of the free-flowering circular German varieties, and will give excellent satisfaction—nearly as good as the higher-priced Imperial German. 1/4 oz. 30 cts.; per oz. \$1.00, 5

ROYAL PRIZE PANSIES. This mixture includes the fancy striped and spotted varieties, the large Trimardeau and boldly spotted Cassier's Odier. A splendid mixture to sow in the fall, to raise plants for early spring bedding. Per 1/4 oz. 60 cts.; per oz. \$2.25, 10

We make "Trade Packets" (containing from 1000 to 2000 seeds) of any of the above. Separate colors or mixtures at **25 cents** each, *net*.



A SINGLE PLANT OF NICOTIANA SYLVESTRIS.

NICOTIANA.

This is the ornamental flowering Tobacco. *Afghanis* makes slender stalks, branches freely, and bears a profusion of white tubular flowers of delightful fragrance. *Sylvestris* is a beautiful free-flowering plant of robust habit and graceful appearance, especially suited for large beds and as specimen plants in large flower borders.

	PKT.	OZ.
Afghanis,	\$0 05	\$0 20
Sylvestris,	5	35

OXALIS.

Rosea grows six inches high and has bright pink flowers. *Tropaeoides*, very dwarf with reddish-brown leaves and yellow flowers. *Valdiviana*, tall green leaves, marked with brown; lemon-yellow flowers on tall stems.

	PKT.	OZ.
Rosea,	\$0 05	\$2 50
Tropaeoides,	5	60
Valdiviana,	5	50
Choice Mixed,	(1/4 oz., 60 cts.)	5 2 25

IMPERIAL GERMAN PANSIES.



These are famous for their almost endless variety of charming shades of color, united with good size and most perfect form of flowers. They bloom profusely and embrace all the solid or self-colors; delicately shaded flowers; five-spotted and three-spotted; edged or bordered flowers of various colors, each with a distinct rim of white, yellow, or blue; dark and light marbled varieties; flowers with clear distinct eyes; striped flowers of striking beauty, and vividly colored fancy varieties.

IMPERIAL GERMAN, SPLENDID MIXED. Seeds of more than fifty distinct varieties. Per pkt. 5 cts. and 10 cts.; per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 55 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00; per oz. \$3.50.

IMPERIAL GERMAN PANSIES.

The following are each TEN CENTS per packet, and (except where otherwise priced) are 65 cts. per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; \$1.10 per $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.; \$4.00 per oz.

1. **Black Prince.** Magnificent flowers. The rich glossy black has a peculiarly soft velvety appearance.

2. **Black-Blue.** Intensely rich; very distinct.

3. **Cardinal.** The flowers are a brilliant brownish scarlet, the lower petals each being marked with a dark-brown blotch. Per $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

4. **Crown Prince.** Flowers of a deep velvety black, with well-defined rich golden bronze face.

5. **Dark Mahogany with White Margin.** The darkest mahogany, with a clear-cut edge of pure white.

6. **Dark Mahogany with Yellow Margin.**

7. **Deep Yellow.** Very rich; spotless.

8. **Emperor Frederick.** Velvety brown, shaded by a narrow band of deep golden yellow. Per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45 cts.; oz. 80 cts.

9. **Emperor William, Improved.** Always true.

10. **Fairy Queen.** The same shade of delicate azure-blue, clearly margined with a clean-cut border of pure white, has not existed heretofore in Pansies. The flowers are of good size, perfect circular form, and borne abundantly. Per $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

11. **Fire King.** The three lower petals each have a large blotch of magenta, margined with yellow, while the upper petals are of a bright reddish brown of a *really fiery shade*. Per $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

12. **Gloriosa perfecta, or Improved Quadricolor.** Of a reddish steel-blue color, with white and pink edge. Of surpassing beauty, called the *Rainbow Pansy*.

13. **Golden Bronze, Marbled.** Odd and striking.

14. **Improved Fancy Striped.** Handsomely flamed or striped in the most brilliant and exquisite colors.

15. **Jet Black.** (Dr. Faust, or Black Knight.)

16. **Large-Spotted Yellow.** Very attractive.

17. **Large-Spotted White.** Showy flowers.

18. **Large-Spotted, Mixed.** Each flower superbly spotted or blotched on the three lower petals.

19. **Marbled, Mixed.** Beautifully marbled.

20. **Meteor.** Color bright canary-yellow; lower petals are spotted with mahogany-brown, while the upper petals vary from reddish brown to dark purple, margined with gold or silver. Per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

21. **Odier, or Five-Spotted.** Each petal has a large blotch, with clearly defined margin of a contrasting color. Per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 75 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.40; per oz. \$5.25.

22. **Peacock.** The lovely ultramarine-blue most nearly resembles this color in the feathers of peacock. Per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

23. **Purple Mantle.** A splendid very rich color.

24. **Red Riding-Hood.** Shades of brilliant red.

25. **Rosy Lilac.** A quiet pleasing color.

26. **Rosy Morn.** This is a beautiful rosy-red color, with a distinct white edge around each petal.

27. **Silver Seam.** Deep purple with edge of white.

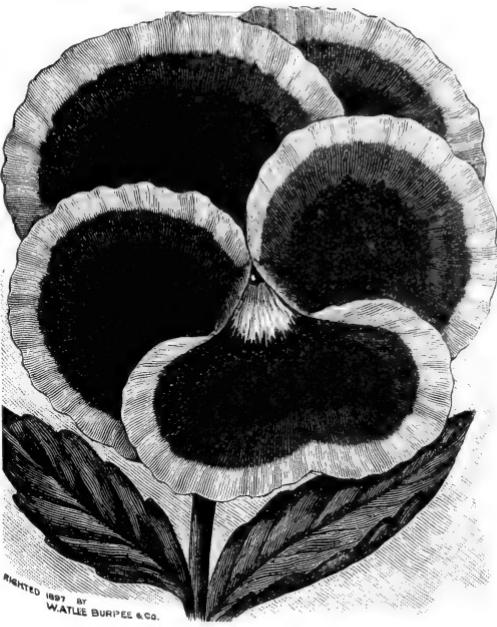
28. **Snow Queen, or Snow Fairy.** Spotless white.

29. **Ultramarine-Blue.** Beaconsfield improved.

30. **Victoria Red.** The flowers are throughout of a beautiful rich deep-red color, far superior to the Red Riding-Hood Pansy. Per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. \$1.25.

31. **Fancy Varieties, Splendid Mixed.** Most beautiful fancy striped, blotched, and mottled flowers.

32. **Show Varieties, Splendid Mixed.** All the best solid colors or "selfs," saved from named flowers.



RIGHTED 1897 BY
W. ATLEE BURPEE & CO.

THE PRESIDENT MCKINLEY GIANT PANSY.

BURPEE'S DEFIANCE PANSIES.

The flowers of this strain are of mammoth size, good substance, and finest colorings. Under favorable conditions the flowers frequently measure from two and a half to four inches across, but a cool location and very rich soil are needed to produce flowers of this size. The mixture embraces many of the fine named sorts which have been developed to this large size; all the flowers are varied and beautiful in shades and markings.

FINEST MIXED, All Colors. Per pkt. of 150 seeds, 15 cts.; small pkt. of 40 seeds, 5 cts. Trade Packet of 1000 seeds, 65 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.10; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.75.

GIANT FANCY, Finest Mixed. This includes both the three-spotted and five-spotted of all colors. Per pkt. 15 cts.; 2 pkts. for 25 cts. Trade Packet of 1000 seeds, 65 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.10; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$2.00.

GIANT Auricula. Rich and rare shades of coloring in distinct and showy markings, which in each flower have the effect of a large bright eye of glowing color.

GIANT Royal Purple. Deeply shaded royal purple.

GIANT Pure Gold. Bright golden-yellow flowers, with heavy velvety black face-markings.

GIANT Fancy, Striped. Brightly striped and streaked in distinct contrasting colors.

GIANT PRESIDENT MCKINLEY. Of largest size and finest form, a rich glowing yellow, each petal heavily blotched with deep reddish brown, shaded with violet markings around the eye.

GIANT PRESIDENT CARNOT. Similar to preceding in large size and splendid form, but the margin of petals is a clear snowy white, while centers are heavily blotched with a soft rich shade of violet-blue.

GIANT Emperor William. Large flowers of a soft ultramarine-blue, with large, distinct, dark-blue eye.

GIANT Beaconsfield. Deep violet-blue, shading to white at the edges of the upper petals.

GIANT Black. Flowers of largest size and purest dead black coloring. This is fully twice the size of *Faust* or *King of the Blacks*.

GIANT FANCY THREE-SPOTTED. The ground colors are in many distinct shades, and each flower has the three lower petals distinctly marked with a large blotch of dark rich coloring.

GIANT FANCY FIVE-SPOTTED. Each petal has a large distinct blotch of rich contrasting coloring, after the manner of *Cassier's Giant Odier*, but the flowers are greatly improved in form and size.

GIANT SHOW. A beautiful mixture of self- or solid-colored flowers, all of gigantic size and finest form.

Prices.—15 cts. per pkt.; any 4 pkts. for 50 cts. Each variety, 65 cts. per Trade Packet of 1000 seeds; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. for \$1.10; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$2.00.

Complete List of SWEET PEAS

Fashion's Fragrant Favorite Flower for Florists.

By hundreds of thorough trials made every year at our famous FORDHOOK FARMS we know SWEET PEAS and the merits of all the many novelties as introduced. Keeping Purity and High Quality, rather than low prices, our first aim, we have become recognized as

HEADQUARTERS FOR SWEET PEAS IN AMERICA.

Our Unequaled Collection now embraces nearly two hundred varieties.

Each is *pure and true to name*,—vastly superior to the “Cheap Seed” so largely grown without the proper care in the constant selection that is absolutely necessary to maintain first-class stocks.

Except where otherwise priced, all varieties are **5 cents per packet.**

☞ Deduct one-third (33½%) from all Packet Prices,—see second page cover.

Those marked with a Bull's-eye [●] are the very best.

		Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
	☞ In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound. ☞			
Admiration. ●	Self-colored in a delicate shade of mauve,	\$0 05	\$0 18	\$0 60
Adonis.	Deep rose and glowing carmine ; small flowers,	5	10	30
Alba magnifica.	Pure white ; standard notched at sides,	5	12	35
Alice Eckford.	Rich cream-tinted standard ; white wings,	5	12	35
America. ●	The brightest blood-red striped,	5	10	30
American Queen. ●	Burpee's Novelty ; see page 122. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	25		
Apple Blossom. ●	Bright rosy pink, beautifully blended in white,	5	10	30
Aurora. ●	Flaked orange-salmon ; Award of Merit, R. H. S.,	5	15	35
Black Knight. ●	Fine deep maroon ; self-colored,	5	15	40
Blanche Burpee. ●	Eckford's large expanded white. (5 lbs. at 35 cts.),	5	15	40
Blanche Ferry. ●	The popular pink and white. (5 lbs. at 25 cts.),	5	10	30
Blanche Ferry,—Extra Early.	Ten days earlier. (5 lbs. at 30 cts.),	5	12	35
Blushing Beauty. ●	Very fine ; delicate flesh-pink ; hooded form,	5	10	30
Boreatton.	Dark maroon ; self-colored ; surpassed by <i>Black Knight</i> ,	5	10	30
Brilliant. ●	Very bright scarlet, but not equal to <i>Sunproof Salopian</i> ,	5	12	35
Bronze King.	Standards of a terra-cotta tint ; wings ivory-white,	5	12	35
Bronze Prince.	Standard maroon ; wings purple ; poor form,	5	12	35
Burpee's EARLIEST OF ALL. ●	The earliest of all. (5 lbs. at 35 cts.),	5	15	40
Burpee's New Countess. ●	Much better than <i>Countess of Radnor</i> ,	5	15	40
Butterfly. ●	White, laced with lavender ; notched standard,	5	10	30
California.	Large, hooded flowers ; soft flesh-pink,	5	10	30
Calypso.	Magenta and mauve. <i>New</i> ; see page 128. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	10	30	1 00
Captain Clark.	White and lavender ; standard streaked carmine,	5	10	30
Captain of the Blues. ●	Purplish mauve and pale blue,	5	15	40
Captivation. ●	Beautiful light magenta or claret color,	5	12	35
Carmen Sylva.	Deep purplish carmine and lavender, shaded rose,	5	10	30
Celestial.	Delicate lavender, bordering on light blue,	5	12	35
Chancellor. ●	Rich orange-salmon and suffused red-pink,	5	12	35
Coccinea. ●	New scarlet ; see page 128. Per pkt. 10 cts.			
Colonist. ●	Rich glowing rosy pink, shaded deep rose,	5	15	40
Columbia.	White ground, suffused purple and penciled pink,	5	12	35
Coquette. ●	Deep primrose, shaded fawn ; most beautiful,	5	12	35
Coronet.	Small flowers ; white, striped orange-pink ; dwarf habit,	5	15	40
Countess of Aberdeen.	Self-colored soft pink, turning lighter,	5	12	35
Countess Cadogan. ●	Beautiful, large, light blue,	6	20	60
Countess of Lathom. ●	Charming pink ; see page 128. Pkt. 10 cts.,	15	40	1 25
Countess of Powis.	Orange, suffused with purple,	5	12	35
Countess of Radnor.	Pale mauve or lavender. (5 lbs. at 30 cts.),	5	12	35
Countess of Shrewsbury.	Rose standard ; white wings,	5	12	35
Creole.	Delicate lavender, suffused with pink,	5	15	40

SWEET PEAS, except where priced, are all 5 cts. per packet.

	Per oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.	Per lb.
	\$0 05	\$0 15	\$0 40
Crown Jewel. ○ Primrose ground, veined with violet-rose ; charming,	5	10	30
Crown Princess of Prussia. Flesh-pink, tinted with salmon-buff,	5	12	35
Daybreak. Watered crimson-scarlet on white ground,	5	10	30
Delight. White, slightly crested with crimson ; very small flowers,	5	10	30
Dolly Varden. Purple-magenta, shaded white,	5	15	40
Dorothy Tennant. ○ Deep rosy mauve ; beautiful. (5 lbs. at 30 cts.),	5	12	35
Duchess of Edinburgh. Scarlet and crimson ; small flowers,	5	10	30
Duchess of Sutherland. Proves to be identical with our <i>Modesty</i> ,	5	12	35
Duchess of Westminster. ○ Apricot-pink ; see page 128. Pkt. 10 cts.	10	30	1 00
Duchess of York. White, delicately suffused with light pink,	5	12	35
Duke of Clarence. ○ A brilliant shade of rosy claret,	5	10	30
Duke of Sutherland. ○ Deep claret and indigo-blue,	5	15	40
Duke of Westminster. ○ A beautiful shade of rosy claret,	5	15	45
Duke of York. Rosy pink and white,	5	10	30
Eliza Eckford. Standard rose ; wings delicately striped with rose,	5	10	30
Emily Eckford. ○ Standard light reddish mauve ; wings a true blue,	5	10	30
Emily Henderson. ○ White ; blooms early. (5 lbs. at 30 cts.),	5	12	35
Emily Lynch. Deep rose-pink, shaded buff ; softer in wings,	5	10	30
Empress of India. Rosy standard ; white wings ; of small size,	5	10	30
Etna. Brownish crimson and violet ; small and unattractive,	5	12	35
Fairy Queen. White, shaded rose and violet ; small size,	5	12	35
Fashion. ○ A beautiful shade of cerise-pink,	6	18	50
Fascination. ○ Standards magenta-mauve, wings deep mauve. Pkt. 10 cts.,	10	30	1 00
Firefly. ○ A deep brilliant scarlet ; a fiery shade. (5 lbs. at 35 cts.),	5	15	40
Gaiety. ○ Lively stripes of bright crimson on white,	5	12	35
George Gordon. ○ New ; see page 128 ; pkts. only. Per pkt. 10 cts.			
Golden Gate. ○ Pinkish mauve and lavender ; upright rolled wings,	5	15	40
Golden Gleam. Deep primrose-yellow ; large size ; finely hooded,	5	12	35
Gray Friar. ○ Beautiful watered purple shadings on white ground,	5	12	35
Gorgeous. ○ Standard salmon-orange ; wings softer and deeper,	5	15	50
Her Majesty. ○ Large hooded flowers of a most beautiful rose color,	5	12	35
Hon. F. Bouverie. ○ Salmon-pink shading to salmon-buff,	6	18	55
Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon. ○ New ; see page 128. Per pkt. 10 cts.			
Igneia. Intense scarlet-crimson ; liable to burn under hot sun,	5	10	30
Imperial Blue. Blue, shaded mauve,	5	10	30
Indigo King. Maroon, nearly indigo ; standard notched at sides,	5	10	30
Invincible Carmine, or Cardinal. Shining crimson-scarlet,	5	10	30
Invincible Red-Striped. White, striped on scarlet,	5	10	30
Invincible Scarlet. The old scarlet,	5	10	30
Isa Eckford. White, suffused rosy pink,	5	10	30
Juanita, or Striped Celestial. ○ White ground, striped lavender,	5	12	35
Katherine Tracy. ○ Soft but brilliant pink,	5	12	35
Lady Beaconsfield. Standard salmon-pink ; wings primrose-yellow,	5	10	30
Lady Grisel Hamilton. ○ Light lavender ; of extra large size,	6	20	60
Lady Mary Currie. ○ Orange-pink, shaded rosy lilac,	5	15	45
Lady Nina Balfour. ○ Most delicate mauve ; very beautiful,	5	15	45
Lady M. Ormsby-Gore. ○ Eckford Novelty ; see page 128. Pkt. 10 cts.			
Lady Penzance. ○ Standard orange-pink ; wings deep pure pink,	5	10	30
Lady Skelmersdale. Similar to <i>Apple Blossom</i> ; improved,	6	20	55
Lemon Queen. Delicate blush, tinted lemon,	5	10	30
Light Blue and Purple. One of the oldest and "poorest,"	5	10	30
Little Dorrit. Pink standard ; white wings. (5 lbs. at 40 cts. per lb),	5	15	45
Lord Kenyon. ○ A rose-magenta self ; see page 128. Pkt. 10 cts.,	12	40	1 25
Lottie Eckford. ○ White ground suffused with lavender-blue,	5	12	35

Those marked with a Bull's-eye [○] are the best of their type and color.

SWEET PEAS, except where priced, are all 5 cts. per packet.

		Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Lottie Hutchins.◎	Rich cream color, beautifully flaked with pink,	\$0 05	\$0 12	\$0 35
Lovely.◎	Large soft shell-pink ; most beautiful. (5 lbs. at 35 cts.),	5	15	40
Madame Carnot.	Standard mauve ; blue wings ; small,	5	10	30
Maid of Honor.◎	White, edged with blue ; an improved "Butterfly,"	5	15	40
Mars.◎	Brilliant scarlet, fine form, but blackens under strong sun,	5	15	50
Mauve Queen.	Standard mauve ; wings light blue,	5	10	30
Majestic.◎	A rich deep rose-pink ; see page 122. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	14	40	1 40
Meteor.◎	Standard bright orange-salmon ; wings pink veined,	5	10	30
Mikado.	Cerise ground, veined with white stripes,	5	12	35
Miss Hunt.	Standard pale carmine-salmon ; wings soft pink,	5	10	30
Miss Willmott.◎	Eckford Novelty ; see page 128. Per pkt. 10 cts.			
Modesty.◎	The most delicate pink ; nearly pure white,	5	12	35
Monarch.◎	Deep bronzy maroon and dark blue,	5	12	35
Mont Blanc.◎	Best early white ; excellent for forcing. Pkt. 10 cts.	15	40	1 50
Mrs. Dugdale.◎	Truly magnificent flowers of extra large size ; light carmine-pink, primrose markings. (5 lbs. at 50 cts.),	6	18	55
Mrs. Eckford.◎	Beautiful primrose-yellow. (5 lbs. at 35 cts.),	5	15	40
Mrs. Fitzgerald.◎	Cream, flushed rose ; see page 128. Pkt. 10 cts.	10	30	1 00
Mrs. Gladstone.	A lovely soft pink. (5 lbs. at 30 cts.),	5	12	35
Mrs. Jos. Chamberlain.◎	Striped bright rose on white,	5	12	35
Mrs. Sankey.	Flowers white ; hardy, having black seeds,	5	12	35
Navy Blue.◎	The only "true blue." (5 lbs. at 50 cts. per lb),	6	18	55
Novelty.	Standard bright orange-rose ; wings light mauve,	5	10	30
Oddity.	Peculiar pale carmine and bright rose,	5	15	40
Orange Prince.	Standard orange-salmon ; wings bright pink,	5	12	35
Oregonia.	Silvery-white ground, watered rosy carmine,	5	12	35
Oriental.◎	Bright orange-salmon ; a greatly improved <i>Lady Penzance</i> ,	5	15	40
Othello.◎	A rich deep maroon,	6	18	50
Ovid.◎	Rose-pink, margined with deeper rose,	5	10	30
Painted Lady.	The old pink and white ; flowers small,	5	10	30
Peach Blossom.	Standard salmon-pink ; wings soft pink,	5	10	30
Pink Friar.◎	White, delicately suffused with carmine-rose,	5	15	45
Prima Donna.◎	Light blush-pink ; extra fine. (5 lbs. at 35 cts.),	5	15	40
Primrose.	Pale primrose-yellow,	5	10	30
Prince Edward of York.◎	Scarlet and rose ; of extra large size,	5	12	35
Prince of Wales.◎	Deep rose self ; improved type of <i>Her Majesty</i> ,	5	15	40
Princess Beatrice.	A popular rosy pink,	5	10	30
Princess Louise.	Small ; light claret, veined with rose,	5	10	30
Princess May.	Clear light lavender, but flowers small,	5	12	35
Princess of Wales.◎	Striped mauve on white ground,	5	15	40
Princess Victoria.	Standard bright scarlet ; wings rosy mauve,	5	12	35
Purple Prince.	Standard maroon, shaded bronze ; wings purple,	5	10	30
Purple Striped.	An old and undesirable variety,	5	10	30
Queen of England.	Pure white : notched at top of standard,	5	15	40
Queen of the Isles.	White stripes on bright crimson-scarlet,	5	10	30
Queen Victoria.◎	A lovely soft yellow shade. (5 lbs. at 30 cts.),	5	12	35
Ramona.◎	White, daintily splashed with pale pink. (5 lbs. at 35 cts.),	5	15	40
Red Riding-Hood.	Rosy pink : standard closely overlaps the wings,	5	15	40
Rising Sun.	Orange and rose, shaded carmine ; small ; "old style,"	5	10	30
Royal Robe.◎	Standard rich but delicate pink ; wings soft blush-pink,	5	12	35
Royal Rose.◎	Deep rosy pink ; of immense size ; very fine,	5	15	40
Sadie Burpee.◎ (White-Seeded.)	Snowy white. (5 lbs. at 45 cts.),	6	18	50
Sadie Burpee.◎ (Black-Seeded.)	White, with delicate pink flush,	6	18	50
Salopian.	Largest ; most brilliant deep scarlet. (5 lbs. at 30 cts.),	5	12	35

Those marked with a Bull's-eye [◎] are the best of their type and color.

SWEET PEAS, except where priced, are all 5 cts. per packet.

	Per oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.	Per lb.
Salvation Lassie. Novelty; see Farm Annual. Per pkt. 15 cts.	\$0 05	\$0 10	\$0 30
Scarlet Striped. One of the oldest varieties,	5	12	35
Senator. Bright brown and chocolate, shaded and striped on white,	5	15	40
Sensation. White, beautifully suffused with faint blush,	5	15	40
Shahzada. Rich dark maroon, shaded purple. (5 lbs. at 35 cts.),	6	20	60
"Snapdragon." Closely hooded flowers; white, tinged rose,	5	10	30
Splendid Lilac. Light lilac; now an inferior "old-style" flower,	5	10	30
Splendor. Superb bright rose, shaded crimson,	5	12	35
Stanley. Rich dark maroon; fine self color. (5 lbs. at 30 cts.),	5	15	40
Stella Morse. Rich primrose; flushed pink. (5 lbs. at 35 cts. per lb),	6	18	50
"Sunproof" Salopian. The finest scarlet sweet pea. (5 lbs. at 45 cts.),	5	15	40
The Bride. Flowers same as <i>Blanche Burpee</i> ; vines shorter,	5	10	30
The Queen. Mauve and pink; small size,	5	12	35
Triumph. Standard orange-pink; wings white,	5	15	40
Venus. Lovely salmon-buff, shaded rosy pink. (5 lbs. at 35 cts.),	5	10	30
Vesuvius. Violet, with dull crimson spots,	5	12	35
Violet Queen. Small and undesirable,	5	10	30
Waverly. Standard rosy claret; wings light blue,	5	10	30
Wawona. New striped heliotrope, upon white ground,	5	15	40
White. The old pure white; notched at top of standard,	5	10	30
White Snapdragon. Novelty; see Farm Annual. Per pkt. 10 cts.			

10 Pkts. for 25 Cts. Instead of our usual discount of one-third we will allow **one-half off** packet prices of Sweet Peas, when not less than ten packets are taken at one time.
Thus florists can select of the five-cent packets **any ten packets for 25 cts.**

DOUBLE SWEET PEAS. We do not consider these so beautiful as the expanded large single flowers. We have as good a strain as any, but not more than about thirty per cent. of the flowers, as yet, come double from the seed. From the most carefully selected stock seed, saved only from the best plants bearing double flowers, we offer the following varieties:

Apple Blossom,	Butterfly,	Senator,	Waverly,
Boreatton,	Captain of the Blues,	Splendor,	White.
Bride of Niagara,	Duke of Clarence,		

Each of the above varieties at 5 cts. per pkt.; 6 cts. per oz.; 20 cts. per $\frac{1}{4}$ lb.; 50 cts. per lb.

All above Ten Mixed DOUBLE SWEET PEAS: Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.

Burpee's Tall SWEET PEAS in Mixtures.

If to be sent by mail, add 8 cents per pound.

	Per oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.	Per lb.
Common Mixed. (10 lbs. at 17 cts. per lb.),	\$0 03	\$0 08	\$0 20
Choice Mixed. The best for the money. (10 lbs. for \$2.25),	5	10	25
Special Trial Grounds Mixture, of all varieties. (10 lbs. for \$4.50),	5	18	50
Eckford's New Sweet Peas, Mixed. (10 lbs. for \$2.50),	5	10	30

ECKFORD'S "UP-TO-DATE." This is Eckford's finest "Gill-edge" mixture, containing his most recent developments, and is equal to that supplied to his choicest home trade. The American-grown seed is harder and gives better results than the imported stock. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 17 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. at 45 cts. per lb.

BURPEE'S AMERICAN SEEDLINGS. By crossing and re-crossing the improved large-flowering varieties of Sweet Peas there was obtained a remarkable break, which has resulted in a number of delicate new shades and such an admixture of blood that the strain continues to produce sports of varied coloring. This strain contains many distinct flowers, all of largest size and finest form.

Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 17 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 45 cts. per lb.

BURPEE'S "BEST MIXED,"—NEW GIANT SWEET PEAS.

This is the finest mixture on this page, containing not only the most highly improved varieties from Eckford, but also many of the choicest varieties of our own introductions prior to 1901.

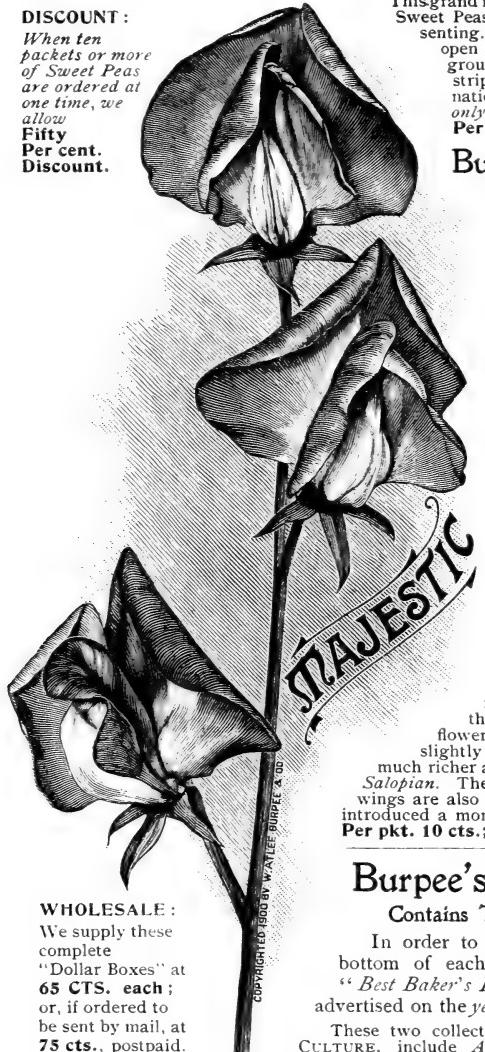
Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 17 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 45 cts. per lb.



Sweet Peas at Buffalo. Many of our Florist friends who visited the Pan-American Exhibition kept staged for ten days. The Sweet Peas for this exhibit were grown for us by R. E. BOETTGER, Eggertsville, N. Y., from seed supplied him of forty-six of the best varieties, and although the season was unfavorable Mr. Boettger had no trouble in getting a fine healthy growth on his vines. Not only were our Sweet Peas much admired and awarded premiums, but it was most gratifying to note that all the prize winners in the different classes exhibited by amateurs were also grown from our seed. **BURPEE'S SEEDS are the BEST SEEDS that grow!**

Burpee's New Sweet Pea,—“GOLDEN-ROSE.”

DISCOUNT :
When ten
packets or more
of Sweet Peas
are ordered at
one time, we
allow
Fifty
Per cent.
Discount.



COPYRIGHTED 1900 BY WALTER BURPEE & CO.

WHOLESALE :
We supply these
complete
“Dollar Boxes” at
65 CTS. each;
or, if ordered to
be sent by mail, at
75 cts., postpaid.

Majestic,—Mrs. Fitzgerald,—Mrs. F. Fitzgerald,—Mrs. Earliest of All,—Mrs. Earliest of All,—Fascination,—Lady Grisel Hamilton,—Lady Mary Currie,—Salopian,—Snapdragon,—New Giant-flowered Chamberlain Cupid,—our Special Mixture of Fifty New Dwarf Cupids,—our New Mixture for 1902 of Forty-eight New Colors in Burpee's Bush Sweet Peas,—Forthhook Fancy Flaked Sweet Peas, and the regular stock of Burpee's Best Mixed New Giant Sweet Peas.

For 50 Cts. you can buy all above twenty-one packets, as advertised in our two collections on the yellow paper pages, 142 and 143.

For \$1.00 we include in the box,—besides all the above,—also a regular-size packet each of the new Burpee's Golden-Rose,—Burpee's American Queen,—the new “White with Pink Edge,” described above,—and also the new Eckford's Calypso,—Countess of Lathom,—Duchess of Westminster, and Lord Kenyon, described on page 128; also a large packet each of the New Mont Blanc,—Black-seeded Sadie Burpee,—White-seeded Sadie Burpee,—Countess Cadogan, and a full ounce of the unequalled Burpee's Special New Giant-flowered Mixed for 1902.

These 33 Packets make the most complete “DOLLAR BOX” of Sweet Peas ever offered. Even taking advantage of the two Special Collections, as advertised on yellow paper pages, with the other packages, these 33 packets, outside of this box, would cost \$1.80,—while at the usual retail prices “per packet” these thirty-three varieties have a total retail value of \$2.70.

Q Known simply by the letter Q, we have a beautiful and distinct new large-flowered Sweet Pea which we shall distribute FREE for trial this season. Any customer whose order amounts to one dollar or more, can have a packet FREE,—if asked for on the order. As usual we have also other advance NOVELTIES,—which we shall include FREE with orders,—as explained on page 66. **Q**

This grand new variety is one of the most beautiful and distinct Tall Sweet Peas that we have ever had the pleasure of presenting. The flowers are extra large in size, of fine open form, with the standard daintily fluted. The ground color is a clear primrose-yellow, beautifully striped with rosy pink—making a color combination hitherto unknown, which is most attractive. Sold only in our sealed packets, each containing thirty seeds. Per pkt. 15 cts.; 2 pkts. for 25 cts.,—less discount.

Burpee's “AMERICAN QUEEN”

Tall-growing plants of extremely vigorous growth, bearing uniformly three large flowers on a long stem and most profuse in bloom. The standard is extra large, of unusual height, erect and pointed at the top; color a clear “salmon-red,” the large wings being of a bright deep rose. This is the variety which we distributed for advance trial last season. This season each packet will contain at least fifty seeds. Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 15 cts.; per oz. 25 cts.

“White With Pink Edge.”

Although as yet unnamed this is a distinct grand new large-flowering tall Sweet Pea that is now ready for advance introduction, but only in sealed packets each containing thirty seeds. The beautifully formed flowers, borne upon long stiff stems, on first opening appear to be white, but quickly change to “white with pink edge,”—making a most charming contrast,—there is more pink on edge of standard than on edge of wings. We will gladly pay a prize of \$10.00 to any one who, after trying this novelty, can suggest a suitable name; also five prizes of two dollars each and five of one dollar each for the best postal card reports,—all to be received by October 1. Per pkt. 15 cts.,—less discount of one-third.

Burpee's “MAJESTIC.”

The illustration herewith can give but a faint idea of the bold, grand appearance of a spray, or of the size of the magnificent flowers. Borne almost uniformly three on a stem, and all facing one way, the flowers are of the largest size and most perfect form, slightly hooded. They are practically a self-color, much richer and deeper than Her Majesty, but softer in shade than Salopian. The standard is a deep rose-pink, of rich tone, while the wings are also deep rose, but even softer in tone. We have never introduced a more lovely Sweet Pea; it is a most charming novelty. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 14 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.40.

Burpee's DOLLAR BOX for 1902

Contains Thirty-three New and Superb Sweet Peas.

In order to give the greatest possible value we place at the bottom of each DOLLAR BOX our special collections of the “Best Baker's Dozen” and the “Eight Elegant Sweet Peas,” as advertised on the yellow paper pages, 142 and 143 of this catalogue.

These two collections, each containing its appropriate LEAFLET CULTURE, include *Admiration*,—*Aurora*,—*Blanche Burpee*,—*Burpee's Earliest of All*,—*Fascination*,—*Lady Grisel Hamilton*,—*Lady Mary Currie*,—*Salopian*,—*Snapdragon*,—*New Giant-flowered Chamberlain Cupid*,—our Special Mixture of Fifty New Dwarf Cupids,—our New Mixture for 1902 of Forty-eight New Colors in Burpee's Bush Sweet Peas,—*Forthhook Fancy Flaked Sweet Peas*, and the regular stock of Burpee's Best Mixed New Giant Sweet Peas.

For 50 Cts. you can buy all above twenty-one packets, as advertised in our two collections on the yellow paper pages, 142 and 143.

Gould's "Extreme-Early" New Selection of Burpee's EARLIEST OF ALL Sweet Pea.

All impartial growers, including every florist who has tried both for forcing, and the leading American growers for seed, from New York to California, have agreed that Burpee's "Earliest of All" comes into full bloom ten days to two weeks earlier than the Extra Early Blanche Ferry. The originator, MR. THOS. GOULD, not satisfied, however, even with this achievement, has developed a

new selection, which we are now able to offer in limited quantity, that is **fully ten days earlier** even than Burpee's Earliest of All, heretofore known. This new strain is truly "**a record breaker**" and **will surely make money** for every florist who secures it this year. Planted either for forcing or open-ground culture, **it will distance all competitors.** It is needless to say more, as we have but little seed to sell, and that only direct to the planter, —*positively not an ounce will be sold to other seedsmen.* Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15 cts.; per oz. 30 cts.; 2 ozs. for 50 cts.; 5 ozs. or more at 20 cts. per oz.

Burpee's "Earliest of All." (OF OUR REGULAR STOCK.)

Notwithstanding their dwarf habit and neat slender foliage, the plants are of vigorous growth and come into bloom **always ten days to two weeks in advance of the Extra Early Blanche Ferry**, which has been heretofore a week ahead of all other varieties. The flowers are as large as those of the regular strains of *Blanche Ferry*, and have long stout stems, making them entirely satisfactory for cutting; they are borne in close clusters of three, all facing one way. The standards are a bright, rich pink, while the wings are nearly pure white.

BURPEE'S "EARLIEST OF ALL" is not only the earliest to bloom in open ground, but is also the most desirable for forcing under glass for winter cut-flowers. The dwarf habit of this variety renders it much more easily grown on the benches, admits of closer planting, and from seed sown during the latter part of August blooms may be cut during the holidays, while with the taller varieties no blooms could be had before February or March. Per lb. **40 cts.**; 5 lbs. or more at **35 cts.** per lb.

For further remarks and notes on culture see page 96, —also ask for Our New Leaflet.

PYRHTD 1898
BY W.A.B. & CO.

Natural Size,—
Engraved from a Photograph of
**BURPEE'S
EARLIEST OF ALL.**

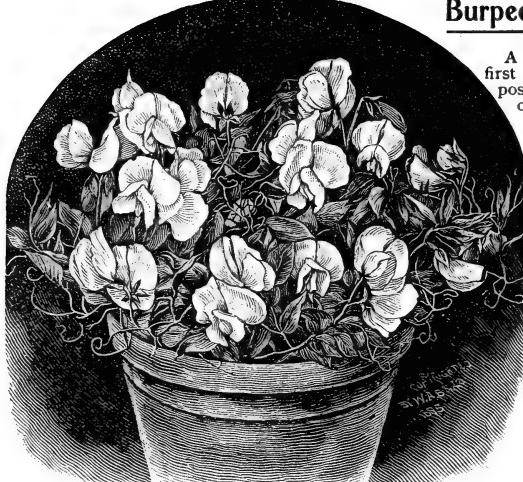
Leading florists and growers agree that this is **the earliest**, —always ten days to two weeks earlier (both outdoors and under glass) than the Extra Early Blanche Ferry. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 40 cts., —see page 96.

Earliest White Sweet Pea,— "MONT BLANC."

See illustration. In this new variety, which originated in Germany, we have a splendid companion variety for Burpee's Earliest of All.

At FORDHOO Farm the past two seasons it has proved of the same distinct habit of growth, and only two days later in flowering, which makes it ten days to two weeks earlier than Emily Henderson. Like Burpee's Earliest of All, the plants of the new MONT BLANC grow only eighteen to twenty inches high when in full flower. The flowers are *pure paper-white*, of good size, and generally three on stem, which is of good length for such an early variety. The standards are flatly spread and more broad at the top, slightly notched in the center like those of *Emily Henderson*. The seed this season is of our own growing from the originator's stock, and should be of stronger vitality, which with the more liberal packets will afford our friends a better opportunity for making a trial of this new variety. We would especially recommend "MONT BLANC" and our

"Earliest of All" for spring flowering in locations where the tall sorts are apt to be cut off by the summer heat. See illustration of a spray engraved from a photograph. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. for 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.



NEW DWARF SWEET PEA.—“CUPID.” FLOWERS WHITE.

The above engraving, reduced in size, is an exact reproduction of an illustration in THE GARDENER'S CHRONICLE, London, June 29, 1895, of one of the pot-plants exhibited at the Royal Horticultural Society, June 25, 1895, where by unanimous vote we received an Award of Merit for CUPID,—the highest endorsement possible.

black-seeded varieties are fully as hardy and vigorous as those of the tall-growing sorts, with similar seed, and can be planted successfully quite early in spring when the trees are starting out in leaf. The white-seeded White and Primrose Cupids, however, are incased in a thinner or more delicate skin, which will give best results if planted when the weather has become warm enough to plant corn, and can be most successfully germinated by pursuing Mr. Hutchins' new method described in our leaflet, “How to GROW SWEET PEAS,” which is sent free if requested on the order. In dry locations the seed may be sown rather thickly in a drill, as with other sorts, and the plants allowed to grow in a close compact row, forming a beautiful ribbon or border of dark rich green, thickly starred with the brightest blossoms. For heavier moist soils we recommend planting in slightly elevated beds and having the plants stand ten inches or more apart.

ALICE ECKFORD CUPID. Flowers, borne in close clusters of three, are identical in size and coloring with those of the tall *Alice Eckford*. Standard is silvery white with faint stripe of silvery rose in center fold, with suffused shadings of soft rosy pink at the base. Wings of a clear white. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.

BOREATTON CUPID. Flowers of good size, fine bold form, and rich dark coloring. Standard self-colored in rich wine-brown, with deeper veinings and a satin-like finish. Wings lie closely to the semi-erect keel, deep mauve in shading, underlaid with rosy purple. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.

BURPEE'S BEAUTY CUPID. The handsome large flowers are borne most profusely in clusters of three. The standard is of unusual breadth, with heavily rolled edges, giving a deeply hooded effect; wings broad and erect. Standard rich rose-pink, shading to nearly white at the edges and slightly striped with carmine at the base. Wings suffused rosy carmine, deepening at the edges. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 65 cts.

COUNTESS OF RADNOR CUPID. *The Countess of Radnor* is one of the most popular tintings of delicate lavender. In this new Cupid we have the same charming tint exactly reproduced with the true compact-spreading Cupid growth. Flowers are of immense size, even larger than those of the tall Countess, and are borne in the greatest profusion, coming three and four to a single stem. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.

A new and entirely distinct race of Sweet Peas, first introduced by us in 1895, differing as widely as possible from the usual tall vine-like growth, being of low, very compact-spreading form. Plants are seldom more than six inches in height and form a dense mat of richest green foliage fifteen inches or more in diameter. The flowers are *fully equal in size* to those of the tall-growing varieties, but are placed closely together, generally three or four at the top of a stout stiff stem, seemingly poised just above the surface of the dark-green foliage. The stems branch freely with close joints, and are thickly set with dark-green leaves. The close-spreading growth lying on the surface of the soil serves to keep the latter cool and moist, protecting it from the burning rays of the sun. By reason of this close, dense growth, these Cupid varieties have not always proved so successful when planted where the tall varieties grow most luxuriantly; the close growth of foliage does not dry out so quickly after heavy rains as the tall sorts, which are supported on brush and exposed to the drying influence of the air. For light dry soils, however, where the tall sorts quickly dry up or are injured by blight and insects during severe hot weather, CUPID SWEET PEAS give the greatest satisfaction,—seeming to revel in the summer heat and flowering in rich profusion. In many sections, the past few seasons, most excellent results have been obtained by planting them in long rows, borders, or masses during the summer months. Protracted dry weather induces them to grow with the greatest vigor and flower most freely.

Burpee's FIFTY NEW CUPIDS, in Mixture.

This Special Mixture includes all the above, two others, and also *forty colors and varieties* which have not yet been separately introduced,—the different colors being blended in suitable proportions. This New Mixture alone contains most of the shades in the Tall Sweet Peas. The flowers range in color from pure white and light pink to dark red and from light lavender to deep purple, while there are several attractive and unnamed striped varieties. We have grown a large crop and are able to sell at so moderate a price that we are sure this superb and showy mixture will make thousands of new friends for our unique DWARF CUPID SWEET PEAS. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 18 cts.; 1/4 lb. 35 cts.; per lb. \$1.25.

New Dwarf CUPID Sweet Pea,—Burpee's "ROYALTY."

This beautiful new Cupid resembles the tall *Royal Rose*, one of the very finest self-colored pinks, but the very broad standard makes an even larger flower, while the coloring is considerably deeper and richer in tone,—hence the new name "ROYALTY." The flowers are of extra large size, well hooded, and of true grandiflora type. The flowers come generally four on a stem and closely set together at the top. They are most desirable for boutonnières and for designs of cut-flowers, as this shade of pink is highly esteemed. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 18 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35 cts.; per lb. \$1.25.

Dwarf CUPID,—

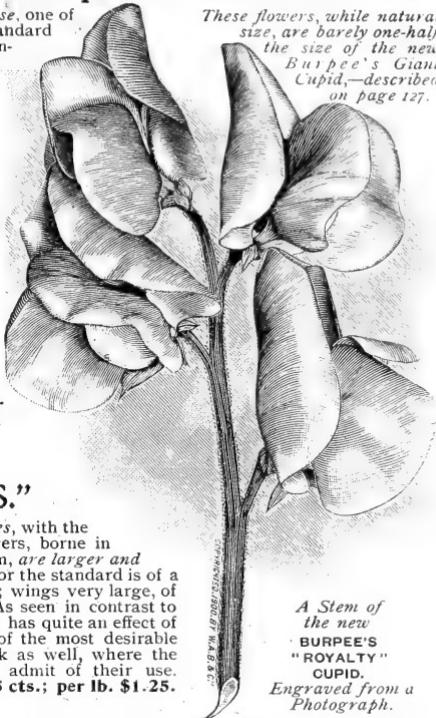
"APPLE BLOSSOM."

The flowers are of grand large size, beautifully hooded and borne four on a stem. The standard is very large and broad, slightly pointed with edges well rolled, deeply suffused and veined with deep rose on a silvery ground, shading deeper in the center; wings are quite broad and lie closely about the semi-erect keel; they are heavily shaded in the center with soft rose. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35 cts.; per lb. \$1.25.

New CUPID,—

"CAPTAIN OF THE BLUES."

It retains all the beauty of the tall *Captain of the Blues*, with the very dwarf growth of the Cupid varieties. The flowers, borne in close clusters of three at the top of a very stiff stout stem, are larger and finer than the tall *Captain of the Blues*. In color the standard is of a reddish-purple tint heavily suffused with violet; wings very large, of a rich violet-purple,—approaching deep blue. As seen in contrast to the rich dark-green foliage, the mass of flowers has quite an effect of rich deep blue. This new variety will be one of the most desirable for bedding and borders, and also for cut-flower work as well, where the shorter stems (as compared with the tall sorts) will admit of their use. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 18 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35 cts.; per lb. \$1.25.



A Stem of
the new
BURPEE'S
"ROYALTY"
CUPID.
Engraved from a
Photograph.

Burpee's Dwarf CUPID Sweet Pea,—"STELLA MORSE."

This grand new Cupid is identical in rich coloring with the tall *Stella Morse* as introduced by us in 1898, and which is still the most distinctly colored of all the so-called "yellow" Sweet Peas. The flowers of the Cupid strain are distinct from those of the tall parent variety in that they come only two on a stem, but the shading is so charming that this feature is easily overlooked. The standards are also shorter and broader, making the spreading wings equally prominent. The whole flower has a closely hooded appearance similar to that of *Burpee's Beauty Cupid*. The upper edges of the standard are heavily rolled, giving a sharply pointed effect, while the keel is stiffly erect, holding the broad wings closely to the standard. The ground color is a rich creamy buff, tinted with apricot, while the inner portion of the wings is delicately shaded with soft rosy carmine. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35 cts.; per lb. \$1.25.

Burpee's "Latest Special" Improved Best Tall Mixed Sweet Peas for 1902.

This "brand" of the finest large-flowered Sweet Peas in mixture is absolutely unequaled. Each year we strive to "surpass ourselves" in this special mixture. We are quite sure that,—notwithstanding the claims of some competitors,—an equally high-grade mixture cannot be obtained elsewhere. The seed, of course, is not grown in mixture at all. It is "blended" by ourselves of the largest-flowered, most beautiful named varieties,—each grown separately from the finest selected strains. Besides all the best and "only the best" of the varieties introduced prior to last year, this NEW "BLEND" FOR 1902 contains also a liberal proportion of all the *Eckford Novelties*, first offered by us last year, and all the large-flowered *Burpee Novelties of 1902*,—varieties that before have never been included in any mixture. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.



Fordhook "Fancy Flaked" Tall Sweet Peas.

This mixture includes new varieties that have not been offered separately and all the most showy striped Sweet Peas. The "prescription" has been made up in the following manner—proportioned as to ground colors to give an attractive blending when in bloom: Pale yellow, 12 per cent.; light pinks, 17 per cent.; deep pinks, 18 per cent.; rose, 5 per cent.; reds, 10 per cent.; light lavenders, 18 per cent.; mauve-blue, 10 per cent.; and dark browns, 10 per cent.



Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.10; 2 lbs. at \$1.00 per lb.

BURPEE'S BUSH SWEET PEAS.

It has proved very satisfactory in growth and freedom of flower, particularly in light warm soils. The plants are erect, fifteen to eighteen inches high when in full flower, but branching freely so that the close bushes are frequently fifteen inches and more in diameter, composed of short erect branches with abundant light-green foliage. The tendrils at ends of the leaves clasp themselves closely to the adjoining branches, so that the whole plant is held quite erect though sufficiently open to admit of a freer circulation of air than in the low compact form of the Cupid type. The flowers, while not so large, are of as fine form and beautiful coloring as the Tall varieties, and are quite distinct from the Cupid type in being borne on long slender stems. As the stems of flowers can be cut with some of the neat attractive foliage, they are most desirable for bunching in bouquets or used as floral decorations.

BURPEE'S BUSH GRAY FRIAR.

are borne in twos and threes on quite long stems.

The first variety of this most distinct type. It is identical in coloring with our beautiful *Gray Friar*. The flowers are standard large, stiffly erect, and broadly spreading; wings wide and well spread, edges slightly rolled. The coloring, in suffused shadings and watered veinings, is of lavender-purple on a silvery-white ground. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.

BURPEE'S BUSH MONARCH.

Fine large flowers, generally three in a cluster at top of long stiff stems. The rich dark coloring of the flowers contrasts most admirably with the light-green foliage. Standard large and wide, well spread, and of a deep claret or wine-brown; wings heavily rolled, rich purple. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

BURPEE'S BUSH BLANCHE FERRY.

Plants of true bush growth, with a profusion of fine large flowers of the ever-popular coloring, pink-and-white, as seen in tall *Blanche Ferry*, *Burpee's Earliest of All*, and *Pink Cupid*. The plants grow only fifteen inches in height, come into flower early, and are almost completely hidden by the cloud of beautiful blossoms, which come in threes on a long stem. The standard is a soft pink and the wings white, occasionally faintly suffused with rose-pink. Branches are slender, and plants can be grown closely together in a continuous row. Sealed packages only. Per pkt. 10 cts.; 1/2 oz. 17 cts.; per oz. 30 cts.

Forty-Eight New Colors in Mixture of the Beautiful BURPEE'S BUSH SWEET PEAS.

In order to still further—and more quickly—popularize the distinct new dwarf compact-growing type of sweet peas, first presented by us in 1899, and already most favorably known in England and America as BURPEE'S BUSH SWEET PEAS, we have decided to offer a mixture of **forty-eight beautiful new colors for 1902**. These are all *entirely distinct* from the separate named varieties, and, while many of them are not sufficiently "established" to be worthy of introduction *under color*, **all come true to the dwarf, compact "bush type."** Many who have admired BURPEE'S BUSH SWEET PEAS, but expressed regret that this attractive race existed in such few colors, will hail with delight this special "trial-grounds mixture" of **forty-eight new colors**.

As nearly as the names of the similar tall-growing varieties will describe similar flowers of this bush type we should state that the varieties comprised in this NEW BUSH MIXTURE are: *Black*, *Blue Friar*, *California*, *Captivation*, *Colonist*, *Countess of Shrewsbury*, *Creole*, *Dorothy Tennant Striped*, *Gaiety*, *Golden Gate*, *Her Majesty Striped*, *Juanita*, *Katherine Tracy*, *Large Violet Queen*, *Light Firefly*, *Light Gaiety*, *Light Gray Friar*, *Light Mauve*, *Light Pink*, *Light Queen*, *Lottie Hutchins*, *Meteor*, *Mikado*, *Minnehaha*, *Modesty*, *Mrs. Gladstone*, *Navy Blue*, *Oddity*, *Oregonia*, *Ovid*, *Peach Blossom*, *Pink Striped*, *Primrose*, *Primrose Mottled*, *Princess Victoria*, *Princess of Wales*, *Purple Prince*, *Purple and White Striped*, *Queen Victoria*, *Ramona*, *Reddish Mauve*, *Splendor*, *Splendor Striped*, *The Queen*, *Wawona*, *Waverly*, *White and Blue Mottled*, and *White Striped with Lavender*.

We are fully aware that other seedsmen will criticise us in sending out so many distinct seedlings,—that have not been separately introduced,—all in one mixture. And yet long experience has shown that planters generally appreciate our system of being *liberal in the introduction of novelties*, while with the failure in some sections recently of tall sweet peas we are sure that thousands of amateurs and florists will welcome this opportunity to secure a mixed row for cutting of the most attractive new BURPEE'S BUSH type, which, as all who have tried it know, is more *sure to flower freely* in unfavorable seasons than tall-growing sweet peas. Seed sold only "*under our seal*!"

Per pkt. 10 cts.; 1/2 oz. 18 cts.; per oz. 35 cts.; 2 ozs. for 60 cts.; 5 ozs. at 25 cts. per oz.



BURPEE'S NEW BUSH SWEET PEA.



New Colors of Burpee's Bush Sweet Peas.

Burpee's Bush Sweet Pea,—“BLANCHE BURPEE.”

This BLANCHE BURPEE BUSH SWEET PEA is one of the very finest additions to this most distinct new race. The plants are of dwarf compact growth, but erect and freely branched, being fifteen to eighteen inches high when in full flower and

(WB) frequently of equal diameter. The curling tendrils at the ends of the leaves twine closely about adjoining branches, so that the whole is interlaced together and self-supporting. The flowers are of the pure paper-white ness, fine bold form, and firm lasting substance as in the famous tall Eckford's *Blanche Burpee*, but average about two-thirds the size. They are produced in pairs at the top of stiff, slender stems six inches long, and make excellent cut-flowers for bunching in bouquets, etc. See small illustration of a plant herewith, engraved from a photograph. Per pkt. 15 cts. retail; \$7.50 per 100 pkts.

Bush,—“HER MAJESTY.”

Flowers of good size and finest form, beautifully hooded, but not quite so large as those of the tall *Her Majesty*. They are usually produced in pairs on a slender stem six inches in length. The color is a rosy crimson, both in the standard and wings, very bright and soft in tint, a truly charming shade. We consider this variety stands next to *Blanche Burpee* as the most desirable of the Bush Sweet Peas. Retail, per pkt. 15 cts.; wholesale, \$7.50 per 100 pkts.

Bush,—“PRIMA DONNA.”

The “PRIMA DONNA” is a decided acquisition to this grand new race of Sweet Peas, in which the plants grow only fifteen to eighteen inches high when in full flower and which, while branching freely, are stiffly erect and self-supporting. Like those of the tall-growing *Prima Donna*, the flowers are of a beautiful soft-pink tint and self-colored,—the most exquisite shade of flesh pink, a true peach blossom tint. Standard slightly folded and the upper edges heavily rolled; wings nearly erect and well spread, making a fine hooded effect. Retail, per pkt. 15 cts.; wholesale, \$7.50 per 100 pkts.

Bush,—“SENATOR.”

This is a perfect reproduction in flower of the tall-growing *Senator*, one of the very finest striped varieties, combined with the very distinct bush type of growth, which, while well branched and spreading, is always stiffly erect without support and only fifteen to eighteen inches high when in full flower. The flowers, while not so large as those of the tall *Senator*, are finely formed, the standard being broad and pointed; wings well spread and heavily rolled. Standard and wings are silvery gray, heavily striped with brownish claret, changing to a violet-purple. Retail, per pkt. 15 cts.; wholesale, \$7.50 per 100 pkts.

Four Fine New Colors for 1902 of the Free-Flowering Dwarf Burpee's Cupid Sweet Peas.

Burpee's Cupid,—“AMERICA.”

In this new variety we offer the brightest-striped flower in combination with the distinct catkin-like growth of the Cupid Sweet Pea. The large flowers are produced in threes at the top of a stiff stem, and are extremely bright and showy in contrast with the rich dark-green foliage. The standard and wings are very broad and spreading, being of the true grandiflora form, showing effectively the bright blood-red stripings on silvery-white ground. The color is most showy and pleasing. Sold only in sealed packets. Per pkt. 15 cts., less discount of one-third; wholesale, \$7.50 per 100 pkts.

Burpee's Cupid,—“HER MAJESTY.”

A very pleasing shade of deep rosy crimson, intensely glowing in the warm sunshine. The color is one of the lighter and softer shades of bright glowing red. The flowers are the same in form and coloring as those of the tall *Her Majesty* (one of Eckford's finest varieties), and are even larger in size, the standard being much broader at the base. They are self-colored in a soft shade of rosy crimson, slightly deeper in the wings than in standard. Sold only in sealed packets. Per pkt. 15 cts., less one-third; wholesale, \$7.50 per 100 pkts.

Burpee's Cupid,—“LOTTIE ECKFORD.”

In the tall *Lottie Eckford* we have the same beautiful shades and blendings as in the popular *Butterfly*, combined with larger size and more finely finished form. This beautiful blending of most attractive tints will be a great addition to the list of Cupid Sweet Peas, when grown either as a bedding or pot-plant as well as for furnishing small bouquets, etc. The flowers are of large size, with broad slightly rolled standard, and the broad wings widely spreading. Both standard and wings are clear silvery white, outlined or edged with rich purple-lavender with the same color shading the inner portions. Retail, per pkt. 15 cts.; wholesale, \$7.50 per 100 pkts.

Burpee's Grand New Giant-Flowered “CHAMBERLAIN” Cupid.

While all our New Cupids have larger-sized flowers than the same varieties of the original tall type, this one is truly entitled to the name “Giant-Flowered.” The extraordinary size of the flowers is emphasized by being produced in wonderful abundance upon such dwarf compact plants. The gigantic flowers are of perfect form, fine substance, borne in clusters upon stiff stems and are beautifully striped rosy pink upon white ground. Although such a profuse bloomer, it is a shy seeder, and while distributed last season at the rate of “twelve seeds for 25 cents” it is consequently practically new for 1902. Having had a large area planted we can now supply this new GIANT-FLOWERED CUPID at a moderate price. Sold only in our sealed packages. Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 17 cts.; per oz. 30 cts.; 4 ozs. at 25 cts. per oz.

Special for 1902. While these new colors of BURPEE'S BUSH and CUPID SWEET PEAS, as usual the first season, are sold only in our sealed packets, we have lowered the price to 15 cts. per pkt.,—or two packets for 25 cts. retail; and each packet contains about forty seeds.



BURPEE'S NEW BUSH SWEET PEA.

The "Eckford Novelties" in Sweet Peas,—

American-Grown Seed from the Original Eckford Packets.



MISS WILLMOTT,
from a
Photograph.

DUCHESS OF WESTMINSTER. "This is a most beautiful flower; the color is a most delicate apricot; flushed pink standard; wings delicate rose-pink; the flowers, which are produced on long stout stems, give a charming ripe apricot effect." Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

GEORGE GORDON. "Bright reddish crimson-lake standard; wings brilliant rosy purple; a massive flower, stout and erect." Per pkt. 10 cts.

LADY M. ORMSBY-GORE. "Pale buff, tipped at the peak with deep buff and overlaid with delicate pink; a most pleasing variety with a grand constitution." Per pkt. 10 cts.

LORD KENYON. "A most perfect self; rose-magenta, flushed crimson, deepening toward the edges; this is a flower of splendid size and substance; a grand addition; good robust habit, long stout stems, very effective in the row or clump, also when bunched for table." Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.

MISS WILLMOTT. "Standards a rich deep orange-pink, delicately shaded rose; wings a shade lighter; almost a self-colored flower of enormous size." Per pkt. 10 cts.

MRS. FITZGERALD. "This flower has come in for general admiration; color soft creamed flushed and edged delicate rose; almost a self flower; when bunched for table or other decoration, has an effect and captivating charm possessed only by these advanced shades; the plant is robust, and the flowers are produced on long stout stems." Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00.

THE HON. MRS. E. KENYON. Certificate Shropshire Horticultural Society. "A beautiful primrose color, deeper than any other in that shade; a bold giant flower and a most desirable variety." Per pkt. 10 cts.,—"less one-third." ten pkts. for 50 cts., net.

Florists will please note that even of the **most recent novelties**,—**COCCINEA**,—**GEORGE GORDON**,—**LADY M. ORMSBY-GORE**,—**MISS WILLMOTT**, and **THE HON. MRS. E. KENYON**, now first offered, our price of "twenty seeds for ten cents" is less than one-half Eckford's price. While we can sell these only in small packets each containing twenty seeds, yet our discount of one-third gives florists "**any three pkts. for 20 cts.**" and to encourage a general trial of these most recent novelties, we will supply **any ten pkts. for only 50 cts., net.**

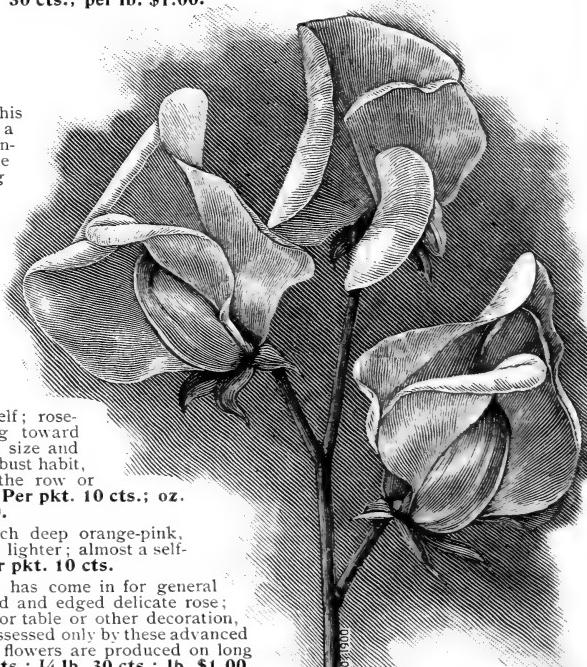
It is only fair to amateurs and florists that instead of our own descriptions (which in several cases would be slightly different if written from *our ideas of color*) we should present these *under Eckford's own descriptions*. It will be noticed that we offer all of Mr. Eckford's most recent novelties, grown direct the first season from his costly sealed packets, at the moderate price of "**ten cents for twenty seeds**," while the other varieties, sold at this price last year, we are now able to offer in bulk,—grown from our acclimated selected stock.

CALYPSO. "Rich bright magenta standard, flushed mauve; the wings delicate mauve; a most beautiful and bright flower for all kinds of decoration; the plants are strong growers; the flowers are produced on long stout stems; quite an acquisition, being a decided novelty in color." Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

COCCINEA. Award of Merit at Royal Horticultural Society. First-class Certificate at Shrewsbury Fête. "A beautiful brilliant cerise self-colored flower, with large bold erect round standards of faultless form; a distinct new color and sterling novelty." Per pkt. 10 cts.,—"less one-third."

COUNTESS OF LATHOM. "A charming delicate pink self; this is a very pleasing and effective novelty; the flowers, borne on long stout stems, are of splendid substance and lasting qualities; it is a pleasure added to those soft colors that are so much in favor." Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.25.

FASCINATION. "This is a flower very difficult to describe correctly. It has been greatly admired by every one who has seen it growing, and also at the several Horticultural Exhibitions where it has been shown. The standards are delicate magenta-mauve, flushed mauve, wings deep mauve; robust plant, long stout stems." Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.



ENGRAVED BY WALTER BURR F. & CO.

Eckford's New
Sweet Pea,—
MRS. FITZGERALD,—
engraved from
a Photograph.



PETUNIA.

The grand, large-flowered strains, *Burpee's Defiance*, as well as the *Fordhook Fancy Fringed Double* and *Giants of California*, make fine pot-plants. The seed is expensive, and therefore we advise starting in the greenhouse in February; grown in this way, fine plants in flower may be had for sale at planting-out time. The *New Dwarf Brilliant Rose* is especially desirable for summer bedding, as winter blooming or house plants. *Adonis* has a plentiful supply of soft rosy-carmine flowers; fine for pot culture, vases, bedding, etc. Our *Fringed Double* produces about thirty per cent. of double-flowered plants, the flowers of which are extremely double, finely fringed, and of most beautiful colorings.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Burpee's Defiance, Largest Flowering, Finest Mixed,	(1000 seeds, 50 cts.)	\$0 25
Dwarf Inimitable,	($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 25 cts.)	10
Fordhook Fancy Fringed, Double,	(1000 seeds, \$1.50)	25
Giant Emperor,	(1000 seeds, 40 cts.)	10
Giants of California, Mixed,	(1000 seeds, 40 cts.)	15
Large-flowering, Mixed,	($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 75 cts.)	10
Adouis,	($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 50 cts.)	10
Dwarf Brilliant Rose,	($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 60 cts.)	10
Striped and Blotched, . . . .	. . . .	5 40
Hybrida, Mixed, . . . .	. . . .	5 35

PENSTEMON.

Penstemons flower freely the first season from seed if sown in the greenhouse or in an early hot-bed. They make very desirable garden plants.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Mixed,	\$0 30

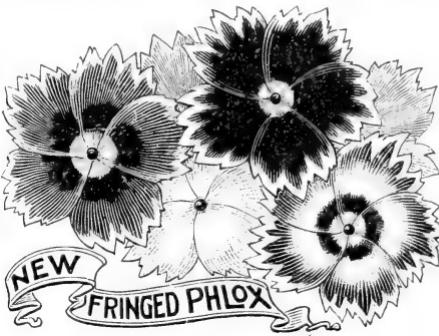
PERILLA Nankinensis.

A rich deep-purple-leaved plant, resembling the Coleus in growth, used for ornamental foliage beds. *Lacinata picta* has the leaves finely cut or fringed.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Nankinensis,	\$0 05	\$0 15
" Lacinata Picta,	10	30

MRS. LOICE A. SMITH, Stanton, Mich., Box 75, February 8, 1900, writes:—Since we plant your seed we don't have any trouble with having to plant the second time. Your seeds are all they claim to be. Had a splendid garden if we did have a drought in the worst time for it. We raised the *Prize-Taker* and *Yellow Globe Danvers*. For onions they are the very best, so mild can eat them like apples.

M. G.—9



PHLOX DRUMMONDII.

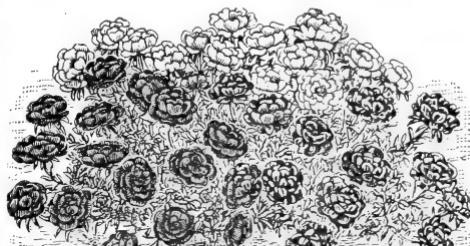
We grow only the most brilliant colors of this free-flowering annual, discarding the dull pink shades so largely found in cheap mixtures. Our *Fordhook Strain of Grandiflora* is composed of the finest named varieties, and the large fields invariably receive the most enthusiastic commendation of florists visiting our farms. The *Grandiflora* strain grows eighteen inches high and blossoms all summer long; started early, in a cool greenhouse, they make fine blooming plants for spring sales. The *Nana compacta* grows only six inches high when in full bloom, but bears a profusion of fine, large flowers; they make beautiful ribbon borders for flower-beds by simply sowing the seed in a shallow drill around the edge of the flower-bed.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Starred and Fringed, Mixed,	\$0 10	\$0 60
Stellata, Mixed,	10	60
Fine Mixed,	5	40
Grandiflora Alba,	5	60
" Coccinea,	5	70
" Large Blood-Red,	5	70
" Yellow,	10	1 00
" Splendens,	5	70
" Fordhook Strain, Mixed,	10	60
" Fine Mixed,	5	50
Nana Compacta, Snowball, ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 45 cts.)	10	1 75
" Fireball, ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 45 cts.)	10	1 75
" Mixed, ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40 cts.)	10	1 50

PLATYCODON.

Hardy perennials, increasing in size and freedom of flower from year to year, but flowering freely the first year from seed.

New Large-flowered Dwarf, Blue,	10	60
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DOUBLE ROSE-FLOWERED PORTULACA.

PORTULACA.

The *Double Rose-Flowered* produces the finest double flowers in varied colors and markings, making beautiful carpet-beds when planted in masses; it must be borne in mind, however, that even the finest double strains do not produce many double flowers until rather late in the season. The single-flowered embraces pure white and the most beautiful shades of yellow, pink, and red.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Double Rose-Flowered, Mixed,	($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 30 cts.)	\$0 10
Finest Single, Mixed,	5	25



PRIMULA FIMBRIATA.—SINGLE CHINESE PRIMROSE.

PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA.

(FRINGED CHINESE PRIMROSE.)

This is one of the finest winter-blooming pot-plants for house culture, flowering freely throughout the winter months. To have fine blooming plants for fall sales, the seed should be sown in April or May and grown in a cool situation during the summer. For description of choice named varieties, see page 122 of FARM ANNUAL FOR 1902. Our mixed strains are composed of the best named varieties, and will produce the finest and largest flowers in a great variety of colors.

	PER Pkt.	PER Pkt.
Fimbriata Filicifolia, Mixed (Fern-Leaved Primula), . . . (Trade pkt., \$1.00)	\$0 20	
" Fringed, Mixed, (Trade pkt., 50 cts.)	10	
" Splendid Mixed, Large-Flowering, Fringed, . . . (Trade pkt., 75 cts.)	15	
" Alba Magifica, . . . (Trade pkt., \$1.00)	20	
" Blue, (Trade pkt., \$1.25)	20	
" Bright Red, . . . (Trade pkt., \$1.00)	20	
" Crimson Velvet, . . . (Trade pkt., \$1.25)	20	
" Kermesina Splendens, . . . (Trade pkt., \$1.00)	20	
" Lilac Marbled, . . . (Trade pkt., \$1.00)	20	
" Rosy Morn, (Trade pkt., \$1.25)	20	
" Rubra Violacea, . . . (Trade pkt., \$1.25)	20	
" Striped, (Trade pkt., \$1.00)	20	

A trade packet of Primula contains from 500 to 1000 seeds. Prices on "Trade Packets" are net.

Other PRIMULAS.

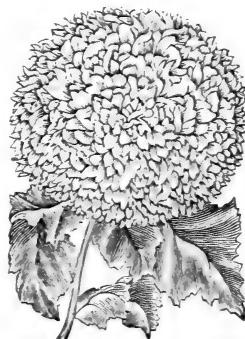
Primula obconica grandiflora is a distinct species, flowering profusely the whole year round; the small white flowers are borne in large clusters on a tall stiff stem. *Primula auricula* is a fine large-flowered strain of the hardy primrose, or Cowslip; the flowers are varied in coloring, with distinct showy markings.

	PER Pkt.	PER Pkt.
Auricula, ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., \$1.25)	\$0 15	
Oboconica Grandiflora, . . . (1000 seeds, 50 cts.)	10	

When ordering, ask for Our Prize Supplement for 1902. It is very interesting—see page 144.

POPPY.

In the named varieties of large-flowered Poppies we save seed only from carefully rogued crops, and florists planting for effective masses can depend on them to come true to name and color. *Fairy Blush* is finely fringed, and of a beautiful combination of soft pink and silvery white. *Fordhook Fairies* are a mixed strain of the fringed type, showing a varied assortment of beautiful colorings. *Snowdrift* is a pure white fringed variety. *Carnation-Flowered, Double*, have the petals fringed; while the *Peony-Flowered, double*, have broad rounded petals of silky texture. The new *Nankeen Yellow* has the same type of petal, of a pale lemon hue. The *Tulip-Flowered* is a brilliant shade of richest scarlet, the single flowers resembling those of a tulip. *Golden Gate* and *Shirley* are improved strains of the Ranunculus-Flowered. *Iceland* is a perennial variety, flowering the first year from seed, but produces more bloom the second year; the flowers are of the brightest shades.



	PER Pkt.	PER OZ.
Burpee's Fairy Blush,	\$0 10	\$0 60
Fordhook Fairy, Mixed,	10	30
Golden Gate,	5	40
Nankeen Yellow (New),	5	40
Snowdrift (True),	5	40
Tulip-Flowered,	5	40
The Shirley,	5	30
New Silver Lining, ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20 cts.)	10	75
Carnation, Double, Mixed,	5	10
Double Peony-Flowered, Mixed,	5	10
Iceland, Mixed (Perennial),	10	50

PYRETHRUM.

Parthenifolium aureum, or *Golden Feather*, is a dwarf, compact plant having fern-like leaves of a bright golden hue; excellent for edging foliage beds, as well as for baskets and vases. *Parthenium, fl. pl.*, has dark-green foliage and bears large clusters of double white flowers on long stems; desirable for cut-flowers in summer. *Roseum* is the *Persian Insect-Powder Plant*, the powder being made from the dried flowers; aside from this, the plant has large daisy-like flowers in deep shades of pink and red; the plant is quite hardy and blooms freely.

	PER Pkt.	PER OZ.
Parthenifolium Aureum (Golden Feather), . . .	\$0 10	\$0 30
Parthenium, fl. pl. (Feverfew),	10	60

Roseum (Persian Insect-Powder Plant), 10 60

RICINUS (Castor-Oil Bean).

Grand, large-leaved plants for tropical bedding. The new *Zauzibar* varieties grow to the largest size, ten to fifteen feet in height, and have immense showy leaves. *Cambodgensis* has large leaves of a bronze-red hue. *Spectabilis* is a tall sort with immense pale-green leaves.

	PER Pkt.	PER OZ.
Cambodgensis,	\$0 05	\$0 15
Spectabilis,	5	15
Zanzibarensis, Mixed, ($\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cts.)	5	10

Mixed, (Per lb., 50 cts.) 5 8

SALPIGLOSSIS.

Good flowering plants for summer bedding; do best in a cool, moist location. The *Grandiflora* strain grows two and one-half feet high, producing large flowers. *Superba* is more compact in growth, but with equally brilliant flowers.

	PER Pkt.	PER OZ.
Grandiflora, Finest Mixed,	\$0 10	\$0 45
Mixed,	5	35

Superba, Finest Mixed, ($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 45 cts.) 10 15

A Single Plant of *SALVIA SPLENDENS*.**SALVIA.**

Splendens is the well-known *Scarlet Sage*, one of the finest flowering plants for summer bedding, growing to large size, and covered with spikes of intense scarlet flowers. Seed started in February will make fine bushy plants for planting out at the proper time.

PER PER
PKT. OZ.

Splendens (Scarlet Sage), . . ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35 cts.) \$0 10 \$1 25

SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride).

These produce fine flowers in many beautiful shades with long slender stems. The flowers are useful for cut-flower work.

PER PER
PKT. OZ.

Dwarf, Double Mixed \$0 05 \$0 10
Large-Flowered Double, Mixed, 5 35
Tall German, Mixed, 5 12

SEDUM (Stonecrop).

PER PER
PKT. OZ.

Sedum Cœruleum (Stonecrop), \$0 05 \$1 50

SENSITIVE PLANT.

Curious plants, the leaves of which close up tightly when touched; small, feathery, soft-pink flowers. Potted plants sell readily in the spring as a curiosity.

PER PER
PKT. OZ.

Sensitive Plant (*Mimosa Pudica*), \$0 05 \$0 30

SMILAX.

This fine climber is grown extensively for use in floral decorations of all kinds. The best results are obtained by raising fresh plants from seed each spring.

PER PER
PKT. OZ.

Myrsiphyllum Asparagoides, ($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20 cts.) \$0 05 \$0 30

STEVIA.

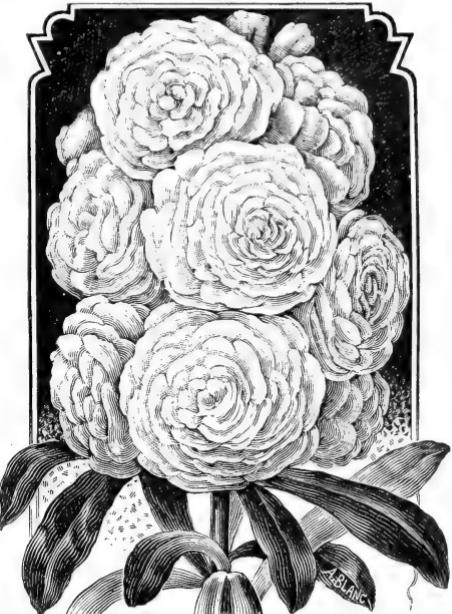
The Stevias are very largely grown by florists for cut-flowers for early winter use, and, being quite hardy and of easy culture, no special care is required in growing them.

PER PER
PKT. OZ.

Serrata, \$0 10 \$0 50

"Never Saw Onions Do So Well."

MRS. W. R. LOVE, Judge, Mich., February 26, 1900, writes:—I sowed your ONION SEED on new land last year, and never saw onions do so well. They ripened perfectly. I raised your COMBINATION TOMATO two years now, and it is the only one in this locality that ripens perfectly. I always praise up Burpee's seeds, and try to get others to try them.

**STOCKS.**

These make good blooming plants for bedding or for pot culture in cool locations; the large spikes of fine double flowers are also desirable for cutting. The Dwarf varieties are best suited for blooming early in the spring, unless the large-flowering *Globe Pyramidal* can be given an early start,—six-inch pots and ample room in which to grow,—when they make grand decorative plants, suitable for spring sales. The *Large-flowering Dwarf*, in separate colors, are especially fine, and can be had in bloom in three- and four-inch pots. *White Perpetual*, or "*Cut-and-Come-Again*," is a most useful variety for florists, furnishing a constant supply of fine white sprays throughout the season.

	PER	PER
	PKT.	OZ.
Dwarf German Ten Weeks, Fine Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 75
Dwarf White Pyramid, ($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 80 cts.)	15	
Emperor, or Perpetual, Mixed,		
(" " " (" " , 55 cts.)	10	4 00
Giant Perfection, Mixed, ($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 50 cts.)	10	3 50
Globe Pyramidal, Mixed, ($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 40 cts.)	10	3 00
Large-Flowering Dwarf, Blood-Red,		
(" " " (" " , 40 cts.)	10	2 75
(" " " (" " , Purple-Violet,	10	2 75
(" " " (" " , Pure White,	10	2 75
(" " " (" " , Choice Mixed,	5	1 50
Red Victoria, ($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 75 cts.)	15	
White Perpetual, or Cut-and-Come-Again, ($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 45 cts.)	15	3 25
Brompton, or Winter, Mixed, ($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 50 cts.)	10	3 50

SWEET WILLIAM**(Dianthus Barbatus).**

Hardy plants, flowering freely early in the spring the second season from seed; fine for flower borders and also quite useful for cutting. Our mixed strains embrace a wide range of most beautiful colorings.

	PER	PER
	PKT.	OZ.
Single, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 15
Double, Mixed,	5	40

Burpee Seeds Win Prizes,—see Prize Supplement for 1902,—Free,—if requested with orders.

SUNFLOWERS.



MANY-FLOWERED DOUBLE SUNFLOWER.

Our collection of these is most extensive, and embraces all the types. The *Dahlia Sunflower* produces numerous double flowers of a bright golden yellow. New *Double Multiflora* branches at each leaf, and each branch produces a fine double flower, the smaller ones from the side branches resembling a fine dahlia,—see illustration. *Cucumerifolius* has small single flowers resembling daisies. The new *Stella* has fine single flowers of a larger size than the last named; while the *New Seedlings of Stella* are particularly beautiful. *Globosus Fistulosus* produces terminal flowers of immense size and extremely double.

PER PER
PKT. OZ.

<i>Globosus Fistulosus</i> ,	\$0 05	\$0 10
<i>Miniature (Cucumerifolius)</i> ,	5	12
<i>Many-Flowered Double</i> , ($\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25 cts.)	5	7
<i>The Dahlia</i> ,	5	10
<i>Golden Nigger</i> ,	5	12
<i>Chrysanthemum-Flowered</i> ,	10	15
<i>Stella</i> ,	5	20
<i>New Seedlings of Stella</i> ,	10	60

THUNBERGIA (Black-Eyed Susan).

Free-flowering trailing vines of rapid growth; very pretty when used about the edges of baskets, vases or tubs of flowering plants. Seed sown in February and March make fine-blooming pot-plants for spring sales. The flowers are white, yellow, and deep orange, both self-colored and with distinct black eye in center.

PER PER
PKT. OZ.

Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 50
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TORENIA.

Beautiful free-flowering plants for summer bedding, pot culture, or planting in baskets and vases. Seed started in February makes fine blooming plants in small pots for spring sales. *Fournieri*, close compact growth, with deep-blue flowers brightly marked with orange. *White Wings*, similar in growth to *Fournieri*, but with creamy-white flowers.

PER PER
PKT. OZ.

<i>Fournieri</i> , ($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40 cts.)	\$0 05	\$2 75
<i>White Wings</i> , ($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 25 cts.)	10	3 25



VERBENA HYBRIDA,—PURE WHITE.

VERBENA.

Our strains of this popular bedding plant are saved from the choicest flowers, and embrace only the finest colorings. The new *MAMMOTH FORDHOOK FAMOUS* in mixed colors is the finest and largest-flowered strain in cultivation. We should suggest to florists that plants raised from seed for spring sales are not only free from the troublesome "Verbena rust," which destroys so many plants from cuttings, but are also much stronger; will grow more vigorously and blossom more profusely when bedded out. The seed germinates slowly and should be planted quite early. Those who prefer to propagate from cuttings will be able to select many new and desirable colors from our fine seed for stock plants.

PER PER
PKT. OZ.

<i>Hybrida, Auricula-Flowered</i> , ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25 cts.)	\$0 10	\$0 75
" <i>Italian Striped</i> , ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25 cts.)	5	80
" <i>New Mammoth White</i> , ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50 cts.)	10	85
" <i>Pure White</i> , ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25 cts.)	10	75
" <i>Scarlet Defiance</i> , ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25 cts.)	10	75
" <i>New Mammoth Fordhook Famous, Mixed Colors</i> , ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35 cts.)	10	1 25
" <i>Extra Fine, Mixed</i> , ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25 cts.)	5	75
" <i>Fine Quality, Mixed</i> , ($\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30 cts.)	5	55
" <i>Common, Mixed</i> ,	5	40

VINCA (Madagascar Periwinkle).

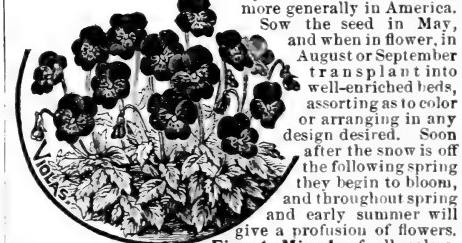
Free-flowering, bushy plants, two feet in height, with glossy, deep-green leaves. The flowers are white and deep pink, both self-colored and with a bright eye of contrasting color. Fine for bedding and pot culture; the plants are in bloom the whole year round; start seed early in the greenhouse.

PER PER
PKT. OZ.

<i>Alba Pura</i> ,	\$0 10	\$0 60
<i>Rosea</i> ,	10	60
" <i>Alba</i> ,	10	60
<i>Mixed Colors</i> ,	5	30

VIOLAS, or Tufted Pansies.

Extremely popular in Europe for bedding, *Violas or Tufted Pansies* should be used more generally in America.



Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30 cts.; per oz. \$1.00.

When ordering,—ask for Our Prize Supplement for 1902.

WALLFLOWER.

Extensively grown abroad for fall and winter bloom as pot-plants; highly desirable both for the beauty and fragrance of the flowers. Sow seed early in the spring, growing the plants in the open ground; in the fall lift and plant in pots or window-boxes for flowering.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Choice Single, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 15
Fine German Double, Mixed, ($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 25 cts.)	10	1 50
Extra Early Parisian,	10	30

ZINNIA.

Showy flowering plants for summer bedding. The seeds may be planted early in the spring where the plants are to bloom, or may be started still earlier indoors to obtain a longer season of bloom. The *Giant Mammoth*, *Mixed*, produces fine, double flowers of the largest size and in a great variety of brilliant colors. The *Double Liliput* is of dwarf, compact growth, with very symmetrical and extremely double flowers of small size. The new *Fairy Gem* produces, on neat little bushes, miniature double flowers of many bright colors.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Elegans, Giant Mammoth, Mixed,	\$0 10	\$0 50
" Double Liliput (New Extra Fine Strain),	10	60
" Dwarf Double "Fairy Gem,"	10	100
Mixed, ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30 cts.)		

**NEW MAMMOTH VERBENA,
"FORDHOOK FAMOUS."**

This is a grand strain of truly mammoth-flowered Verbena. It produces uniformly magnificent trusses of which the individual florets are all of unusually large size. It embraces a wide range of most bright and distinct colors. The separate florets are frequently larger in diameter than a silver quarter; in fact, many can scarcely be covered with a silver half-dollar. Our illustration accurately represents an average truss, and if you will try to cover the florets in this illustration as suggested, their extreme large size will be most clearly brought out. Many of the trusses are composed of brightly colored flowers, each distinctly marked with contrasting eye. Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 65 cts.; per oz. \$1.25.

NEW MAMMOTH WHITE.

This is the pure white-flowered type selected out of our *Fordhook Famous Mammoth*, described above. It comes true from seed and produces uniformly florets of immense size. The florets are of purest paper-white, of good substance, and have a delightful fragrance. The plants are strong and vigorous in growth. Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 85 cts.



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W.A.B.&CO.



FORDHOOK FAMOUS.—from a Photograph.

Burpee's Seeds Grow "Prize Winners,"—see page 57.

EVERLASTINGS.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Acroclinium, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 12
Ammobium, White,	5	12
Gomphrena, Mixed,	5	12
Helichrysum, Fireball,	10	45
" Snowball,	10	45
" Golden Ball,	10	45
" Monstrosum, Mixed,	5	30
" Dwarf, Splendid Mixed,	5	35
Helipterum Saufordi,	5	35
Rhodanthe, Mixed,	5	60
Xeranthemum, Mixed,	5	35
Everlastings, Mixed,	10	40

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.

	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
Agrostis Nebulosa,	\$0 05	\$0 40
Avena Sterilis (Animated Oats),	5	12
Briza Gracilis,	5	20
" Maxima (Quaking Grass),	5	12
Bromus Briziformis,	5	12
Chrysurus Cynosuroides,	5	12
Coix Lachryma (Job's Tears),	5	10
Erianthus Ravennæ,	5	35
Eulalia Japonica Zebra (Zebra Grass),	10	70
Gynerium Argenteum (Pampas Grass),	10	35
Hordeum Jubatum (Squirrel's-Tail Grass),	5	20
Lagurus Ovatus (Hare's-Tail Grass),	5	20
Pennisetum Longistylum,	10	20
" Ruepellianum,	10	50
Trycholæna Rosea,	5	30
Mixed Annual Varieties of Grasses,	10	20

Burpee's "Sheffield" is the Earliest Good Sweet Corn in Cultivation!

C. S. CLARK, the "expert" grower of Ohio, December 9, 1901, again writes:—The SHEFFIELD is fine and was planted four days later than a field of Red Cory forty rods away, and both sorts had green corn for market the same time, only Sheffield yielded just twice as much corn as Cory.

At Burpee's "Sheffield,"—see page 39.

Summer-Flowering BULBS

The bulbs offered here are of the finest quality, being grown especially for us; they are all true to name and are now properly stored in our warehouses awaiting orders. 25 bulbs or more of one kind will be supplied at the rates per 100. Special quotations on large quantities. We call attention to our Tuberoses, which are particularly fine strains.

	EACH.	PER 100.
Amaryllis Regina,	\$0 10	8 00
Apios Tuberosa,	5	4 00
Begonia , Tuberous - Rooted, Double Mixed,	8	6 50
Tuberous-Rooted, Double.—Crimson, Orange, Pink, White, and Yellow,	9	7 50
Tuberous-Rooted Single, Mixed,	5	3 00
Tuberous-Rooted, Single.—Crimson, Orange, Pink, White, and Yellow,	6	4 00
Caladium Esculentum (good size),	8	6 00
Fancy Leaved,	10	8 00
Calla , Spotted,	8	6 00
Cinnamon Vine ,	4	3 00

Field-grown DAHLIAS.

Dahlias,—SHOW AND FANCY.

A. D. Livoni,	8	7 00
American Flag,	8	7 00
Arabella,	8	7 00
Harlequin,	10	7 00
Miss Brownning,	8	7 00
Miss May Lounas,	8	7 00
Mrs. Langtry,	8	7 00
Oakfield,	8	7 00
Orlando,	8	7 00
Penelope,	8	7 00
Queen Victoria,	8	7 00
Topsy,	8	7 00
White Swan,	8	7 00

DECORATIVE.

Clifford W. Bruton,	10	9 00
Grand Duke Alexis,	10	9 00
Harry Freeman,	10	9 00
Magnificent,	10	7 00
Nymphæa,	10	9 00
Wm. Agnew,	10	9 00
Zulu,	10	9 00

CACTUS.

Blanche Keith,	10	9 00
George Marlow,	10	9 00
Gloriosa,	10	9 00
Matchless,	10	9 00
Mrs. Pearl,	10	9 00
Professor Baldwin,	10	9 00
Salmon Queen,	10	7 00

Dahlias ,—Best Double Mixed,	8	7 00
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GLADIOLI.

Gladioli,—NAMED VARIETIES.

Augusta,	3	1 75
Brenchleyensis,	3	1 75
Ceres,	3	1 75
General Phil. Sheridan,	3	1 75
Isaac Buchanan,	3	1 75
John Bull,	3	1 75
Lamarck,	3	1 75
Madame Monneret,	3	1 75
May,	3	1 75
Napoleon III,	3	1 75

CHILDLSI.

Boston,	5	3 50
Columbia,	5	3 50
Dr. Sellew,	5	3 50
Ethel,	5	3 50
Henry Gillman,	5	3 50
Livonia,	5	3 50
Mrs. Beecher,	5	3 50
Mohonk,	5	3 50
Nezincott,	5	3 50
Wm. Falconer,	5	3 50

GLADIOLI in Mixture.

	EACH.	PER 100.	PER	PER 1000.
Gladioli ,—Childlsi, Finest Mixed,		\$2 50	\$22 50	
Burpee's Superb Seedlings,		1 50	13 00	
Lemoinei Seedlings,		1 50	13 50	
Fine Mixed (first size),		1 10	9 00	
" (second size),		65	6 00	

GLOXINIAS.

	EACH.	PER 100.	PER	PER 1000.
Gloxinia Crassifolia Grandiflora Erecta, Blue,		\$0 08	\$7 00	
Crassifolia Grandiflora Erecta, Pink,	8	7 00		
Crassifolia Grandiflora Erecta, White,	8	7 00		
Crassifolia Grandiflora Erecta, Mixed,	7	6 00		
Tigerized and Spotted, Mixed,	7	6 00		
Hyacinthus Candicans,	3	2 50		
Iris Kämpferi, Best Double Mixed,	6	5 00		

LILIES.

Lilium Auratum,	10	8 00
Longiflorum,	10	8 00
Melpomene,	12	10 00
Speciosum Monstruosum Album,	12	10 00
" Roseum or Rubrum,	10	8 00
Tigrinum flore pleno,	7	6 00
Wallacei,	7	6 00

Madeira Vine,	3	2 50
Montbretia Crocosmiaeflora,		1 50
Drap d'Or,		2 00
Etoile de Feu,		2 00
Gerbe d'Or,		2 00
Pottsii Grandiflora,		1 50
Rosea,		1 75

	EACH.	PER	PER	PER 100.
Mixed,	\$1 40	\$12 00		

	EACH.	PER	PER	PER 100.
Nymphaea Odorata Gigantea,	\$0 15	\$12 00		

	EACH.	PER	PER	PER 100.
Oxalis Dieppi,	\$0 25	\$1 60		

Lasandria,	30	1 75
Tigridia Canariensis,	2 25	

Conchiflora,	2 25
Grandiflora Alba,	2 25

Lilacea,	2 25
Pavonia,	2 25

Rosea,	2 25
Wheelerii,	2 25

Mixed,	2 00	18 00
		PER

Tritoma Uvaria Grandiflora,	\$0 08	\$7 00
		EACH.

TUBEROSES.

	EACH.	PER	PER	PER 1000.
Tuberose , Albino,	\$1 75	\$14 00		
Excelsior Pearl,	80	7 00		
" Extra Selected,	1 25	10 00		
Variegated-Leaved,	1 75	14 00		
Zephyranthes Andersoni,	1 75			
Atamasco,	1 75			
Candida,	1 75			

Please remember that **BURPEE'S FARM ANNUAL**, which, from the extreme care taken annually in its preparation and as the "SILENT SALESMAN" of the largest mail-order seed trade, is now generally recognized as "**The Leading American Seed Catalogue**," is mailed FREE to every planter who writes for it.

Impartial Testimony to Value of BURPEE'S SEEDS.

Many Others Could be Quoted,—Equally as Strong,—but Space will not Permit.

An Experience in Five States.

J. W. NIGH, Brentwood, Md., January 2, 1901, writes: I have planted your seeds in five States, and no matter where I go have to buy BURPEE'S SEEDS, because I found them best.

Best Seeds in Oregon.

MISS LUCY A. MALLORY, Portland, Oregon, February 7, 1901, writes:—We have been using your seed (both flowers and vegetables) for several years, and thus far find them superior to all others that we have tried.

A Record of Over Twenty Years.

MARSHALL MAKEMSON, Manson, Ind., April 24, 1901, writes:—I have traded with you for over twenty years, and I never in that time got any poor seed of you. I cannot say more.

Fourteen Years a Customer.

I. D. DRUMM, Nemaha, Nebr., February 18, 1901, writes:—Being that this is the beginning of a new century I thought I would let you know how long I have been a customer. It has been fourteen years since I planted your first seed, which was in a collection and ordered in my brother's name at White Cloud, Kan.

Burpee's Seeds Win Prizes Everywhere.

W. G. DEACON, St. Vincent, Minn., October 25, 1900, writes:—This is the most northern fair held in any State. I have grown vegetables, roots, and flowers many years, bought from your firm. The seeds have been invariably satisfactory, and I expect to send you a bigger order than I did this year next spring.

Always as Represented,—for Twenty Years.

M. DOWELL, Gordonsville, Va., September 26, 1900, writes:—This is my twentieth or twenty-first year I have been planting Burpee's seeds and I have always found them as represented, but owing to old age and bad health may not be able to send in any more orders. Do hope one of my sons may send in orders for themselves and friends, as I have done, for I well know Burpee's seeds never fail.

"The Most Superior I Ever Used."

MRS. J. B. BUFORD, JR., 506 Worsham St., Danville, Va., writes:—Your seeds are, beyond doubt, the most superior I have ever used. Every penny invested in Burpee's seeds I consider well spent. I will send you a larger order in a few weeks.

"Superior to All Others."

MISS ANNA B. CALLAHAN, Morrisville, N. Y., February 16, 1901, writes:—We have found your seeds superior to all others in our own garden and we use no others.

"Will Sell Only Burpee's Seeds."

MESSRS. MAYERS BROS., Millersburg, O., March 4, 1901, write:—As we stated in our former letter, we have dropped all commission seeds, simply for the reason that we had so many complaints for the last two or three years, and BURPEE'S SEEDS will be the only seeds we will have in our house this season.

"Reliable and True to Descriptions."

G. MAURICE McKEOWN, Manager Wagga Experiment Farm and Agriculture College, Bomen, N. S. W., Australia, July 29, 1901, writes:—I shall be pleased if you will kindly send me your catalogue for the current year. My name probably does not appear on your list of purchasers this year, as my order was sent you through my head office, the Department of Agriculture at my request. Many of your seeds are now growing on the farm. I may say the seeds purchased direct from you by me at intervals during the past few years have always given most satisfactory results. I have also purchased your seeds from seedsmen in this country, and in all cases they have proved reliable and true to your descriptions.

"Perfect Satisfaction" for Sixteen Years.

FRANK A. HARMONY, Lockport, N. Y., May 2, 1901, writes:—I have used your seeds with perfect satisfaction sixteen years, and I will ask you to kindly fill this order without delay.

An Experience of Twenty-five Years.

MRS. MARY A. CORSON, Hamburg, Okla. Ter., April 18, 1901, writes:—I wish to inform you that I have used for family use your seeds during twenty-five years, and have been so well pleased with them that I would not buy any others.

No Fault to Find in Eleven Years.

JACOB C. KOERNER, Litchfield, Minn., April 7, 1901, writes:—Order has arrived. Found everything O. K. Thanks for your promptness. You can bank on my orders in the future. Have dealt with you eleven years and have the first grievance to find as yet.

"The First Vegetables of All Kinds."

J. A. KINKEAD, Burnet, Tex., June 14, 1900, writes:—I write to inform you that seed bought of you in the spring has given entire satisfaction. I had the honor of our neighborhood to produce the first vegetables of all kinds in their season. I give your seed the credit, as there was not a single other seed in it but Burpee's. Your seeds are O. K. and I do not want anything better.

"From Every Seed a Plant."

MRS. H. KANE, Greenwich, Conn., writes:—In times past I have counted your seeds and for every seed I had a plant.

Gaining Friends Each Season.

MESSRS. PETTY & LOPER, Huntington, N. Y., January 25, 1901, write:—We enclose to you under separate cover an order for seeds with which to start the season and to fill some early orders. We see from our last year's bills from you that we bought something over \$500.00 worth of seeds, and we hope to exceed this by a great deal the coming season. We have before us one of your *Quarter-Century Farm Annuals* upon which we would congratulate you, as it is something to be proud of. We hear nothing but words of praise for your seeds in this vicinity where they have been used, and they are gaining friends each season.

Every Year for Twenty-two Years.

MESSRS. J. H. BLACK & SONS, Kearney, Nebr., February 13, 1901, in sending draft for \$33.30 with order for seeds, including twenty-one pounds of White Plume Celery for \$26.25, write as follows:—This is our twenty-second annual order, and when a trucker sticks to one seedsman for that length of time he has given a pretty strong endorsement. We wish you the best of success.

"Always Give Satisfaction."

THE PROPRIETORS OF MARTIN'S DRUG STORE, Winchester, Va., February 14, 1901, in sending order for garden seeds state:—This makes our fifth year handling your seeds. They always give satisfaction.

For Best Seeds,—"Buy from Burpee."

MRS. G. WILL ARMFIELD, Greensboro, N. C., July, 1901, writes:—I have by far the finest garden in the city. It contains about one-half acre. My brother, Dr. W. H. Wakefield, from Charlotte, N. C., who has twenty acres in truck, went through my garden yesterday and was surprised to find my vegetables ahead of his, and he one hundred miles south of here. He buys his seeds from —. I told him to BUY FROM BURPEE. He replied that he had often thought of writing for a catalogue, but that he put it off until it was too late; so I think that if you send him this year's catalogue you will probable make a customer of him.

Good Results Always!

FRANK V. STULTS, Arkansas City, Kan., July 6, 1900, writes:—I have had good results from all seeds from your house. The greatest pleasure is they are just what are claimed. Henceforth the catalogue description will be sufficient for me, as I can rely on that and save my experimenting for some good variety.

A Ten-cent Trial Brings \$29.07 Order!

A. L. STOUFFER, McConnellsburg, Pa., March 7, 1901, in sending a cash order for seeds amounting to \$29.07, writes:—I have heretofore been using —'s and some of —'s seeds, but last summer I happened to plant a ten-cent packet of your Sweet Peas (mixed colors), and they were truly a feast to the eyes.

 Burpee Seeds Grow "Prize Winners,"—see page 57. 

Burpee's "Large-Early" Tomato

New As yet unnamed this is the largest and best Extra Early Tomato.

It is the new variety of which some thousands of packets (each containing only twenty seeds) were distributed last year for advance trial, to purchasers of our "Quarter-Century" Tomato Collection. We could fill pages with resulting reports,—all speaking in most enthusiastic terms of the **unusual merits of Burpee's New "LARGE-EARLY."** Unfortunately we had a most unfavorable season for tomatoes at FORDHOOK FARMS the past year, and although this variety did better than any other, the excessive rains,—so continuous throughout the summer,—washed off the pollen, and we were able to save so little seed that should we publish even the **first prize report from Ohio** (written as it is by a well-known firm of tomato growers), we might receive more orders than we could fill.

As many who tried it last year, however, will probably *insist* upon having at least a few seeds, we have decided to put up our limited stock in **small packets only**, and have arranged the scoop so that each packet contains from *two hundred to two hundred and twenty seeds*.

We feel sure that, even at the high price we are obliged to charge this year, if this NEW "LARGE-EARLY" does as well in 1902 as it did in 1901, those who are fortunate enough to secure it will *not* object to having paid "*fifteen cents for two hundred seeds.*"

Per pkt. 15 cts.; 2 pkts. for 25 cts.



An Illustration

of the immense

First Prize Cluster

is printed in
the complete

PRIZE CIRCULAR

mailed with each
packet,—as is a

U. S. Postal Card

upon which to

Vote for Name

and report result
of this year's trial
in competition for

1902 Cash Prizes

Each Packet contains a large illustrated Circular

This circular shows a copy, from photograph, of the **Immense First Prize Cluster** grown in New York State,—the **First Prize Report**, in full, written by a well-known firm of tomato growers in Ohio,—and extracts from other reports by growers in various sections.

This circular gives also a **complete list of the names suggested**, and with every packet we shall send also a self-addressed **Postal Card**, upon which you are requested to **cast your vote** for the name by which this grand new tomato shall be known in 1903—and also to send your report in competition for the liberal **CASH PRIZES FOR 1902.**

Finest Five "Fordhook Favorite" Tomatoes

For only 25 Cts.

We will send one packet as above (with postal card and circular) of the BURPEE'S NAMELESS NEW "LARGE-EARLY," and a small packet each of the famous BURPEE'S NEW DWARF "QUARTER - CENTURY,"—the superb new solid bright red BURPEE'S COMBINATION,—the rich-flavored new BURPEE'S NOBLE, both described on page 84, and the popular extra early FORDHOOK FIRST, with which we want to have our new "Large-Early" thoroughly compared. Those who want the **Best Tomatoes** throughout the season in the family garden will be eager to secure this superb collection,—"**Five of the Finest for 25 cents.**"—while many growers for market will be glad to make comparative trials at such a trifling cost.

With each collection we enclose a copy of our new leaflet:

Three "Experts" upon the Culture of TOMATOES. This new leaflet contains three essays, written independently by MESSRS. DARLINGTON, GREEN, and VAN FLEET, without any consultation or reference to each other. They give, consequently, the *unbiased views* as to best methods of culture by the highest authorities in the "leading Tomato States"—New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Ohio. We are sure that many growers for market as well as thousands of private planters will be eager to profit by the latest information from these three well-known authorities.

Three Collections for 50 Cts. The above collection and the ten collections pages are all supplied **WHOLESALE** to agents at the following rates: **Any three for 50 cts., any six for \$1.00, or twelve for \$2.00**, postpaid by mail. Even if You do not care to sell these collections, you may want to avail yourself of this **wholesale rate** to make presents to some friends. We shall be pleased to mail separate collections to separate addresses as you may direct and shall supply you at the lowest wholesale rate.

W. ATLEE BURPEE & CO., PHILADELPHIA.

25 Burpee's Original and Unequaled Cent Collections of Best Seeds that Grow for 1902

Twenty-five years ago

We started the plan of offering special INTRODUCTION COLLECTIONS at a nominal price to persuade planters everywhere to try BURPEE'S SEEDS. This plan (original with us) became so popular, and we have been so careful to sell only the **Very Best Seeds it is possible to produce**, that for many years past we have annually held **the largest mail-order seed trade in the world**.

We believe in maintaining the methods that have led to success, and each year offer five or more twenty-five-cent collections, which give greater value than could be afforded in any other way. The collections are put up by the hundred thousand in advance of the season, thus effecting a great economy in labor, while these special seeds have been grown in immense quantities. This is "a big country," and there are thousands who do not yet know the difference in seeds. In order to prove by actual trial the **superiority of BURPEE'S SEEDS**, we are content with little or no profit, and, therefore, can give **unequalled value in these ten "Ready-made" Collections**.

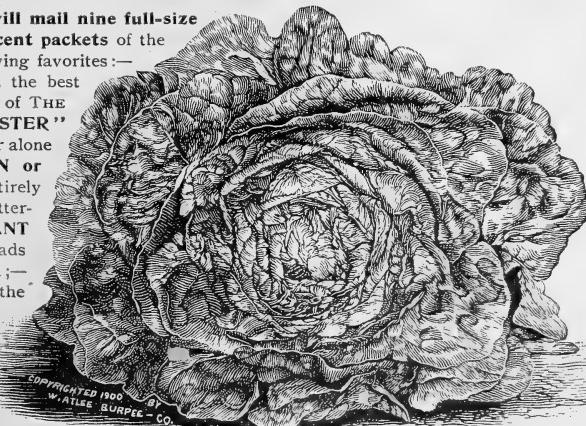


Nine New and Delicious Salads, Radishes, and Other Appetizing Vegetables to Eat Raw.

For 25 Cts.

We will mail nine full-size
five-cent packets of the
following favorites:-

GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING CELERY, the best of all early celeries (see painting on cover of THE FARM ANNUAL);—**GIANT FRINGED "OYSTER"** **ENDIVE**, large white heart, excellent either alone or mixed with lettuce leaves;—**NANSEN** or **NEW "NORTH POLE"** **LETTUCE**, an entirely new, most solid, sure-heading, and early "butter-head" lettuce of superb quality;—**NEW GIANT GLACIER LETTUCE**, the extra large heads withstand summer heat; crisp and solid;—**DWARF WHITE HEART LETTUCE**, the best of the delightfully crisp and refreshing "Celery Lettuce" type;—**BURPEE'S SURPRISE RADISH**, beautiful yellowish-brown skin; crisp and handsome;—**NEW LONG WHITE "ICICLE" RADISH**, quickest growing slender clear white radishes;—**BURPEE'S MAMMOTH SILVER KING ONION**, grows quickly, and although of extra large size, the snow-white flesh is mild and pleasant;—and **BURPEE'S NEW "NOBLE" TOMATO**, smooth, most solid, brightest red, and the finest flavored to eat raw.



NEW NANSEN OR "NORTH POLE" LETTUCE.—from a Photograph.

Wholesale to Dealers. Agents and all who want to "make money and do good" at the same time, can obtain these **ten collections**, advertised on these yellow pages, at the rate of **any three for fifty cents, six for one dollar, or two dollars per dozen**, postpaid by mail to any post office in the United States and to foreign countries with which we have *parcels post*. By express or freight, purchaser to pay transportation charges, our price is **\$1.80 per dozen collections** (assorted as desired). This is at cost of only **15 cts. each** and allows a clear profit of forty per cent. of the selling price.



**The Best Half-Dozen
NASTURTIUMS.—
More than Two Ounces of
the Seed.—Mailed for 25 Cts.**

To get their full beauty the brightest mixed Nasturtiums should be planted freely. Instead of twelve small packets we offer **six extra large packets** of best Nasturtiums in separate mixtures, as follows: **BURPEE'S NEW "GORGEOUS" TOM THUMB**, an unequalled strain of dwarf, bush-like growth;—**NEW DWARF LILIPUT**, brilliant flowers in great abundance;—**TOM POUCE**, small foliage with bright flowers of unusual beauty;—**TALL NASTURTIUMS, MIXED**, including the popular *Hybrids of Madame Gunter*;—**LOBB'S NASTURTIUMS**, most brilliant named varieties in mixture;—and **BURPEE'S NEW GIANT-FLOWERED**, first introduced last year, the only mixture of truly giant-flowered Nasturtiums.

It is not generally known that even the tall Nasturtiums *do not require supports*, but are extremely attractive simply grown trailing upon the ground.

With each collection we include a copy of our Leaflet on "How to Grow Nasturtiums,"—so that all can have these most brilliant flowers in profusion for the small investment of "only a quarter."

Seven Superb PANSIES.

For 25 Cts.

we will mail one packet each of our beautiful new giant-

flowered **PRESIDENT McKinley**,—our deep, velvety **BLACK PRINCE**,—the showy, iridescent **PEACOCK**,—the brilliant new **VICTORIA RED**,—the free-flowering **FORDHOOK BEDDING**,—fifty colors of the most showy **IMPERIAL GERMAN**, and an unequalled mixture of the famous largest-flowering and grand circular-formed **BURPEE'S DEFIANCE PANSIES**.

With each collection we send our New Leaflet, "How to Raise the Largest and Finest Pansies."

Wholesale.

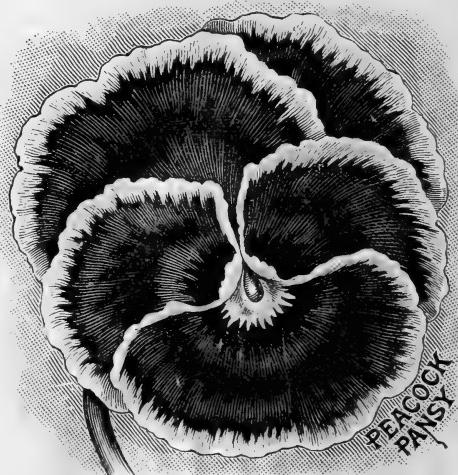
All these ten collections are sold at **\$2.00 per dozen**, postpaid, or **\$1.80 per dozen** (15 cts. each), if sent by express or freight at purchaser's expense.

Seven Superb ASTERS.

For 25 Cts.

we will mail this complete collection, including a liberal packet of the **FORDHOOK FAVORITES**, embracing all the choicest types; also one packet each of **COMET ASTERS** in unequalled mixture—the new **SEMPLÉ'S BRANCHING ASTERS**, with extra long stems, so popular for cutting;—**TRUFFAUT'S PÆONY-FLOWERED PERFECTION**, all the best colors;—the large-flowered **VICTORIA ASTERS**, in superb mixture;—an unequalled mixture of the several colors in **BURPEE'S NEW BRANCHING GIANT COMET ASTERS**, and all colors mixed of the **DWARF CHRYSANTHEMUM-FLOWERED ASTERS**.

In the envelope containing these seven packets we enclose a copy of Our New Leaflet, giving full instructions as to successful culture of Asters.





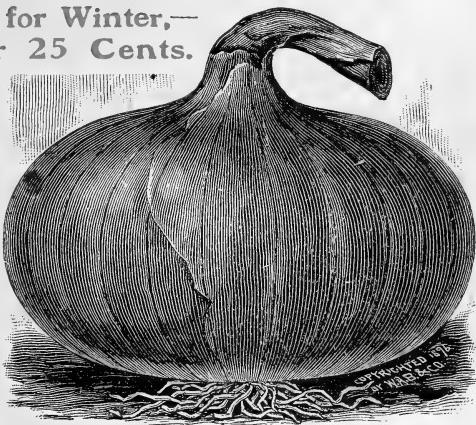
Extra Choice New and Rare Flowers,—Eight Liberal Packets mailed for 25 Cts.

Besides the "Best Baker's Dozen" on page 140, those who want other choice flowers will be delighted with this new collection, which contains one packet each of all the following: **BEDDING BEGONIAS**, all the choicest varieties grown at FORDHOOK FARMS;—**DWARF MARGUERITE CARNATIONS**, fragrant double flowers in four months;—**SUNSET LARGE-LEAVED COLEUS**, leaves of wonderful size and brilliancy;—Burpee's New **MAMMOTH FANCY COSMOS**, largest and finest in cultivation;—the famous Fordhook Improved Strain of **LEMOINE'S GIANT HELIOTROPE**, absolutely unequalled;—the brilliant mixture of superb **FORDHOOK DOUBLE HOLLYHOCKS**;—the famous new strain of largest-flowering **BURPEE'S DEFIANCE PETUNIA**, and the quick-growing **RICINUS ZANZIBARENSIS**, of tropical tree-like appearance,—see illustration.

Separately these eight could not be bought for less than **Ninety Cents**, but all eight packets in this collection will be mailed for **only Twenty-five Cents**.

The Best "Fresh Vegetables" for Winter,—Nine Full-Size Packets for 25 Cents.

Too frequently even the farmer will rely exclusively upon canned vegetables,—outside of cabbage and onion,—for winter use. Besides the usual fresh "Cabbage and Onions" this collection contains seven other choice vegetables that are easily grown and keep in fine condition for winter use. One full-size five-cent packet each of the improved **BURPEE'S BLOOD TURNIP BEET**,—our unequaled, original **BURPEE'S SUREHEAD CABBAGE**,—the fine-grained **OX-HEART CARROT**,—the remarkably long-keeping **AUSTRALIAN BROWN ONION**,—the improved **GUERNSEY PARSNIP**,—our new, crisp **OSAKA RADISH**, from Japan,—the fine-flavored mammoth **SANDWICH ISLAND SALSIFY**, or "**OYSTER PLANT**,"—the famous **FORDHOOK SQUASH**, keeps fresh all winter and is as "good as a beefsteak,"—and the large, sweet, yellow-fleshed **BURPEE'S IMPROVED PURPLE-TOP RUTABAGA**.



\$1.00

buys any six collections advertised on these yellow paper pages. Can you invest a dollar better than by selecting six of these superb collections? **One dollar and sixty-seven cents buys all the ninety-three packets** contained in the **ten collections** advertised on these yellow paper pages;—or **\$1.50**, if sent by express at your expense. Even if you do not undertake the *sale* of these collections you will surely want to to **try Burpee's Seeds**,—in other varieties than those you are "planting for profit."

We Guarantee Entire Satisfaction.

If upon examining any six of the collections, advertised on these yellow paper pages, you are not thoroughly satisfied that they give "**the greatest value in seeds for the money**," you can immediately return same and we shall refund your dollar, in addition to cost of the return postage. Could anything be fairer?

Burpee's Farm Annual for 1902 is mailed Free to all planters.

Our Complete Illustrated Catalogue of One Hundred and Thirty-two Pages.

Carefully prepared at FORDHOOK FARMS (the most extensive Trial Grounds in America), it tells the plain truth about all the **BEST SEEDS** that can be grown, and should be consulted by every gardener before deciding upon what Vegetables, Grains, and Flowers to plant, either for pleasure or profit. If you have not already received a copy, kindly **send your address on a postal card**,—**TO-DAY!** It costs you nothing, and will show you what we know about seeds, after a practical experience of twenty-six years in active business. Shall we send you a copy?

W. Atlee Burpee & Co., Seed Growers

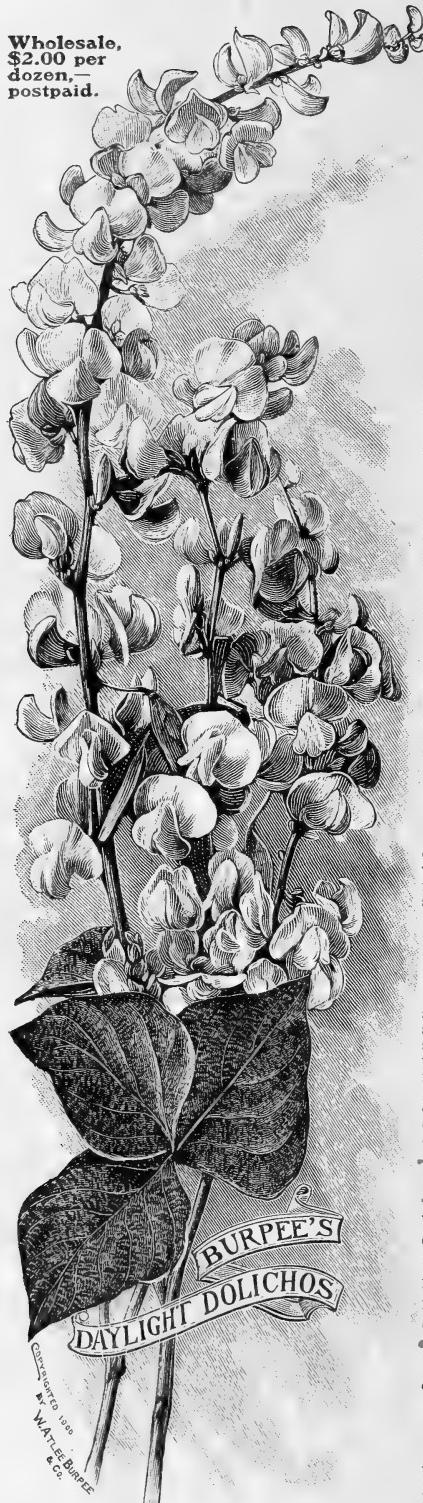
City Nos. 475 and 477 North Fifth Street,
Warehouses: and Nos. 476 and 478 York Avenue

PHILADELPHIA, PA., U. S. A.

"Baker's Dozen"—

Favorite Flowers,— These Thirteen for 25 Cts.

Wholesale,
\$2.00 per
dozen,—
postpaid.



Little Gem Sweet Alyssum.

Each dwarf plant spreads so as to cover a circular space of a foot in diameter. More than four hundred clusters in bloom at one time have been counted on a single plant.

Burpee's Defiance Balsams,—Mixed.

Of true bush growth, the branches are covered with magnificent large double flowers, each as perfect in form as a Camellia; finest colors.

Ostrich Plume Celosia.

As developed by us at FORDHOOK FARMS this distinct new variety is most showy. Large close panicles of feathery plume in the richest shades of scarlet, crimson, rose, pink, and golden yellow.

Centaurea Imperialis.

Grand, large flowers are borne abundantly on long stems, in shades of white, lilac, rose, pink, and purple. The finely fringed petals give a soft feathered effect that is beautiful in bouquets.

Dianthus,—Fordhook Favorites.

This mixture is the best ever offered, embracing all the choicest double and large-flowered single varieties of annual Chinese and Japanese Pinks.

Burpee's New Daylight Dolichos.

The vine quickly attains a height of eight to ten feet, and is covered with great spikes of pure white flowers which stand out in bold relief from the rich green foliage. It should be planted by every one who has a screen, porch, or pole upon which it can climb.

Three New Leaflets for 1902, one on teen vegetables, one on the thirteen flowers, and another on tall Sweet Peas; included in the three collections of "BEST BAKER'S DOZEN." Each collection contains its appropriate leaflet, so that with this practical information, plainly given, even an inexperienced planter could hardly fail to obtain first-class results from the

"Best Seeds that Grow!"

Wholesale to Agents.

We supply all the ten collections, described on these yellow paper pages, at the low uniform price of \$2.00 per dozen collections, postpaid, or only \$1.80 per dozen by express, at purchaser's expense.

Fordhook Favorite Climbing Nasturtiums.

This special mixture gives a magnificent effect in masses trailing along the ground, as well as when furnished support.

Phlox,—Fordhook Giant-Flowered and Starred and Fringed.

This special mixture embraces best colors of Large-Flowering Phlox, together with the attractive Fimbriata and Star of Quedlinburg types.

Silver-Lining Poppy.

Luther Burbank's famous new "creation." Glowing scarlet flowers, blotched with black, daintily covered with silvery white, of tissue-paper-like appearance.

Superb Sunflowers,— "Seedlings of Stella."

The flowers come in charming shades of rich yellow and light primrose, some having showy rings in striking contrast. They are desirable for household decoration, while the plants are most attractive in growth.

Fordhook Famous Mammoth Verbena.

The finest strain of truly Mammoth-flowered Verbena. It produces a magnificent truss of large size in a wide range of bright colors.

Fordhook Finest Mixed Mignonettes.

All the choicest and most distinct types of this old-time fragrant favorite.

Burpee's New Frilled and Fancy Large Japanese Morning Glories.

Largest and most beautiful flowers, embracing many entirely distinct shades; in some the tissue lies in heavy overlapping folds, causing the edges to be deeply lobed.

"Best Baker's Dozen"—

Burpee's Famous Fordhook Vegetables These Thirteen Varieties for 25 Cents

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN-POD BEAN.

This famous variety, first named and introduced by us in 1894, is acknowledged by every one who has ever grown it to be not only the **earliest** but also the **finest in quality** of all green-pod bush beans. The round fleshy pods are of the most handsome appearance and always entirely stringless. Plants, of upright true bush growth, bear an enormous crop.

BURPEE'S UNIQUE NEW "STONEHEAD" EARLY CABBAGE.

This new early summer cabbage is of quite distinct type. The large rounded heads are very hard and of finest quality. They are formed equally as early and in some sections will be preferred to our famous *Allehead Early*. The wide, spreading outer leaves, while not interfering with the extra solidity of the heads, serve to retain moisture in the soil. A unique and most valuable variety, worthy of thorough trial.

TRUE DARK STINSON BEET.

This is a famous Philadelphia market gardeners' strain. The neat turnip-shaped roots are always smooth, of the richest blood-red color and choicest quality; quite early.

FORDHOOK WHITE SPINE CUCUMBER.

The most "nearly perfect" strain of the popular White Spine Cucumber. The fruits are cylindrical in form, slightly pointed at the ends, always smooth, of deep-green coloring, finely marked with distinct white lines at the blossom end. They retain their dark-green coloring and crisp freshness longer after being picked than any other variety,—excepting only our new "Fordhook Famous."

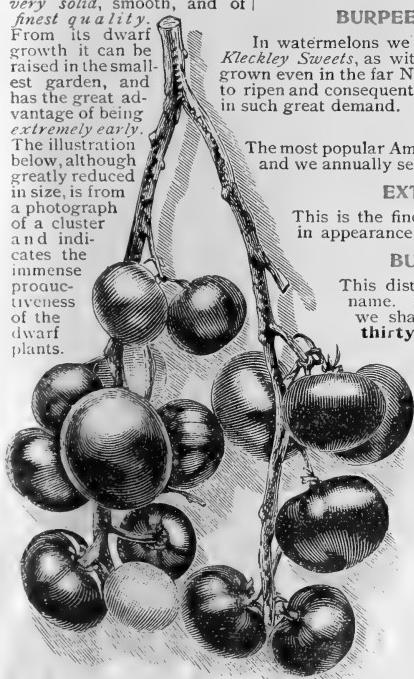
BURPEE'S HARD-HEADING "ICEBERG" CABBAGE LETTUCE.

This famous variety, introduced by us in 1894, is the **finest hard-heading crisp summer lettuce**. It heads uniformly even during the hottest weather, is always beautifully blanched, solid, crisp, and mild.

BURPEE'S ORIGINAL NETTED GEM OR "ROCKY FORD" MELON.

As we have introduced so many fine melons we hesitated some time as to which should be included in this collection, but as this is *the most famous of all green-fleshed melons*, of which we sell thousands of pounds of the seed every year, and of which our strain is naturally **superfine**, we decided that every private planter should have in this collection the true original **Burpee's Netted Gem or "Rocky Ford" Melon**.

BURPEE'S NEW QUARTER-CENTURY DWARF TOMATO.
The bright red fruits are very solid, smooth, and of finest quality. From its dwarf growth it can be raised in the smallest garden, and has the great advantage of being extremely early. The illustration below, although greatly reduced in size, is from a photograph of a cluster and indicates the immense productiveness of the dwarf plants.



BURPEE'S FORDHOOK EARLY WATERMELON.

In watermelons we include FORDHOOK EARLY instead of our equally famous *Kleckley Sweets*, as with this "**best of all**" early watermelons fine fruits can be grown even in the far North, and in the South it will also prove the first large melon to ripen and consequently equally popular, as the first good watermelons are always in such great demand.

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS ONION.

The most popular American Onion in cultivation to-day. Our strain is extra fine, and we annually sell thousands of pounds to most critical market gardeners.

EXTRA DARK MOSS-CURLED PARSLEY.

This is the finest of all the so-called "triple curled" Parsleys; moss-like in appearance, the leaves are of an extra rich dark-green color.

BURPEE'S NEW "WHITE BUTTON" RADISH.

This distinct new Radish, now first offered, is good—all except its name. If any one after trying it can suggest a better name which we shall adopt, we will pay \$25.00 for same. We will also pay **thirty dollars cash** (first prize \$5.00 and 25 prizes of \$1.00 each) for best postal card reports received next summer. It will delight all by reason of its wonderfully quick growth, unusually small top, and extremely crisp, brittle, snow-white flesh. Never before have we had any turnip radish to equal it. It might be called "**The White Leafless**," but it is so much better in quality than the original red "Leafless,"—see *Colored Plate in The Farm Annual*.

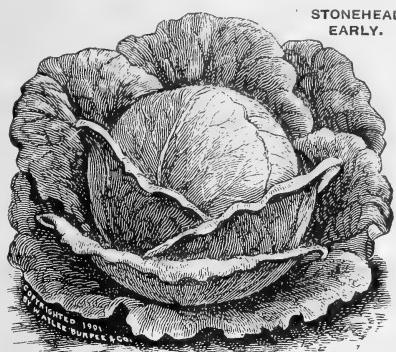
WARTED HUBBARD SQUASH.

This is an extra heavily warted selected strain of the well-known Hubbard,—the most popular of all winter squashes,—either for cooking as a vegetable or for real old-fashioned "pumpkin pies" of our grandmothers' day.

Wholesale. All these collections are at the same rate of any three for fifty cents, six for one dollar, or two dollars per dozen, postpaid. By express or freight, not prepaid, the price wholesale is \$1.80 per dozen, assorted as desired.

BURPEE'S COSMOPOLITAN NEW EARLY SWEET CORN.

The **largest-eared** and **best early** true Sweet Corn ever developed. The handsome ears measure nine inches long with ten or more rows of large pure white grains. Its vigor of growth, extra size of ears, handsome appearance, superb quality, and extreme earliness will make it a popular favorite everywhere.



STONEHEAD EARLY.

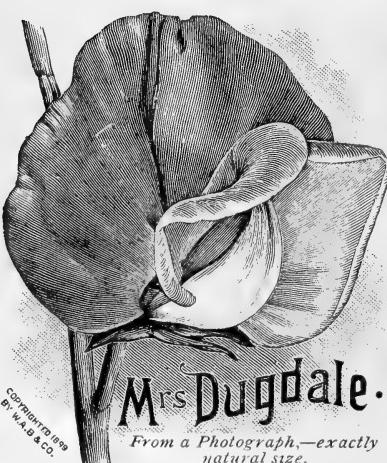
"Best Baker's Dozen."



BURPEE'S "AURORA."



ECKFORD'S "BLANCHE BURPEE."



From a Photograph,—exactly
natural size.

COPYRIGHTED BY W.A.BURPEE & CO. 1899

Finest Sweet Peas.— These Thirteen for 25 Cts.

Admiration.

This novelty, of our own introduction, is remarkable not only for the large size and finest hooded form of flowers borne erect upon stiff stems, but particularly for its delicate coloring in most lovely light rosy lavender.

Burpee's Aurora.

Flowers of extra large size and finely expanded form, borne three on a long stem. They are beautifully flaked and striped with bright orange-salmon on a creamy white ground.

Eckford's

"Blanche Burpee."

Really the finest of all giant-flowered pure white Sweet Peas. The extra large flowers are of the purest snowy whiteness and lasting substance; borne three on a stem and all facing one way.

Burpee's

"Earliest of All."

The plants grow only eighteen to twenty-four inches in height, but the flowers are of full size, absolutely identical with the *Extra Early Blanche Ferry*, only coming into full bloom from ten days to two weeks earlier. This is undoubtedly the very earliest and best of all the popular pink-and-white sweet peas.

Lady Grisel Hamilton.

Most attractive light lavender throughout. Flowers of fine hooded form and extra large size, even larger than those of *Burpee's New Countess*.

Lady Mary Currie.

The best of the rich glowing orange-tinted varieties, better even than our famous *Gorgeous*. The general effect is that of a soft rose-pink, heavily veined with rich salmon-pink. It is the only variety of this gorgeous coloring that withstands the hot summer sun without burning.

Size of Packets. While not full size (according to our increased liberal standard), the thirteen packets in our three "Baker's Dozen" collections are *much larger* than is usual with special offers of other first-class houses. They should not be confounded with the many "fake offers" advertised, where so few seeds are given that, even were they good, they would be of no value. The beans and corn each contain one ounce (sufficient for fair trial), while of the other seeds there are as many as most small family gardens require of any one variety. In the seven other collections advertised on these yellow paper pages, with but few exceptions, the packets are full size.

Wholesale. All these ten collections are supplied at the uniform low rate of **any three for 50 cts., or \$2.00 per dozen, postpaid.**

Mrs. Dugdale.

The extra large flowers are of a most beautiful light carnine-rose, with faint markings of primrose. Borne uniformly three on a long stem, the coloring is so unusually attractive that it is sure to become one of the most popular for cut-flowers.

Burpee's "Navy Blue."

This famous variety produces in abundance large bold flowers of a rich, glowing violet-purple, having the effect of a *true dark navy blue*. It is the only sweet pea of this color and has become immensely popular.

Eckford's "Othello."

Widely expanded flowers of very large size and shining deep maroon, self-color throughout. Much better than *Stanley* or *Black Knight*.

Burpee's "Stella Morse."

The color effect is richer than in any other creamy yellow variety. The grand large flowers have a faint tinge of pink underlying the cream color, which produces a true apricot shade.

Burpee's "Sunproof" Salopian.

As a cut-flower this grand new variety far surpasses all other scarlet sweet peas in size, brilliancy, and lasting substance. The intense color is equally pleasing either in strong daylight or by artificial light.

Eckford's "Prima Donna."

A most lovely clear and bright shade of blush pink; flowers of largest size and finest form,—altogether the best pink sweet pea.

With the above twelve, we shall put in each collection also a large packet of

Burpee's Best Mixed

New Giant Sweet Peas, containing all colors of the finest large-flowering tall Sweet Peas.

EIGHT ELEGANT SWEET PEAS.— Including Burpee's Bush and Cupids.

For 25 Cts.

we will mail one full-size packet each of the new

large-flowered **BURPEE'S MAJESTIC**, an unequalled, soft, rich rose-pink;—Eckford's new **FASCINATION**, a most beautiful magenta-mauve;—**MRS. FITZGERALD**, Eckford's new soft cream color, flushed with delicate rose;—the superb new mixture of **FORDHOOK FANCY FLAKED SWEET PEAS**, also first introduced last year;—the magnificent new **BURPEE'S GIANT-FLOWERED "CHAMBERLAIN" CUPID**, which sold last year at twenty-five cents for twelve seeds;—our special new mixture of **FIFTY DWARF CUPIDS**, of surpassing beauty;—the famous new **BURPEE'S BUSH SWEET PEAS**, in mixture of forty-eight varieties, and a packet of the curious **SNAPDRAGON**, which would hardly be recognized as a sweet pea but for its rich, delicious fragrance.

The above eight new varieties in separate packets give fully two ounces seed of these most beautiful Sweet Peas for only twenty-five cents. You should have these *in addition to Burpee's "Best Baker's Dozen,"* advertised on preceding page, and we venture the prediction that you will then have the finest display of Sweet Peas in your neighborhood.

Do you know of any one who would like to act as agent in selling these collections in your town or county?

They will sell on sight, as every one must surely recognize that they give greater value in choice seeds than was ever offered before.



This illustration, engraved from a photograph, represents the natural size of CUPID flowers. It is hardly more than half-size, however, of the new giant-flowered "Chamberlain" Cupid contained in this collection.

TO AGENTS AND OTHERS who buy these collections to sell again our price is: Any three for 50 cts., six for \$1.00, or \$2.00 per dozen collections, postpaid. By express or freight, \$1.80 per dozen, or only 15 cts. each.

Our Own Varieties.

were first named and introduced by us,—and this is exclusive of several special mixtures. Any intelligent gardener will tell you that they are the very best of their kind, and that you could not select any other fifty-five of similar types to equal these.

We Reserve the Right.

reduced of any of these ninety-three varieties that we these collections and, at the same time, to fill regular orders from our customers at catalogue prices. Having decided upon this offer before the middle of April, 1901, we have provided, of course, for what we consider an ample supply, **BUT these offers are so extraordinary** that they may result in an extraordinary demand.

In explanation of this reservation we should state that **we dare not buy in the open market**, for the experience of many years has taught us that we cannot safely do so. Fifty-five of these choice varieties, as stated above, are **our own exclusive introductions**, some of which could not be bought from other growers or dealers, even were we willing to take the risk of getting first-class stocks.

Promptness is Proverbial with Us.

day as received, while even complicated orders are filled the day after receipt. In other words, it has been our custom for years to complete the office work the day orders arrive,—the orders being passed out from the mail room as fast as the mail is opened. After the office work in booking, etc., is completed, the manager of each department knows just the number of orders he has to fill the day following. Orders for collections alone are, however, of such a simple character that they can be **filled the same day they are received**.

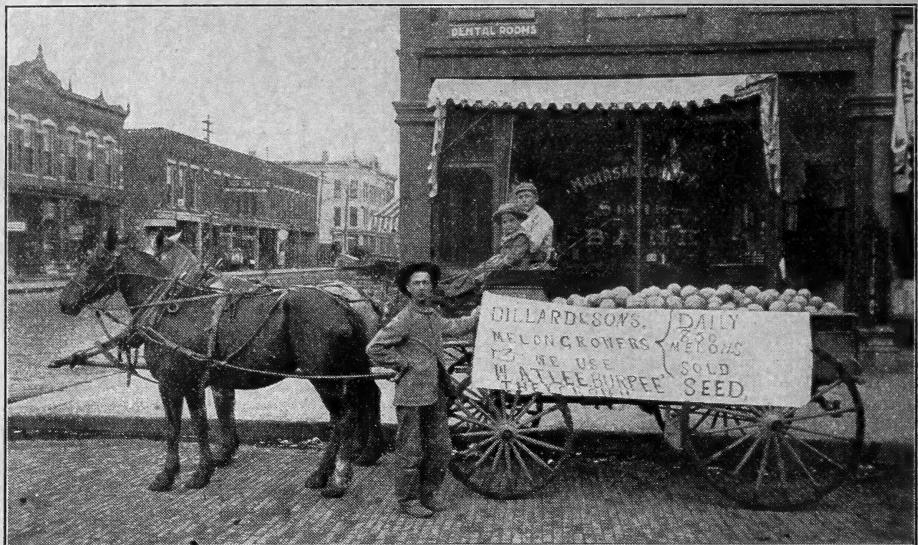
While we solicit early orders so as to reduce the extra strain upon our force during the height of the busy spring season (when night work is often necessary), yet the purchaser is absolutely sure of having his order filled promptly, even if he delays ordering until the seeds are actually needed for planting.

Please remember, if at any time you should forget our full address, that it is sufficient always to write simply,—either on letter, telegram, or cable message,—



Orders for these collections are filled the same

Burpee, Philadelphia



A Wagon-Load of Burpee's Netted Gem ("Rocky Ford") Melons.

MESSRS. DILLARD & SONS, Givin, Iowa, Sept. 16, 1901, write: "Inasmuch that you have spoken favorably of good and reliable advertisements through and by the purchasers of your seeds, we have therefore unauthorized mailed you a cut showing the facsimile of our business. The gathering and sales of these melons have been carried on daily (except Sundays), commencing August 12th. The amount sold up to date has been \$371.21, and we shall have a few loads for market this week. The amount of ground from which these melons were produced was two acres. Kind of melons grown—"BURPEE'S NETTED GEM" and a few EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK. Also a few of BURPEE'S "MATCHLESS" MELON, which we expect to use extensively next season. We are well pleased, and satisfied we would have done even better in a favorable season."  See page 52.

The BURPEE PREMIUM at State and County Fairs

We hereby authorize the secretaries of every State Fair in the United States to offer **a cash prize of twenty dollars** for the best collection of Vegetables grown from BURPEE'S SEEDS. We authorize, also, the secretary of every County Fair in the United States to announce, in like manner, a cash prize of five dollars for the best display of the products (vegetables or flowers) of BURPEE'S SEEDS.

In Case this offer is not announced in the regular PREMIUM LISTS FOR 1902 of any State or County Fair, and a customer of ours would want to compete, we shall waive this requirement and still pay the same cash prizes,—provided the products of BURPEE'S SEEDS exclusively have won the Society's regular prize for "Best Display of Vegetables." SHOW CARDS furnished, if desired.

Photographs. We desire to have a photograph of exhibits winning our prize at STATE FAIRS, and in return shall send a dollar, in addition to the prize of \$20.00, to each one sending such a photograph, while for the best photograph we will pay a special prize of **ten dollars extra.**

\$100.00 Extra. We will pay also one hundred dollars cash as an extra prize to exhibitor who wins the greatest amount of prizes for products of Burpee's Seeds in 1902.
Please bear in mind that all reports of prize awards must be received on or before November 1, 1902.

The Record of Burpee's Seeds for Producing Prize-Winning Vegetables and Flowers is Absolutely Unequalled.

It would surprise all except regular customers, who well know the superiority of BURPEE SEEDS, had we space to enumerate the large proportion of first prizes at leading State and County Fairs that have been won by the products of BURPEE'S SEEDS exclusively. We shall publish—

A Prize Supplement for 1902 which will be mailed in January to all known contestants of 1901.

It will be **mailed FREE**, also, to any one who may ask for it when ordering. In addition, this Supplement will contain several engravings from photographs of

Our Exhibits at the Pan-American Exposition in Buffalo.

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Buy Your Seeds by Mail.

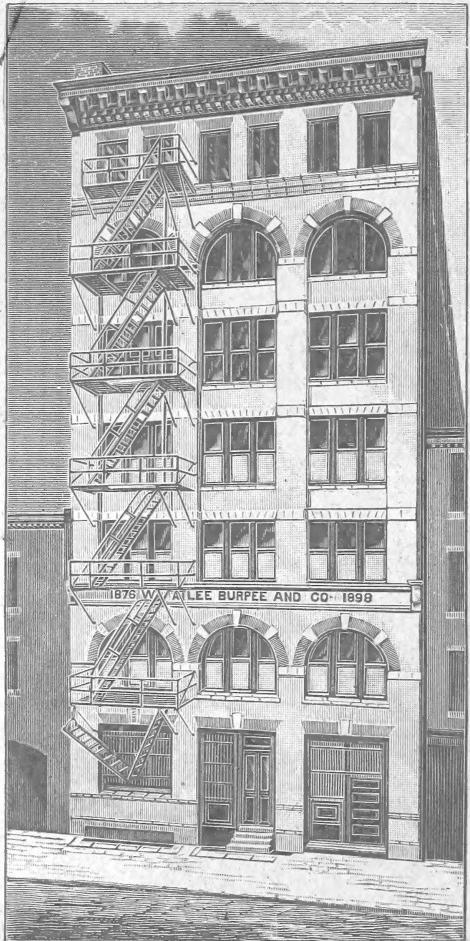
You will be sure then of getting the Best Seeds that grow

at the lowest prices possible. All you have to do is to make out a list of the seeds wanted (writing each variety on a separate line), figure up the total at printed prices, deducting one-third from the amount of seeds by the retail packet, and enclose the net sum, either by P. O. or express money order, draft, or check in an ordinary letter; cash or stamps in a registered letter.  We make no charge for bags, boxes, barrels, nor for cartage,—and guarantee satisfaction to full extent of the purchase price.

Correspondenzen und Bestellungen in deutscher Sprache erhalten dieselbe pünktliche und sorgfältige Aufmerksamkeit wie diejenigen in englischer Sprache.

W. ATLEE BURPEE & CO.

The Truth and Nothing but the Truth is told plainly, to the best of our knowledge, in this Catalogue



York Avenue Frontage, from a Photograph, of
THE NEW "BURPEE BUILDING."

THE BEST SEEDS THAT CAN BE GROWN.

Quick Mails
Make Near
Neighbors
of us all.

Some sort of idea may be formed of the scope of the business done by W. ATLEE BURPEE & Co., when it is known that over 6000 pieces of mail matter containing orders for seeds, plants, etc., frequently pour into the big Philadelphia warehouse in one day. In these days of fast mails the products of Fordhook are but a short distance from every man's door, and the firm's books show that in the United States alone W. Atlee Burpee & Co. have business correspondents at 59,352 post offices. In addition, there are orders filled for people in nearly every civilized country in the world.—*From the book, A YEAR'S WORK AT FORDHOOK,—see page 7.*

We will not misrepresent for the purpose of effecting sales,—nor for any other purpose. We do not want any one to be misled even by our guarantee as given on second page cover. It should be understood that this guarantee applies only to the amount actually paid for the seeds. We do *not* guarantee that every one who plants Burpee's seeds will harvest a good crop. Ultimate success depends upon conditions of soil and climate that are beyond human control.

We are free to admit, also, that sometimes we make a mistake. "To err is human." When we do make a mistake, however, we agree (unlike most seedsmen) to refund the full price paid for the seeds,—so that we bear our share of the loss.

Our employees, knowing this responsibility of the firm for whom they work, realize the necessity of constant caretaking. It is most rarely,—certainly not once in fifty thousand cases out of a quarter-century's experience,—that a serious mistake occurs, making necessary the refunding of the price paid.

No seedsman (unless he be a quack, or but little financial worth) could possibly guarantee a first-class crop in every case. Some failures will occur, even with the best of seeds.

It is absolutely true, however, that every safeguard which human foresight can suggest, surrounds the growth and sale of Burpee's seeds,—